

ATTACHMENT A
ORDINANCE NO. 859.2

AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
AMENDING ORDINANCE NO. 859 THE WATER EFFICIENT
LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Riverside ordains as follows:

Section 1. Ordinance No. 859 is hereby amended in its entirety to read as follows:

Section 1. **SHORT TITLE.** This Ordinance shall be known as the Water Efficient Landscape Requirements Ordinance.

Section 2. **INTENT.** It is the intent of the Board of Supervisors in adopting this Ordinance to:

- A. Establish provisions for water management practices and water waste prevention;
- B. Establish a structure for planning, designing, installing, maintaining, and managing water efficient landscapes in new and rehabilitated projects;
- C. To reduce the water demands from landscapes without a decline in landscape quality or quantity;
- D. To retain flexibility and encourage creativity through appropriate design;
- E. To assure the attainment of water efficient landscape goals by requiring that landscapes not exceed a maximum water demand of seventy percent (70%) of its reference evapotranspiration (ET_o) or any lower percentage as may be required by state legislation, whichever is stricter;

- F. To eliminate water waste from overspray and/or runoff;
- G. To achieve water conservation by raising the public awareness of the need to conserve water through education and motivation to embrace an effective water demand management program; and
- H. To implement the requirements of the California Water Conservation in Landscaping Act 2006 and the California Code of Regulations Title 23, Division 2, Chapter 2.7.

Section 3. DEFINITIONS. The terms used in this Ordinance shall have the meaning set forth below:

- a. “backfilling means to refill an excavation, usually with excavated material.
- b. “backflow prevention device” means a safety device used to prevent pollution or contamination of the water supply due to the reverse flow of water from the irrigation system.
- c. “check valve” or “anti-drain valve” means a valve located under a sprinkler head or other location in the irrigation system to hold water in the system to prevent drainage from the sprinkler heads when the system is off.
- d. “established landscape” means the point at which plants in the landscape have developed a significant root growth into the site. Typically, most plants are established after one or two years of growth.
- e. “estimated annual water use” or “EAWU” means estimated total water use per year as calculated by the formula contained in Section 5.B.12.n.
- f. “hydrozone” means a portion of the landscaped area having plants with similar water needs. A hydrozone may be irrigated or non-irrigated.
- g. “invasive species” are non-indigenous species (e.g. plants or animals) that adversely affect the habitats they invade economically, environmentally, or ecologically. Lists of invasive species are included within the Western

1 Riverside County Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan and the
2 Coachella Valley Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan. Said lists
3 are hereby incorporated by reference.

- 4 h. "landscape architect" means a person who holds a license to practice
5 landscape architecture in the State of California.
- 6 i. "landscaped area" or "LA" means all of the planting areas, turf areas, and
7 water features in a landscape design plan subject to the Maximum Applied
8 Water Allowance (MAWA) calculation. The landscape area does not
9 include footprints of buildings, or structures, sidewalks, driveways,
10 parking lots, decks, patios, gravel or stone walks, other pervious or
11 impervious hardscapes, and other non-irrigated areas designated for non-
12 development (e.g., open space and existing native vegetation).
- 13 j. "local water purveyor" means any entity, including a public agency or
14 private water company that provides retail water service to customers in
15 the unincorporated area of Riverside County.
- 16 k. "low volume irrigation" means the application of irrigation water at low
17 pressure through a system of tubing or lateral lines and low volume
18 emitters such as drip, to apply small volumes of water slowly at or near
19 the root zone of plants.
- 20 l. "Maximum Applied Water Allowance" or "MAWA" means the upper
21 limit of annual applied water allowed for the established landscaped area.
- 22 m. "overhead sprinkler irrigation systems" means systems that deliver water
23 through the air (e.g. pop ups, impulse sprinklers, spray heads and rotors,
24 etc.).
- 25 n. "reference evapotranspiration" or "ET_o" means a standard measurement
26 of environmental parameters which affect the water use of plants. ET_o is
27 given in inches per day, month, or year. Reference evapotranspiration is
28 used as the basis of determining the Maximum Applied Water Allowances

1 so that regional differences in climate can be accommodated. Reference
2 evapotranspiration numbers shall be taken from the most current
3 EvapoTranspiration Zones Map developed by the California Department
4 of Water Resources. For geographic areas not covered by the
5 EvapoTranspiration Zones Map, data from nearby areas shall be used.

- 6 o. "rehabilitated landscapes" means any re-landscaping of a project that
7 requires a discretionary permit.
- 8 p. "special landscape area" means an area of the landscape dedicated to
9 edible plants, areas irrigated with recycled water, and publicly accessible
10 areas dedicated to active play such as parks, sports fields, golf courses,
11 where turf provides a playing field or where turf is needed for high traffic
12 activities.
- 13 q. "temporarily irrigated" means irrigation for the purposes of establishing
14 plants, or irrigation which will not continue after plant establishment.
15 Temporary irrigation is for a period of six months or less.
- 16 r. "water-intensive landscaping" means a landscape with a WUCOLS plant
17 factor of 0.7 or greater.
- 18 s. "WUCOLS" means the publication entitled "Water Use Classification of
19 Landscape Species" by the University of California Cooperative Extension
20 (1999 or most current version).

21 **Section 4. APPLICABILITY.**

22 A. The water-efficient landscape requirements contained in this
23 Ordinance shall be applicable to all new and rehabilitated
24 landscapes associated with residential uses (including single family
25 and multi-family units/projects) with a total landscape area equal
26 to or greater than 2,500 square feet which require a discretionary
27 permit and/or approval and all new and rehabilitated landscapes
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1 associated with commercial or industrial uses which require a
2 discretionary permit and/or approval.

3 B. In the event Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions are required
4 for any permit subject to this Ordinance, a condition shall be
5 incorporated into any project approval prohibiting the use of water-
6 intensive landscaping and requiring the use of low water use
7 landscaping pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance in
8 connection with common area/open space landscaping.

9 Additionally, such a condition shall also require the Covenants,
10 Conditions and Restrictions to incorporate provisions concerning
11 landscape irrigation system management and maintenance. This
12 Ordinance shall not be construed as requiring landscaping of
13 common areas or open space that is intended to remain natural.
14 Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions shall not prohibit use of
15 low-water use plants or the replacement of turf with less water
16 intensive plant species.

17 C. Recognizing the special landscape needs of cemeteries, new and
18 rehabilitated landscapes within a cemetery are subject only to the
19 provisions set forth in Sections 6.A. and 6.B. of this Ordinance.

20 D. The following uses and/or projects are exempt from the provisions
21 of this Ordinance:

- 22 1. Registered local, state or federal historical sites;
- 23 2. Ecological restoration projects that do not require a
24 permanent irrigation system and have an establishment
25 period of less than 5 years;
- 26 3. Mined land reclamation projects that do not require a
27 permanent irrigation system; and
- 28 4. Botanical gardens and arboretums open to the public.

1 **Section 5.** **LANDSCAPE DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.** An applicant

2 proposing any new or rehabilitated landscape for a project subject to the requirements of Section 4 of
3 this Ordinance shall prepare and submit to the Planning Director documentation including the following:
4 1. project information; 2. a planting plan; 3. an irrigation design plan; 4. a soil management plan; and 5.
5 a grading design plan. The "Riverside County Guide to California Friendly Landscaping" (Landscaping
6 Guide) as may be periodically amended by the Planning Director is hereby incorporated by reference to
7 assist in designing, constructing and maintaining a water efficient landscape and efficient irrigation
8 system.

9 It is recommended that an applicant proposing any new or rehabilitated landscape
10 that is designated for recycled water use consult with the appropriate local water purveyor early in the
11 development review process to ensure that future recycled water facilities meet the projected demand
12 and that the aforementioned plans when submitted comply with the applicable standards, approvals and
13 implementation requirements of this Ordinance, the local water purveyor and any applicable
14 maintenance entity.

15 Water systems for common open space areas shall use non-potable water if
16 approved facilities are made available by the local water purveyor. Provisions for a non-potable water
17 system shall be provided within the irrigation design plan. Water systems designed to utilize non-
18 potable water shall be designed to meet all applicable standards of the applicable Regional Water
19 Quality Control Board and the Riverside County Health Department.

20 **A. PROJECT INFORMATION.**

- 21 1. date;
- 22 2. name of applicant and contact information;
- 23 3. name of project owner and contact information;
- 24 4. project address including parcel and lot numbers;
- 25 5. total landscape area in square feet;
- 26 6. project type (e.g. new or rehabilitated, and residential, commercial,
27 or industrial);
- 28

7. water supply (e.g. potable, well, recycled; use of recycled water is encouraged);
8. applicant's signature and date with statement, "I agree to comply with the requirements of Ordinance No. 859 and submit a complete Landscape Documentation Package."

B. PLANTING PLAN REQUIREMENTS.

1. Plant types shall be grouped together in regards to their water, soil, sun and shade requirements and in relationship to the buildings. Plants with different water needs shall be irrigated separately. Plants with the following classifications shall be grouped accordingly: high and moderate, moderate and low, low and very low. Deviation from these groupings shall be not be permitted.
2. Trees for shade shall be provided for residential, commercial and industrial buildings, parking lots and open space areas. These trees can be deciduous or evergreen and are to be incorporated to provide natural cooling opportunities for the purpose of energy and water conservation.
3. Plants shall be placed in a manner considerate of solar orientation to maximize summer shade and winter solar gain.
4. Plant selection for projects in high fire hazard areas shall address fire safety and prevention. A defensible space or zone around a building or structure is required pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 4291 and Ordinance No. 695. Fire-prone plant materials and highly flammable mulches shall be avoided.
5. Invasive species of plants shall be avoided especially near parks, buffers, greenbelts, water bodies, conservation areas/reserves and other open space areas because of their potential to cause harm to environmentally sensitive areas.

6. All exposed surfaces of non-turf areas within the developed landscape area shall be mulched with a minimum three inch (3") layer of material, except in areas with groundcover planted from flats where mulch depth shall be one and one half inches (1 ½").
7. Stabilizing mulching products shall be used on slopes.
8. Turf areas shall be used in response to functional needs and in compliance with the water budget.
9. Decorative water features shall use re-circulating water systems.
10. Where available, recycled water shall be used as the source for irrigation and decorative water features.
11. Planting plans shall identify and site the following:
 - a. new and existing trees, shrubs, ground covers, and turf areas within the proposed landscaped area;
 - b. a planting legend indicating all plant species by botanical name and common name, spacing, and quantities of each type of plant by container size;
 - c. designation of hydrozones;
 - d. area, in square feet, devoted to landscaping and a breakdown of the total area by landscape hydrozones;
 - e. property lines, streets, and street names;
 - f. building locations, driveways, sidewalks, retaining walls, and other hardscape features;
 - g. appropriate scale and north arrow;
 - h. any special landscape areas;
 - i. type of mulch and application depth;
 - j. type and surface area of water features;
 - k. type and installation details of any applicable stormwater best management practices;

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- l. planting specifications and details, including the recommendations from the soils analysis, if applicable;
- m. maximum Applied Water Allowance (MAWA):
 - i. Planting plans shall be prepared using the following

Water Budget Formula:

$$\text{MAWA (in gallons)} = (\text{ETo})(0.62)[0.7 \times \text{LA} + 0.3 \times \text{SLA}]$$

where

ETo is reference evapotranspiration

SLA is the amount of special landscape area in square feet

LA is total landscape area (including the SLA) in square feet; and

- ii. For the purposes of determining the MAWA, average irrigation efficiency is assumed to be 0.71. Irrigation systems shall be designed, maintained, and managed to meet or exceed an average irrigation efficiency of 0.71.

n. Estimated Annual Water Use (EAWU):

- i. EAWU for a given hydrozone is calculated as follows:

$$\text{EAWU (in gallons)} = (\text{ETo})(0.62)[((\text{PF} \times \text{HA})/\text{IE}) + \text{SLA}]$$

where

ETo is reference evapotranspiration

1 PF is Plant Factor

2 HA is hydrozone area in square feet

3 IE is irrigation efficiency (minimum 0.71)

4 SLA is the amount of special landscape area in
5 square feet;

6
7 ii. Landscaping plans shall provide EAWU (in the
8 same units as the MAWA) for each valve circuit
9 in the irrigation hydrozone. The sum of all
10 EAWU calculations shall not exceed the MAWA
11 for the project;

12 iii. The plant factor used shall be from WUCOLS.
13 The plant factor for low water use plants range
14 from 0 to 0.3, for moderate water use plants
15 range from 0.4 to 0.6, and for high water use
16 plants range from 0.7 to 1.0.

17 iv. The plant factor calculation is based on the
18 proportions of the respective plant water uses and
19 their plant factor, or the factor of the higher water
20 using plant used.

21 v. The surface area of a water feature shall be
22 included in the high water use hydrozone area of
23 the water budget calculation and temporarily
24 irrigated areas in the low water use hydrozone.

25 12. Planting plans and Irrigation plans (Section 5.C.) shall be drawn at
26 the same size and scale.

27 13. The Planting plan shall be prepared by a Landscape Architect
28 licensed by the State of California.

1 **C. IRRIGATION DESIGN PLAN REQUIREMENTS.**

- 2 1. Irrigation systems shall be designed, maintained, and managed to
- 3 meet or exceed an average irrigation efficiency of 0.71.
- 4 2. All irrigation systems shall be designed to prevent runoff, over-
- 5 spray, lowhead drainage and other similar conditions where water
- 6 flows off-site on to adjacent property, non-irrigated areas, walk,
- 7 roadways, or structures. Irrigation systems shall be designed,
- 8 constructed, managed, and maintained to achieve as high an
- 9 overall efficiency as possible. The irrigation system shall be
- 10 designed to ensure that the dynamic pressure at each emission
- 11 device is within the manufacturer's recommended pressure range
- 12 for optimal performance.
- 13 3. Landscaped areas shall be provided with a smart irrigation
- 14 controller which automatically adjusts the frequency and/or
- 15 duration of irrigation events in response to changing weather
- 16 conditions unless the use of the property would otherwise prohibit
- 17 use of a timer. The planting areas shall be grouped in relation to
- 18 moisture control zones based on similarity of water requirements
- 19 (i.e., turf separate from shrub and groundcover, full sun exposure
- 20 areas separate from shade areas, top of slope separate from toe of
- 21 slope). Additional water conservation technology may be require,
- 22 where necessary, at the discretion of the Planning Director.
- 23 4. Water systems for common open space areas shall use non-potable
- 24 water, if approved facilities are made available by the water
- 25 purveyor. Provisions for the conversion to a non-potable water
- 26 system shall be provided within the landscape plan. Water systems
- 27 designed to utilize non-potable water shall be designed to meet all
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1 applicable standards of the California Regional Water Quality
2 Control Board and the Riverside County Health Department.

- 3 5. Separate valves shall be provided for separate water use planting
4 areas, so that plants with similar water needs are irrigated by the
5 same irrigation valve. All installations shall rely on highly
6 efficient state of the art irrigation systems to eliminate runoff and
7 maximize irrigation efficiency as required by the Landscaping
8 Guide.
- 9 6. Static water pressure, dynamic or operating pressure and flow
10 reading of the water supply shall be measured. These pressure and
11 flow measurements shall be conducted at the design stage. If the
12 measurements are not available at the design stage, the
13 measurements shall be conducted at the installation.
- 14 7. The capacity of the irrigation system shall not exceed:
15 a. the capacity required for peak water demand based on
16 water budget calculations;
17 b. meter capacity; or
18 c. backflow preventer type and device capacity.
- 19 8. Sprinkler heads and other emission devices shall have matched
20 precipitation rates, unless otherwise directed by the manufacturer.
- 21 9. In mulched planting areas, the use of low volume irrigation is
22 required to maximize water infiltration into the root zone.
- 23 10. Non-turf areas on slopes greater than 25% shall be irrigated with
24 drip irrigation or other low volume irrigation technology.
- 25 11. Long-narrow, or irregularly shaped areas including turf less than
26 eight (8) feet in width in any direction shall be irrigated with
27 subsurface irrigation or low-volume irrigation technology.
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12. Overhead irrigation shall not be permitted within 24 inches of any non-permeable surface. There are no restrictions on the irrigation system type if the landscape area is adjacent to permeable surfacing and no overspray and runoff occurs.
13. Overhead irrigation shall be limited to the hours of 8 p.m. to 9 a.m.
14. All irrigation systems shall be equipped with the following:
 - a. A smart irrigation controller as defined in Section 5.C.4. of this Ordinance;
 - b. A rain sensing device to prevent irrigation during rainy weather;
 - c. Anti-drain check valves installed at strategic points to minimize or prevent low-head drainage;
 - d. A manual shut-off valve shall be required as close as possible to the point of connection of the water supply, to minimize water loss in case of an emergency or routine repair;
 - e. A pressure regulator when the static water pressure is above or below the recommended operating pressure of the irrigation system;
 - f. Backflow prevention devices; and
 - g. Riser protection components for all risers in high traffic areas.
15. Dedicated landscape meters shall be required for all projects greater than 2,500 square feet except single-family residences.
16. Irrigation design plans shall identify and site the following:
 - a. Hydrozones:
 - i. Each hydrozone shall be designated by number, letter or other designation.

1 in gallons per month and gallons per year, for the
2 established landscape; and

3 1. Irrigation design plans shall contain the following
4 statement, "I agree to comply with the criteria of Ordinance
5 No. 859 and to apply the criteria for the efficient use of
6 water in the irrigation design plan."

7 17. For each valve, two irrigation schedules shall be prepared, one for
8 the initial establishment period of six months and one for the
9 established landscape, which incorporate the specific water needs
10 of the plants and turf throughout the calendar year.

11 18. Irrigation design plans and planting plans (Section 5.B.) shall be
12 drawn at the same size and scale.

13 **D. SOIL MANAGEMENT PLAN REQUIREMENTS.**

14 1. After mass grading, the project applicant shall:

- 15 a. perform a preliminary site inspection;
- 16 b. determine the appropriate level of soil sampling and
17 sampling method needed to obtain representative soil
18 sample(s);
- 19 c. conduct a soil probe test to determine if the soil in the
20 landscape area has sufficient depth to support the intended
21 plants; and
- 22 d. obtain appropriate soil sample(s).

23 2. The project applicant shall submit soil sample(s) to a laboratory for
24 analysis and recommendation. The soil analysis may include:

- 25 a. soil texture;
- 26 b. infiltration rate determined by laboratory test or soil texture
27 infiltration rate tables;
- 28 c. pH;

- d. total soluble salts;
- e. sodium; and
- f. recommendations.

3. The project applicant shall prepare documentation describing the following:

- a. soil type;
- b. identification of limiting soil characteristics;
- c. identification of planned soil management actions to remediate limiting soil characteristics; and
- d. submit the soil analysis report and documentation verifying implementation of soil analysis report recommendations to the County pursuant to the requirements of Section 7.C.

E. GRADING DESIGN PLAN REQUIREMENTS.

- 1. The landscape documentation submitted shall also include rough/precise grade elevations prepared for the project by a licensed civil engineer.

Section 6. LANDSCAPE IRRIGATION AND MAINTENANCE. This section

shall apply to all projects subject to the provisions of this Ordinance as set forth in Section 4.

- A. Two irrigation schedules shall be prepared, one for the initial establishment period of six months and one for the established landscape, which incorporate the specific water needs of the plants and turf throughout the calendar year. The irrigation schedule shall take into account the particular characteristics of the soil; shall be continuously available on site to those responsible for the landscape maintenance; and shall contain specifics as to optimum run time and frequency of watering, and irrigation hours per day. The schedule currently in effect shall be posted at the controller.

- 1 B. A regular maintenance schedule and Certificate of Completion shall
2 be submitted to the Planning Director, property owner, and water
3 purveyor. A regular maintenance schedule shall include, but not be
4 limited to, routine inspection, adjustments, and repair of the irrigation
5 system and its components; aerating and dethatching turf areas;
6 replenishing mulch; fertilizing; pruning; weeding in all landscape areas
7 and removing any obstruction to irrigation devices. Repair of all
8 irrigation equipment shall be done with the originally installed
9 components or equivalent.
- 10 C. All model homes that are landscaped shall use signs and written
11 information to demonstrate the principles of water efficient landscapes
12 described in this Ordinance.
- 13 D. Information shall be provided to owners of new, single family
14 residential homes regarding the design, installation, management, and
15 maintenance of water efficient landscapes.

16 **Section 7. COMPLIANCE/PLAN SUBMITTAL PROCESS.** Prior to issuance of a
17 building permit for the project, the project applicant shall:

- 18 A. Submit all landscape documents for review and approval by the
19 Planning Director. The planting plan, irrigation design plan, and soils
20 management plan shall be reviewed by an independent licensed
21 landscape architect to ensure that all components of the plans adhere to
22 the requirements of this Ordinance. The licensed landscape architect
23 shall sign the plans verifying that the plans comply with this
24 Ordinance. Any plans submitted without the signature of a licensed
25 landscape architect shall not be accepted for review.
- 26 B. Prior to issuance of a certificate of occupancy or final inspection for
27 the project, a regular maintenance schedule and a Certificate of
28 Completion shall be submitted to the Planning Director certifying that

1 the landscaping has been completed in accordance with the approved
2 planting, irrigation design, soil management, and grading design plans
3 for the project. The Certificate of Completion shall be signed by a
4 licensed landscape architect and shall indicate:

- 5 1. Date;
- 6 2. Project information:
 - 7 a. Project name;
 - 8 b. Project applicant name, telephone and mailing address;
 - 9 c. Project address and location; and
 - 10 d. Property owner name and mailing address;
- 11 3. Prior to backfilling, evidence that the party responsible for
12 irrigation installation conducted a preliminary field inspection of
13 the irrigation system (evidence of field inspection shall be
14 attached);
- 15 4. The landscaping has been installed in conformance with the
16 approved planting and irrigation design plans;
- 17 5. Irrigation audit report performed by a certified irrigation auditor
18 after project installation (audit report shall be attached);
- 19 6. The smart irrigation controller has been set according to the
20 irrigation schedule;
- 21 7. The irrigation system has been adjusted to maximize irrigation
22 efficiency and eliminate overspray and runoff; and
- 23 8. A copy of the approved landscape documentation (Section 5), the
24 irrigation schedule (Section 6.A.) and the maintenance schedule
25 (Section 6.B.) has been given to the property owner and local
26 water purveyor.
- 27 9. Verification that the maintenance schedule has been provided to
28 the Planning Director.

- 1 C. At a minimum, all landscape irrigation audits shall comply with the
2 "Irrigation Association Certified Landscape Irrigation Auditor
3 Training Manual" (2004 or most current) and shall be conducted by a
4 certified landscape irrigation auditor.
5 D. The Planning Director or his/her designee shall have the right to enter
6 upon the project site at any time before, during and after installation of
7 the landscaping, to conduct inspections for the purpose of enforcing
8 this Ordinance.

9 Section 2. The provisions of this Ordinance shall not take effect until thirty (30)
10 days after its adoption.


11
12 BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY
13 OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

14 By: _____
15 Chairman, Board of Supervisors

16 ATTEST:
17 CLERK OF THE BOARD

18 By: _____
19 Deputy
20 (SEAL)

21
22 APPROVED AS TO FORM
23 September 3, 2009

24 By: 
25 KARIN WATTS-BAZAN
26 Deputy County Counsel

27 KWB:mdk
28 08/20/09
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