M. Adjacent and Surrounding Zoning: City of Menifee, R-A-5 (Residential Agriculture, 5-acre minimum), A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum), R-1 (One-Family Dwelling)
III. ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED
The environmental factors checked below ( $x$ ) would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or "Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.
☐ Aesthetics       ☐ Hazards & Hazardous Materials       ☐ Recreation         ☐ Agriculture & Forest Resources       ☐ Hydrology / Water Quality       ☐ Transportation / Traffic         ☐ Air Quality       ☐ Land Use / Planning       ☐ Utilities / Service Systems         ☐ Biological Resources       ☐ Mineral Resources       ☐ Other:         ☐ Cultural Resources       ☐ Noise       ☐ Other:         ☐ Geology / Soils       ☐ Population / Housing       ☐ Mandatory Findings of Significance         ☐ Greenhouse Gas Emissions       ☐ Public Services       Significance
IV. DETERMINATION
On the basis of this initial evaluation:  A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS NOT PREPARED  I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.  I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project, described in this document, have been made or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.  I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
A PREVIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT/NEGATIVE DECLARATION WAS PREPARED  I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, NO NEW ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTATION IS REQUIRED because (a) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, (b) all potentially significant effects of the proposed project have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (c) the proposed project will not result in any new significant environmental effects not identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (d) the proposed project will not substantially increase the severity of the environmental effects identified in the earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, (e) no considerably different mitigation measures have been identified and (f) no mitigation measures found infeasible have become feasible.  I find that although all potentially significant effects have been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration pursuant to applicable legal standards, some changes or additions are necessary but none of the conditions described in California Code of Regulations, Section 15162 exist. An ADDENDUM to a previously-certified EIR or Negative Declaration has been prepared and will be considered by the approving body or bodies.

I find that at least one of the conditions descri- 15162 exist, but I further find that only minor additions EIR adequately apply to the project in the changed ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required tha make the previous EIR adequate for the project as rev  I find that at least one of the following condition	or changes are necessary to make the previous situation; therefore a <b>SUPPLEMENT TO THE</b> t need only contain the information necessary to sed.
Section 15162, exist and a SUBSEQUENT ENVIROR Substantial changes are proposed in the project which or negative declaration due to the involvement of new increase in the severity of previously identified sign occurred with respect to the circumstances under whomajor revisions of the previous EIR or negative declar environmental effects or a substantial increase in the effects; or (3) New information of substantial importates been known with the exercise of reasonable diligence complete or the negative declaration was adopted, shone or more significant effects not discussed in Significant effects previously examined will be substated EIR or negative declaration; (C) Mitigation measures of would in fact be feasible, and would substantially reduce but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigate measures or alternatives which are considerably difference negative declaration would substantially reduce one of the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the environment.	NMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required: (1) will require major revisions of the previous EIR significant environmental effects or a substantial nificant effects; (2) Substantial changes have ich the project is undertaken which will require ration due to the involvement of new significant the severity of previously identified significant nee, which was not known and could not have at the time the previous EIR was certified as lows any the following:(A) The project will have the previous EIR or negative declaration;(B) intially more severe than shown in the previous alternatives previously found not to be feasible one or more significant effects of the project, tion measures or alternatives; or,(D) Mitigation tent from those analyzed in the previous EIR or more significant effects of the project on the
Signature Fildelings	Ø9-Ø1-2015 Date
John Earle Hildebrand III Printed Name	For Steve Weiss, AICP - Planning Director

# V. ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES ASSESSMENT

In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code Section 21000-21178.1), this Initial Study has been prepared to analyze the proposed project to determine any potential significant impacts upon the environment that would result from construction and implementation of the project. In accordance with California Code of Regulations, Section 15063, this Initial Study is a preliminary analysis prepared by the Lead Agency, the County of Riverside, in consultation with other jurisdictional agencies, to determine whether a Negative Declaration, Mitigated Negative Declaration, or an Environmental Impact Report is required for the proposed project. The purpose of this Initial Study is to inform the decision-makers, affected agencies, and the public of potential environmental impacts associated with the implementation of the proposed project.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
AESTHETICS Would the project				
<ol> <li>Scenic Resources         <ul> <li>a) Have a substantial effect upon a scenic highway corridor within which it is located?</li> </ul> </li> </ol>				$\boxtimes$
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings and unique or landmark features; obstruct any prominent scenic vista or view open to the public; or result in the creation of an aesthetically offensive site open to public view?		-		$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure 9 – "Scenic I Area Plan	Highways" i	in the Sun Ci	ty/Menifee	Valley
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure S City/Menifee Valley Area Plan, the project site is located appr freeway, which is a designated "County Eligible" Scenic Hig distance away from the I-215, there will be no impacts. <u>Mitigation</u> : No mitigation is required	roximately t	two miles aw	ay from the	l-215
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
2. Mt. Palomar Observatory a) Interfere with the nighttime use of the Mt. Palomar Observatory, as protected through Riverside County Ordinance No. 655?				
Source: GIS database, Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Po	ollution). Ri	verside Cou	ntv Genera	ıl Plan

<u>Source</u>: GIS database, Ord. No. 655 (Regulating Light Pollution), Riverside County General Plar Figure 6 – "Mt. Palomar Nighttime Lighting Policy" in the Sun City/Menifee Valley Area Plan

### Findings of Fact:

a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure 6 – "Mt. Palomar Nighttime Lighting Policy" exhibit in the Sun City/Menifee Valley Area Plan, the project site is located within "Zone B". A change

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
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in residential density from 1 dwelling unit per 5-acre minimum to 2-5 dwelling units per 1-acre minimum will result in the implementation of more lighting at build-out. Lighting requirements and any subsequent restrictions will be reviewed in conjunction with a future implementing project's lighting plan.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, impacts associated with this project are considered less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

3. Other Lighting Issues <ul> <li>a) Create a new source of substantial light or glare</li> <li>which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?</li> </ul>			
b) Expose residential property to unacceptable light levels?		$\boxtimes$	

Source: On-site Inspection, Project Application Description

#### Findings of Fact:

a-b) A change in residential density from 1 dwelling unit per 5-acre minimum to 2-5 dwelling units per 1-acre minimum will result in the implementation of more lighting at build-out. Lighting requirements and any subsequent restrictions will be reviewed in conjunction with a future implementing project's lighting plan.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, impacts associated with this project are considered less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impaci
AGRICULTURE & FOREST RESOURCES Would the project	+		-11	
4. Agriculture				
a) Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or			$\boxtimes$	
Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland) as shown on				
the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to				
non-agricultural use?				
b) Conflict with existing agricultural zoning, agricultural				
use or with land subject to a Williamson Act contract or land				$\boxtimes$
within a Riverside County Agricultural Preserve?				
c) Cause development of non-agricultural uses within				$\boxtimes$
300 feet of agriculturally zoned property (Ordinance No. 625 "Right-to-Farm")?		_	_	
d) Involve other changes in the existing environment				F
which, due to their location or nature, could result in				$\boxtimes$
conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use?				
		not meet the	criteria of	rtance Prime
ypes and land use. However, the current land use is Rural commercial farming. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  b) There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result is the contract of the site.	makes thes Residentia al land is n ult, there a	se designation I, which prediction prediction in the second prediction	e criteria of ons based of cludes the of pacts asso	Prime on soil use of
cypes and land use. However, the current land use is Rural commercial farming. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result is the contract of the site.	makes thes Residentia al land is n ult, there a	se designation I, which prediction prediction in the second prediction	e criteria of ons based of cludes the of pacts asso	Prime on soil use of
Farmland. The California State Department of Conservation types and land use. However, the current land use is Rural commercial farming. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  b) There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  c) There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result of the properties surrounding the project site are zoned for Mitigation: No mitigation is required	makes thes Residentia al land is n ult, there a	se designation I, which prediction prediction in the second prediction	e criteria of ons based of cludes the of pacts asso	Prime on soil use of
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types and land use. However, the current land use is Rural commercial farming. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result of the properties surrounding the project site are zoned for mitigation:  No mitigation is required  There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result of the project site are zoned for mitigation:  No mitigation is required  There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result of the project site are zoned for mitigation is required  The properties surrounding the project site are zoned for mitigation is required  The properties surrounding the project site are zoned for mitigation is required  The properties are zoned for mitigation is required.	makes thes Residentia al land is n ult, there a	se designation I, which prediction prediction in the second prediction	e criteria of ons based of cludes the of pacts asso	Prime on soil use of
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commercial farming. As a result, the loss of viable agriculture with this project are considered less than significant.  D) There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result, the project are considered less than significant.  D) There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result, the project site are zoned for zoned for the project site are zoned for zoned fo	makes thes Residentia al land is n ult, there a	se designation I, which prediction prediction in the second prediction	e criteria of ons based of cludes the of pacts asso	Prime on soil use of ciated
commercial farming. As a result, the loss of viable agricultur with this project are considered less than significant.  D) There are no Williamson Act contracts on the site. As a result, the properties are contracts on the site. As a result, the properties are sold on the site. As a result, the properties are sold or the properties are sold or the project site are zoned for the mitigation:  No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required  The properties are zoned for the project site are zoned for zoned for the project site are zoned for zoned f	makes thes Residentia al land is n ult, there a	se designation I, which prediction prediction in the second prediction	e criteria of ons based of cludes the of pacts asso	Prime on soil use of ciated

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
version of forest land to non-forest use?	*			
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-3 "Par Project Application Materials.	ks, Forests,	and Recre	ation Areas	s," and
Findings of Fact:				
a-c) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure Areas" exhibit, the project site is not located within any desimpacts.	e OS-3 "Pa gnated fore	rks, Forests st land area.	, and Recr There will	eation be no
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
AIR QUALITY Would the project				
6. Air Quality Impacts	7			
a) Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?				
<ul> <li>b) Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?</li> </ul>			$\boxtimes$	
c) Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-			$\boxtimes$	
attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?				;*
d) Expose sensitive receptors which are located within 1 mile of the project site to project substantial point source emissions?			$\boxtimes$	
e) Involve the construction of a sensitive receptor located within one mile of an existing substantial point source emitter?			$\boxtimes$	
				$\boxtimes$

## Findings of Fact:

a-f) The proposed land use change will result in an increase in population and/or vehicle trips at time of build-out, based upon the proposed residential density change. However, there is no development plan associated with the project at this time. During the review of a future implementing project, appropriate air quality impact mitigation measures will be imposed upon the project.

There are no point source air pollution emitters within one mile of the project site.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designal development on the property. Should a development propos grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, in considered less than significant.	ation only, w al or land us uent Enviror	hich could e se application mental Ass	eventually lon for subdi- essment sh	ead to viding, hall be
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project				
7. Wildlife & Vegetation  a) Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state conservation plan?				$\boxtimes$
b) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any endangered, or threatened species, as listed in Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (Sections 670.2 or 670.5) or in Title 50, Code of Federal Regulations (Sections 17.11 or 17.12)?				$\boxtimes$
c) Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Wildlife Service?				
d) Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
e) Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U. S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
f) Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
g) Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
Source: GIS database, WRCMSHCP and/or CVMSHCP, Or Findings of Fact:	n-site Inspec	tion		

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a-g) Pursuant to the Riverside County GIS Database, the pro-Cells under the Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Pla Acquisitions and Negotiations Strategy ("HANS") application is of an implementing project, a biological assessment may be resources and subsequently apply appropriate development in This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this state opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is in project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designated development on the property. Should a development proposal grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subseque prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, impropriate the submitted of the site of	n ("MSHC s not required to nitigation mage, the properties, the Estion only, will or land usent Enviror	P"). As a reconstruction of the could of the	esult, the lear, during the site's bio not provide ment projectly Residentially lear for subditessment st	Habitat ne time logical de the t. This al and ead to viding, nall be
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
CULTURAL RESOURCES Would the project				
<ul><li>8. Historic Resources</li><li>a) Alter or destroy an historic site?</li></ul>			$\boxtimes$	
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?			$\boxtimes$	
Source: On-site Inspection, Project Application Materials  Findings of Fact:  a-b) This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this s opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land UR Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation development on the property. Should a development proposal grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subseque prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, impronsidered less than significant.	o associate Jse, the Es on only, w I or land us ent Enviror	ed developn state Densit hich could e se application nmental Ass	nent projecty Residential eventually long for subdiversely essment should be seen to be subdiversely essment should be seen to be subdiversely essment should be seen to be subdiversely to be subdiversely essment should be subdiversely to be subdiversely t	t. This al and ead to viding, hall be
Mitigation: No mitigation is required.				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required.				
9. Archaeological Resources			$\square$	<u> </u>
a) Alter or destroy an archaeological site.				
b) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to				
Page 10 of 41		EA	No. 41744	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
California Code of Regulations, Section 15064.5?				
c) Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			$\boxtimes$	
d) Restrict existing religious or sacred uses within the potential impact area?			$\boxtimes$	
e) Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource as defined in Public Resources Code 21074?			$\boxtimes$	
Source: Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact:				
site. Consultation request notices were sent to each of the January 24, 2011. SB-18 provides for a 90-day review period consultation regarding the proposed project. County staff re project during the 90-day review period. However, the Pecha when any Riverside County projects are located within their are contacted for potential consultation.	d in which a ceived no nga Tribe h	all noticed tri consultation nas requeste	bes may re requests for d in genera	equest or this al, that
New State legislation, AB-52, became effective on July 1, agency to notify any Native American Tribe who has requered project is deemed complete, unless an environmental Notice to July 1, 2015. This project includes the preparation of environmental effects, which was prepared after July 1, 2015 to all requesting tribes on September 2, 2015, in compliance received no requests for consultation on this project.	ested to co of Prepara f a Mitiga . As a resu	onsult, within tion ("NOP") ted Negative It, AB-52 not	30-days a was posted Declarati	after a d prior of mailed
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this star opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is a project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designat development on the property. Should a development proposa grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequiprepared, to determine potential impacts. At that time, further Biological Study and Cultural Resource Study, as well as tri result, impacts associated with this project are considered less	no associate Use, the Estion only, was or land usent Envirorer analysis bal consult	ed developmentate Density which could ese application mental Assetthrough the ation, may be	nent project  Residentia  ventually le  n for subdivessment sh  preparatio	t. This al and ead to viding, hall be n of a
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
<ul> <li>10. Paleontological Resources</li> <li>a) Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource, or site, or unique geologic feature?</li> </ul>			$\boxtimes$	

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-8 "Pale	eontological S	ensitivity"		
Findings of Fact:				
a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan, Figure within an area designated as "Low" and "Undetermined" during the time of an implementing project, analysis throug Cultural Resource Study may be required.	Sensitivity. I	Prior to site	disturband	ce and
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there i project will result in amending the site's General Plan Lar Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning design development on the property. Should a development proper grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subseprepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, considered less than significant.	s no associated Use, the Estation only, wo bear or land us quent Enviror	ed developr state Densit hich could se application nmental Ass	ment projectly Resident eventually lon for subdi sessment sl	t. This lal and ead to viding, hall be
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
	1.1.1.1			
GEOLOGY AND SOILS Would the project  1. Alguist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone or Count				
Fault Hazard Zones  a) Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury				
br death?  b) Be subject to rupture of a known earthquake fault as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault?	e L			
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-2 "Eart Geologist Comments	hquake Fault	Study Zone	s," GIS dat	abase,
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figexhibit, the project site is not located within close proximity no impacts.				
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
12. Liquefaction Potential Zone				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a) Be subject to seismic-related ground failure including liquefaction?	,			
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-3 "General	alized Lique	faction"		
Findings of Fact:				
a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure southern three-quarters of the project site is designated "L project site shows no mapped liquefaction zones.				
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in amending the site's General Plan Lan Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning design development on the property. Should a development proper grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence of the site o	s no associa d Use, the E lation only, v sal or land u quent Enviro	ted developn state Densit vhich could e se applicatio nmental Ass	nent projec y Residenti eventually l on for subdi	t. This all and ead to viding,
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required			v v	
Ground-shaking Zone     a) Be subject to strong seismic ground shaking?				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-4 "Earth Figures S-13 through S-21 (showing General Ground Shaki		ed Slope Ins	tability Mar	o," and
Findings of Fact:				
a) Every project in California has some degree of potential This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this copportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in an amendment to the site's Land Leventually lead to development on the property. Should application for subdividing, grading, or construction of Environmental Analysis shall be prepared, to assess adherence to the California Building code, Title 24, which for ground shaking impacts. As a result, there will be no impacts.	stage, the particle in associated as developed the site to the potential will mitigate	project does ted developn ing designat oment propo be submitted il impacts.	not provide ment projection, which osal or land d, a subsection	de the st. This could use equent nclude
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
14. Landslide Risk  a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, collapse, or rockfall hazards?				
Source: On-site Inspection, Riverside County General Plan Slope"	Figure S-5	"Regions U	nderlain by	Steep
Findings of Fact:				
a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure S exhibit, a portion of the project site to the south, is located angles between 15% to 25%. The remainder of the project sichange only. As a result, no people or structures will be expected the slope areas. Additionally, any future development will be Building Code, as it relates to slope development and grading. This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stropportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is a project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designate development on the property. Should a development propose grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we Mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required	within an a te is flat. The cosed to add the required g. age, the properties the control of the cost o	rea consisting project in large effect to comply we roject does ed developmentate Density which could ese application mental Ass	ng of some cludes a lar s associate with the Cal not providuent projecty Residentially less than for subdiventions.	slope and use and with ifornia de the t. This al and ead to viding,
15. Ground Subsidence  a) Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in ground subsidence?				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-7 "Docume	ented Subsi	dence Areas	Map"	
Findings of Fact:				
a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure S-exhibit, a portion of the site located at the northeast, is ident potential. This project includes a land use change only. As exposed to adverse effects associated with the subsidevelopment will be required to comply with the California Bu within the proximity of a fault zone and ground subsidence potential.	ified as hav a result, no idence zor uilding Code	ving "Suscep o people or ne. Addition	otible" subsi structures v nally, any	dence will be future
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this sta				

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designa development on the property. Should a development proposigrading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	tion only, w al or land us ient Enviror	hich could e se application mental Asse	eventually I	ead to
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
Other Geologic Hazards     a) Be subject to geologic hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard?				
Source: On-site Inspection, Project Application Materials			=======================================	
Findings of Fact:				
a) Diamond Lake is located approximately four miles to the enot located within the Diamond Lake Dam Inundation zone a hazards, such as seiche, mudflow, or volcanic hazard. As a remind Mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required	nd indicates	a low likeling	ness for ge	site is ologic
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
17. Slopes  a) Change topography or ground surface relief features?				
b) Create cut or fill slopes greater than 2:1 or higher than 10 feet?				
c) Result in grading that affects or negates subsurface sewage disposal systems?				
Source: Riv. Co. 800-Scale Slope Maps, Project Application	Materials			
Findings of Fact:				781
a-c) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure S exhibit, a portion of the project site to the south, is located angles between 15% to 25%. The remainder of the project sit change only. As a result, no people or structures will be exp the slope areas. Additionally, any future development will be Building Code, as it relates to slope development and grading	within an ar e is flat. Thi osed to adv e required t	ea consistin s project inc verse effects	g of some ludes a lar associate	slope nd use d with

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This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designat development on the property. Should a development proposa grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequiprepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will	ion only, w I or land us ent Enviror	hich could e se application mental Asse	eventually le	ead to
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
18. Soils <ul> <li>a) Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?</li> </ul>				
b) Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Section 1802.3.2 of the California Building Code (2007), creating substantial risks to life or property?				$\boxtimes$
c) Have soils incapable of adequately supporting use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?		N N		
Source: U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service Soil Surveys Inspection	, Project A	application M	laterials, C	n-site
Findings of Fact:				
a-c) This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this s opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land L Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designati development on the property. Should a development proposal grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subseque prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will	o associate Jse, the Es on only, wl or land us ent Environ	ed developm state Density hich could e se application mental Asse	ent project Residentia ventually le ofor subdiv	This al and ead to viding,
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
19. Erosion  a) Change deposition, siltation, or erosion that may modify the channel of a river or stream or the bed of a lake?				
b) Result in any increase in water erosion either on or off site?				
Source: U.S.D.A. Soil Conservation Service Soil Surveys Findings of Fact:				

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a-b) This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this is opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designated development on the property. Should a development proposal grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will	no associate Use, the Estion only, we is or land use ent Enviror	ed developn state Densit hich could e se application nmental Ass	nent projec y Residenti eventually le on for subdi	t. This al and ead to viding.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
20. Wind Erosion and Blowsand from project either on or off site.  a) Be impacted by or result in an increase in wind erosion and blowsand, either on or off site?				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-8 "Wind Er Article XV & Ord. No. 484	osion Susc	ceptibility Ma	p," Ord. No	. 460,
Findings of Fact:				
a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure exhibit, the project site is located within an area of "Moderate"			usceptibility	Мар"
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this star opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land UR Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation development on the property. Should a development proposal grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will	o associate Jse, the Es ion only, w I or land us ent Enviror	ed developm state Density hich could e se application mental Ass	nent project Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	t. This al and ead to viding,
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
CREMIOUSE CAS EMISSIONS Would the main of		Po. 15 1		
21. Greenhouse Gas Emissions  a) Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				1
b) Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Source: Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this is opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is reproject will result in an amendment to the site's General Plazone, which could eventually lead to development on the proland use application for subdividing, grading, or construction Environmental Analysis shall be prepared, to assess the point implementing project on this site will be required to comply reduction requirements as well as Riverside County's Climpotential mitigation measures resulting from GHG impacts a phase of the project. As a result, impacts associated with significant.  Mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required	no associate perty. Shou of the site otential imp with Califor ate action are implement	ed developren compone dd a develope be submitte acts. Additiona's AB-32 Plan. Many ented during	ment projecent and char oment proposed, a subsectionally, any greenhoused of the ideas of the construction	t. This nge of osal or equent future se gas ntified nuction
HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS Would the project. Hazards and Hazardous Materials	ect			
// Hazarne ann Hazarnoue Materiale				
				$\boxtimes$
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the				$\boxtimes$
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?  d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or accutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?  d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?				
a) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?  b) Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?  c) Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or an emergency evacuation plan?  d) Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?  e) Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environ-				

a-b, d-e) This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designated development on the property. Should a development proposal grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subseque prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will be submitted to determine potential impacts.	al or land us ent Enviror	se application mental Ass	n for subdi	viding,
c) The project will result in higher development intensity of the Plan in 2003. The increase in density may result in an overthe evacuation routes for other projects. However, the Transport development proposals on the site, to add mitigation to the accommodate adequate emergency provisions. As a result, considered less than significant.	ourden of station Department	treets previously retrieved to the contract of	ously identification in the second identification in the second in the s	ied as future ts will
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				¥i
23. Airports a) Result in an inconsistency with an Airport Master Plan?				$\boxtimes$
b) Require review by the Airport Land Use Commission?				$\boxtimes$
c) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				$\boxtimes$
d) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, or heliport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-19 "Airport	Locations,"	GIS databa	se	
Findings of Fact:				
a-d) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figur project site is not located within an Airport Influence Area (" require review by the Airport Land Use Commission ("ALUC").	'AIA") or co	ompatibility a	zone and w	vill not
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
24. Hazardous Fire Area  a) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				$\boxtimes$
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-11 "Wildfin	e Susceptib	oility," GIS da	tabase	
Findings of Fact:				
a) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure project site is not located within a "High" Wildfire Susceptibilit result, there will be no impacts.	S-11 "Wildf y Area or S	ire Suscepti tate Respon	bility" exhib sibility Area	it, the . As a
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY Would the project	++++			
25. Water Quality Impacts  a) Substantially after the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				
b) Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				$\boxtimes$
c) Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
d) Create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				$\boxtimes$
e) Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area, as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
f) Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?	a .		H 🔲	$\boxtimes$
g) Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				$\boxtimes$
h) Include new or retrofitted stormwater Treatment Control Best Management Practices (BMPs) (e.g. water quality treatment basins, constructed treatment wetlands), the operation of which could result in significant environmental effects (e.g. increased vectors or odors)?				
Source: Riverside County Flood Control District Flood Haza	rd Report/C	ondition.		

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a-h) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure Zones" exhibit, the project site is not located within either a Approval of this project will result in a land use change. There would alter any flows, violate any standards, impact ground require any BMP's. No additional studies of the current cond no accompanying development project. Should a developm subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be sufficient as a sessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts	a 100-year e is no grad d water res ditions were ent proposa bmitted, a	or 500-year ling propose ources, creat conducted al or land us subsequer	r floodplain d at this tin ate any rur because the se applicate at Environ	zone. ne that noff, or here is ion for mental
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
26. Floodplains  Degree of Suitability in 100-Year Floodplains. As indices Suitability has been checked.  NA - Not Applicable ☑ U - Generally Unsuitable □		v, the appro	ppriate Deg	
a) Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site?				
b) Changes in absorption rates or the rate and amount of surface runoff?				$\boxtimes$
c) Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam (Dam Inundation Area)?				
d) Changes in the amount of surface water in any water body?				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-9 "100- and S-10 "Dam Failure Inundation Zone," Riverside County Floo Condition, GIS database				
Findings of Fact:				
a-d) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure Zones" exhibit, the project site is not located within either a Additionally, Diamond Valley Lake is located approximately a The project site is not located within the Diamond Valley Lake project will result in a land use change. There is no grading p flows, violate any standards, impact ground water resources, No additional studies of the current conditions were conducted development project. Should a development proposal or land or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environment assess the potential impacts. As a result, there will be no impact.	a 100-year four miles to e Dam Inur proposed at create any eted because onmental A	or 500-year of the east of adation zone this time that runoff, or re- se there is re- ation for sub-	floodplain f the project Approval at would alt equire any E no accompa dividing, gr	zone. ct site. of this eer any BMP's. anying rading,

The state of the s				
	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
LAND USE/PLANNING Would the project				
<ul><li>27. Land Use</li><li>a) Result in a substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of an area?</li></ul>			$\boxtimes$	
b) Affect land use within a city sphere of influence and/or within adjacent city or county boundaries?				

Source: Riverside County General Plan, GIS database, Project Application Materials

# Findings of Fact:

a) This General Plan Amendment will result in a General Plan Foundation Component change from Rural (R) to Community Development (CD), a General Plan Land Use change from Rural Residential (RR) (5-acre minimum) to Medium Density Residential (MDR) (2-5 du/ac), and a Change of Zone from A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum) to R-1 (One-Family Dwelling) on a single 77.7-acre parcel.

The project site is located within the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area. Approval of this application is contingent upon removal of the project site from the Policy Area, as there would be a General Plan inconsistency otherwise. This policy area is within the Sun City / Menifee Valley Area Plan and states the following:

"The residential area consists of rural estate development, with custom house development as the main pattern. The character is rural in intensity, but more in line with estate development as it has traditionally been developed. The low intensity qualities of this area are well established and strongly supported by local residents and property owners. Until the perspective changes significantly, growth and development should be focused elsewhere."

The intent of this policy is to sustain a development pattern that conforms with a more "rural" pattern of settlement and that residential properties be subdivided in conformance with the existing land use which is a combination of Estate Density Residential (2-acre minimum) and Rural Residential (5-acre minimum). However, the policy also states that should the general consensus of the area change, denser development patterns could occur. There have been a number of other proposed General Plan Amendments within close proximity of the project site, requesting similar increased residential densities. They are as follows:

 General Plan Amendment No. 1129, located north of the project site, is a proposal to change from Estate Density Residential (2-acre minimum) to Medium Density Residential (2-5 du/ac) on 170-acres and includes a provision for a new high school. This project site is also located within the "Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area".

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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- General Plan Amendment No. 998, located approximately one mile to the southeast, is a proposal to change from Rural Residential (5-acre minimum) to Medium Density Residential (2-5 du/ac) on one parcel, totaling 160-acres.
- General Plan Amendment No. 976, located approximately a half mile to the east, is a proposal
  to change from Rural Residential (5-acre minimum) to Medium Density Residential (2-5 du/ac)
  on one parcel, totaling 271-acres.
- There have been other similar General Plan Amendment proposals in the immediate area, including Nos. 921 and 926 for conversion of the land use to Medium Density Residential (2-5 du/ac) as well. However, these two applications have been withdrawn, but may be resubmitted during the next Foundation cycle change, scheduled for Q1 or Q2 of 2016.

These General Plan Amendments represent many property owners in the area who have collectively proposed a fundamental shift in land use for the area. To accommodate this shift and enable the project site to be developed at Medium Density Residential, the project site will be removed from the "Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential" policy area. Additionally, the project site is located adjacent to an existing unincorporated residential development to the west, constructed in the year 2001, at a medium density range of 2-5 du/ac and includes approximately 186 lots. Removing the project site from the policy area, in conjunction with the land use change, results in a logical extension of the existing Medium Density Residential Development, creating a compatible development pattern. For now, the remainder of the policy area will retain its current extent. As a result, impacts will be less than significant.

b) The project site is located in close proximity to the City of Menifee as well as the City of Murrieta; however, the project site is not located within a designated sphere of influence for either City. As a result, there will be no impacts.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

28. Planning a) Be consistent with the site's existing or proposed		$\boxtimes$	
zoning?			
b) Be compatible with existing surrounding zoning?		$\boxtimes$	
c) Be compatible with existing and planned sur- rounding land uses?		$\boxtimes$	
d) Be consistent with the land use designations and policies of the General Plan (including those of any applicable Specific Plan)?		$\boxtimes$	
<ul> <li>e) Disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of an established community (including a low-income or minority community)?</li> </ul>		$\boxtimes$	

Source: Riverside County General Plan Land Use Element, Staff review, GIS database

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
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# Findings of Fact:

a-e) This project will result in changes to the site's General Plan land use pattern. The project site has a current General Plan Land Use of Rural Residential (5-acre lot size minimum) and is proposed to be amended to Medium Density Residential (2-5 du/ac). The proposed land use amendment will result in a reasonable integration of smaller residential lot sizes into the area, which are compatible with the other existing residential lots to the west.

The existing Zoning for the project site is A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum) and is proposed to be changed to R-1 (One-Family Dwelling), in order to be in conformance with the new land use. The single family residential designation is consistent with the existing development to the west.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will be no impacts.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

MINERAL RESOURCES Would the project		
29. Mineral Resources <ul> <li>a) Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region or the residents of the State?</li> </ul>		×
b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally- important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?		$\boxtimes$
c) Be an incompatible land use located adjacent to a State classified or designated area or existing surface mine?		$\boxtimes$
d) Expose people or property to hazards from proposed, existing or abandoned quarries or mines?		$\boxtimes$

Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-5 "Mineral Resources Area"

# Findings of Fact:

a-d) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure OS-5 "Mineral Resources Area" exhibit, the project site located within the "MRZ-3" Mineral Resource Area. However, due to the small size of the project site and the existing developments within the surrounding area, extracting minerals from the project would be unfeasible.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this st opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designate development on the property. Should a development propost grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	no associat Use, the E ition only, w al or land u uent Enviror	ed developn state Densit hich could e se application nmental Ass	nent project y Residenti eventually l on for subdi	t. This al and ead to viding,
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
NOISE Would the project result in				
Definitions for Noise Acceptability Ratings  Where indicated below, the appropriate Noise Acceptability F  NA - Not Applicable  C - Generally Unacceptable  D - Land Use Discourage			ked. ionally Acce	eptable
a) For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?  NA   A   B   C   D				
b) For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?  NA   A   B   C   D   D				
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure S-19 "Airpo Facilities Map	rt Locations	," County of	Riverside	Airport
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure Riverside Airport Facilities Map exhibit, the project site of Influence Area ("AIA"). As a result, there will be no significant	not located	within a de	esignated .	
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
31. Railroad Noise NA □ B □ C □ D □				
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure C-1 "Conspection	irculation F	Plan", GIS c	latabase, (	On-site
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impac
Findings of Fact:				
Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure C-1 "not located near any railroads. As a result, there will be no si	Circulation Fignificant imp	lan" exhibit, pacts from ra	the project	site is
Mitigation: No mitigation is required	<b>5</b>			
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
32. Highway Noise NA ☑ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐				$\boxtimes$
Source: On-site Inspection, Project Application Materials				
Findings of Fact:				
west of the project site and Highway 79 is located approxim site. Any noise generated from the Highway at this distance no significant impacts from highway noise.  Mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required	nately two m will be neglig	iles to the e gible. As a re	ast of the pesult, there	oroject will be
33. Other Noise NA ☑ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐				$\boxtimes$
Source: Project Application Materials, GIS database  Findings of Fact:  The project is not located near any other sources of pot significant impacts from other noise.	tential noise	, therefore,	there will I	be no
Mitigation: No mitigation is required	47			
	·			
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				$\boxtimes$

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
existing without the project?				
c) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				
d) Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels?				
Source: Riverside County General Plan, Table N-1 ("Land Exposure"), Project Application Materials	Use Comp	atibility for (	Community	Noise
Findings of Fact:				
a-d) This General Plan land use change to denser residentia impacts at build-out. However, all future onsite uses will County's allowable noise standards for Residential designation implementing project.	be required	to adhere	to the Riv	erside
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this star opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is a project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designated development on the property. Should a development proposed grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subseque prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required	no associate Use, the Es tion only, wi al or land us nent Environ	ed developmentate Density hich could ended be application mental Asse	nent project  Residentia  ventually le  n for subdiv	t. This al and ead to viding.
POPULATION AND HOUSING Would the project				
35. Housing <ul> <li>a) Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?</li> </ul>				$\boxtimes$
b) Create a demand for additional housing, particularly housing affordable to households earning 80% or less of the County's median income?				$\boxtimes$
c) Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				$\boxtimes$
d) Affect a County Redevelopment Project Area?				$\boxtimes$
e) Cumulatively exceed official regional or local population projections?				
f) Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
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Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	incorporated		

Source: Project Application Materials, GIS database, Riverside County General Plan Housing Element

# Findings of Fact:

a-f) The existing General Plan Land Use of Rural Residential (RR) allows for development at a minimum of 1 dwelling unit per 5-acres. At maximum build-out under the existing land use over 77.7-acres, 15 lots could potentially be developed. This General Plan Amendment will result in a land use change to Medium Density Residential (MDR), which allows for development at 2-5 dwelling units per acre (du/ac). At build-out, this would result in a potential range between 155 and 388 dwelling units with a midpoint of 271 dwelling units over the same 77.7-acres.

Appendix E, of the 2003 Riverside County General Plan, provides assumptions used for residential build-out densities and population projections. The increase in dwelling units will result in a potential midpoint population increase from the existing land use (RR) to the proposed land use (MDR) of 770 persons using the General Plan assumption of 3.01 residents per unit and calculated using the following (3.01\*271 units)-(3.01\*15 units). This is a generalized average, calculated with standard values, codified in the Riverside County General Plan.

Currently, the project site is vacant; therefore, the project will not displace any existing housing nor will it affect an established redevelopment area. Once built-out, the project site could result in a population increase by approximately 770 persons; however, this change is a negligible increase to the overall population projections for Riverside County.

Additionally, as previously discussed, this is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, impacts will be less than significant.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

**PUBLIC SERVICES** Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered government facilities or the need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

36. Fire Services

Source: Riverside County General Plan Safety Element

Findings of Fact:

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
The project site is currently vacant land, resulting in little However, there will be a net increase in dwelling units at the use change to a higher density. At time of future construction costs associated with the increased need for Fire Services Development Impact Fee schedule. As a result, there are no	time of buil n, resulting t will be add	ld-out, result	ting from th	is land
Mitigation: No mitigation is required			E-4	
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
37. Sheriff Services			П	$\overline{\boxtimes}$
Source: Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
The project site is currently vacant land, resulting in little However, there will be a net increase in dwelling units at the use change to a higher density. At time of future construction costs associated with the increased need for Sheriff Services Development Impact Fee schedule. As a result, there are no Mitigation: No mitigation is required	time of build in, resulting f is will be add	d-out, result	ing from thi ementing p	s land roiect.
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
38. Schools				
Source: School District, GIS Database				
Findings of Fact:				
The project site is currently vacant land, resulting in little However, there will be a net increase in dwelling units at the use change to a higher density. At time of future construction costs associated with the increased need for new School County's Development Impact Fee schedule. As a result, there	time of build , resulting fi Services wi	d-out, resulti rom an impl II be addres	ing from this	s land roject,
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
39. Libraries				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan				

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Findings of Fact:				
The project site is currently vacant land, resulting in little However, there will be a net increase in dwelling units at the use change to a higher density. At time of future construction costs associated with the increased need for Library Services Development Impact Fee schedule. As a result, there are no	time of buil n, resulting t s will be ad	ld-out, result from an impl	ing from th	is land roiect.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
40. Health Services				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
However, there will be a net increase in dwelling units at the use change to a higher density. At time of future construction costs associated with the increased need for Health Services Development Impact Fee schedule. As a result, there are no i Mitigation: No mitigation is required  Monitoring: No monitoring is required	, resulting f will be add	rom an imple	ementing p	roject,
RECREATION				
41. Parks and Recreation  a) Would the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
b) Would the project include the use of existing neighborhood or regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
c) Is the project located within a Community Service Area (CSA) or recreation and park district with a Community Parks and Recreation Plan (Quimby fees)?				
Source: GIS Database, Ord. No. 460, Section 10.35 (Regular Recreation Fees and Dedications), Ord. No. 659 (Establishin Open Space Department Review				

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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a-c) The project site is located within the "Lakeview / Nuer Service Area ("CSA"). A recreational facilities needs/expans future, at the time of an implementing project. Upon build-out the CSA.	ion assessr	nent will be	conducted	in the
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this state opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is a project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designated development on the property. Should a development propose grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	no associate Use, the Estion only, wall or land use tent Enviror	ed developr state Densit hich could o se application mental Ass	ment project y Resident eventually l on for subdi	t. This all and ead to viding.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
42. Recreational Trails				$\boxtimes$
Source: Riv. Co. 800-Scale Equestrian Trail Maps, Open Sp. County trail alignments, Riverside County General Plan Figure Sun City/Menifee Valley Area Plan  Findings of Fact:  Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan Figure 7 – "T are several identified "Community Trail" locations in proximate trails will be determined upon time of implementations.	e 7 – "Trails rails and Bi nity to the p	s and Bikew keway Systoproject site.	ay System" em" exhibit Contributi	there
these trails will be determined upon time of implementing proj be paid and/or implemented in the appropriate amount duri The project site is located within the "Lakeview / Nuevo / Rom and will be serviced through the CSA. As a result, there will be	ng the time noland / Hor	of an implemeland" Cou	ementing p	roject.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the project 43. Circulation	П	$\boxtimes$		
a) Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing a measure of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation, including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
b) Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of				
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
c) Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
d) Alter waterborne, rail or air traffic?				$\boxtimes$
e) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g. farm equipment)?				
f) Cause an effect upon, or a need for new or altered maintenance of roads?			$\boxtimes$	
g) Cause an effect upon circulation during the project's construction?			$\boxtimes$	
h) Result in inadequate emergency access or access to nearby uses?			$\boxtimes$	
i) Conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs regarding public transit, bikeways or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise substantially decrease the performance or safety of such facilities?		P		

Source: Riverside County General Plan

#### Findings of Fact:

- a) The project site is located within the Highway 79 Policy Area of the Riverside County General Plan. Approval of this project will result in a General Plan Amendment and Zone Change, which will increase the project site's allowable build-out density. The Highway 79 Policy states "...ensure that overall within the Highway 79 Policy Area, development projects produce traffic generation at a level that is 9% less than the trips projected from the General Plan traffic model residential land use designations." This Policy intends to limit the existing build-out of the current Land Use Designation, due to potential infrastructure limitations. The proposed increase to the project site's density is in conflict with the Policy. Mitigation, which shall be adhered to during time of any implementing project, is proposed below. This mitigation will assure that the goals of the Policy are met at the implementation stage of development. The project is consistent with all other plans. With the proposed mitigation, the impacts are less than significant.
- b) With implementation of the below mitigation, the resulting project will address any congestion management program through the standard fees and mitigation required at the time development is proposed. As previously discussed, the proposed project will result in an amendment to the General Plan Land Use, which could eventually lead to a higher level of development on the property.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing,

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with	Less Than Significant	No Impact
	Mitigation Incorporated	Impact	

grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, the impacts will be less than significant.

c-d) No air traffic or water traffic will be altered due to the proposed project. There will be no impact.

e-i) There is no implementing project in conjunction with this General Plan Land Use Amendment and Change of Zone, therefore there are no design changes to the streets or roads that may increase hazards due to road design. The increase in density will create a need to evaluate the impacts to the existing street design; however, the potential impacts would be too speculative at this stage, because the actual level of impact from the implementing development is not known at this time. The proposed change does not conflict with any adopted policies regarding public transit, bikeways or pedestrian access. The efficiency of transit will not change, and therefore not impact any policies regarding transit or other alternative means of travel. Once a development proposal or land use application to subsequently subdivide, grade, or build on the property is submitted, a subsequent review and EA shall be prepared assessing potential impacts.

<u>Mitigation</u>: This project has been determined to be consistent with the Highway 79 Policy Area, pursuant to the following (applied to the subsequent implementing project) or as approved by the TLMA Director:

- Prior to building permit issuance of any implementing project, the applicant shall participate in a funding mechanism program established by the County intended to implement the policies of the Highway 79 Policy Area. In the event a funding mechanism program is not established, the implementing project shall satisfy one the conditions below or the applicant may alternatively volunteer to contribute funds, in an amount determined by the TLMA Director, that the County may use to build additional transportation infrastructure or to acquire open space to offset the project's incremental impacts within the Highway 79 Policy Area.
- Prior to approval of an implementing project, the applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the TLMA Director, consistency with the Highway 79 Policy Area by demonstrating that the allowable number of residential dwelling units has been determined utilizing the most recent edition of the ITE (Institute of Transportation Engineers) Trip Generation in consideration of (a) transportation demand management (TDM) measures; (b) product types; (c) transportation improvements; or (d) any combination of (a), (b) and (c), such that the project is generating an amount equal to or less than the average daily vehicle trips that would have been generated if the project were constructed at a density of 9% below the midpoint of the density dictated by the existing General Plan Land Use designation. This mitigation does not apply to implementing projects which propose a non-residential land use development.
- If the policies within the Highway 79 Policy Area are amended which makes this mitigation measure no longer feasible or necessary, the applicant may process an amendment to these mitigation measures in compliance with CEQA. (Stone v. Board of Supervisors (1988) 205 CA3d 927 and Mani Bros. Real Estate Group v. City of Los Angeles (2007) 153 CA4th 1385). If the Highway 79 Policy Area is repealed, these mitigation measures shall not be applicable.

Monitoring:	Monitoring will be	e achieved through revi	iew of the future imple	menting project.
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44.	Bike Trails				$\boxtimes$
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	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Source: Riverside County General Plan Figure 7 – "T City/Menifee Valley Area Plan	rails and E	Bikeway Sys	tem" in th	e Sun
Findings of Fact:				
Any demand or requirement for bike trails shall be reviewed project. This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designal development on the property. Should a development propos grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	s stage, the no associate Use, the Estion only, wal or land usuent Enviror	project doe ed developn state Densit hich could e se applicatio nmental Ass	s not provinent project y Residenti eventually l n for subdi	de the t. This al and ead to viding.
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
UTILITY AND SERVICE SYSTEMS Would the project				
45. Water <ul> <li>a) Require or result in the construction of new water treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects?</li> </ul>				
b) Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
Source: Department of Environmental Health Review				
Findings of Fact:				
a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore the water However, this land use change in residential density from 5-a a greater net impact on water requirements upon build-out. A to service the area, will be required prior to the approval of ar commitment from the water purveyor to provide water to However, at this stage, the specific size and need of v speculative to analyze as there is no implementing project.	acre lot minion assessment implemention the site (be	mums to 2-5 ent of the aving project. I eyond what	du/ac will vailability of This will inc currently e	create water lude a xists).
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this standard opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is a project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designate development on the property. Should a development proposity grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	no associate Use, the Es tion only, w al or land us uent Environ	ed developmentate Density hich could e se application mental Asse	nent project Residentia ventually le n for subdiv	t. This all and ead to viding,

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
46. Sewer  a) Require or result in the construction of new wastewater treatment facilities, including septic systems, or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental effects?				
b) Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider that serves or may service the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				$\boxtimes$
Source: Department of Environmental Health Review Findings of Fact:				
Findings of Fact:  a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore sewer demand use change in residential density from 5-acre lot minimum impact on sewer capacity needs. The future implementing construct a new sewer system. However, at this stage	ns to 2-5 du project will b , the speci	u/ac will create be required to fic size and	ate a great o connect t d need of	er net to and
Findings of Fact:  a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore sewer demand use change in residential density from 5-acre lot minimum impact on sewer capacity needs. The future implementing construct a new sewer system. However, at this stage infrastructure to the area, is too speculative to analyze as the This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this sopportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designate development on the property. Should a development proposignating, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence.	ns to 2-5 due to or oject will be the speciere is no implement age, the period associate Use, the Ention only, we all or land usuent Environ	u/ac will create per required to fic size and plementing project does ed developmentate Density which could ese application mental Asset	ate a great o connect of d need of roject.  not providuent project y Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	er net to and water le the t. This al and ead to viding,
Findings of Fact:  a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore sewer demand use change in residential density from 5-acre lot minimun impact on sewer capacity needs. The future implementing	ns to 2-5 due to or oject will be the speciere is no implement age, the period associate Use, the Ention only, we all or land usuent Environ	u/ac will create per required to fic size and plementing project does ed developmentate Density which could ese application mental Asset	ate a great o connect of d need of roject.  not providuent project y Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	er net to and water le the t. This al and ead to viding,
Findings of Fact:  a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore sewer demand use change in residential density from 5-acre lot minimum impact on sewer capacity needs. The future implementing construct a new sewer system. However, at this stage infrastructure to the area, is too speculative to analyze as the This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this s opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designate development on the property. Should a development proposity grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence of the determine potential impacts. As a result, there we have a submitted and the site of the site of the site of the submitted of t	ns to 2-5 due to or oject will be the speciere is no implement age, the period associate Use, the Ention only, we all or land usuent Environ	u/ac will create per required to fic size and plementing project does ed developmentate Density which could ese application mental Asset	ate a great o connect of d need of roject.  not providuent project y Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	er net to and water le the t. This al and ead to viding,
Findings of Fact:  a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore sewer demand use change in residential density from 5-acre lot minimum impact on sewer capacity needs. The future implementing construct a new sewer system. However, at this stage infrastructure to the area, is too speculative to analyze as the This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this sopportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designate development on the property. Should a development proposing grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we Mitigation: No mitigation is required	ns to 2-5 due to or oject will be the speciere is no implement age, the period associate Use, the Ention only, we all or land usuent Environ	u/ac will create per required to fic size and plementing project does ed developmentate Density which could ese application mental Asset	ate a great o connect of d need of roject.  not providuent project y Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	er net to and water le the t. This al and ead to viding,

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
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<u>Source</u>: Riverside County General Plan, Riverside County Waste Management District correspondence

## Findings of Fact:

a-b) The project site is vacant and therefore solid waste service is currently negligible. However, this land use change in residential density from 5-acre lot minimums to 2-5 du/ac will create a greater net impact on solid waste service needs upon build-out. However, at this stage, the specific size and need of water infrastructure to the area, is too speculative to analyze as there is no implementing project.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will be no impacts.

Mitigation: No mitigation is required

Monitoring: No monitoring is required

#### 48. Utilities

Would the project impact the following facilities requiring or resulting in the construction of new facilities or the expansion of existing facilities; the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?

a) Electricity?	
b) Natural gas?	
c) Communications systems?	
d) Storm water drainage?	
e) Street lighting?	
f) Maintenance of public facilities, including roads?	
g) Other governmental services?	

#### Source:

#### Findings of Fact:

a-g) The type and scale of the future implementing project will determine the specific size, quantity, and design of additional utility services needed at the project site. At this stage, the utility requirements are too speculative to analyze.

This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this stage, the project does not provide the opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is no associated development project. This project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Use, the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designation only, which could eventually lead to development on the property. Should a development proposal or land use application for subdividing, grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequent Environmental Assessment shall be prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will be no impacts.

	Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
Mitigation: No mitigation is required				
Monitoring: No monitoring is required				
49. Energy Conservation				
a) Would the project conflict with any adopted energy conservation plans?				
Source: Riverside County General Plan				
Findings of Fact:				
<ul> <li>a) Any future implementing project will be required to comply reduction requirements as well as Riverside County's Clir mitigation measures are reviewed and subsequently impler the project.</li> </ul>	nate action	Plan. Many	of the po	tential
This is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. At this st opportunity for physical disturbance of the site, as there is	age, the p	roject does	not provid	le the
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designa development on the property. Should a development propos grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequenced, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding,
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designa development on the property. Should a development propos grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence.	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding,
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designa development on the property. Should a development propos grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequenced, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding,
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designa development on the property. Should a development propos grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequence prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there we Mitigation: No mitigation is required	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding,
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designal development on the property. Should a development proposing grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequip prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will will will be made a management of the site be submitted, a subsequip prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will will be made a management of the substantial will be made a management of the substantial	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding,
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designal development on the property. Should a development proposing grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequive prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will will be made a management of the site be submitted, a subsequive prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will be made a management of the substantial properties. No mitigation is required  Mandatory Findings of Significance  Mandatory Findings  Mandatory Findings  Mandatory Findings  Mandatory Findings  Mandatory  Ma	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding, nall be
project will result in amending the site's General Plan Land Rural Residential Policy Area map, and the Zoning designal development on the property. Should a development proposing grading, or construction of the site be submitted, a subsequip prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will will will be made a management of the site be submitted, a subsequip prepared, to determine potential impacts. As a result, there will will be made a management of the substantial will be made a management of the substantial	Use, the Ention only, was all or land use the contract of the	state Density hich could e se applicatio nmental Asse	/ Residentia eventually le n for subdiv	al and ead to viding, nall be

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
reduce the numb	pelow self-sustaining levels, threaten to eli er or restrict the range of a rare or endange major periods of California history or prehisto	red plant or	animal, or el	liminate imp	ortant
limited, bu tively con- effects of a connection	project have impacts which are individually to cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulasiderable" means that the incremental a project are considerable when viewed in with the effects of past projects, other jects and probable future projects)?				
Source: Staff re	view, Project Application Materials				
the opportunity for This project will rand Rural Reside to development subdividing, grad Assessment shall 52. Does the page cause subs	The project does not have impacts which is is a programmatic level CEQA analysis. A per physical disturbance of the site, as there esult in amending the site's General Plan Lential Policy Area map, and the Zoning design on the property. Should a development ding, or construction of the site be suit be prepared, to determine potential impacts roject have environmental effects that will stantial adverse effects on human beings, thy or indirectly?	At this stage e is no ass Land Use, the gnation only proposal ubmitted, a	, the project ociated devone Estate Devo, which coul or land use subsequer	does not pelopment pensity Resid eventualle application Environne	rovide roject. dential y lead on for nental
Findings of Fact: substantial adversed the site, as there General Plan Lar the Zoning design development projections.	The proposed project would not result in ease effects on human beings, either directly of this stage, the project does not provide the is no associated development project. This and Use, the Estate Density Residential and mation only, which could eventually lead to cosal or land use application for subdividing esequent Environmental Assessment shault, there will be no impacts.	or indirectly. ne opportuni project will Rural Residues developme g, grading,	This is a prict of the property of the propert	ogrammation of the control of the co	c level nce of site's o, and ould a ite be
VI. EARLIER	ANALYSES				
effect has been a	nay be used where, pursuant to the tiering,   dequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or neg ection 15063 (c) (3) (D). In this case, a brief	gative decla	ration as pe	r California	Code
Earlier Analyses l	Jsed, if any: n/a				
Location Where E	Earlier Analyses, if used, are available for rev	view:	*/		
Location:	County of Riverside Planning Departme	ent			

Page 38 of 41

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant with Mitigation

Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor Riverside, CA 92505

### VII. AUTHORITIES CITED

Authorities cited: Public Resources Code Sections 21083 and 21083.05; References: California Government Code Section 65088.4; Public Resources Code Sections 21080(c), 21080.1, 21080.3, 21082.1, 21083, 21083.05, 21083.3, 21093, 21094, 21095 and 21151; Sundstrom v. County of Mendocino (1988) 202 Cal.App.3d 296; Leonoff v. Monterey Board of Supervisors (1990) 222 Cal.App.3d 1337; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.

Potentially Less than Less No Significant Significant Than Impact Impact with Significant Mitigation Impact Incorporated

### GPA00921 & CZ07763

### MITIGATION, MONITORING, AND REPORTING PROGRAM

Mitigation measures were incorporated into this project to reduce potential environmental impacts identified in Environmental Assessment No. 41744, resulting in a Mitigated Negative Declaration. Pursuant to Section 15097 (c), a written monitoring and reporting program has been compiled to verify implementation of adopted mitigation measures. "Monitoring" refers to the ongoing or periodic process of project oversight. "Reporting" refers to the written compliance review that will be presented to the responsible parties included in the table below. Any future implementing development project within the limits of GPA00921 and CZ07763 will be required to report to the County that these mitigation measures have been satisfied. The following table provides the required information which includes identification of the potential impacts, the various mitigation measures, applicable implementation timing, identification of the agencies responsible in implementation, and the monitoring/reporting method for each mitigation measure identified.

Impact Category	Mitigation Measure	Implementation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring/ Reporting Method
Transportation /Traffic	The project has been determined to be consistent with the Highway 79 Policy Area pursuant to the following (applied to the subsequent implementing project) or as approved by the TLMA Director:  Prior to building permit issuance of any implementing project, the applicant shall participate in a funding mechanism program established by the County intended to implement the policies of the Highway 79 Policy Area. In the event a funding mechanism program is not established, the implementing project shall satisfy one the conditions below or the applicant may alternatively volunteer to contribute funds, in an amount determined by the TLMA Director, that the County may use to build additional transportation infrastructure or to acquire open space to offset the project's incremental impacts within the Highway 79 Policy Area.  Prior to approval of an implementing project, the applicant shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the TLMA Director, consistency with the Highway 79 Policy Area by demonstrating that the allowable	Prior to implementing project approval and/or prior to building permit issuance	Project Proponent	A report or fee must be submitted by any implementin g project proponent

Potentially Significant Impact Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated

Less Than Significant Impact No Impact

Impact Category	Mitigation Measure	Implementation Timing	Responsible Party	Monitoring/ Reporting Method
	number of residential dwelling units has been determined utilizing the most recent edition of the ITE (Institute of Transportation Engineers) Trip Generation in consideration of (a) transportation demand management (TDM) measures; (b) product types; (c) transportation improvements; or (d) any combination of (a), (b) and (c), such that the project is generating an amount equal to or less than the average daily vehicle trips that would have been generated if the project were constructed at a density of 9% below the midpoint of the density dictated by the existing General Plan Land Use designation. This mitigation does not apply to implementing projects which propose a non-residential land use development.			
	If the policies within the Highway 79     Policy Area are amended which     makes this mitigation measure no     longer feasible or necessary, the     applicant may process an     amendment to these mitigation     measures in compliance with CEQA.     (Stone v. Board of Supervisors (1988)     205 CA3d 927 and Mani Bros. Real     Estate Group v. City of Los Angeles			
	(2007) 153 CA4th 1385). If the Highway 79 Policy Area is repealed, these mitigation measures shall not be applicable.	1		



Scott A. Mann Mayor

John V. Denver Mayor Pro Tem District 4

Greg August
Councilmember
District 1

Matthew Liesemeyer Councilmember District 2

> Vacant Councilmember District 3

29714 Haun Road Menifee, CA 92586 Phone 951.672.6777 Fax 951.679.3843 vww.cityofmenifee.us October 8, 2015

John Earle Hildebrand III, Senior Project Associate Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street, 12<sup>th</sup> Floor Riverside, CA 92501

RE: General Plan Amendment No. 921

Dear Mr. Hildebrand III

Thank you for notifying the City regarding General Plan Amendment No. 921 and sending the Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND). The Community Development Department has reviewed the proposal and MND and is concerned with the General Plan Amendment request due to its apparent incompatibility with the existing rural residential uses located to the west of the project site in the City of Menifee and located north, south and east of the project site in the County of Riverside and its potential impacts on the environment, a number of which appear to be completely ignored by the MND.

The General Plan Amendment would allow for the development of two (2) to five (5) dwelling units per acre, whereas the existing rural residential lots to the north and southwest of the project site within the City of Menifee are designated for two (2) acre minimum lot sizes and properties surrounding the site within the County of Riverside are also designated for two (2) acre minimum lot sizes. These residential uses comprise a well-established rural area of our community, the residents of which have consistently voiced the desire to remain rural and maintain large lot sizes. The existing land use designation of the project site, Rural Community: Estate Density Residential (RC: EDR) (two [2] acre minimum), is compatible and consistent with the existing properties surrounding the site, including those within our City. The Riverside County General Plan encourages protection of existing rural communities, such as the area encompassing the project site.

The Riverside County General Plan includes this project area within the "Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Area East of Interstate 215" Policy Area. The Policy Area includes Policy SCMVAP 6.1 which states that "residential development in this area [i.e., the Policy Area] shall retain its existing estate density and rural character." It further requires that until the strong support for the preservation of the rural character of this area changes significantly, growth and development should be focused elsewhere. It is the City's belief that there is still strong support for the rural lifestyle in this area. If the community still supports preserving the rural character in this area, then a General Plan Amendment to

increase density and encourage non-rural development would be inconsistent with the County's General Plan policy noted above.

The initial study for the project indicates that an indicator of support in the change in land use is the submittal of various other general plan amendment applications in the vicinity of the site; however, there only appear to be three amendment applications that are in process. Two additional amendments are referenced in the MND, but they have been withdrawn and one of those referenced amendments refers to GPA No. 921, which is the current application. Amendment applications that have been withdrawn should not be cited as evidence that the area is ready for change. In regards to the three in process applications for amendments, it appears that there are two owners for two applications, but the third application may be multiple owners. The argument is unsubstantiated that there is "strong" support from property owners for a change in land use based on the applications in process. It appears that the number of property owners processing applications for amendments is less than a majority of property owners in the policy area.

The City is also concerned because we believe the MND fails to adequately address air quality, greenhouse gas, traffic, land use/planning, growth inducement and cumulative impacts. As the County is no doubt aware, in the event that there is a fair argument, supported by substantial evidence, that the General Plan Amendment No. 921 may result in significant impacts, the County is required to prepare an environmental impact report (EIR). (See, e.g., City of Arcadia v. State Water Resources Control Bd. (2006) 135 Cal.App.4th 1392.) This is a relatively low threshold, as CEQA encourages the preparation of EIRs. A mitigated negative declaration is permitted only if the initial study identified potential significant effects on the environment but revisions in the project plans would avoid or mitigate the effects to a point where "clearly no significant effect on the environment would occur" and there is no substantial evidence that the project as revised may have a significant effect on the environment. (Keep Our Mountains Quiet v. County of Santa Clara (2015) 236 Cal. App. 4th 714, 730 [emphasis added].) Under this standard, the lead agency is prohibited from weighing evidence. and if any substantial evidence is presented that a significant impact may occur, an EIR must be prepared. (Friends of 'B' Street v. City of Hayward (1980) 106 Cal.App.3d 998.)

The proposed land use designation change drastically increases the maximum allowable dwelling units that could be allowed on the project site from 15 to 272 (if using about 3.5 du/acre) and based on cumulative total for all the active general plan applications in the area (as referenced in the MND), would increase the number of dwelling units from 186 units to 2,376 (if using about 3.5 du/acre). Although there is no development proposal associated with the GPA Amendment No. 921, the increase in density allowed under the application and cumulative applications needs to be analyzed, even within a "programmatic level CEQA analysis." In other words, even a so-called "first tier" or "programmatic" CEQA document must analyze all known impacts, or those that are "reasonably feasible" to analyze. (In re Bay-Delta (2008) 43 Cal. 4th 1143, 1175.) Here, the increase from 186 to 2,376 maximum allowable residential units on the project site is known – therefore, the impacts of that change must be fully analyzed. It also bears noting that it is unusual for an MND, not an EIR, to serve as a "programmatic" CEQA document.

With regard to specific potential impacts, first, no air quality or greenhouse gas analysis or technical study has been completed to analyze the impacts

of the significant change to the maximum allowable units in the residential area. Considering the biggest driver of air quality impacts is typically increased traffic, and the MND identifies a potentially significant impact resulting from increased traffic, there is a fair argument that the project may result in significant air quality impacts. (See, Keep Our Mountains Quiet, 236 Cal. App. 4th at 730 [substantial evidence that supports a fair argument that a project may result in an impact includes "reasonable assumptions predicated upon facts"].) At a minimum, the City requests that the County undertake an air quality technical study in connection with a revised MND, if not an EIR.

Second, City staff does not believe that the analysis in the MND's Land Use/Planning section adequately shows that impacts are less than significant with regard to a substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of the area or in regards to the project's affect to land use adjacent to city boundaries. As mentioned above, the proposed amendment is inconsistent with surrounding land uses and with the Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Policy Area. The MND specifically states. "The project site is located in close proximity to the City of Menifee.....; however, the project site is not located within a designated sphere of influence for either City. As a result, there will be no impacts." The fact that the project site is not within the City of Menifee's Sphere of Influence does not mean that there is no impact to land uses adjacent to city boundaries. The specific question on the CEQA Initial Study Checklist requires the reviewer to analyze impacts to property that is also adjacent to city boundaries, not just property within a city sphere of influence. A MND is invalid if it artificially limits the impact area. (County Sanitation District No. 2 v. County of Kern (2005) 127 Cal.App.4th 1544, 1581.). Therefore, the MND does not adequately show that there is no impact to land uses in the City of Menifee adjacent to the project site, and instead, substantial evidence supports a fair argument that significant impacts may occur. City staff believes that the proposed amendment will cause impacts to rural land uses adjacent to the site to the northwest and southwest in the City of Menifee. Medium Density Residential is not a compatible land use adjacent to rural residential uses without significant buffering, primarily due to animal keeping and agricultural activities which occur on rural lots. Menifee residents in the area to the north and southwest of the project site have expressed a desire to maintain their rural lifestyle and view the Medium Density Residential land use designation as an encroachment of incompatible uses into their rural way of life.

Third, under the Population and Housing section of the MND, there is no analysis regarding the exceedance of official regional or local population projects or the inducement of substantial population growth in the area. As noted above, the general plan amendments would substantially increase the number of dwelling units that could be allowed within the property from 15 to 272 and in the area from 186 to 2,376, thereby causing a significant increase in population. The MND is silent on how the proposed amendment, and other amendments in process in the area, impact SCAG population projects which are used for regional transportation planning. The MND checks the box that the impact to growth in the area is "Less than Significant", but gives no analysis of how this impact is actually deemed to be "Less than Significant." Based on City staff review, there is substantial evidence supporting a fair argument that this impact may be potentially significant.

Fourth, a traffic study has not been completed to show that the change in land uses will not result in a need for increased roadway capacity or changes in the roadway classifications from what is identified in the County General Plan Circulation Element or City of Menifee Circulation Element. The City is concerned that the increase in density to the properties east of the City will increase traffic and vehicle trips in the City and may require additional lanes and signals not currently contemplated in both the County and City Circulation Elements. Impacts to Scott Road and the Scott Road/I-215 Interchange were not analyzed in the MND, but must be addressed. While the MND does identify a potentially significant impact from increased traffic, the MND concludes that this potentially significant impact will be reduced to a less than significant level by virtue of mitigation requiring participation in a County fee program. However, a future applicant's mere participation in a fee program and payment of its fair share amount to fund future improvements does not actually ensure that those future improvements will be constructed before the project's impacts occur, particularly considering that some of required improvements may be outside the County's jurisdiction (e.g., the relevant right of way may be owned by a city or Caltrans) and therefore outside of the lead agency's control. Accordingly, the MND cannot conclude that all impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant impact, and an EIR must be prepared.

Finally, the MND does not include an analysis of cumulative impacts (Question #51 in the MND), although the Land Use/Planning section justifies no impacts to a "substantial alteration of the present or planned land use of an area" by referring to other applications in process in the vicinity. (See also, CEQA Guidelines § 15064(h)(1); San Joaquin Raptor/Wildlife Rescue Center v. County of Stanislaus (1996) 42 Cal.App.4th 608, 622-23.)

For all the reasons discussed above, the MND completely ignores a number of potentially significant impacts, which must be analyzed in an EIR. Moreover, the City of Menifee's Community Development Department is opposed to any project that would result in the development of an incompatible land use adjacent to the existing rural residential properties. In our opinion, in addition to resulting in a number of significant impacts on the environment, the approval of the proposed amendment would not be consistent with the Riverside County General Plan.

Thank you again for the opportunity to provide comments. We formally request to receive any hearing notice regarding this project. Notices can be sent to my attention at 29714 Haun Road, Menifee, CA 92586.

Sincerely,

Lisa Gordon

**Community Development Department** 

## ENDANGERED HABITATS LEAGUE DEDICATED TO ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABLE LAND USE



October 8, 2015

#### VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

Planning Commission Riverside County 4080 Lemon St Riverside CA 92501

RE: Items 4.1 (GPA 921), 4.2 (GPA 948), and 4.3 (GPA 998);

Hearing Date: October 21, 2015

Dear Chair and Members of the Commission:

Endangered Habitats League (EHL) appreciates the opportunity to comment on three items before you. For your reference, EHL served on the advisory committees for all three components of the Riverside County Integrated Project.

### Item 4.1, GPA 921 (Menifee Valley/Sun City)

Recommend denial of GPA. This 78-acre Rural property is in an area previously identified in the General Plan for its rural character and it may function as a "community separator." No significant new circumstances justify a foundation change to Community Development. Indeed, with the incorporation of Menifee, any urbanization should proceed over time through an orderly process of annexation rather than through piecemeal tract maps in the unincorporated area. No absorption analysis has demonstrated the need for more urban-designated land in the region, and even if so, there is no indication that this site is optimal from a greenhouse gas or planning perspective.

### Item 4.2, GPA 948 (Cherry Valley)

**No position.** However, staff's original recommendation was to *deny* initiation due to no changed circumstances, lack of need for additional commercial, and conflicts with community character.

### Item 4.3, GPA 998 (French Valley)

Recommend denial of GPA. This 160-acre site and its surrounding area serve as a "Community Separator" for the City of Menifee to the west. GPA 998 would induce successive neighboring Foundation changes from Rural to Community Development despite the complete absence of an absorption study showing that any additional urban land is actually needed. Rather, the County should direct growth to the municipalities and an orderly process of annexation rather than approve piecemeal tract maps that are the epitome of suburban sprawl. We acknowledge the preliminary analysis of MSHCP

Criteria Cells, but internal density transfer at the *current* density would also serve the MSHCP.

It is mystifying why staff has *reversed* its previous recommendation to the Planning Commission for *denial* of this project. Staff previously stated that:

The subject site is located in the "French Valley" community within the Southwest Area Plan. The site is also located within the City of Murrieta's Sphere of Influence. The Rural: Rural Residential designation currently surrounds the site in all directions. The proposal would be inconsistent with the existing land use pattern in the area. Staff recognizes that there are multiple General Plan Foundation Amendment applications proposing Community Development land use designations in the immediate area of the site; however, there is currently no way of telling whether or not those cases will ultimately be approved.

The site has been identified as being a part of Cell Group "U" under the County's "Multiple Species Habitat Conservation Plan (MSHCP)." Cell group "U" will contribute to the assembly of Proposed Constrained Linkage 17. Conservation within this Cell Group will range from 65%-75% of the Cell Group with the majority of the conservation occurring within the eastern portion of the Cell Group. Increasing the intensity of the site may potentially conflict with the goal of the MSHCP and could create inconsistencies amongst the Land Use Element and the Multi-Purpose Open Space Element of the General Plan.

The topography of the southern portion of the site is a concern as well. Slopes in the southern portion of the lot potentially range from 15%-25%. The general area is identified as having a high susceptibility to seismically induced landslide and rockfall. According to the Safety Element of the General Plan, most of these areas, are designated for Open Space or Rural development as in this case. Increasing the intensity at the site may create an increase in potential public safety issues by exposing additional dwelling units to potential slope failures and landslides when developing or grading at a greater density. The proposed changed would again create an internal inconsistency between the elements of the General Plan.

We urge retention of rural uses absent compelling planning reasons to amend the General Plan – reasons that have not been advanced.

Thank you for considering our views.

Yours truly,

Dan Silver

**Executive Director** 

Comments regarding GPA 921 October 21 2015

### **Dear Commissioners:**

Rural Residents and Friends wishes to express a few concerns regarding this GPA.

Our first concern is the constant erosion or the "Estate Density Area East of the 215 Policy area" There seems to be no provisions or concern in following logical and transitional densities in order to buffer the surrounding rural properties to the north, northwest, and south of the property. The staff report calls out that indeed there are "similar" GPA's in the area, but the fact is that some of those are either stalled or not moving forward and have NOT been approved. The General Plan calls out that this area is a well supported Rural area and has always acted as a buffer with more intense land uses directly west. When you remove diversity in planning which is required by the policy area and the General Plan, you end up with nothing more than unchecked urban sprawl.

Our second concern is whether input from the Winchester MAC or the City of Menifee has been sought out, since increasing the density here will impact not only the Winchester LUP, but also traffic concerns on Scott Road in Menifee, which is already rated an F level of service and will have detrimental effects in what is already standstill traffic near the Scott Road bridge on the 215. Will this parcel be required to participate in the Scott Road CFD in order to mitigate infrastructure shortfalls?

Of final concern is the 3 high pressure gas lines running the entire

length of the property from north to south. What safety measures are being considered here? One of these gas lines dates back to the 1940's and a repeat of San Bruno should be an avoidable tragedy.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment.

Rick Croy for Rural Residents and Friends

Sept. 30-2015 Dear Mr. Hildebrand,
This Jetter is in regards 70 the
Motice I received regarding the General
Plan amendment # 9210 which will Change goning # 7763.

Change goning # 7763.

Change goning # 7763.

Change goning # 7763.

Cheaning on Oct. 21, 2015 Que to a

previous Schedule already for that date,

Chenie this letter.

The heigh pressure I gas lines that are

in the area where homes are to be built. We Constantly see the Gas co. on that land & hear the pressure release. When we bought our home in 2006 we were not Hold of the existence of those gas lines. They apparently I have been in place since the 1950's. Thopsfully there won't be a time when and explosion occurs in the neighborhood. Certainly if such ever occurs there will be litagestion towards all "powers that be" who knew about Those gas lines. Please take all of the above Caformation into Consideration Prior TO a deciseor being made. Thankeyou. Respectfully Sayle & Hobson.



Riverside County Planning Department

P.O. Box 1409

Riverside, CA 92502-1409

President

Randy A. Record

**Board of Directors** 

Attn: John Hildebrand

Vice President

David J. Slawson

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Paul D. Jones II, P.E.

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Joseph J. Kuebler, CPA

Chairman of the Board, The Metropolitan Water District of So. Calif. Randy A. Record

Legal Counsel

Subject: GPA No. 921 (Foundation and Entitlement/Policy) and

CZ No. 7763 – Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration

The subject project requires water and sewer services from EMWD with the potential requirement for on-site and offsite facilities and associated easements to adequately serve the project demands from existing EMWD facilities. The details of said service connection points will be further detailed in a separate document, known as EMWD's Plan of Service (POS), to be developed by the project proponent.

To that end, EMWD requires beginning dialogue with the project proponent at an early stage in site design and development, via a one-hour complimentary Due Diligence meeting. To set up this meeting, the project proponent should complete a Project Questionnaire (form NBD-058) and submit to EMWD. To download this form or for additional information, please visit our "New Development Process" web page, under the "Businesses" tab, at <a href="https://www.emwd.org">www.emwd.org</a>. This meeting will offer the following benefits:

- 1. Describe EMWD's development work-flow process
- 2. Identify project scope and parameters
- 3. Preliminary, high level review of the project within the context of existing infrastructure
- 4. Discuss potential candidacy for recycled water service

Following the Due Diligence meeting, to proceed with this project, a POS will need to be developed by the developer's engineer, and reviewed/approved by EMWD prior to submitting improvement plans for Plan Check. The POS process will provide the following:

- 1. Technical evaluation of the project's preliminary design
- 2. Defined facility and easement requirements, i.e. approved POS
- 3. Potential facility oversizing and cost estimate of EMWD's participation
- 4. Exception: for feasibility evaluation of a purchase acquisition, only a conceptual facilities assessment may be developed.

If you have questions or concerns, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Maroun El-Hage, M.S., P.E., Senior Civil Engineer Business Phone: 951-928-3777 Extension x4468

e-mail: El-hagem@emwd.org

Mailing Address: Post Office Box 8300 Perris, CA 92572-8300 Telephone: (951) 928-3777 Fax: (951) 928-6177

Location: 2270 Trumble Road Perris, CA 92570 Internet: www.emwd.org

### Hildebrand, John

From:

Georgia Denny <chickenmommy2@aol.com>

Sent:

Tuesday, October 20, 2015 10:19 AM

To:

Hildebrand, John

Subject:

**OPPOSITION AGAINST GPA 921** 

Dear Mr. Hildebrand,

I am opposed to GPA 921. When was the notification sent and to whom for this public hearing? There was <u>not</u> a proper notification to the people living in the area. This could easily slip thru the system without the neighbors in the area knowing anything about it. The majority of the residents living in this rural area want to keep it rural, we need to be informed and should be informed properly! Please put my email in the file for <u>OPPOSITION AGAINST GPA 921</u> as part of this Public Hearing process set for tomorrow October 21, 2015.

Thank you, Georgia Denny

### **LETTER IN OPPOSITION / To Riverside County Planning**

Public Hearing DATE: October 21, 2015 This copy to be on file GPA 921 (CHG. OF ZONE NO. 7763)

10/15

Dear Mr. John Hildebrand:

Rural Residents oppose this GPA 921 on many grounds.

First and foremost, the residents in this area have spoken through many public testimonies, written letters, and approximately 100 plus signed petitions submitted to the County that we want this area to retain its rural intensity. This GPA 921 is right next to GPA 1129, the Rivani Project that also does not fit within the New County GPA 960. GPA 960 approved to keep this area in the Estate Density Policy Area.

Second, this area falls under the Winchester MAC Area. Winchester MAC doesn't know anything about this project. This hearing should be postponed until it has gone through the appropriate approval or denial stages of the County requirements.

Third and most important is something that we the Public do not understand how you the County, Real Estate Agents, Water District and Developers are getting around the law that was passed effective 3-1-1998 called:

<u>DAM-FAILURE INUNDATION ZONE LAW</u> Copy attached 11 pages (This is different than the 100 year NFIP flood zone)

This law states Agents and Seller of real property in California must disclose to buyers if the property is located in a Dam Failure Inundation Zone. Failure to make the required disclosure may render the seller or the seller's agent liable for actual damages suffered by the buyer. See all 11 pages of requirements for land sale and home sales for this area.

A notice is to be posted at the county recorder's office, county assessor's office, and county planning agency office that identifies the location of the map and any subsequent information received by the county regarding changes to the inundation area. We have yet to find this information posted anywhere for our viewing.

Nor are any of the people who have been buying homes in this area been told that the homes they are buying in this area are in a DAM-FAILURE INUNDATION ZONE. We asked for this info at a Co. Meeting and by e-mails and never received any.

California School Code for Construction of schools (copy attached 2 pages) states:

g. Pursuant to Education Code sections 17212 & 17212.5 the site is not within an area of flood or dam flood inundation unless the cost of mitigating the flood or inundation impact is reasonable. How can a school be built in an area the water level is going to be 40 feet deep, and mitigate this at a reasonable cost? The School is not yet a done deal !!!!!! It needs State Approval to be built in this Dam Inundation Zone !!!!!!

We can bet the school and the buyers of these properties have not been told this area is a Dam-Failure Inundation Zone. Are you going to make the developer's disclose this to every person who buys a home from them in this area going forward as part of their approval?

Or are you going to be liable too. This is not being disclosed to home buyers in the area since the Dam was built. None of us were told our area changed to a Dam Inundation Zone either by the

Water District or County when they built the Dam. I now pay \$400 a year for Flood Coverage after finding this out on my own. All the research we the Public have done because of the Joseph Rivani Project of over 600 homes. He wants to build in this Dam Inundation Zone using the School as the Deal Breaker to get his project approved!!!!!

We think it's about time people making these deals start following the Laws of the Land. What is right is right and what is being covered up and not disclosed to the Public is really an injustice to all of us who have lived in this are for many years. We know what is going on with all the developers and the money doing the talking in the area to get these projected passed trying to bypass the home owners in the area.

We live within the surrounding area of the GPA'S THAT ARE BEING ASKED TO BE APPROVED WITH NONE OF YOU COMING OUT TO SEE THE PROJECT SITES AND TO TAKE A LOOK AT WHAT THE AREA REALLY IS AND HOW IT'S JUST IN FRONT OF THE NORTH DAM.

HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO LIVE IN AN AREA WHERE THE DAM COULD BREAK IF WE HAVE THAT BIG ONE THEY KEEP TALKING ABOUT; AND NOT KNOWING WHAT YOU SPENT YOUR LIFE SAVING ON AND LOST IT ALL BECAUSE OF GREADY DEVELOPERS WHO CARE LESS ABOUT YOU?

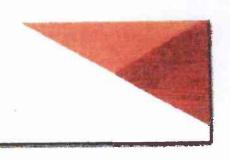
HOW WOULD YOU LIKE YOU KIDS GOING TO A SCHOOL THAT COULD BE UNDER 40 FEET OF WATER, AND NEVER MAKE IT HOME IF THAT BIG ONE HITS.

THERE IS AN ACTIVE FAULT UNDER THE EAST SIDE DAM JUST IN CASE YOU DON'T KNOW THAT TOO.

RESPECTFULLY RURAL RESIDENTS OF THE AREA, AND THERE ARE MORE.
YOU DIDN'T GIVE US AMPLE TIME, AS YOUR SIGNS ONLY WENT UP A WEEK AGO BEFORE THIS
MEETING. ALL OUR NAMES ARE ON GPA 1129 TOO.

- V. ROMBERGER
- P. SORUM
- G. SORUM
- D. SCALES
- M. SCALES
- J. ROMBERGER
- F. ROMBERGER
- L. FREDRICKS
- C. FREDRICKS





# LAW Dam-failure Inundation Zone

Effective March 1, 1998, Agents and Sellers of real property in California are required to disclose to all potential buyers whether the subject property is in an officially mapped dam-failure inundation zone.



A dam failure mundation zone is DIFFERENT than the "NFIP" flood zone for which a determination is required when borrowing a federally-backed mortgage loan. The National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) flood zones are areas along streams or coasts where storm flooding is possible from a "100-year flood."

Dam-failure inundation, in contrast, is flooding which could result from the failure of a dam upstream as the result of an earthquake or other catastrophe.

This disclosure requirement was signed into law on October 6th, 1997, by Governor Pete Wilson. Based on California Assembly Bill 6X (called the "Torlakson Bill"), this new law outlines the specific procedures for existing natural hazard disclosures, and incorporates dam-failure inundation as an additional mandatory disclosure zone for clarifying flood zone disclosures.

A Standardized Natural Hazards Disclosure Statement form must now be completed with the appropriate information and signed by the Buyer and the Seller.

(See also new requirements for <u>Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone</u> disclosure and <u>Seismic Hazard Mapping Act Zone disclosure</u>.)

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Failure to comply with 1998 law may render seller of property or agent liable for actual damages secpg3

By JEFFREY G. WAGNER

Urgency legislation signed by Gov. Wilson last year, which became effective June 1, 1998, may have a widespread impact on real estate transactions in California involving both residential and nonresidential properties. Sellers now must disclose to buyers if the property is located in a special flood hazard area, dam failure inundation area, earthquake fault zone, seismic hazard zone, high fire severity area or a wildland fire area. The disclosure requirements apply to all real estate transactions, including residential resales, new subdivision sales and commercial property transactions. Failure to make the required disclosure may render the seller or the seller's agent liable for actual damages suffered by the buyer.

The legislation mandates the specific form of disclosure that must be made for certain types of residential sales. The new consolidated natural hazard disclosure statement (NHDS) must be provided if: (1) the sale is subject to the real estate transfer disclosure statement (TDS) requirement of California Civil Code §§1102 through 1102.17 and the (2) the property is located within one of six designated natural hazard areas.

The TDS and NHDS requirements apply only to residential transactions and generally only to resale transactions, as most new subdivision sales are exempt. The NHDS represents a consolidation of six independent statutory disclosure requirements, three of which became law under the new legislation (special flood hazard area, dam irundation failure area, and high fire severity), and three of which were existing disclosure statutes amended by the new legislation (earthquake fault zone, seismic hazard area, and wildland fire area).

Each separate disclosure statute applies to the sale of "real property" and is

not restricted to transactions where a TDS is required to be provided. If the TDS requirement applies, the NHDS disclosure form must be made but the seller or agent may elect the form of disclosure to be given.

One purpose of the NHDS requirement was to locate in one area existing disclosure requirements set forth in different codes and often missed. One unexpected side effect is that it unearthed disclosure requirements previously thought by many to be applicable only to residential resale transactions. It is possible that subsequent legislation may reduce the scope of these disclosure requirements. Unless and until this occurs, however, the statutory language encompasses all real estate sales transactions. (AB 248 (Torlakson), currently pending in the Senate, proposes changes in some of the requirements.)

### • WHEN MUST THE DISCLOSURE BE MADE?

Disclosure must be made if the seller or seller's agent has actual knowledge that the property is located within one of the designated hazard zones. Disclosure also must be made without regard to actual knowledge if the local jurisdiction has been provided with either (1) a list by parcel of the properties within the area (special flood and dam failure immdation areas) or (2) the required maps (high fire severity zones, wildland fire area, earthquake fault zones, and seismic hazard zones), and the required notice regarding the location of the list or map has been posted in the applicable local governmental offices. Thus, sellers and their agents will be considered to have constructive knowledge of any hazard area information available through local agencies.

### • HOW DO YOU DETERMINE IF THE PROPERTY IS IN A HAZARD ZONE?

The immediate challenge to sellers, their agents and their attorneys is how to determine whether the property is located within one of the designated hazard areas. There are six natural hazard areas covering three types of hazards: flood, fire and earthquake. Each hazard has two types of designated areas: flood (100-year flood plain and darn failure inundation area); fire (high fire severity zone and wildland fire area); and earthquake (earthquake fault zone and seismic hazard zone).

Public and private sources for information are available. As might be expected, the legislation has sparked new business opportunities. A number of private businesses, including companies, will research a particular piece of property and provide a report for a fee. Appropriate due diligence should be taken to assess the qualification and financial strength of the provider as well as any contractual limitations on the provider's liability if the report is in error. Contractual limitations are to be

expected as the current fees charged for this service are not significant (approximately \$60 to \$75 per report). The seller or the seller's agent remains ultimately responsible to the buyer for any errors; and, as noted below, the potential liability may be significant.

The author, in a random and unscientific test of city and county agencies for information on hazard areas within their jurisdictions, found the experience frustrating and futile. Inquiries were met with silence or "Let me transfer you to another department." It is hoped that as information about the new requirements spreads, local agencies eventually will prove to be a good information source. Until this occurs, state agencies and private providers remain the most effective sources.

For those choosing to do the research on their own or to supplement or verify information provided by others, set forth below is a brief description of each hazard area and sources for information about whether a particular piece of property is located within the area.

### Special flood hazard areas (FEMA - Zones A and V)

This area includes properties within Zones A and V of the flood insurance rate maps issued by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Zone A is the 100-year flood plain and Zone V is a 100-year coastal flood area. FEMA flood maps are readily available and most sales agents are familiar with the maps. The best source for confirmation of whether the property is located in a flood zone is the local planning department. Copies of FEMA's flood insurance rate maps can be obtained directly from FEMA for a small charge through its MAP Service Center (1-800/358-9616). A community panel number is necessary to obtain the correct map for a particular piece of property. This number should be available through the local planning or public works department. Additional information is available on FEMA's website at <a href="https://www.tema.gov.">www.tema.gov.</a>



### Dam failure inundation area

This area includes properties designated by the State Office of Emergency Services (OES) as subject to potential flooding in the event of partial or total failure of any dam that would result in death or personal injury. The OES has the responsibility to distribute inundation maps for these areas, and the maps are to be kept on file with the OES and the State Department of Water Resources. A notice is to be posted at the county recorder's office, county assessor's office, and county planning agency office that identifies the location of the map and any subsequent information received by the county regarding changes to the inundation areas.

Every county in California (except Del Norte) contains one or more dams

with a designated inundation area, and OES has delivered maps to each of these counties. According to OES, the best current source for finding the location of these maps is the county's local office of emergency services. This office will either have the map or know where the map is located. Map information is available on the internet. OES's web site is www.oes.ca.gov.

### High fire severity zone

In response to the Oakland hills fire, the legislature passed California Government Code §§51175 through 51188 to identify areas that are subject to a very high fire risk, to establish certain fire prevention maintenance standards, and to require disclosure to prospective purchasers of property in these areas. The Director of Forestry and Fire Protection is required to identify very high fire hazard severity zones and to transmit the information to all local agencies. If a county receives an official map identifying high fire zones within the county, it is required to post a notice in the county recorder's, assessor's, and planning agency's offices that identifies the location of the map.

As of June 1, 1999, maps were prepared for high fire severity zones in 25 counties. Each map covers one county. The maps are 36 inches by 48 inches and include roads, water features and other landmarks to aid in determining whether a particular property is located in the area. Maps may be ordered from the Teale Data Center, P.O. Box 13436, Sacramento CA 95813, 916/263-1767. The website is www.gislab.teale.ca.gov. The cost is \$35 per map plus \$10 shipping and tax. It is anticipated that the maps eventually will be available on the internet. Further information can be obtained from the State Board of Forestry in Sacramento.

### Wildland fire area

Wildland fire areas (or state responsibility areas) include properties where the state (rather than any local or federal agency) has the primary financial responsibility to prevent and suppress fires. The seller must disclose to any prospective purchaser that: (1) the property is located in the area, (2) the area may contain substantial fire risks and hazards, and (3) the property is subject to the fire prevention measures contained in California Public Resources Code §4291, such as the maintenance of firebreaks around all structures.

In addition, if the county has not assumed fire suppression responsibility in all areas of the county (including state responsibility areas), the seller must disclose that the state has no responsibility to provide fire protection to any building or structure located within the wildlands absent a cooperative agreement with the local agency under California Public Resources Code §4142.

The State Board of Forestry is required to classify wildland fire areas and to provide maps identifying the areas to the county assessor of each county that contains such areas. Notices are to be posted in the county recorder's, assessor's, and planning agency's offices identifying the location of the map.

Maps have been prepared for wildland fire areas in 56 counties (all but San Francisco and Sutter) and may be ordered from the Teale Data Center as described above. Each county map will show both the wildland fire areas and any high fire severity zones located in that county. Further information can be obtained from the State Board of Forestry in Sacramento

### Earthquake fault zone (Alquist-Priolo Act)

This area covers property located within a delineated earthquake fault zone as shown on an official earthquake fault zone map. The State Geologist is required to compile maps that delineate earthquake fault zones that encompass all potentially and recently active traces of the San Andreas, Calaveras, Hayward and San Jacinto faults. The State Geologist also is required to include such other faults that are sufficiently active and well-defined as to constitute a potential hazard to structures from surface faulting or fault creep. The zones are to be one-quarter mile or less in width but the State Geologist may designate a wider zone. The State Geologist is to provide copies of the official maps to each city and county with jurisdiction over the property located within the zone. Counties receiving maps must post notices in the county recorder's, assessor's, and planning agency's offices identifying the location of the maps.

As of May 1999, maps had been issued for earthquake fault zones in 100 cities in 36 counties. In order to obtain a copy of the map, you must first determine the name of the map. This can be done by obtaining a copy of Special Publication No. 42 entitled "Fault-Rupture Hazard Zones in California" issued by the California Division of Mines and Geology (DMG). It can be ordered for a small fee from DMG at 916/445-5716 (Sacramento). 213/620-3560 (Los Angeles), or 415/904-7707 (San Francisco). With the map name in hand, the map may be ordered for a small fee from BPS Reprographics Services, 149 Second St., San Francisco 94105, 415/512-6550. Additional information regarding earthquake fault zones may be obtained over the internet from DMG's website <a href="https://www.constv.ca.gov/dmg">www.constv.ca.gov/dmg</a>.

### Seismic hazard zone

Seismic hazard zones are areas delineated by the State Geologist that may be subject to strong ground shaking, liquefaction, landslides or other ground failures, and other seismic hazards caused by earthquakes. On completion of each official map identifying such areas, the State Geologist

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must provide copies to each city and county having jurisdiction over lands within the zone. Upon receipt of a map, the county must post a notice in the county recorder's, assessor's, and planning agency's offices identifying the location of the map.

As of March 25, 1999, 40 official maps have been issued for seismic hazard areas in four counties (Los Angeles, Orange, San Francisco and Ventura). The map name is necessary in order to obtain a copy of the map. The map name can be obtained from the "Seismic Hazard Mapping Bulletin" issued by DMG. It can be ordered from DMG as described above and also is available from the internet at <a href="https://www.consiv.ca.gov/dmg/shezp/disclose.htm">https://www.consiv.ca.gov/dmg/shezp/disclose.htm</a>. The map itself can be ordered from BPS Repro-graphics as described above.

### • WHAT IF YOU ARE UNSURE WHETHER THE PROPERTY IS IN A HAZARD ZONE?

For certain hazard areas (earthquake fault zone, seismic hazard zone, high fire severity zone or wildland fire area), if a map is available but the map or accompanying information is not of sufficient accuracy or scale that a reasonable person can determine whether the property is within the area, the seller or seller's agent must assume that the property is located within the area, mark "yes" on the applicable NHDS provision, and provide the NHDS to the buyer. "No" can be marked if an expert's report prepared pursuant to California Civil Code §1102.4(c) verifying that the property is not in the area is attached to the NHDS. Presumably in this situation, the NHDS still must be provided to the buyer (along with the expert's report) even if the NHDS shows the property is not within any of the six areas. The requirement to disclose if "unsure" does not apply to properties within FEMA Zone A or V or a dam failure irundation area. Apparently, the legislature felt that the information available on these areas is sufficiently clear to identify properties located within their boundaries.

It is uncertain whether the duty to disclose if "unsure" applies to TDS-exempt transactions. The statutory language presumes that the buyer will be provided with an NHDS, and TDS-exempt transactions are not required to use the NHDS. Corrective legislation may be necessary to clarify this ambiguity. Until this is resolved, the prudent course would be to assume that the duty to disclose if "unsure" applies to all real estate transactions in earthquake fault zones, seismic hazard zones, high fire severity zones and wildland fire areas.

### \* WHO MUST MAKE THE DISCLOSURE?

The seller's agent has the primary responsibility to make disclosure for properties located in an earthquake fault zone, seismic hazard zone, FEMA

Zone A or V, and dam failure inundation area. If the seller has no agent, the seller must make the disclosure. The seller is charged with the direct responsibility for making the disclosure for properties located in high fire severity zones and wildland fire areas.

### • HOW MUST THE DISCLOSURE BE MADE?

If the transaction is subject to the TDS requirement, the disclosure must be made using either the NHDS set forth in California Civil Code §1102.6c(b) or a local form as long as the form includes substantially the same information and same warning required by the statutory disclosure form.

The mandated disclosure form contains a warning in bold print that the hazards may limit the buyer's ability to develop the property, to obtain insurance, or to receive assistance after a disaster.

For transactions where the seller is not required to provide a TDS but is subject to the independent statutory disclosure requirements, it may be advisable to use the mandated form or at least incorporate the substantive provisions of the form. The NHDS represents a convenient, consolidated and state-authorized mechanism for providing the necessary disclosures. It also may become the standard that establishes the minimum disclosure that must be met.

Practitioners should be aware, however, that the NHDS may not be sufficient in every transaction. A property's unique circumstances may require disclosure of additional hazard area information. The new requirements expressly provide that the specific disclosure obligations do not limit or abridge any disclosure duty created by any other provision of law (including presumably a common law disclosure duty) or required in order to avoid fraud, misrepresentation or deceit in the transaction.

### • WHAT HAPPENS IF THE DISCLOSURE IS NOT MADE?

Failure to make the required disclosure will not invalidate the transaction; however, any person who willfully or negligently fails to make the required disclosure is liable in the amount of actual damages suffered by the transferee.

It takes little imagination to see the significant and frightening exposure a failure to disclose may mean to sellers and their agents. Fire, flood or earthquake victims may now have a new source of potential recovery, particularly if insurance proceeds are inadequate or nonexistent. It is uncertain whether the legislature understood that this new law has the potential of converting unwitting sellers into insurers against natural disasters. In the past, property owners generally have had little recourse when nature wreaks havoc; now many may be scrambling for their sales

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documents to see if the proper disclosures were made.

This potential exposure for failure to disclose has been applicable to earthquake fault zones and seismic hazard areas for a number of years. The duty to disclose, however, was abated for some time because the maps were not available. With maps now available and information about disclosure obligations more widely known, liability for failing to disclose may rise dramatically.

Sellers of homes in large subdivisions sold in multiple phases over a period of years must be prepared to periodically check the hazard area information available for such projects. The releasing of hazard area maps is an ongoing process. Previously unmapped property may find itself eventually within a mapped hazard zone triggering a disclosure duty.

### CAN INFORMATION PROVIDED BY OTHERS INSULATE SELLERS AND AGENTS FROM POTENTIAL LIABILITY?

Sellers and agents in transactions subject to the TDS disclosure requirements may receive some liability protection from California Civil Code §1102.4 if they rely on information received from public agencies or qualified experts. Neither the seller nor the agent is liable for any error, inaccuracy or omission if (1) it is based on information received from a public agency or qualified expert; (2) the error, inaccuracy, or omission was not within the personal knowledge of the seller or agent; and (3) the seller or agent exercised ordinary care in obtaining and transmitting the information. A "qualified" expert may be a licensed engineer, land surveyor, geologist, structural pest control operator, contractor or other expert dealing with matters within the scope of the professional's license or expertise.

It is uncertain whether this liability protection extends to transactions exempt from the TDS disclosure requirements. Each of the six separate statutory disclosure requirements specifically incorporates the liability provisions of California Civil Code §1102.13 (see discussion above), but none incorporates the liability protection provisions of §1102.4. There appears to be no reason for not extending these protections to TDS-exempt transactions. It is hoped the failure to do so was a legislative oversight that future legislation will correct.

### Conclusion

It remains to be seen whether this new legislation simply adds more to the seller's already large disclosure pile or whether it also shifts significant liability on to sellers and agents. Most property owners understand and accept nature's risks and protect themselves as best they can through insurance. Few seek to blame human error for damages wrought by natural

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disasters.

This may no longer be the case, and therein lies the problem with this new legislation.

Courts hopefully will be reluctant to tag a mere careless seller or agent with enormous disaster damages. This risk, however, may be too great to await a judicial response.

The legislature needs to act swiftly to address this liability issue. In the meantime, practitioners should notify their clients of these new disclosure requirements so that they do not find themselves as unwitting insurers against natural disasters.

• Jeffrey G. Wagner is a partner in the law firm of Luce, Forward, Hamilton & Scripps, LLP, specializing in real property law with an emphasis in common interest developments.

### California Real Estate Flooding | Dam Failure Disclosure

Dams are erected to stop flooding, to generate hydroelectric power, and to control rivers, but they can wreak serious havor if they break, and questions about a property being located in a dam inundation zone are on the rise. While the dam inundation zone may not sound as scary as an earthquake fault zone or a liquefaction zone, many foreign buyers and foreign national investors purchasing real estate in California have shown concerns about the property they want to buy being located in or near dam failure inundation zones.



Why are foreign national and home buyers so concerned about dam faiture? Consider this: The Three Gorges Dam is a hydroelectric dam that spans the Yangtze River by the town of Sandouping, located in Yiling District, Yichang, Hubel province, China. The Three Gorges Dam is the world's largest power station in terms of installad capacity (22,500 MW), and is arguably the most notorious dam. The massive project has set records for the number of people displaced (more than 1.2 million), number of cities and towns fooded (13 cities, 140 towns, 1,350 villages), and length of reservoir (more than 600 kilometers). The project has allegedly been plagued by corruption, spiraling costs, environmental impacts, human rights violations, and resettlement difficulties.

Potential flooding because of dam failure poses a threat in any part of the world where water has been channeled, dammed, or harnessed, and Catifornia is no exception. Whyso many dams? Around the middle of the 20th Century, dams were seen as the essence of progress — man harnessing nature to generate power for untimited real estate development and for converting deserts into farms. So America went on a dam building binge. Catifornia has over 1,400 regulated dams — each comes with its own map showing its own source for destructive potential.

Unlike fires and earthquakes, dam fallure in does not happen often - but it has happened in the past and when it does, it can be devastating. Hundreds of dam fallures have occurred throughout U.S. history. These fallures have caused immense property and environmental damages and have taken thousands of lives. If you are a new homebuyer, you would want to consider the vulnerability of a property to flooding and the cost of the flood insurance the property would require.

On the morning of July 17, 1995, the Folsom Dam failed and 40,000 cubic feet of water per second began pouring out of the fitted reservoir at 8:00 a.m. The National Weather Service issued a flash-flood warning for areas along the American River and police and sheriffs' deputies cleared dozens of people from the river banks and closed nearby roads and parks.

On September 21, 1998, at 5:47 a.m., one of two five million gation city water storage tanks in the City of Westminster ruptured, sending a six foot high wall of water charging through the community in a raging torrent of tury. Unfortunately, several people were hurt in this calamity, and nearly seventy residents had to be evacuated. Thirty homes were red-tagged, and ten homes were scheduled for demolition. The violent wall of water smashed into living rooms, hoisted vehicles onto garages, and cars and trucks were thrown upon one another.

Effective June 1998, section 8589.4 of the California Government Code Law made the disclosure of Flood and inundation Zones mandatory in every real estate transaction in the State of California.

Property I.D. Corporation is the premier

dam inundation

These determinations are based on maps and criteria
issued by the Office of Emergency Services and include required local city and county data.

### Title 5, California Code of Regulations

This is an excerpt of California Code of Regulations, Title 5 that relate to school facilities construction. The complete text of the California Code of Regulations, Title 5 The may be downloaded from the Office of Administrative Law.

### Division 1, Chapter 13, Subchapter 1

### **School Facilities Construction**

#### **Article 1. General Standards**

### See 292 #X.

#### §14001. Minimum Standards.

Educational facilities planned by school districts shall be:

- Evolved from a statement of educational program requirements which reflects the school district's educational goals and objectives.
- b. Master-planned to provide for maximum site enrollment.
- c. Located on a site which meets California Department of Education standards as specified in Section 14010.
- d. Designed for the environmental comfort and work efficiency of the occupants.
- e. Designed to require a practical minimum of maintenance.
- f. Designed to meet federal, state, and local statutory requirements for structure, fire, and public safety.
- g. Designed and engineered with flexibility to accommodate future needs.

Note: Authority cited: sections 17251(b) and 33031, Education Code. Reference: Section 17017.5 and 17251(b), Education Code.

### **Article 2. School Sites**

#### 6 14010. Standards for School Site Selection.

All districts shall select a school site that provides safety and that supports learning. The following standards shall apply:

- a. The net usable acreage and enrollment for a new school site shall be consistent with the numbers of acres and enrollment established in Tables 1-6 of the 2000 Edition, "School Site Analysis and Development" published by the California Department of Education and Incorporated Into this section by reference, in toto, unless sufficient land is not available or circumstances exist due to any of the following:
  - Urban or suburban development results in insufficient available land even after considering the option of eminent domain.
  - Sufficient acreage is available but it would not be economically feasible to mitigate geological or environmental hazards or other site complications which pose a threat to the health and/or safety of students and staff.
  - 3. Sufficient acreage is available but not within the attendance area of the unhoused students or there is an extreme density of population within a given attendance area requiring a school to serve more students on a single site. Choosing an alternate site would result in extensive long-term bussing of students that would cause extreme financial hardship to the district to transport students to the proposed school site.
  - Geographic barriers, traffic congestion, or other constraints would cause extreme financial hardship for the district to transport students to the proposed school site.
- b. If a school site is less than the recommended acreage required in subsection (a) of this section, the district shall demonstrate how the students will be provided an adequate educational program including physical education as described in the district's adopted course of study.
- c. The property line of the site even if it is a joint use agreement as described in subsection (o) of this section shall be at least the following distance from the edge of respective power line easements:

- 1. 100 feet for 50-133 kV line.
- 2. 150 feet for 220-230 kV line.
- 3. 350 feet for 500-550 kV line.
- d. If the proposed site is within 1,500 feet of a railroad track easement, a safety study shall be done by a competent professional trained in assessing cargo manifests, frequency, speed, and schedule of railroad traffic, grade, curves, type and condition of track need for sound or safety barriers, need for pedestrian and vehicle safeguards at railroad crossings, presence of high pressure gas lines near the tracks that could rupture in the event of a derailment, preparation of an evacuation plan. In addition to the analysis, possible and reasonable mitigation measures must be identified.
- e. The site shall not be adjacent to a road or freeway that any site-related traffic and sound level studies have determined will have safety problems or sound levels which adversely affect the educational program.
- f. Pursuant to Education Code sections 17212 and 17212.5, the site shall not contain an active earthquake fault or fault trace.
- g. Pursuant to Education Code sections 17212 and 17212.5, the site is not within an area of flood or dam flood inundation unless the cost of mitigating the flood or inundation impact is reasonable.
- h. The site shall not be located near an above-ground water or fuel storage tank or within 1500 feet of the easement of an above ground or underground pipeline that can pose a safety hazard as determined by a risk analysis study, conducted by a competent professional, which may include certification from a local public utility commission.
- i. The site is not subject to moderate to high liquefaction or landslides.
- j. The shape of the site shall have a proportionate length to width ratio to accommodate the building layout, parking and playfields that can be safely supervised and does not exceed the allowed passing time to classes for the district.
- k. The site shall be easily accessible from arterial roads and shall allow minimum peripheral visibility from the planned driveways in accordance with the Sight Distance Standards established in the "Highway Design Manual," Table 201.1, published by the Department of Transportation, July 1, 1990 edition, and incorporated into this section by reference, in toto.
- 1. The site shall not be on major arterial streets with a heavy traffic pattern as determined by site-related traffic studies including those that require student crossings unless mitigation of traffic hazards and a plan for the safe arrival and departure of students appropriate to the grade level has been provided by city, county or other public agency in accordance with the "School Area Pedestrian Safety" manual published by the California Department of Transportation, 1987 edition, incorporated into this section by reference, in toto.
- m. Existing or proposed zoning of the surrounding properties shall be competible with schools in that it would not pose a potential health or safety risk to students or staff in accordance with Education Code Section 17213 and Government Code Section 65402 and available studies of traffic surrounding the site.
- The site shall be located within the proposed attendance area to encourage student walking and avoid extensive bussing unless bussing is used to promote ethnic diversity.
- o. The site shall be selected to promote joint use of parks, libraries, museums and other public services, the acreage of which may be included as part of the recommended acreage as stated in subsection (a) of this section.
- p. The site shall be conveniently located for public services including but not limited to fire protection, police protection, public transit and trash disposal whenever feasible.
- q. The district shall consider environmental factors of light, wind, noise, aesthetics, and air pollution in its site selection process.
- r. Easements on or adjacent to the site shall not restrict access or building placement.
- s. The cost and complications of the following shall be considered in the site selection process and should not result in undue delays or unreasonable costs consistent with State Allocation Board standards;
  - 1. Distance of utilities to the site, availability and affordability of bringing utilities to the site.
  - Site preparation including grading, drainage, demolition, hazardous cleanup, including cleanup of indigenous material such as serpentine rock, and off-site development of streets, curbs, gutters and lights.
  - 3. Eminent domain, relocation costs, severance damage, title clearance and legal fees.
  - 4. Long-term high landscaping or maintenance costs.
  - Existence of any wildlife habitat that is on a protected or endangered species list maintained by any state
    or federal agency, existence of any wetlands, natural waterways, or areas that may support migratory
    species, or evidence of any environmentally sensitive vegetation.
- If the proposed site is on or within 2,000 feet of a significant disposal of hazardous waste, the school district shall contact the Department of Toxic Substance Control for a determination of whether the property should be considered a Hazardous Waste Property or Border Zone Property.
- u. At the request of the governing board of a school district, the State Superintendent of Public Instruction may grant exemptions to any of the standards in this section if the district can demonstrate that mitigation of specific

### **COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE**



### TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY

George A. Johnson · Agency Director

### **Planning Department**

Ron Goldman · Planning Director

DATE: March 23, 2010
TO: Clerk of the Board of Supervisors
FROM: Planning Department - Riverside Office
SUBJECT: GPA00921
(Charge your time to these case numbers)
The attached item(s) require the following action(s) by the Board of Supervisors:  Place on Administrative Action (Receive & File; EOT)  Labels provided If Set For Hearing  Publish in Newspaper:  10 Day  20 Day  30 day  Place on Consent Calendar  Place on Policy Calendar (Resolutions; Ordinances; PNC)  Place on Section Initiation Proceeding (GPIP)  The attached item(s) required to Supervisors:  Set for Hearing (Legislative Action Required; CZ, GPA, SP, SPA)  Publish in Newspaper:  **SELECT Advertisement**  **SELECT CEQA Determination**  10 Day  20 Day  30 day  Notify Property Owners (app/agencies/property owner labels provided)  Controversial:  YES  NO
Designate Newspaper used by Planning Department for Notice of Hearing: NONE - GPIP
Please schedule on the <u>04/06/2010</u> BOS Agenda
Documents to be sent to County Clerk's Office for Posting:  NONE - GPIP

Riverside Office · 4080 Lemon Street, 9th Floor P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, California 92502-1409 (951) 955-3200 · Fax (951) 955-3157 (760) 863-8277 · Fax (760) 863-7555
Y:\Advanced Planning\2008 FOUNDATION COMPONENT REVIEW\GPA Cases\GPA 921\GPA 921 BOS Package\GPA 921 Form 11

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Revised 3/4/10 by R. Juarez

Desert Office · 38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, California 92211

### SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

SUBMITTAL DATE: March 23, 2010

FROM: TLMA - Planning Department

SUBJECT: GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 921 - Foundation-Regular - Applicant: Dr. Sook P Choh - Engineer/Representative: Rick Engineering/Mick Ratican - Third Supervisorial District - Winchester Zoning District - Sun City/Menifee Valley Area Plan: Rural: Rural Residential (RUR-RR) (5 Acre Minimum Lot Size) - Location: Northerly of Scott Road, southerly of Wickerd Road, easterly of El Centro and westerly of Leon Road. - 77.72 Gross Acres - Zoning: Light Agriculture- 5 Acre Minimum Lot Size (A-1-5) - REQUEST: This General Plan Amendment proposes to amend General Plan Foundation Component of the subject site from Rural to Community Development and to amend the General Plan Land Use designation of the subject site from Rural Residential (RUR-RR) (5 Acre Minimum Lot Size) within the Highway 79 Policy Area to Medium Density Residential (CD:MDR) (2-5 du/ac). - APN(s): 466-220-029

### **RECOMMENDED MOTION:**

The Planning Director recommends that the Board of Supervisors adopt an order initiating proceedings for the above referenced general plan amendment based on the attached report. The initiation of proceedings by the Board of Supervisors for the amendment of the General Plan, or any element thereof, shall not imply any such amendment will be approved.

#### **BACKGROUND:**

The initiation of proceedings for any General Plan Amendment (GPA) requires the adoption of an order by the Board of Supervisors. The Planning Director is required to prepare a report and recommendation on every GPA application and submit it to the Board of Supervisors. Prior to the submittal to the Board, comments on the application are requested from the Planning

> Ron Goldman **Planning Director**

Continued on attached page

Policy 

Per Exec. Ofc.

Prev. Agn. Ref.

District: Third

Agenda Number:

The Honorable Board of Supervisors Re: General Plan Amendment No. 921 Page 2 of 2

Commission, and the Planning Commission comments are included in the report to the Board. The Board will either approve or disapprove the initiation of proceedings for the GPA requested in the application. The consideration of the initiation of proceedings by the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors pursuant to this application does not require a noticed public hearing. However, the applicant was notified by mail of the time, date and place when the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors would consider this GPA initiation request.

If the Board of Supervisors adopts an order initiating proceedings pursuant to this application, the proposed amendment will thereafter be processed, heard and decided in accordance with all the procedures applicable to GPA applications, including noticed public hearings before the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors. The adoption of an order initiating proceedings does not imply that any amendment will be approved. If the Board of Supervisors declines to adopt an order initiating proceedings, no further proceedings on this application will occur.

The Board of Supervisors established the procedures for initiation of GPA applications with the adoption of Ordinance No. 348.4573 (effective May 8, 2008), which amended Article II of that ordinance.

# PLANNING COMMISSION MINUTE ORDER DECEMBER 2, 2009 RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

I. AGENDA ITEM 5.10: GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 921 - Foundation / Regular - Applicant: Dr. Sook P. Choh - Engineer/Representative: Rick Engineering / Mick Ratican - Third Supervisorial District - Winchester Zoning District - Sun City / Menifee Valley Area Plan: Policy Area(s) - Highway 79 Policy Area; Estate Density Residential & Rural Residential Policy Area: Rural: Rural Residential (RUR-RR) (5 Acre Minimum Lot Size) - Location: North of Scott Road, east of El Centro Lane, south of Wickerd Road, and westerly of Leon Road - 77.72 Gross Acres - Zoning: Light Agriculture - 5 Acre Minimum Lot Size (A-1-5) - APN: 466-220-029.

#### II. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This General Plan Amendment proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component of the subject site from Rural (RUR) to Community Development and to amend General Plan Land Use designation of the subject site from Rural Residential (RUR:RR) (5 Acre Minimum Lot Size) to Medium Density Residential (2-5 Dwelling Units per Acre).

#### III. MEETING SUMMARY

The subject proposal did not require a presentation. Project Planner, Tamara Harrison, at (951) 955-9721 or e-mail <a href="mailto:tharriso@rctlma.org">tharriso@rctlma.org</a>.

The following spoke in favor of the subject proposal: Mick Ratican, Applicant's Representative

No one spoke in a neutral position or in opposition of the subject proposal.

### IV. CONTROVERSIAL ISSUES

NONE

#### V. PLANNING COMMISSION ACTION

The Planning Commission, recommended to the Board of Supervisors;

### **INITIATION** of the GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT

### VI. CD

The entire discussion of this agenda item can be found on CD. For a copy of the CD, please contact Chantell Griffin, Planning Commission Secretary, at (951) 955-3251 or E-mail at cgriffin@rctlma.org.

Agenda Item No.: 5.10

Area Plan: Sun City/Menifee Valley

**Zoning District: Winchester** Supervisorial District: Third

**Project Planner: Tamara Harrison** 

Planning Commission: December 2, 2009

General Plan Amendment No. 921 Applicant: Dr. Sook P Choh

Engineer/Representative: Rick Engineering

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### **RECOMMENDATIONS:**

The Planning Director's recommendation that the Board of Supervisors adopt an order initiating proceedings for GPA00921 from Rural: Rural Residential to Community Development: Medium Density Residential and the Planning Commission made the comments below. The Planning Director continues to recommend adoption of an order initiating proceedings for the general plan amendment. For additional information regarding this case, see the attached Planning Department Staff Report(s).

### PLANNING COMMISSION COMMENTS TO THE PLANNING DIRECTOR:

The following comment(s) were provided by the Planning Commission to the Planning Director:

Commissioner John Roth: Commissioner Roth indicated that he was concerned about continuing to allow Community Development designations in rural areas. Mr. Roth indicated that rural areas were being destroyed and eliminated one piece at a time. Mr. Roth inquired as to where the demarcation line would be between Community Development and Rural in the area.

Commissioner John Snell: No Comments

Commissioner John Petty: No Comments

Commissioner Jim Porras: No Comments

Commissioner Jan Zuppardo: No Comments

Y:\Advanced Planning\2008 FOUNDATION COMPONENT REVIEW\GPA Cases\GPA 921\GPA 921 BOS Package\GPA 921 Directors Report.doc

Agenda Item No.: 5.10

Area Plan: Sun City/ Menifee Valley Zoning District: Winchester Area Supervisorial District: Third Project Planner: Tamara Harrison

Planning Commission: December 2, 2009

General Plan Amendment No. 921 Applicant: Dr. Sook P. Choh

Engineer/Representative: Rick Engineering

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION:**

The applicant proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component from "Rural" (RUR) to "Community Development" (CD) and the General Plan Land Use designation from "Rural Residential" (RR) (5 acre minimum lot size) to "Medium Density Residential" (MDR) (2-5 du/ac) for an approximately 77.72 acre site. The project is located northerly of Scott Road, southerly of Wickerd Road, easterly of Briggs Road and westerly of Leon Road.

### **POTENTIAL ISSUES OF CONCERN:**

The subject site is located in the "Winchester" community within the "Sun City/ Menifee Valley" area plan. Community Development: Medium Density Residential and Rural: Rural Residential lies to the west of the site and Rural Community: Estate Density Residential lies to the north. Rural: Rural Residential can be found to the east of the site and the City of Menifee lies to the south of the site directly across Scott Road. The proposal would be a reasonable extension of the Community Development Foundation given the site's proximity to the City of Menifee and existing Community Development designations.

Tract Map No. 31347 which lies west of the subject site across El Centro Road, approved 69 lots with a 7,200 square foot minimum lot size in 2004 and demonstrates some change that has occurred in the area since the adoption of the General Plan in 2003. The City of Menifee incorporated in October of 2008 and also presents some change for the area since the adoption of the General Plan. Due to nearby developments, water and sewer are available at the site.

The site is located within the boundaries of the Multiple Species Habitat Plan (MSHCP); however, the site does not fall within a criteria cell. The site will be required to conform to additional plan wide requirements of the MSHCP such as Riparian/Riverine Policies, Specific Species Surveys, Urban/Wildlands Interface Guidelines (UWIG) and Narrow Endemic Plant Species Policies and Determination of Biologically Equivalent or Superior Preservation Analysis (DBESP) as applicable.

The subject site also falls within the General Plan's "Highway 79" policy area. The current proposal is inconsistent with the General Plan's Highway 79 Policy Area. The policy area requires that residential development be proposed at 9% below the mid-point of the existing designation due to transportation infrastructure and capacity deficiencies. The policy did not include provisions to increase potential densities within the policy area as proposed by this amendment. A workshop was held at the regular Planning Commission meeting on September 30, 2009 in order to discuss the Highway 79 Policy area and the regular Foundation General Plan Amendments that fall within the policy area. As a result of the workshop, the Planning Commission recommended that those Foundation General Plan Amendments within the policy area be brought forward on a case by case basis in order to determine the appropriateness of each proposal and that the Highway 79 policies be reviewed during the General Plan update for potential amendments.

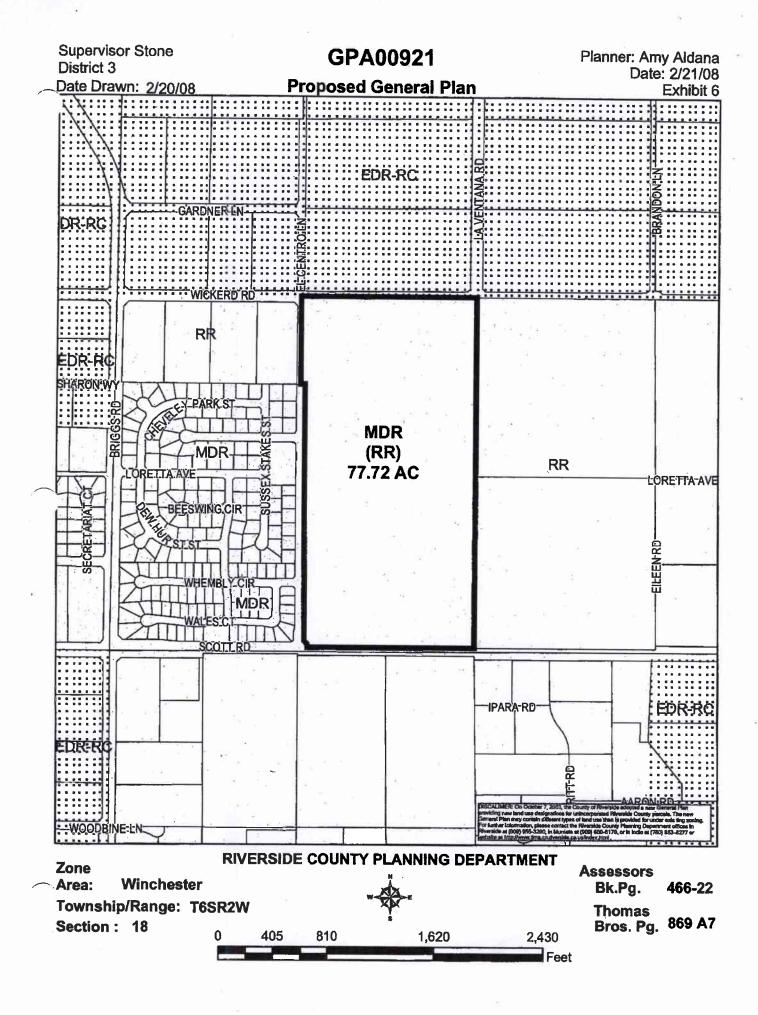
The parcel is also located at the southwestern edge of the General Plan's "Estate Density Residential and Rural Residential Area East of Interstate 215" policy area. The policy requires that "residential development in this area shall retain its existing estate density and rural character." The current proposal is inconsistent with the policy and the subject site would need to be removed from the policy area as part of the General Plan Amendment.

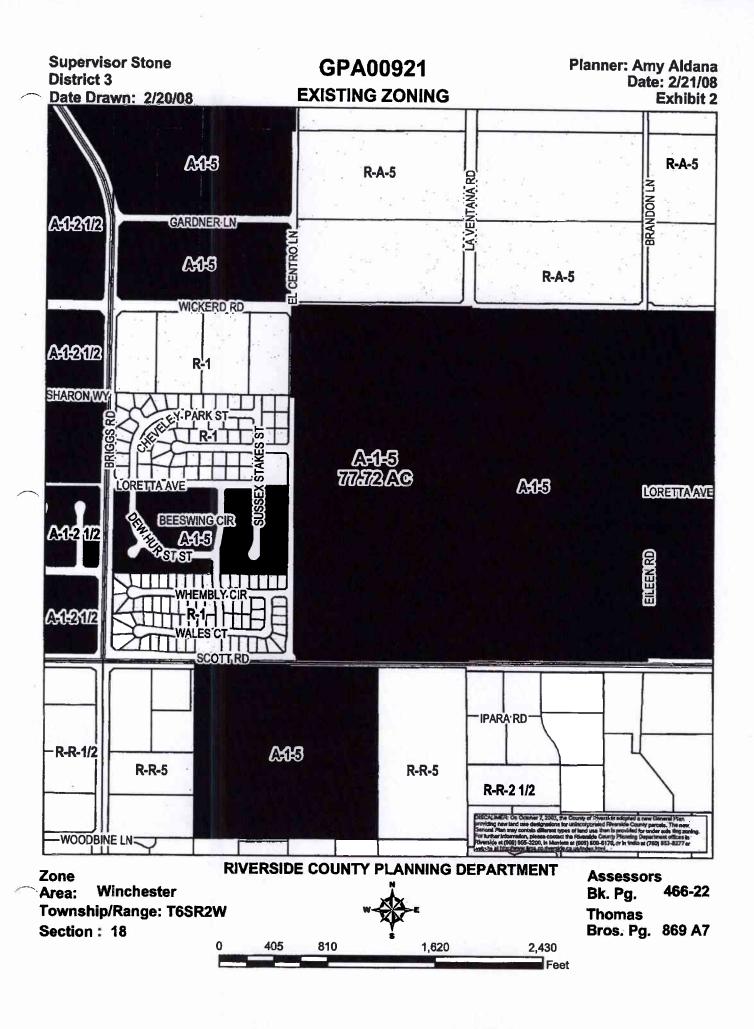
### **RECOMMENDATION:**

The Planning Director's recommendation is to adopt an order initiating proceedings for General Plan Amendment No. 921 from Rural: Rural Residential to Community Development: Medium Density Residential. The initiation of proceedings for the amendment of the General Plan does not imply that any such amendment will be approved.

### **INFORMATIONAL ITEMS:**

- 1. This project was filed with the Planning Department on February 6, 2008.
- 2. Deposit Based Fees charged for this project as of the time of staff report preparation, total \$3912.76.
- 3. The project site is currently designated as Assessor's Parcel Number: 466-220-029.



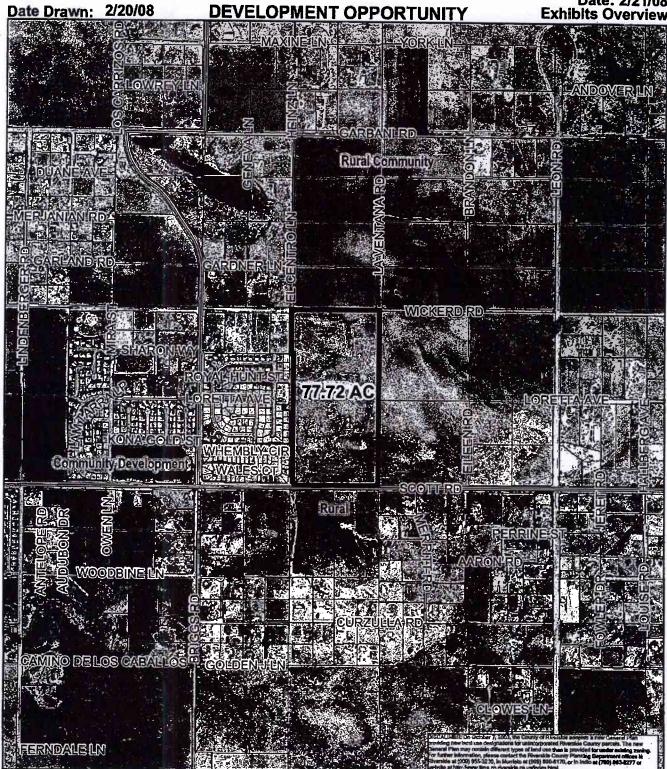


**Supervisor Stone** District 3

**GPA00921** 

Planner: Amy Aldana

Date: 2/21/08 Exhibits Overview



Area

Winchester Plan:

Township/Range: T6SR2W

Section: 18

RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

**Assessors** 

Bk. Pg.

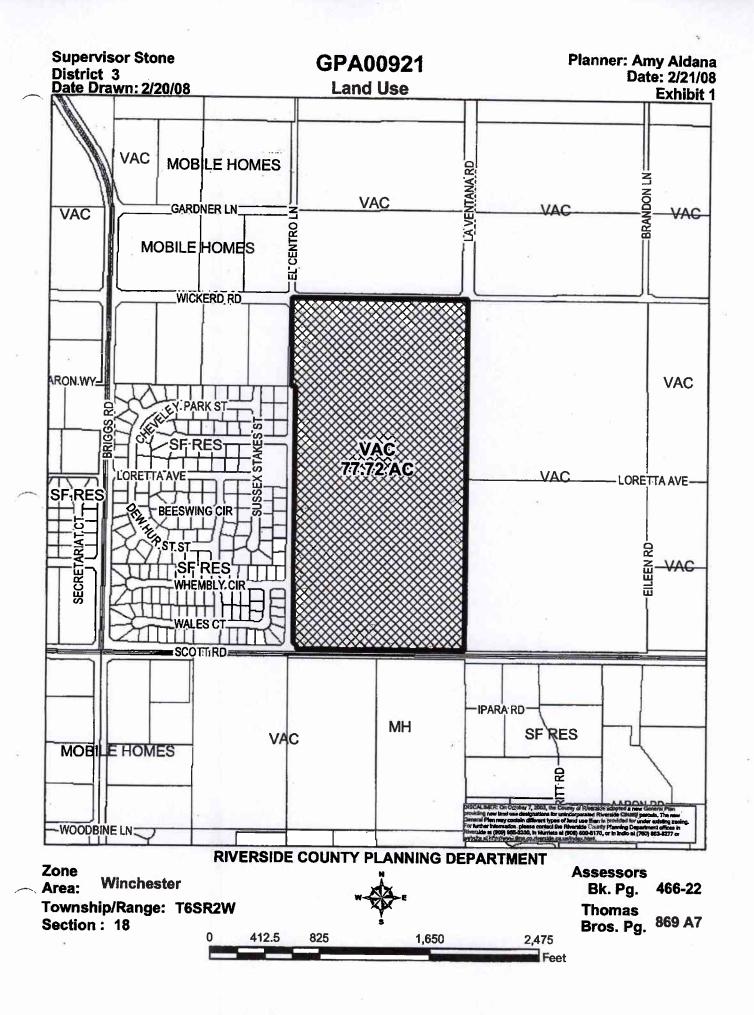
466-22

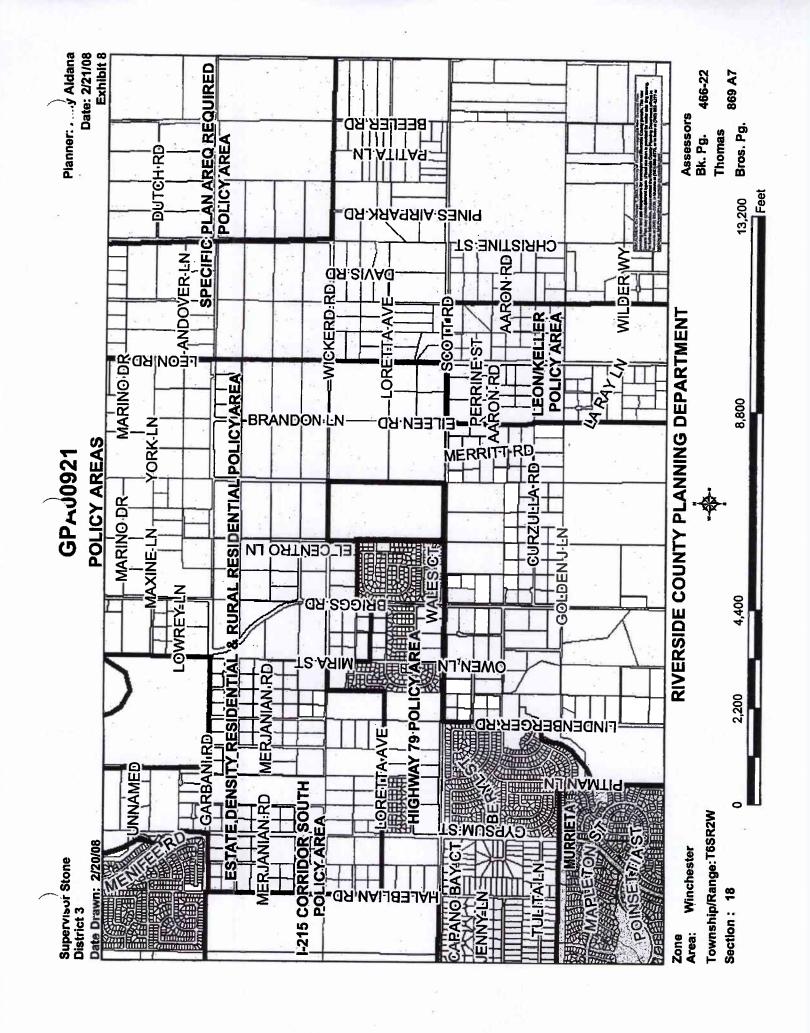
Thomas

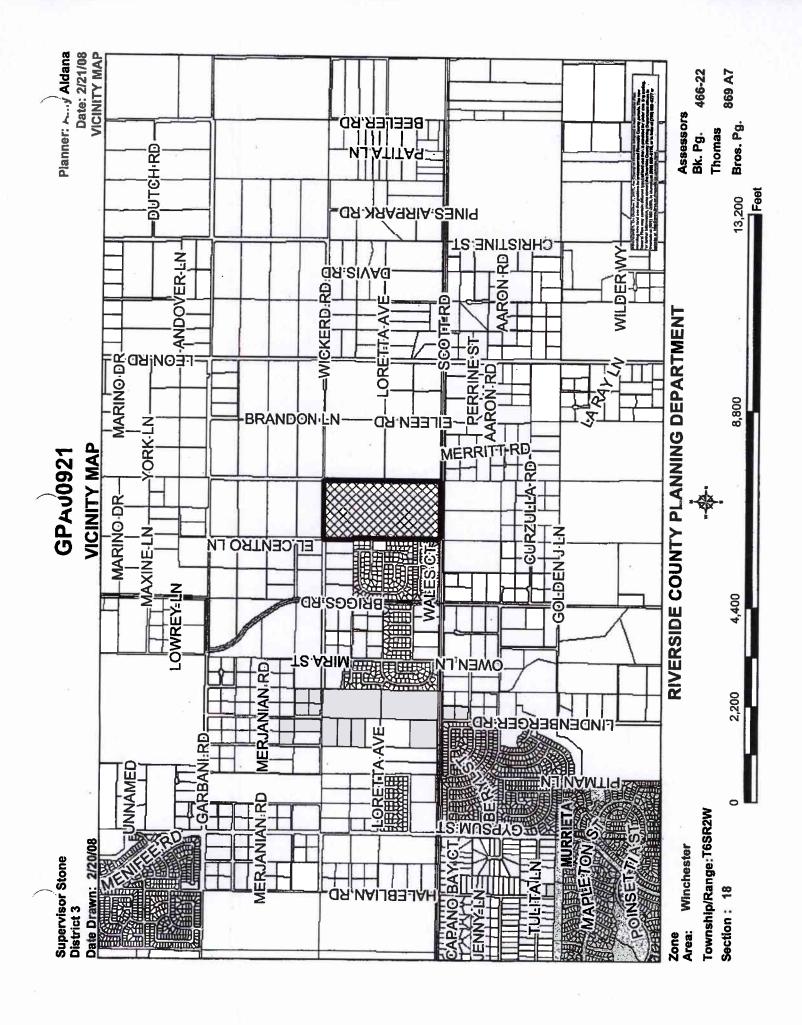
869 A7 Bros. Pg.

800 1,600 3,200 4,800

Feet







AFFEICATION FOR AMENDMENT TO THE RIVERSIDE COUNTY GENERAL PLAN
JUSTIFICATION FOR AMENDMENT (Please be specific. Attach more pages if needed.)
It is felt that amending Assessor Parcel Number 466-220-029 from
Rural Foundation Component with a Land Use Designation of Rural
Residential to Community Development Foundation Component with
a Land Use Designitation of Medium Density Residential would be
in keeping with current development in the area. This parcel is
adjacent to areas currently constructed or under construction with
a Land Use Designation of Medium Density Residential. Site topography
is conducive to Medium Density Residential . Site fronts Scott Road
which is a Urban Arterial Highway about 2 miles to access to the I-215 Freeway.  All utilities exist at the site, topography lends it self to this
type of project site in the second site second seco
type of project, site is close to the freeway, and
medium density residential land use desigantion is
consistent with projects in the area.
III. A BETAIDRETAINS TO BOLLOWS
III. AMENDMENTS TO POLICIES:
(Note: A conference with Planning Department staff is required before application can be filed. Additional information may be required.)
A. LOCATION IN TEXT OF THE GENERAL PLAN WHERE AMENDMENT WOULD OCCUR:
Element: Area Plan:
B. EXISTING POLICY (If none, write "none." (Attach more pages if needed):
C. PROPOSED POLICY (Attach more pages if needed):

IHM Kyung Hwa Kay c/o Joong H Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175 GPA921-Owner

Jaeihm Hyun c/o Joong H. Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175 GPA921-Owner Jae E. Han c/o Joong H. Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175 GPA921-Owner

Rick Engineering / Mick Ratican 1223 University Ave. STE# 240 Riverside, CA 92507 GPA921-Engineer Byongjin Gene Et Al c/o Joong H. Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175 GPA921-Owner

Dr. Sook P. Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175 GPA921-Applicant

# NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING and INTENT TO ADOPT A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

A PUBLIC HEARING has been scheduled, pursuant to Riverside County Land Use Ordinance No. 348, before the RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION to consider the project shown below:

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 921 (Foundation and Entitlement/Policy) and CHANGE of ZONE NO. 7763 — Intent to Adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration — Applicant: Sook P. Choh — Engineer/Representative: Rick Engineering — Supervisorial District: Third — Area Plan: Sun City/Menifee Valley — Zone Area: Winchester — Zone: A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum) — Policy Areas: Estate Density Residential and Highway 79 — Location: North of Scott Road, south of Wickerd Road, east of El Centro, and west of Leon Road. — Project Size: 77.7 acres — REQUEST: Proposal to amend the project site's General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) to Community Development (CD), amend its Land Use Designation from Rural Residential (RR) (5-acre minimum) to Medium Density Residential (MDR) (2-5 du/ac), amend the General Plan Sun City/Menifee Area Plan Figure 4: Policy Areas Map, and change the site's zoning classification from A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum) to R-1 (One-Family Dwelling) on one parcel, totaling 77.7 acres.

TIME OF HEARING:

9:00 am or as soon as possible thereafter

**OCTOBER 21, 2015** 

RIVERSIDE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

BOARD CHAMBERS, 1ST FLOOR

4080 LEMON STREET RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

For further information regarding this project, please contact Project Planner, John Hildebrand, at 951-955-1888 or email <a href="mailto:ihildebr@rctlma.org">ihildebr@rctlma.org</a> or go to the County Planning Department's Planning Commission agenda web page at <a href="http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx">http://planning.rctlma.org/PublicHearings.aspx</a>.

The Riverside County Planning Department has determined that the above project will not have a significant effect on the environment and has recommended adoption of a mitigated negative declaration. The Planning Commission will consider the proposed project and the proposed mitigated negative declaration, at the public hearing. The case file for the proposed project and the proposed mitigated negative declaration may be viewed Monday through Thursday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., at the County of Riverside Planning Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501. For further information or an appointment, contact the project planner.

Any person wishing to comment on a proposed project may do so, in writing, between the date of this notice and the public hearing or appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. All comments received prior to the public hearing will be submitted to the Planning Commission, and the Planning Commission will consider such comments, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the proposed project.

If you challenge this project in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the public hearing, described in this notice, or in written correspondence delivered to the Planning Commission at, or prior to, the public hearing. Be advised that, as a result of public hearings and comment, the Planning Commission may amend, in whole or in part, the proposed project. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands, within the boundaries of the proposed project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to: RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT Attn: John Hildebrand P.O. Box 1409, Riverside, CA 92502-1409

## NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING SCHEDULING REQUEST FORM

DATE SUBMITTED: 09/21/2015

TO: Planning Commission Secretary

FROM: John Hildebrand

(Riverside)

PHONE No.: (951) 955-1888

E-Mail: ihildebr@rctlma.org

SCHEDULE FOR: Planning Commission on 10/21/2015

20-Day Advertisement: Advertisement Adopt Mitigate Negative Declaration

GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 921 (Foundation and Entitlement/Policy) and CHANGE of ZONE NO. 7763 - Intent to adopt a Mitigated Negative Declaration - APPLICANT: Sook P. Choh -ENGINEER/REPRESENTATIVE: Rick Engineering - SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT: Third - AREA PLAN: Sun City/Menifee Valley – ZONE AREA: Winchester – ZONE: A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum) – POLICY AREAS: Estate Density Residential and Highway 79 - LOCATION: North of Scott Road, south of Wickerd Road, east of El Centro, and west of Leon Road. - PROJECT SIZE: 77.7 acres - REQUEST: Proposal to amend the project site's General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) to Community Development (CD), amend its Land Use Designation from Rural Residential (RR) (5-acre minimum) to Medium Density Residential (MDR) (2-5 du/ac), amend the General Plan Sun City/Menifee Area Plan Figure 4: Policy Areas Map, and change the site's zoning classification from A-1-5 (Light Agriculture, 5-acre minimum) to R-1 (One-Family Dwelling) on one parcel, totaling 77.7 acres - APN: 466-220-029.

Revised: 9/21/15

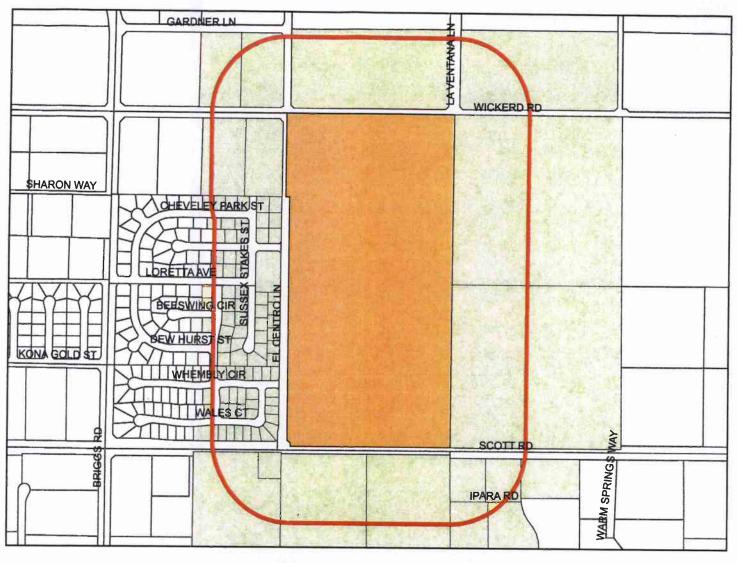
STAFF RECOMMENDATION:
APPROVAL (CONSENT CALENDAR)  APPROVAL  APPROVAL WITHOUT DISCUSSION  CONTINUE WITH DISCUSSION TO  CONTINUE WITHOUT DISCUSSION TO  CONTINUE WITHOUT DISCUSSION OFF CALENDAR  DENIAL  SCOPING SESSION  INITIATION OF THE GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT  DECLINE TO INITIATE THE GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT
□ Provide one set of mailing labels, including surrounding property owners, Non-County Agency and Interested Parties and, owner, applicant, and engineer/representative (Confirmed to be less than 6 months old from date of preparation to hearing date)
Provide one set of labels for owner, applicant, and engineer/representative.
Fee Balance: \$4,437.21, as of 09/21/2015.
CFG Case # <u>CFG05093</u> - Fee Balance: \$ <u>64.00</u>
Estimated amount of time needed for Public Hearing: 10 Minutes (Min 5 minutes)
Controversial: YES NO D

Y:\Planning Case Files-Riverside office\GPA00921\GPA00921\_PC\_BOS\_2015\GPA00921\_PC\_Hearing\_Notice.docx

## PROPERTY OWNERS CERTIFICATION FORM

I, VINNIE NGUYEN certify that on 9 2 2015
The attached property owners list was prepared by Riverside County GIS,
APN (s) or case numbers <u>CZO7763   GPAO0921</u> For
Company or Individual's Name Planning Department
Distance buffered600 '
Pursuant to application requirements furnished by the Riverside County Planning Department,
Said list is a complete and true compilation of the owners of the subject property and all other
property owners within 600 feet of the property involved, or if that area yields less than 25
different owners, all property owners within a notification area expanded to yield a minimum of
25 different owners, to a maximum notification area of 2,400 feet from the project boundaries,
pased upon the latest equalized assessment rolls. If the project is a subdivision with identified
off-site access/improvements, said list includes a complete and true compilation of the names and
nailing addresses of the owners of all property that is adjacent to the proposed off-site
mprovement/alignment.
further certify that the information filed is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I
inderstand that incorrect or incomplete information may be grounds for rejection or denial of the
pplication.
NAME:Vinnie Nguyen
TTLE GIS Analyst
ADDRESS: 4080 Lemon Street 2 <sup>nd</sup> Floor
Riverside, Ca. 92502
ELEPHONE NUMBER (8 a.m. – 5 p.m.): (951) 955-8158

## CZ07763 / GPA00921 (600 feet buffer)



### **Selected Parcels**

466-370-018			466-370-022	466-390-003	466-380-023	466-392-002	466-210-019	466-391-051	466-370-005
466-380-005	466-220-003	466-380-024	472-010-007	472-010-008	466-390-004	466-382-006	466-370-013	466-372-018	466-370-021
466-370-017	466-391-049	472-020-003	466-381-015	466-391-042	466-370-024	472-010-010	466-392-003	466-391-052	466-391-045
466-370-010	466-391-048	466-380-006	466-391-046	466-370-003	466-380-022	466-392-007	466-220-029	466-380-020	466-382-004
466-380-008	466-370-008	466-220-022	466-372-009	466-380-025	466-370-015	466-391-047	472-020-008	466-390-007	466-220-021
466-370-014	466-370-016	466-382-003	472-010-009	466-210-032	466-210-036	466-370-020	466-381-017		466-392-004
466-370-004	466-370-002	466-390-006	466-391-053	466-392-001	466-370-001	466-391-050	466-380-009	466-382-002	466-391-023
466-392-005								466-381-014	
466-370-009	466-380-021	466-392-008	466-392-006	466-370-006	466-391-044	466-390-005	472-020-001	472-020-002	
466-380-007	466-381-016	466-370-007	466-370-019	466-380-010	466-383-001	466-390-001	466-391-022		.00 0.0 020



Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

ASMT: 466210019, APN: 466210019 MARTHA MONGE, ETAL 30145 GARDNER LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466210020, APN: 466210020 ARLINE WYSCARVER, ETAL 30155 GARDNER LN SUN CITY CA 92584

ASMT: 466210032, APN: 466210032 JV DEV C/O JIM LYTLE 41391 KALMIA ST NO 200 MURRIETA CA 92562

ASMT: 466210036, APN: 466210036 JVRL 220 C/O AMBER MANAGEMENT 29826 HAUN RD NO 305 MENIFEE CA 92584

ASMT: 466220003, APN: 466220003 CALVARY CHAPEL OF MENIFEE 29220 SCOTT RD MENIFEE CA 92584

ASMT: 466220009, APN: 466220009 MARIE MARCELLIN, ETAL C/O MARIE E MARCELLIN 21 S ENCINO RD LAGUNA BEACH CA 92651

ASMT: 466220021, APN: 466220021 DONG KIM, ETAL 32043 CAMINO RABAGO TEMECULA CA 92592 ASMT: 466220022, APN: 466220022 MARK JACKSON, ETAL 32575 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466220029, APN: 466220029 GENE BYONGJIN, ETAL C/O HYUN JAEIHM 1 HEATH WAY S BARRINGTON IL 60010

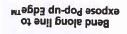
ASMT: 466370001, APN: 466370001 MATT BURNELL, ETAL 32875 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370002, APN: 466370002 LINA GLORE 32855 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370003, APN: 466370003 GRETCHEN DALEY, ETAL 32835 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370004, APN: 466370004 DESIREE HENRY, ETAL 32815 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370005, APN: 466370005 KIMBERLY LYNN, ETAL 32795 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584





ASMT: 466370006, APN: 466370006 JUNE SZUEBER, ETAL C/O JUNE A SZUEBER 32770 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370007, APN: 466370007 LAURA NGUYEN, ETAL 32790 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370008, APN: 466370008 SYLVIA GUTMAN, ETAL 32810 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370009, APN: 466370009 RYAN TIEGS 32830 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370010, APN: 466370010 PAMELA SANICOLA, ETAL 32850 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370011, APN: 466370011 GABRIELLE HENSLEY, ETAL 32870 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370012, APN: 466370012 ROSALYN OMOYELE 32861 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584 ASMT: 466370013, APN: 466370013 DANIEL CARTER 32841 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370014, APN: 466370014 MARILEE MORBO, ETAL 32821 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

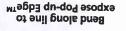
ASMT: 466370015, APN: 466370015 LETICIA AGUAYO, ETAL 32801 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370016, APN: 466370016 MARIA POPP, ETAL 32781 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370017, APN: 466370017 DENISE MIARS 32761 SUSSEX STAKES ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370018, APN: 466370018 DOROTHY AYALA, ETAL 32774 CHERRY HINTON ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370019, APN: 466370019 ELIZABETH CALDERA, ETAL 32794 CHERRY HINTON ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584





ASMT: 466370020, APN: 466370020 ANDREA DIXON, ETAL 32814 CHERRY HINTON ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370021, APN: 466370021 PATRICIA CRUZ, ETAL 32834 CHERRY HINTON ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466370022, APN: 466370022 HOLLY HUMPHREYS, ETAL 31805 TEMECULA PKY NO 378 TEMECULA CA 92592

ASMT: 466370023, APN: 466370023 YU LIN, ETAL 32874 CHERRY HINTON ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466372009, APN: 466372009 ARTHUR HATHAWAY, ETAL 30197 BEESWING CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466372018, APN: 466372018 DANNY STEIDINGER 30198 BEESWING CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466372019, APN: 466372019 CHERYL ZABLOW, ETAL 30193 LORETTA AVE MENIFEE, CA. 92584 ASMT: 466380005, APN: 466380005 SUBRINA NICHOLS, ETAL C/O SUBRINA NICHOLS 30194 LORETTA AVE MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380006, APN: 466380006 REMEDIOS SMALL, ETAL 30214 LORETTA AVE MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380007, APN: 466380007 THAVONE PHETSARATH 30234 LORETTA AVE MENIFEE CA 92584

ASMT: 466380008, APN: 466380008 LOLITA BALLESTEROS, ETAL C/O LOLITA BALLESTEROS 30235 ROYAL HUNT ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380009, APN: 466380009 AMALIA PATINO, ETAL 30215 ROYAL HUNT ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380010, APN: 466380010 VICTOR HERRERA 30195 ROYAL HUNT ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380020, APN: 466380020 JACQUI SHANHOLTZER, ETAL 30196 ROYAL HUNT ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584





ASMT: 466380021, APN: 466380021 SHARON ANDERSON, ETAL 30216 ROYAL HUNT ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380022, APN: 466380022

MICHAEL ADAMS, ETAL 30236 ROYAL HUNT ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380023, APN: 466380023

AUDREY VAN WEEMS 30241 CHEVELEY PARK ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380024, APN: 466380024

LUZ FERNANDEZ, ETAL 30221 CHEVELEY PARK ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466380025, APN: 466380025

JIAQI ZHUANG, ETAL 30181 CHEVELEY PARK ST MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466381014, APN: 466381014

ROSA CANDELA

30180 CHEVELEY PARK ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466381015, APN: 466381015

CHRISTINE FARLAND, ETAL 30200 CHEVELEY PARK ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466381016, APN: 466381016

THERESSIA HOLLIS

30220 CHEVELEY PARK ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466381017, APN: 466381017

DEBORAH MCNEELEY, ETAL

30240 CHEVELEY PARK ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466382001, APN: 466382001

**ANDREW MORALES** 

32650 SUSSEX STAKES ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466382002, APN: 466382002

GAYLE HOBSON, ETAL 32670 SUSSEX STAKES ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466382003, APN: 466382003

DIANE SHIMIZU, ETAL

32690 SUSSEX STAKES ST

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466382004, APN: 466382004

MELISSA TRUAX, ETAL

32695 EL CENTRO LN

MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466382005, APN: 466382005

ERIKA HAWKINS, ETAL

32675 EL CENTRO LN

MENIFEE, CA. 92584





ASMT: 466382006, APN: 466382006 KENDRA DORSEY, ETAL 32655 EL CENTRO LN MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466383001, APN: 466383001 WL HOMES 1628 JOHN F KENNEDY BLVD S PHILADELPHIA PA 19103

ASMT: 466390002, APN: 466390002 BRANDI ROBLES, ETAL 30214 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466390003, APN: 466390003 ASHLEY COLLINS 30202 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466390004, APN: 466390004 LAURIE TURNER, ETAL 30190 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466390005, APN: 466390005 SUZANNE HATHCOCK 30178 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466390006, APN: 466390006 LIST FAMILY 16200 DAVIS RD MORENO VALLEY CA 92555 ASMT: 466390007, APN: 466390007 KATHERINE DAUZ, ETAL 30154 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391022, APN: 466391022 WOODSIDE 05S 11870 PIERCE ST NO 250 RIVERSIDE CA 92505

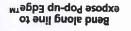
ASMT: 466391023, APN: 466391023 PEGGY JACKSON 30138 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391042, APN: 466391042 JAN ADAMS, ETAL 30155 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391043, APN: 466391043 TERRY KING, ETAL 30167 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391044, APN: 466391044 ROBIN GEERDES, ETAL 30179 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391045, APN: 466391045 MARIA HARO, ETAL 30191 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584





ASMT: 466391046, APN: 466391046 DONNA KATCHADOORIAN, ETAL 15986 SKYRIDGE DR RIVERSIDE CA 92503

ASMT: 466391047, APN: 466391047 KAREN KEELING, ETAL 30215 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391048, APN: 466391048 DONNA MCNAUGHT TORRES, ETAL 30227 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391049, APN: 466391049 CANDICE REED, ETAL 900 CRESTVIEW DR MESQUITE NV 89027

ASMT: 466391050, APN: 466391050 MICHAEL ALBERTS 32950 EDINBOROUGH WAY MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391051, APN: 466391051 BETTY KLEIN 32938 EDINBOROUGH WAY MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466391052, APN: 466391052 JULIETA VINLUAN, ETAL 32926 EDINBOROUGH WAY MENIFEE, CA. 92584 ASMT: 466391053, APN: 466391053 MARIGOLD OWNERS ASSN C/O KEYSTONE COM INC 3088 PIO PICO DR STE 200 CARLSBAD CA 92008

ASMT: 466392001, APN: 466392001 JULIE WILLIS, ETAL 32931 EDINBOROUGH WAY MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392002, APN: 466392002 DOLORES CERAME, ETAL 32943 EDINBOROUGH WAY MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392003, APN: 466392003 ERIC RICE 32955 EDINBOROUGH WAY MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392004, APN: 466392004 ROWENA DOMINGO, ETAL 30186 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392005, APN: 466392005 CHERYL BARTKUS, ETAL 30174 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392006, APN: 466392006 ARMAND ARCHIBEK, ETAL 30162 WALES CT MENIFEE, CA. 92584





ASMT: 466392007, APN: 466392007 HENG ING 30159 WHEMBLY CIR

30159 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392008, APN: 466392008

SARA GRIFFITH 30171 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 466392009, APN: 466392009

DANETTE MOORE, ETAL 30183 WHEMBLY CIR MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 472010007, APN: 472010007 DAVID WRIGHT, ETAL 6203 VARIEL AVE NO 116 WOODLAND HILLS CA 91367

ASMT: 472010008, APN: 472010008 ROBERT CHEN, ETAL C/O KUANGLIEH HAN 3545 HOLMES CIR HACIENDA HEIGHTS CA 91745

ASMT: 472010009, APN: 472010009 JUDITH SCHREIBER 8751 SAILPORT DR HUNTINGTON BEACH CA 92646

ASMT: 472010010, APN: 472010010 EMWD P O BOX 8300 PERRIS CA 92572 ASMT: 472020002, APN: 472020002 TANYA INV C/O JENNIE IPARAGUIRRE 775 N SANDERSON AVE SAN JACINTO CA 92582

ASMT: 472020003, APN: 472020003 ELLEN PETRYCA, ETAL 30515 IPARA RD MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 472020004, APN: 472020004 CYNTHIA COLLINS, ETAL 33095 MERRITT RD MENIFEE, CA. 92584

ASMT: 472020008, APN: 472020008 ANN MCGRATH, ETAL 31265 MURRIETA RD

MENIFEE CA 92584



Dr. Sook P. Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175

GPA00921 – Applicant Dr. Sook P. Choh 4N 680 Ware Woods Dr. St. Charles, IL 60175

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Sens de chargement

Repliez à la hachure afin de révéler le rebord Pop-up<sup>MC</sup>

Rick Engineering c/o Richard O'Neil 1770 Iowa Avenue, Suite 100 Riverside, CA 92507

**GPA00921 – Representative**Rick Engineering c/o Richard O'Neil
1770 Iowa Avenue, Suite 100
Riverside, CA 92507

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Riverside, CA 92507

GPA00921 – Representative
Rick Engineering c/o Richard O'Neil
1770 Iowa Avenue, Suite 100
Riverside, CA 92507

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# RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Steven Weiss, AICP Planning Director

TO: ☐ Office of Planning and Research (OPR) P.O. Box 3044 Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 ☐ County of Riverside County Clerk	FROM: Riverside County Planning Department  4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor P. O. Box 1409 Riverside, CA 92502-1409  38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, California 92211
	e with Section 21152 of the California Public Resources Code.
GPA00921 & CZ07763 Project Title/Case Numbers	
John Hildebrand	(951) 955-1888
County Contact Person	Phone Number
N/A	
State Clearinghouse Number (if submitted to the State Clearinghouse)	
Sook P. Choh Project Applicant	4N 680 Ware Woods Drive, St. Charles, IL 60175 Address
North of Scott Road, south of Wickerd Road, east of El Cen	
ose hear Rulai Residential (R.RR) (5-acre minimum) to M	undation Component from Rural (R) to Community Development (CD), amend the General Plan La Medium Density Residential (CD:MDR) (2-5 du/ac), amend the Estate Density Residential and Rusite from its boundary, and a Change of Zone, to change the Zoning designation from A-1-5 (Li Lon one parcel, totaling 77.7 acres.
made the following determinations regarding that project:	visors, as the lead agency, has approved the above-referenced project on October 21, 2015, and the lead agency of the second sec
<ol> <li>The project WILL NOT have a significant effect on the case.</li> <li>A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION was prepart the independent judgment of the Lead Agency.</li> <li>Mitigation measures WERE made a condition of the ap A Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Plan/Program WAS NOT actions.</li> <li>A statement of Overriding Considerations WAS NOT actions.</li> <li>Findings were made pursuant to the provisions of CEQ.</li> </ol>	ared for the project pursuant to the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act and reflect pproval of the project. VAS NOT adopted. adopted
This is to certify that the earlier EA, with any comments, Planning Department, 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Rivers	, responses, and record of project approval is available to the general public at: Riverside Cou
John Helderand	Project Planner Title
Pate Received for Filing and Posting at OPR:	/ / / /
I	
	'



## RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Steven Weiss, AICP Planning Director

WITIGATED NEGATIVE	DECLARATION
Project/Case Number: <u>GPA00921 and CZ07763</u>	
Based on the Initial Study, it has been determined that the mitigation measures, will not have a significant effect upon	the proposed project, subject to the proposed the environment.
PROJECT DESCRIPTION, LOCATION, AND MITIGATION POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT EFFECTS. (see Environme	TION MEASURES REQUIRED TO AVOID ntal Assessment and Conditions of Approval)
COMPLETED/REVIEWED BY:	
By: John Hildebrand Title: Project Plans	ner Date: August 26, 2015
Applicant/Project Sponsor: Sook P. Choh	Date Submitted: February 14, 2008
ADOPTED BY: Board of Supervisors	
Person Verifying Adoption:	Date:
The Mitigated Negative Declaration may be examined, a study, if any, at:	along with documents referenced in the initia
Riverside County Planning Department 4080 Lemon Street	t, 12th Floor, Riverside, CA 92501
For additional information, please contact John Hildebrand	at (951) 955-1888.
Revised: 10/16/07 Y:\Planning Master Forms\Templates\CEQA Forms\Mitigated Negative Declaration	on.docx
	· L
ease charge deposit fee case#: ZEA41744 ZCFG05093 FOR COUNTY CLERK'S L	JSE ONLY

### COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE SPECIALIZED DEPARTMENT RECEIPT Permit Assistance Center

\* REPRINTED \* R0801285

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38686 El Cerrito Road Palm Desert, CA 92211

Riverside, CA 92502

Murrieta, CA 92563

(760) 863-8277

(951) 955-3200

(951) 600-6100

\* \*

Received from: CHOH DR SOOK P

\$64.00

paid by: CK 1002 & 4302

paid towards: CFG05093

CALIF FISH & GAME: DOC FEE

CFG FOR EA41744

at parcel #:

appl type: CFG3

Feb 06, 2008 MGARDNER posting date Feb 06, 2008 \* \*

Account Code 658353120100208100

Description CF&G TRUST: RECORD FEES

Amount \$64.00

Overpayments of less than \$5.00 will not be refunded!

Additional info at www.rctlma.org

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Riverside, CA 92502 (951) 955-3200

Murrieta, CA 92563

(760) 863-8277

(951) 600-6100

\* \*

Received from: CHOH DR SOOK P

\$2,210.00

paid by: CK 134

paid towards: CFG05093 CALIF FISH & GAME: DOC FEE

CFG FOR EA41744

at parcel #:

appl type: CFG3

By Sep 28, 2015 posting date Sep 28, 2015

\*

Account Code 658353120100208100

Description CF&G TRUST

Amount \$2,210.00

Overpayments of less than \$5.00 will not be refunded!

Additional info at www.rctlma.org