

(5) The Trustee may delegate the duty to execute such instructions to any nonfiduciary agent, which may be an affiliate of the Trustee or any Plan representative.

(6) The Trustee may refuse to comply with any direction from the Participant in the event the Trustee, in its sole and absolute discretion, deems such instructions improper by virtue of applicable law. The Trustee shall not be responsible or liable for any loss or expense which may result from the Trustee's refusal or failure to comply with any directions from the Participant.

(7) Any costs and expenses related to compliance with the Participant's directions shall be borne by the Participant Directed Investment Account, unless paid by the Employer.

(i) At the direction of the Administrator, the Trustee shall have the power to pay benefits required under the Plan to be paid to Participants, or, in the event of their death, to their Beneficiaries;

(ii) The Trustee shall maintain records of receipts and disbursements and furnish to the Employer and/or Administrator for each Plan Year a written annual report per Section 5.06; and

(iii) If there shall be more than one Trustee, they shall act by a majority of their number, but may authorize one or more of them to sign papers on their behalf.

5.02 INVESTMENT POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trustee shall have the following investment powers and duties, which shall be exercisable in the Trustee's sole discretion (if the Trustee is a discretionary Trustee), or at the direction of the Employer, the Administrator, a designated investment manager or a Participant (if the Trustee is a directed, nondiscretionary Trustee):

(a) The Trustee shall, except as otherwise provided in this Plan, invest and reinvest the Trust Fund to keep the Trust Fund invested without distinction between principal and income and in such securities or property, real or personal, wherever situated, as the Trustee shall deem advisable, including, but not limited to, stocks, common or preferred, bonds and other evidences of indebtedness or ownership, and real estate or any interest therein. The Trustee shall at all times in making investments of the Trust Fund consider, among other factors, the short and long-term financial needs of the Plan on the basis of information furnished by the Employer. In making such investments, the Trustee shall not be restricted to securities or other property of the character expressly authorized by the applicable law for trust investments; however, the Trustee shall give due regard to any limitations imposed by the Code so that at all times this Plan may qualify as a qualified Plan and Trust.

(b) The Trustee may employ a bank or trust company pursuant to the terms of its usual and customary bank agency agreement, under which the duties of such bank or trust company shall be of a custodial, clerical and record-keeping nature.

(c) With respect to assets in a Participant's Directed Investment Account, the Participant or Beneficiary shall direct the Trustee with regard to any voting, tender and similar rights associated with the ownership of such assets, (i.e., the "Stock Right(s)") as follows:

(1) Each Participant or Beneficiary shall direct the Trustee to vote or otherwise exercise such Stock Rights in accordance with the provisions, conditions and terms of any such Stock Right(s);

(2) Such directions shall be provided to the Trustee by the Participant or Beneficiary in accordance with the procedure as established by the Administrator. The Trustee shall vote or

otherwise exercise such Stock Right(s) with respect to which it has received directions to do so under this Section; and

(3) To the extent to which a Participant or Beneficiary does not instruct the Trustee to vote or otherwise exercise such Stock Right(s), such Participants or Beneficiaries shall be deemed to have directed the Trustee that such Stock Rights remain nonvoted and unexercised.

(d) The Trustee may from time to time transfer to a common, collective, or pooled trust fund maintained by any corporate Trustee hereunder pursuant to Revenue Ruling 81-100, all or such part of the Trust Fund as the Trustee may deem advisable, and such part or all of the Trust Fund so transferred shall be subject to all the terms and provisions of the common, collective, or pooled trust fund which contemplate the commingling for investment purposes of such trust assets with trust assets of other trusts. The Trustee may withdraw from such common, collective, or pooled trust fund all or such part of the Trust Fund as the Trustee may deem advisable.

(e) Amounts attributable to contributions for Part-time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees pursuant to Section 4.01(e) shall be held in a separate account that is subject to general fiduciary standards, and these amounts shall be credited with the actual earnings of the assets held in such account.

5.03 OTHER POWERS OF THE TRUSTEE

The Trustee, in addition to all powers and authorities under common law, statutory authority and other provisions of this Plan, shall have the following powers and authorities, except as otherwise provided in this Plan, exercisable at the Trustee's sole discretion (if the Trustee is a discretionary trustee), or at the direction of the Employer, the Administrator, or designated investment manager or Participant (if the Trustee is a directed nondiscretionary Trustee):

(a) To purchase, or subscribe for, any securities or other property and to retain the same. In conjunction with the purchase of securities, margin accounts may be opened and maintained;

(b) To sell, exchange, convey, transfer, grant options to purchase, or otherwise dispose of any securities or other property held by the Trustee, by private contract or at public auction. No person dealing with the Trustee shall be bound to see to the application of the purchase money or to inquire into the validity, expediency, or propriety of any such sale or other disposition, with or without advertisement;

(c) To vote upon any stocks, bonds, or other securities; to give general or special proxies or powers of attorney with or without power of substitution; to exercise any conversion privileges, subscription rights or other options, and to make any payments incidental thereto; to oppose, or to consent to, or otherwise participate in, corporate reorganizations or other changes affecting corporate securities, and to delegate discretionary powers, and to pay any assessments or charges in connection therewith; and generally to exercise any of the powers of an owner with respect to stocks, bonds, securities, or other property. However, the Trustee shall not vote proxies relating to securities for which it has not been assigned full investment management responsibilities. In those cases where another party has such investment authority or discretion, the Trustee will deliver all proxies to said party who will then have full responsibility for voting those proxies;

(d) To cause any securities or other property to be registered in the Trustee's own name or in the name of one or more of the Trustee's nominees, and to hold any investments in bearer form, but the books and records of the Trustee shall at all times show that all such investments are part of the Trust Fund;

(e) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Plan in such amount, and upon such terms and conditions, as the Trustee shall deem advisable; and for any sum so borrowed, to issue a promissory note as Trustee, and to secure the repayment thereof by pledging all, or any part, of the Trust Fund; and no person lending money to the Trustee shall be bound to see to the application of the money lent or to inquire into the validity, expediency, or propriety of any borrowing;

(f) To keep such portion of the Trust Fund in cash or cash balances as the Trustee may, from time to time, deem to be in the best interests of the Plan, without liability for interest thereon;

(g) To accept and retain for such time as it may deem advisable any securities or other property received or acquired by it as Trustee hereunder, whether or not such securities or other property would normally be purchased as investments hereunder;

(h) To make, execute, acknowledge, and deliver any and all documents of transfer and conveyance and any and all other instruments that may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the powers herein granted;

(i) To settle, compromise, or submit to arbitration any claims, debts, or damages due or owing to or from the Plan, to commence or defend suits or legal or administrative proceedings, and to represent the Plan in all suits and legal and administrative proceedings;

(j) To employ suitable agents and counsel and to pay their reasonable expenses and compensation, and such agent or counsel may or may not be agent or counsel for the Employer;

(k) To apply for and procure from the Insurer as an investment of the Trust Fund such Contracts as the Administrator shall deem proper; to exercise, at any time or from time to time, whatever rights and privileges may be granted under such Contracts; to collect, receive, and settle for the proceeds of all such Contracts as and when entitled to do so under the provisions thereof;

(l) To invest funds of the Trust in time deposits or savings accounts bearing a reasonable rate of interest in the Trustee's bank;

(m) To invest in Treasury Bills and other forms of United States government obligations;

(n) To sell, purchase and acquire put or call options if the options are traded on and purchased through a national securities exchange registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or, if the options are not traded on a national securities exchange, are guaranteed by a member firm of the New York Stock Exchange;

(o) To deposit monies in federally insured savings accounts or certificates of deposit in banks or savings and loan associations;

(p) To pool all or any of the Trust Fund, from time to time, with assets belonging to any other qualified employee pension benefit trust created by the Employer or any Affiliated Employer, and to commingle such assets and make joint or common investments and carry joint accounts on behalf of this Plan and such other trust or trusts, allocating undivided shares or interests in such investments or accounts or any pooled assets of the two or more trusts in accordance with their respective interests;

(q) To appoint an agent or agents to assist the Trustee in carrying out any investment instructions of Participants and any fiduciary or responsible party;

(r) To do all such acts and exercise all such rights and privileges, although not specifically mentioned herein, as the Trustee may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of the Plan.

(s) To invest in shares of investment companies registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

(t) Directed Investment Account. If elected in the Adoption Agreement, each Participant may direct the Trustee to separate and keep separate all or a portion of such Participant's interest in the Plan; and further each Participant is authorized and empowered, in such Participant's sole and absolute discretion, to give directions to the Trustee in such form as the Trustee may require concerning the

investment of the Participant's Directed Investment Account, which directions must be followed by the Trustee. Neither the Trustee nor any other persons including the Administrator or otherwise shall be under any duty to question any such direction of the Participant or to review any securities or other property, real or personal, or to make any suggestions to the Participant in connection therewith, and the Trustee shall comply as promptly as practicable with directions given by the Participant hereunder. Any such direction may be of a continuing nature or otherwise and may be revoked by the Participant at any time in such form as the Trustee may require. The Trustee may refuse to comply with any direction from the Participant in the event the Trustee, in its sole and absolute discretion, deems such directions improper by virtue of applicable law, and in such event, the Trustee shall not be responsible or liable for any loss or expense which may result. Any costs and expenses related to compliance with the Participant's directions shall be borne by the Participant Directed Investment Account.

Notwithstanding anything hereinabove to the contrary, the Trustee shall not invest any portion of a Participant Directed Investment Account in "collectibles" within the meaning of that term as employed in Code Section 408(m).

5.04 DUTIES OF THE TRUSTEE REGARDING PAYMENTS

At the direction of the Administrator, the Trustee shall, from time to time, in accordance with the terms of the Plan, make payments out of the Plan assets. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any way for the application of such payments.

5.05 TRUSTEE'S COMPENSATION AND EXPENSES AND TAXES

The Trustee shall be paid such reasonable compensation as set forth in the Trustee's fee schedule (if the Trustee has such a schedule) or as agreed upon in writing by the Employer and the Trustee. An individual serving as Trustee who already receives full-time pay from the Employer shall not receive compensation from this Plan. In addition, the Trustee shall be reimbursed for any reasonable expenses, including reasonable counsel fees incurred by it as Trustee. Such compensation and expenses shall be paid from the Trust Fund unless paid or advanced by the Employer. All taxes of any kind and all kinds whatsoever that may be levied or assessed under existing or future laws upon, or in respect of, the Trust Fund or the income thereof, shall be paid from the Trust Fund.

5.06 ANNUAL REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

Within a reasonable period of time after the later of the Anniversary Date or receipt of the Employer's contribution for each Plan Year, the Trustee, or its agent, shall furnish to the Employer and Administrator a written statement of account with respect to the Plan Year for which such contribution was made setting forth:

- (a) the net income, or loss, of the Trust Fund;
- (b) the gains, or losses, realized by the Trust Fund upon sales or other disposition of the assets;
- (c) the increase, or decrease, in the value of the Trust Fund;
- (d) all payments and distributions made from the Trust Fund; and
- (e) such further information as the Trustee and/or Administrator deems appropriate. The Employer, forthwith upon its receipt of each such statement of account, shall acknowledge receipt thereof in writing and advise the Trustee and/or Administrator of its approval or disapproval thereof. Failure by the Employer to disapprove any such statement of account within sixty (60) days after its receipt thereof shall be deemed an approval thereof. The approval by the Employer of any statement of account shall be binding as to all matters embraced therein as between the Employer and the Trustee to the same extent as if the account of the Trustee had been settled by judgment or decree in an action for a judicial settlement of its account in a court of competent jurisdiction in which the Trustee, the Employer and all persons having

or claiming an interest in the Plan were parties; provided, however, that nothing herein contained shall deprive the Trustee of its right to have its accounts judicially settled if the Trustee so desires.

5.07 RESIGNATION, REMOVAL AND SUCCESSION OF TRUSTEE

(a) The Trustee may resign at any time by delivering to the Employer, at least sixty (60) days before its effective date, a written notice of resignation.

(b) The Employer may remove the Trustee by mailing by registered or certified mail, addressed to such Trustee at the Trustee's last known address, at least sixty (60) days before its effective date, a written notice of such Trustee's removal.

(c) Upon the death, resignation, incapacity, or removal of any Trustee, a successor may be appointed by the Employer; and such successor, upon accepting such appointment in writing and delivering same to the Employer, shall, without further act, become vested with all the estate, rights, powers, discretions, and duties of the predecessor with like respect as if such Trustee were originally named as a Trustee herein. Until such a successor is appointed, the remaining Trustee or Trustees shall have full authority to act under the terms of the Plan.

(d) The Employer may designate one or more successors prior to the death, resignation, incapacity, or removal of a Trustee. In the event a successor is so designated by the Employer and accepts such designation, the successor shall, without further act, become vested with all the estate, rights, powers, discretions, and duties of such successor's predecessor with the like effect as if such successor were originally named as Trustee herein immediately upon the death, resignation, incapacity, or removal of the predecessor.

(e) Whenever any Trustee hereunder ceases to serve as such, the Trustee shall furnish to the Employer and Administrator a written statement of account with respect to the portion of the Plan Year during which the individual or entity served as Trustee. This statement shall be either (i) included as part of the annual statement of account for the Plan Year required under Section 5.06 or (ii) set forth in a special statement. Any such special statement of account should be rendered to the Employer no later than the due date of the annual statement of account for the Plan Year. The procedures set forth in Section 5.06 for the approval by the Employer of annual statements of account shall apply to any special statement of account rendered hereunder and approval by the Employer of any such special statement in the manner provided in Section 5.06 shall have the same effect upon the statement as the Employer's approval of an annual statement of account. No successor to the Trustee shall have any duty or responsibility to investigate the acts or transactions of any predecessor who has rendered all statements of account required by Section 5.06 and this subsection.

5.08 TRUSTEE INDEMNIFICATION

To the extent permitted by law, the Employer agrees to indemnify and save harmless the Trustee against any and all claims, losses, damages, expenses and liabilities the Trustee may incur in the exercise and performance of the Trustee's powers and duties hereunder, unless the same are determined to be due to gross negligence or willful misconduct.

5.09 VALUATION OF THE TRUST FUND

The Administrator shall direct the Trustee, as of each Valuation Date, to determine the net worth of the assets comprising the Trust Fund as it exists on the Valuation Date prior to taking into consideration any contribution to be allocated for that Plan Year. In determining such net worth, the Trustee shall value the assets comprising the Trust Fund at their fair market value as of the Valuation Date.

5.10 METHOD OF VALUATION

In determining the fair market value of securities held in the Trust Fund which are listed on a registered stock exchange, the Administrator shall direct the Trustee to value the same at the prices they were last traded on such exchange preceding the close of business on the Valuation Date. If such securities were not traded on the Valuation Date, or if the exchange on which they are traded was not open for business on the Valuation Date, then the securities shall be valued at the prices at which they were last traded prior to the Valuation Date. Any unlisted security held in the Trust Fund shall be valued at its bid price next preceding the close of business on the Valuation Date, which bid price shall be obtained from a registered broker or an investment banker. In determining the fair market value of assets other than securities for which trading or bid prices can be obtained, the Trustee may appraise such assets itself or employ one or more appraisers for that purpose and rely on the values established by such appraiser or appraisers.

5.11 USE OF CUSTODIAL ACCOUNT

In the event that the Employer elects, in Section D.1.b. of the Adoption Agreement, to have all or a portion of the Plan's assets held in trust by a nondiscretionary Trustee, the Employer may, in lieu of or in addition to appointing a Trustee and creating a trust, appoint a bank (as defined in Code Section 408(n)), or another person who meets the requirements for a non-bank custodian under Code Section 401(f)(2), to serve as the custodian ("Custodian") of such assets, and may direct the Custodian to hold such assets in an account ("Custodial Account") that, but for the fact that it is not a trust, would otherwise constitute a qualified trust under Code Section 401(a). If the Employer makes the election described in this Section 5.11, the Custodial Account shall, for all purposes under the Plan, be treated as the Plan's Trust Fund (as described in Section 1.47), and the Custodian shall, for all purposes under the Plan, be treated as the nondiscretionary trustee of such Trust Fund. Consequently, any reference in the Plan to the Trustee shall be treated as a reference to the Custodian of the Custodial Account, and the Custodian shall have all the powers, duties and responsibilities of a nondiscretionary Trustee as set forth under Article V; provided, however, that the Custodian shall not have the power to, and shall not be permitted to, invest the assets of the Trust Fund in a common, collective or pooled trust fund maintained by a corporate Trustee, as described in Section 5.02(d).

ARTICLE VI
DETERMINATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF BENEFITS

6.01 DETERMINATION OF BENEFITS UPON RETIREMENT

Upon the Participant's attainment of Normal Retirement Age or Early Retirement Age, all amounts credited to a Participant's Account shall become fully Vested. However, a Participant may postpone the termination of employment with the Employer to a later date, in which event the participation of such Participant in the Plan, including the right to receive allocations pursuant to Section 4.03, shall continue until such Participant's Retirement Date. Upon a Participant's Retirement Date, or as soon thereafter as is practicable, all amounts credited to such Participant's Account shall be distributable in accordance with Section 6.05.

6.02 DETERMINATION OF BENEFITS UPON DEATH

(a) Upon the death of a Participant before the Participant's Retirement Date or other termination of employment, all amounts credited to such Participant's Account shall, if elected in the Adoption Agreement, become fully Vested. The Administrator shall direct the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable), in accordance with the provisions of Sections 6.06 and 6.07, to distribute the value of the deceased Participant's Vested accounts to the Participant's Beneficiary.

(b) Upon the death of a Former Participant, the Administrator shall direct, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 6.06 and 6.07, the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable), to distribute the value of any remaining Vested amounts credited to the accounts of such deceased Former Participant to such Former Participant's Beneficiary.

(c) The Administrator may require such proper proof of death and such evidence of the right of any person to receive payment of the value of the account of a deceased Participant or Former Participant as the Administrator may deem desirable. The Administrator's determination of death and of the right of any person to receive payment shall be conclusive.

(d) The designation of a Beneficiary shall be made on a form satisfactory to the Administrator. A Participant may at any time revoke a designation of a Beneficiary or change a Beneficiary by filing written notice of such revocation or change with the Administrator. In the event no valid designation of Beneficiary exists at the time of the Participant's death, the death benefit shall be payable to the Participant's estate.

(e) In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Plan and the terms of any Contract issued hereunder, the Plan provisions shall control.

6.03 DETERMINATION OF BENEFITS IN EVENT OF DISABILITY

In the event of a Participant's Total and Permanent Disability prior to the Participant's Retirement Date or other termination of employment, all amounts credited to such Participant's Account shall, if elected in the Adoption Agreement, become fully Vested. In such event, the Administrator, in accordance with the provisions of Sections 6.05 and 6.07, shall direct the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) to distribute to such Participant all Vested amounts credited to such Participant's Account in a manner consistent with Section 6.05, including, but not limited to, all notice requirements of Code Section 402(f).

6.04 DETERMINATION OF BENEFITS UPON TERMINATION

(a) Distribution of the funds due to a Terminated Participant shall be made on the occurrence of an event which would result in the distribution had the Terminated Participant remained in the employ of the Employer (upon the Participant's death, Total and Permanent Disability, or Retirement Date). However, at the election of the Participant, the Administrator shall direct the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) to cause the entire Vested portion of the Terminated Participant's Account to be payable to such

Terminated Participant provided the conditions, if any, set forth in the Adoption Agreement have been satisfied.

Any distribution under this paragraph shall be made in a manner which is consistent with and satisfies the provisions of Section 6.05, including but not limited to, the notice requirements under Code Section 402(f).

(b) The Vested portion of any Participant's Account shall be a percentage of such Participant's Account determined on the basis of the Participant's number of Years of Service (or twelve month Periods of Service if the Elapsed Time Method is elected) according to the vesting schedule specified in the Adoption Agreement. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan to the contrary, contributions for Part-time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees pursuant to Section 4.01(e), Special Pay contributions and Employee non-elective contributions, shall be 100% immediately vested.

(c) Notwithstanding the vesting schedule above, upon any termination of the Plan or in the case of a profit sharing plan the complete discontinuance of contributions to the Plan, all amounts credited to the account of any affected Participant shall become 100% Vested and shall not thereafter be subject to Forfeiture.

(d) If this is an amended or restated Plan, then notwithstanding the vesting schedule specified in the Adoption Agreement, the Vested percentage of a Participant's Account shall not be less than the Vested percentage attained as of the later of the effective date or adoption date of this amendment and restatement. The computation of a Participant's nonforfeitable percentage of such Participant's interest in the Plan shall not be reduced as the result of any direct or indirect amendment to this Article.

(e) This subsection (e) applies if break in service rules have been selected in the Adoption Agreement.

(1) If any Former Participant shall be reemployed by the Employer before a 1-Year Break in Service occurs, the Former Participant shall continue to participate in the Plan in the same manner as if such termination had not occurred.

(2) If any Former Participant shall be reemployed by the Employer, and such Former Participant had received a distribution of the entire Vested interest prior to reemployment, the forfeited account shall not be reinstated.

(3) If any Former Participant is reemployed after a 1-Year Break in Service has occurred, Years of Service (or Periods of Service) shall include Years of Service (or Periods of Service) prior to the 1-Year Break in Service subject to the following rules:

(i) Any Former Participant who under the Plan does not have a nonforfeitable right to any interest in the Plan resulting from Employer contributions shall lose credits if the consecutive 1-Year Breaks in Service equal or exceed the greater of (A) five (5) or (B) the aggregate number of pre-break Years of Service (or Periods of Service);

(ii) After five (5) consecutive 1-Year Breaks in Service, a Former Participant's Vested Account balance attributable to pre-break service shall not be increased as a result of post-break service;

(iii) A Former Participant who is reemployed and who has not had Years of Service (or Periods of Service) before a 1-Year Break in Service disregarded pursuant to (i) above, shall participate in the Plan as of the date of reemployment.

(iv) If a Former Participant completes a Year of Service (a 1-Year Break in

Service previously occurred, but employment had not terminated), the Former Participant shall participate in the Plan retroactively from the first day of the Plan Year during which one (1) Year of Service (or Period of Service) is completed.

(f) In determining Years of Service (or Periods of Service) for purposes of vesting under the Plan, Years of Service (or Periods of Service) shall be excluded as specified in the Adoption Agreement.

6.05 DISTRIBUTION OF BENEFITS

(a) The Trustee (or Insurer) will make Plan distributions in the form of cash except where (1) the Plan is a restated Plan and under the prior Plan, distribution in the form of property (“in-kind distribution”) is a Protected Benefit, or (2) the Employer is terminating the Plan, and in the reasonable judgment of the Administrator, some or all Plan assets may not within a reasonable time for making final distributions of Plan assets, be liquidated to cash or may not be so liquidated without undue loss in value. Under clause (2), the Administrator will direct the Trustee (or Insurer) to make Plan termination distributions to Participants and Beneficiaries in cash, in-kind or in a combination of these forms, in a reasonable and nondiscriminatory manner which may take into account the preferences of the distributees. All in-kind distributions will be made based on the current fair market value of the property, as determined by the Administrator.

(b) The portion of a Participant’s benefit derived from Employer contributions will generally not be paid without the Participant’s consent. If elected in the Adoption Agreement, the Administrator will distribute such benefit in a lump-sum without such Participant’s consent. If any portion of the Participant’s benefit is derived from contributions made for Part-time, Seasonal or Temporary Employees pursuant to Section 4.01(e), no distribution will be made without the Participant’s consent if the Participant’s Vested Interest is greater than the cash-out limit in effect under Code Section 411(a)(11)(A) for the Plan Year which includes the date of distribution. If, in the Adoption Agreement, the Employer elects to distribute a terminated Participant’s Vested account without the Participant’s consent, but only if the Participant’s Vested account balance does not exceed \$1,000, then the value of the Participant’s Vested account shall be determined by including the portion of the account balance that is attributable to rollover contributions (and earnings allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code Sections 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3)(A)(ii), and 457(e)(16).

For distributions on or after March 28, 2005, in the event of a mandatory distribution greater than \$1,000 (but not greater than the cash-out limit in effect under Code Section 411(a)(11)(A)) in accordance with the provisions of this Section 6.05(b) (or any other section of the Plan relating to involuntary distributions), if the Participant does not elect to have such distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the Participant in a direct rollover or to receive the distribution directly, then the Administrator will direct the Trustee (or Insurer) to pay the distribution in a direct rollover to an individual retirement plan designated by the Administrator. In such event, the Administrator shall:

- (1) Select and enter into a written agreement with an IRA service provider that is willing to accept small account distributions as rollovers;
- (2) Select a default IRA investment that meets regulatory requirements;
- (3) Execute the necessary documents to establish an IRA on the Participant’s behalf; and
- (4) Ensure that Participants are provided with a detailed written explanation of the default IRA, including a description of the investment, the fees associated with the IRA, notification that the distribution may be transferred by the Participant to another individual retirement plan, as well as the name, address, and phone number of a plan contact for additional information.

(c) The Participant's consent shall not be required for any distribution required under Section 6.15, below.

(d) Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, distributions shall be made in accordance with Section 6.15 and shall otherwise comply with Code Section 401(a)(9) and the Regulations thereunder.

(e) All Contracts purchased for purposes of the payment of benefits under this Plan shall be non-transferable.

(f) If a distribution is made at a time when a Participant who has not terminated employment is not fully Vested in the Participant's Account and the Participant may increase the Vested percentage in such account:

(1) A separate account shall be established for the Participant's interest in the Plan as of the time of the distribution, and

(2) At any relevant time the Participant's Vested portion of the separate account shall be equal to an amount ("X") determined by the formula:

$$X \text{ equals } P(\text{AB plus } (R \times D)) - (R \times D)$$

For purposes of applying the formula: P is the Vested percentage at the relevant time, AB is the account balance at the relevant time, D is the amount of distribution, R is the ratio of the account balance at the relevant time to the account balance after distribution, and the relevant time is the time at which, under the Plan, the vested percentage in the account cannot increase .

(g) The Administrator, pursuant to the election of the Participant, shall direct the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) to distribute to a Participant or the Participant's Beneficiary any amount to which the Participant or Beneficiary is entitled under the Plan in one or more of the following methods which are permitted pursuant to the Adoption Agreement:

(1) One lump -sum payment in cash;

(2) Payments in monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual cash installments after first having:

(i) purchased a nontransferable annuity Contract for such payment, or,

(ii) if a trustee Plan, segregated the aggregate amount thereof in a separate savings account or certificate of deposit in a bank or savings and loan association, money market certificate or other liquid short-term security. The period over which such payment is to be made shall not extend beyond the Participant's life expectancy (or the life expectancy of the Participant and the Participant's designated Beneficiary);

(3) Payments in the form of an annuity. However, such annuity may not be in any form that will provide for payments over a period extending beyond either the life of the Participant (or the lives of the Participant and the Participant's designated Beneficiary) or the life expectancy.

6.06 DISTRIBUTION OF BENEFITS UPON DEATH

(a) If the Participant dies before his entire Vested Account is distributed to him, his remaining Vested interest in the Plan shall be distributed to his designated Beneficiary by either of the following methods, as elected by the Participant (or, if no election has been made prior to the Participant's

death, by the Participant's Beneficiary) subject to the rules specified in Section 6.06(b) and the selections made in the Adoption Agreement:

- (1) One lump-sum payment in cash;
- (2) In the form of an annuity over the life expectancy of the Participant's Beneficiary.
- (3) In the form of installments. In the event the death benefit is payable in
- (4) installments, then, upon the death of the Participant, the Administrator may direct that the death benefit be segregated and invested separately, and that the funds accumulated in the segregated account be used for the payment of the installments.

(b) Notwithstanding the above, if the Participant's Vested account balance as of the date of death does not exceed the amount selected in the Adoption Agreement (for involuntary distributions), the entire Vested account balance shall be distributed as soon as administratively practicable in a single lump sum subject to the mandatory rollover to IRA provisions of Section 6.05(b). The value of a Participant's Vested account balance shall be determined by including the portion of the account balance that is attributable to rollover contributions (and earnings allocable thereto) within the meaning of Code Sections 402(c), 403(a)(4), 403(b)(8), 408(d)(3)(A)(ii), and 457(e)(16).

(c) Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, distributions upon the death of a Participant shall be made in accordance with Section 6.15 and shall otherwise comply with Code Section 401(a)(9) and the Regulations thereunder.

(d) In the event that less than 100% of a Participant's interest in the Plan is distributed to such Participant's spouse, the portion of the distribution attributable to the Participant's Voluntary Contribution Account shall be in the same proportion that the Participant's Voluntary Contribution Account bears to the Participant's total interest in the Plan.

6.07 TIME OF SEGREGATION OR DISTRIBUTION

Except as limited by Sections 6.05 and 6.06, whenever the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) is to make a distribution or commence a series of payments on or as of an Anniversary Date, the distribution or series of payments may be made or begun on such date or as soon thereafter as is practicable.

6.08 DISTRIBUTION FOR MINOR BENEFICIARY

In the event a distribution is to be made to a minor Beneficiary, then the Administrator may direct that such distribution be paid to the legal guardian or to the custodian for such Beneficiary under the applicable state Uniform Transfers (Gifts) to Minors Act, if such is permitted by the laws of the state in which said Beneficiary resides. Such a payment to the legal guardian or custodian of a minor Beneficiary shall fully discharge the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable), Employer, and Plan from further liability on account thereof.

6.09 LOCATION OF PARTICIPANT OR BENEFICIARY UNKNOWN

In the event that all, or any portion, of the distribution payable to a Participant or Beneficiary hereunder shall, at the later of the Participant's attainment of age 62 or Normal Retirement Age, remain unpaid solely by reason of the inability of the Administrator to ascertain the whereabouts of such Participant or Beneficiary, the amount so distributable may, in the sole discretion of the Administrator, either be treated as a Forfeiture or be paid directly to an individual retirement account described in Code §408(a) or an individual retirement annuity described in Code §408(b). In addition, if the Plan provides for mandatory distributions, and the amount to be distributed to a Participant or Beneficiary does not exceed \$1,000, then the amount distributable may, in the sole discretion of the Administrator, either be treated as a Forfeiture or be paid directly to an individual retirement account described in

Code §408(a) or an individual retirement annuity described in Code §408(b) at the time it is determined that the whereabouts of the Participant or the Participant's Beneficiary cannot be ascertained. In the event a Participant or Beneficiary is located subsequent to the Forfeiture, such benefit shall be restored, first from Forfeitures, if any, and then from an additional Employer contribution, if necessary. Upon Plan termination, the portion of the distributable amount that is an "eligible rollover distribution," as defined in Section 6.14(b)(1), may be paid directly to an individual retirement account described in Code §408(a) or an individual retirement annuity described in Code §408(b). However, regardless of the preceding, a benefit that is lost by reason of escheat under applicable state law is not treated as a Forfeiture for purposes of this Section nor as an impermissible forfeiture under the Code.

6.10 IN-SERVICE DISTRIBUTION

For Profit Sharing Plans, if elected in the Adoption Agreement, at such time as the conditions specified in the Adoption Agreement have been satisfied, the Administrator, at the election of the Participant, shall direct the distribution of up to the entire amount then credited to the accounts maintained on behalf of the Participant. However, no such distribution from the Participant's Account shall occur prior to 100% Vesting. In the event that the Administrator makes such a distribution, the Participant shall continue to be eligible to participate in the Plan on the same basis as any other Employee. Any distribution made pursuant to this section shall be made in a manner consistent with Section 6.05, including, but not limited to, the notice requirements of Code Section 402(f) and the Regulations thereunder. The provisions of the paragraph shall not apply to contributions made pursuant to Section G.3.b. of the Adoption Agreement on behalf of Part-time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees.

Except as provided in the following paragraph, to the extent that any optional form of benefit under this Plan permits a distribution prior to the Participant's retirement, death, Total and Permanent Disability, or severance from employment, and prior to Plan termination, the optional form of benefit is not available with respect to benefits attributable to assets (including the post-transfer earnings thereon) and liabilities that are transferred, within the meaning of Code Section 414(l), to this Plan from a Money Purchase Pension Plan qualified under Code Section 401(a) (other than any portion of those assets and liabilities attributable to voluntary Employee contributions).

If elected in the Adoption Agreement, then beginning as of the date specified in the Adoption Agreement, if the Plan is a money purchase pension plan (or a profit sharing plan that has received a transfer of assets from a pension plan), a Participant who has attained age 62, but has not separated from employment, may elect to receive a distribution of up to 100% of the Vested portion of the Participant's Account (or, in the case of a transferee plan, of up to the entire amount attributable to such transferred assets).

6.11 ADVANCE DISTRIBUTION FOR HARDSHIP

(a) For Profit Sharing Plans, if elected in the Adoption Agreement, the Administrator, at the election of the Participant, shall direct the distribution to any Participant in any one Plan Year up to the lesser of 100% of the Participant's Account valued as of the last Anniversary Date or other Valuation Date or the amount necessary to satisfy the immediate and heavy financial need of the Participant. Any distribution made pursuant to this section shall be deemed to be made as of the first day of the Plan Year or, if later, the Valuation Date immediately preceding the date of distribution, and the account from which the distribution is made shall be reduced accordingly. Withdrawal under this section shall be authorized only if the distribution is on account of:

- (1) Medical expenses described in Code Section 213(d) incurred by the Participant, the Participant's spouse, or any of the Participant's dependents (as defined in Code Section 152) or expenses necessary for these persons to obtain medical care;
- (2) The purchase (excluding mortgage payments) of a principal residence for the Participant;
- (3) Funeral expenses for a member of the Participant's family;

(4) Payment of tuition and related educational fees for the next twelve (12) months of post-secondary education for the Participant, the Participant's spouse, children, or dependents;

(5) The need to prevent the eviction of the Participant from the Participant's principal residence or foreclosure on the mortgage of the Participant's principal residence: or

(6) Expenses for the repair of damage to the Participant's principal residence that would qualify for the casualty deduction under Code Section 165 (determined without regard to whether the loss exceeds 10% of adjusted gross income).

(b) No such distribution shall be made from the Participant's Account until such account has become fully Vested.

(c) Any distribution made pursuant to this section shall be made in a manner which is consistent with and satisfies the provisions of Section 6.05, including, but not limited to, all notice requirements of Code Section 402(f).

(d) The provisions of the paragraph shall not apply to contributions made pursuant to Section G.3.b. of the Adoption Agreement on behalf of Part-time, Seasonal and Temporary Employees.

(e) Unless otherwise elected in the Adoption Agreement, then effective as of August 17, 2006, a Participant's hardship event, for purposes of the Plan's hardship distribution provisions, includes an immediate and heavy financial need of the Participant's primary Beneficiary under the Plan, that would constitute a hardship event if it occurred with respect to the Participant's spouse or dependent as defined under Code Section 152 (such hardship events being limited to educational expenses, funeral expenses and certain medical expenses). For purposes of this subparagraph (e), a Participant's "primary Beneficiary under the Plan" is an individual who is named as a Beneficiary under the Plan and has an unconditional right to all or a portion of the Participant's account balance under the Plan upon the Participant's death.

6.12 QUALIFIED RESERVIST DISTRIBUTIONS

If elected in the Adoption Agreement, then effective as of the date specified in the Adoption Agreement, the Plan permits a Participant to elect a Qualified Reservist Distribution, as defined in this Section 6.12.

A "Qualified Reservist Distribution" is any distribution to an individual who is ordered or called to active duty after September 11, 2001, if: (i) the distribution is from amounts attributable to elective deferrals in a 401(k) plan; (ii) the individual was (by reason of being a member of a reserve component, as defined in Section 101 of Title 37, United States Code) ordered or called to active duty for a period in excess of 179 days or for an indefinite period; and (iii) the Plan makes the distribution during the period beginning on the date of such order or call, and ending at the close of the active duty period.

6.13 LIMITATIONS ON BENEFITS AND DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER DOMESTIC RELATIONS ORDERS

All rights and benefits, including elections, provided to a Participant in this Plan shall be subject to the rights afforded to any "alternate payee" under a "domestic relations order" ("DRO") as defined in Code Section 414(p). Furthermore, if elected in the Adoption Agreement, a distribution to an "alternate payee" shall be permitted if such distribution is authorized by a DRO, even if the affected Participant is not yet entitled to a distribution under the terms of the Plan.

Effective April 6, 2007, a domestic relations order will not fail to be a DRO: (i) solely because the order is issued after, or revises, another domestic relations order or DRO; or (ii) solely because of the time at which the order is issued, including issuance after the annuity starting date or after the Participant's death. Such a domestic relations order is subject to the same requirements and protections that apply to DROs.

6.14 DIRECT ROLLOVER

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Section, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Administrator, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover.

(b) An eligible rollover distribution is any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten (10) years or more; any distribution that is required under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code; or any distribution which is made on account of hardship. However, the portion of any eligible rollover distribution that consists of after-tax employee contributions which are not includible in gross income may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not so includible.

(c) An eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account described in Section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in Section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in Section 403(a) of the Code or a qualified trust described in Section 401(a) of the Code, or an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Code that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. An eligible retirement plan shall also mean an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this plan. This definition of eligible retirement plan shall also apply in the case of a distribution to a surviving spouse, or to a spouse or former spouse who is the alternative payee under a domestic relations order.

(d) A distributee includes a Participant or Former Participant. In addition, the Participant's or Former Participant's surviving spouse and the Participant's or Former Participant's spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a domestic relations order, as defined in Code Section 414(p), are distributees with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse.

(e) A direct rollover is a payment by the Plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee.

(f) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, a Participant may elect to transfer employee (after-tax) or Roth elective deferral contributions by means of a direct rollover to a qualified plan or to a 403(b) plan that agrees to account separately for amounts so transferred, including accounting separately for the portion of such distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not includible in gross income.

(g) For distributions after December 31, 2009, and unless otherwise elected in the Adoption Agreement, for distributions between January 1, 2007 and December 31, 2009, a non-spouse Beneficiary who is a "designated beneficiary" under Code Section 401(a)(9)(E) and the regulations thereunder, by a direct trustee-to-trustee transfer ("direct rollover"), may roll over all or any portion of his or her distribution to an individual retirement account the Beneficiary establishes for purposes of receiving the distribution. In order to be able to roll over the distribution, the distribution otherwise must satisfy the definition of an eligible rollover distribution. For purposes of this paragraph, the following additional provisions shall apply:

(1) Although a non-spouse Beneficiary may roll over directly a distribution as provided in this subsection (g), any distribution made prior to January 1, 2010 is not subject to the

direct rollover requirements of Code Section 401(a)(31) (including Code Section 401(a)(31)(B), the notice requirements of Code Section 402(f) or the mandatory withholding requirements of Code Section 3405(c)). If a non-spouse Beneficiary receives a distribution from the Plan, the distribution is not eligible for a "60-day" rollover.

(2) If the Participant's named Beneficiary is a trust, the Plan may make a direct rollover to an individual retirement account on behalf of the trust, provided the trust satisfies the requirements to be a designated beneficiary within the meaning of Code Section 401(a)(9)(E).

(3) A non-spouse Beneficiary may not roll over an amount which is a required minimum distribution, as determined under applicable Treasury regulations and other Revenue Service guidance. If the Participant dies before his or her required beginning date and the non-spouse Beneficiary rolls over to an IRA the maximum amount for rollover, the beneficiary may elect to use either the 5-year rule or the life expectancy rule, pursuant to Treas. Reg. Section 1.401(a)(9)-3, A-4(c), in determining the required minimum distributions from the IRA that receives the non-spouse beneficiary's distribution.

(h) For distributions made after December 31, 2007, a Participant may elect to roll over directly an eligible rollover distribution to a Roth IRA described in Code Section 408A(b).

6.15 REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Subsection (g) below, the provisions of this section will apply for purposes of determining required minimum distributions for calendar years beginning with the 2003 calendar year. The requirements of this section will take precedence over any inconsistent provisions of the Plan. All distributions required under this section will be determined and made in accordance with the Regulations under Section 401(a)(9) and the minimum distribution incidental benefit requirement of Section 401(a)(9)(G) of the Code. Notwithstanding the other provisions of this section, distributions may be made under a designation made before January 1, 1984, in accordance with Section 242(b)(2) of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act (TEFRA) and the provisions of the plan that relate to Section 242(b)(2) of TEFRA.

(b) The Participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, to the Participant no later than the Participant's required beginning date. If the Participant dies before distributions begin, the Participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, no later than as follows:

(1) If the Participant's surviving spouse is the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary, then except as provided in subsection (f), below, distributions to the surviving spouse will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Participant died, or by December 31 of the calendar year in which the Participant would have attained age 70-1/2, if later.

(2) If the Participant's surviving spouse is not the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary, then except as provided in subsection (f), below, distributions to the designated Beneficiary will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the Participant died.

(3) If there is no designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the Participant's death, the Participant's entire interest will be distributed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Participant's death.

(4) If the Participant's surviving spouse is the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary and the surviving spouse dies after the Participant but before distributions to the

surviving spouse begin, this subsection (b), other than paragraph (b)(1), will apply as if the surviving spouse were the Participant.

For purposes of this subsection (b) and subsection (d), unless paragraph (b)(4) applies, distributions are considered to begin on the Participant's required beginning date. If paragraph (b)(4) applies, distributions are considered to begin on the date distributions are required to begin to the surviving spouse under paragraph (b)(1). If distributions under an annuity purchased from an insurance company irrevocably commence to the Participant before the Participant's required beginning date (or to the Participant's surviving spouse before the date distributions are required to begin to the surviving spouse under paragraph (b)(1)), the date distributions are considered to begin is the date distributions actually commence.

Unless the Participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company or in a single sum on or before the required beginning date, as of the first distribution calendar year distributions will be made in accordance with subsections (c) and (d) of this section. If the Participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company, distributions thereunder will be made in accordance with the requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and the Regulations.

(c) During the Participant's lifetime, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each distribution calendar year is the lesser of:

(1) the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's account balance by the distribution period in the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9, Q&A-2 of the Regulations, using the Participant's age as of the Participant's birthday in the distribution calendar year; or

(2) if the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary for the distribution calendar year is the Participant's spouse, the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's account balance by the number in the Joint and Last Survivor Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9, Q&A-3 of the Regulations, using the Participant's and spouse's attained ages as of the Participant's and spouse's birthdays in the distribution calendar year.

Required minimum distributions will be determined under this subsection (c) beginning with the first distribution calendar year and up to and including the distribution calendar year that includes the Participant's date of death.

(d) (1) If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is a designated Beneficiary, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each distribution calendar year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's account balance by the longer of the remaining life expectancy of the Participant or the remaining life expectancy of the Participant's designated Beneficiary, determined as follows:

(i) The Participant's remaining life expectancy is calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.

(ii) If the Participant's surviving spouse is the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary, the remaining life expectancy of the surviving spouse is calculated for each distribution calendar year after the year of the Participant's death using the surviving spouse's age as of the spouse's birthday in that year. For distribution calendar years after the year of the surviving spouse's death, the remaining life expectancy of the surviving spouse is calculated using the age of the surviving spouse as of the spouse's birthday in the calendar year of the spouse's death, reduced by one for each subsequent calendar year.

(iii) If the Participant's surviving spouse is not the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary, the designated Beneficiary's remaining life expectancy is calculated using the age of the Beneficiary in the year following the year of the Participant's death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.

(2) If the Participant dies on or after the date distributions begin and there is no designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year after the year of the Participant's death, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each distribution calendar year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's account balance by the Participant's remaining life expectancy calculated using the age of the Participant in the year of death, reduced by one for each subsequent year.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (f) below, if the Participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is a designated Beneficiary, the minimum amount that will be distributed for each distribution calendar year after the year of the Participant's death is the quotient obtained by dividing the Participant's account balance by the remaining life expectancy of the Participant's designated Beneficiary, determined as provided in paragraphs (d)(1) and (d)(2).

(4) If the Participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is no designated Beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the Participant's death, distribution of the Participant's entire interest will be completed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the Participant's death.

(5) If the Participant dies before the date distributions begin, the Participant's surviving spouse is the Participant's sole designated Beneficiary, and the surviving spouse dies before distributions are required to begin to the surviving spouse under paragraph (b)(1), paragraphs (d)(3) – (5) will apply as if the surviving spouse were the Participant.

(e) Definitions.

(1) "Designated Beneficiary" means the individual who is designated as the Beneficiary under Section 6.02 of the Plan and is the designated Beneficiary under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and Section 1.401(a)(9)-4 of the Regulations.

(2) "Distribution calendar year" means a calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the Participant's death, the first distribution calendar year is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year which contains the Participant's required beginning date. For distributions beginning after the Participant's death, the first distribution calendar year is the calendar year in which distributions are required to begin under subsection (b). The required minimum distribution for the Participant's first distribution calendar year will be made on or before the Participant's required beginning date. The required minimum distribution for other distribution calendar years, including the required minimum distribution for the distribution calendar year in which the Participant's required beginning date occurs, will be made on or before December 31 of that distribution calendar year.

(3) "Life expectancy" means life expectancy as computed by use of the Single Life Table in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9, Q&A-1 of the Regulations.

(4) "Participant's account balance" means the account balance as of the last valuation date in the calendar year immediately preceding the distribution calendar year (valuation calendar year) increased by the amount of any contributions made and allocated or forfeitures allocated to the account balance as of dates in the valuation calendar year after the valuation date and decreased by distributions made in the valuation calendar year after the valuation date. The

account balance for the valuation calendar year includes any amounts rolled over or transferred to the plan either in the valuation calendar year or in the distribution calendar year if distributed or transferred in the valuation calendar year.

(5) "Required beginning date" means April 1st of the calendar year following the later of:

- (i) the calendar year in which the Participant attains age 70-1/2; or
- (ii) the calendar year in which the Participant retires.

(f) For purposes of paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2) and (d)(3) of this Section 6.15, Participants or beneficiaries may elect on an individual basis whether the 5-year rule or the life expectancy rule applies to distributions after the death of a Participant who has a designated Beneficiary. The election must be made no later than the earlier of September 30 of the calendar year in which distribution would be required to begin under paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2), or by September 30 of the calendar year which contains the fifth anniversary of the Participant's (or, if applicable, the surviving spouse's) death. If neither the Participant nor the beneficiary makes an election under this paragraph, distributions will be made in accordance with paragraphs (b)(1) or (b)(2) and (d)(3).

6.16 WAIVER OF 2009 REQUIRED MINIMUM DISTRIBUTIONS

(a) This subsection (a) applies unless the Employer elects (in the Adoption Agreement) to apply the provisions of subsection (b) or (c), below. Notwithstanding the provisions of Code Section 401(a)(9)(H), a Participant or Beneficiary who would have been required to receive required minimum distributions for 2009 but for the enactment of Code Section 401(a)(9)(H) ("2009 RMDs"), and who would have satisfied that requirement by receiving distributions that are one or more payments in a series of installments (that include 2009 RMDs), will continue to receive those distributions for 2009 unless the Participant or Beneficiary chooses not to receive such distributions. Participants and Beneficiaries described in the preceding sentence will be given the opportunity to elect not to receive the distributions that include 2009 RMDs. For all other Participants and Beneficiaries, the requirement to receive the 2009 RMD shall be suspended in accordance with Code Section 401(a)(9)(H).

(b) This subsection (b) applies if the Employer so elects in the Adoption Agreement. Notwithstanding the provisions of Code Section 401(a)(9)(H), a Participant or Beneficiary who would have been required to receive required minimum distributions for 2009 but for the enactment of Code Section 401(a)(9)(H) ("2009 RMDs"), and who would have satisfied that requirement by receiving distributions that are either (1) equal to the 2009 RMDs or (2) one or more payments in a series of installments (that include 2009 RMDs), will receive those distributions for 2009 unless the Participant or Beneficiary chooses not to receive such distributions. Participants and Beneficiaries described in the preceding sentence will be given the opportunity to elect to stop receiving the distributions described in the preceding sentence.

(c) This subsection (c) applies if the Employer so elects in the Adoption Agreement. Notwithstanding the provisions of Code Section 401(a)(9)(H), a Participant or Beneficiary who would have been required to receive required minimum distributions for 2009 but for the enactment of Code Section 401(a)(9)(H) ("2009 RMDs"), and who would have satisfied that requirement by receiving distributions that are either (1) equal to the 2009 RMDs or (2) one or more payments in a series of installments (that include the 2009 RMDs), will receive those distributions for 2009. However, Participants and Beneficiaries receiving installments will be given the opportunity to elect not to receive the distributions that include 2009 RMDs.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of the Plan relating to required minimum distributions under Code Section 401(a)(9), and solely for purposes of applying the direct rollover provisions of the Plan, certain additional distributions in 2009, as elected by the Employer in the Adoption Agreement, will be treated as eligible rollover distributions. If no election is made by the Employer in the Adoption

Agreement, then a direct rollover will be offered only for distributions that would be eligible rollover distributions without regard to Code Section 401(a)(9)(H).

6.17 PARTICIPANT DISTRIBUTION NOTIFICATION

For any distribution notice issued in Plan Years beginning after December 31, 2006, any reference to the 90-day maximum notice period prior to distribution in applying the notice requirements of Code Section 402(f) (the rollover notice) will become 180 days.

ARTICLE VII
AMENDMENT and TERMINATION

7.01 AMENDMENT BY EMPLOYER

(a) The Employer shall have the right at any time to amend the Adoption Agreement, but limited to changes to the choice of options in the Adoption Agreement. The Employer may also add certain IRS sample or model amendments or other required good faith amendments which specifically provide that their adoption will not cause its Plan to be treated as individually designed. The Employer may specify or change the effective date of a provision as permitted under the Plan and correct obvious and unambiguous typographical errors and/or cross-references that merely correct a reference but that do not in any way change the original intended meaning of the provisions. However, no such amendment shall authorize or permit any part of the Plan's assets (other than such part as is required to pay administration expenses) to be used for or diverted to purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of the Participants or their Beneficiaries or estates; no such amendment shall cause any reduction in the account balance of any Participant or cause or permit any portion of the Plan's assets to revert to or become property of the Employer; and no such amendment which affects the rights, duties or responsibilities of the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) and Administrator may be made without the Insurer's (or Trustee's, if applicable) and Administrator's written consent. Any such amendment shall become effective upon delivery of a new duly executed Adoption Agreement, provided that the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) shall, in writing, consent to the terms of such amendment.

(b) Any other amendment of the Plan or the non-elective portions of the Adoption Agreement by the Employer shall result in this Plan's being treated as an individually-designed plan for which the Employer will have to apply to the appropriate key district of the Internal Revenue Service for a determination letter if the Employer wants assurance that the Plan meets the requirements of the Code.

7.02 AMENDMENT BY VOLUME SUBMITTER PRACTITIONER

(a) Effective as of the date of the advisory letter, the Volume Submitter Practitioner may, from time to time, amend the plan (without the Employer's consent) in order to conform the Plan to any requirement for qualification of the Plan (and the related Trust, if applicable) under the sections of the Code applicable to "governmental plans," as defined in Section 414(d) of the Code. Such amendments may address changes in the Code, the related Treasury regulations, revenue rulings, or other statements published by the Internal Revenue Service. The Volume Submitter Practitioner may not amend the Plan in any manner which would modify any election made by the Employer under the Plan without the Employer's written consent. Furthermore, the Volume Submitter Practitioner may not amend the Plan in any manner which would violate the proscriptions of Section 7.01(a), above. The Volume Submitter Practitioner's authority to amend the plan shall cease as of the date the Internal Revenue Service requires the Employer to file a Form 5300 as an individually designed plan because of substantial modifications of the specimen plan. If the Employer is required to obtain a determination letter in order to have reliance (for example, because the Employer has modified the specimen plan), the Volume Submitter Practitioner's authority to amend the Plan shall be conditioned on the Employer's plan being covered by a favorable determination letter.

(b) The Volume Submitter Practitioner shall furnish each adopting Employer with a copy of the approved Plan, copies of any subsequent amendments, and the most recently issued IRS advisory letter. The Volume Submitter Practitioner shall maintain, or have maintained on its behalf, a record of the names, business addresses and taxpayer identification numbers of all Employers that have adopted the Plan, and shall make reasonable and diligent efforts to ensure that adopting Employers have received and are aware of all Plan amendments and that such Employees adopt new documents as necessary. If the Volume Submitter Practitioner reasonably concludes that an Employer's plan may no longer be a qualified plan, the Volume Submitter Practitioner shall (i) notify the Employer accordingly, (ii) advise the Employer about the adverse tax consequences that may result from loss of the plan's qualified status, and (iii) inform the Employer about the availability of the Employee Plans Compliance Resolution System (EPCRS).

7.03 TERMINATION

(a) The Employer shall have the right at any time to terminate the Plan by delivering to the Insurer (or trustee, if applicable) and Administrator advanced written notice of such prospective termination. Upon termination of the Plan or, in the case of a profit sharing plan the complete discontinuance of contributions to the Plan, all amounts credited to the affected Participants' Accounts shall become 100% Vested and shall not thereafter be subject to Forfeiture, and all unallocated amounts, including Forfeitures, shall be allocated to the accounts of all Participants in accordance with the provisions hereof.

(b) Upon the termination of the Plan, the Employer shall direct the distribution of the assets to Participants in a manner which is consistent with and satisfies the provisions of Section 6.05. Distributions to a Participant shall be made in any form otherwise permitted by the Plan.

(c) Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event this is a Money Purchase Plan which provides that Forfeitures must be used to reduce Employer contributions, any Forfeitures which cannot be reallocated may revert to the Employer. However, this provision shall not apply until the end of the fifth calendar year following the date the Plan provision was adopted.

ARTICLE VIII
MISCELLANEOUS

8.01 EMPLOYER ADOPTIONS

(a) Any state or local governmental entity may, with the approval of the Volume Submitter Practitioner, become the Employer hereunder by executing the Adoption Agreement in a form satisfactory to the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) and it shall provide such additional information as the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) may require.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this Plan, the adoption of this Plan by the Employer and the participation of its Participants shall be separate and apart from that of any other employer and its participants hereunder.

8.02 PARTICIPANT'S RIGHTS

This Plan shall not be deemed to constitute a contract between the Employer and any Participant or to be a consideration or an inducement for the employment of any Participant or Employee. Nothing contained in this Plan shall be deemed to give any Participant or Employee the right to be retained in the service of the Employer or to interfere with the right of the Employer to discharge any Participant or Employee at any time regardless of the effect which such discharge shall have upon the Employee as a Participant of this Plan.

8.03 ALIENATION

(a) Subject to the exceptions provided below, no benefit which shall be payable to any person (including a Participant or the Participant's Beneficiary) shall be subject in any manner to anticipation, alienation, sale, transfer, assignment, pledge, encumbrance, or charge, and any attempt to anticipate, alienate, sell, transfer, assign, pledge, encumber, or charge the same shall be void; and no such benefit shall in any manner be liable for, or subject to, the debts, contracts, liabilities, engagements, or torts of any such person, nor shall it be subject to attachment or legal process for or against such person, and the same shall not be recognized except to such extent as may be required by law.

(b) This provision shall not apply to the extent a Participant or Beneficiary is indebted to the Plan by reason of a loan made pursuant to Section 11.01. At the time a distribution is to be made to or for a Participant's or Beneficiary's benefit, such proportion of the amount to be distributed as shall equal such indebtedness shall be paid to the Plan, to apply against or discharge such indebtedness. Prior to making a payment, however, the Participant or Beneficiary must be given written notice by the Administrator that such indebtedness is to be so paid in whole or part from the Participant's Account. If the Participant or Beneficiary does not agree that the indebtedness is a valid claim against the Participant's Vested Account, the Participant or Beneficiary shall be entitled to a review of the validity of the claim in accordance with procedures provided in Sections 2.11 and 2.12.

(c) This provision shall not apply to amounts set aside or otherwise distributed to an "alternate payee" under a "domestic relations order," as defined in Code Section 414(p). The Administrator shall establish a written procedure to administer distributions under such domestic relations orders. Further, to the extent provided under a domestic relations order, a former spouse of a Participant shall be treated as the spouse or surviving spouse for all purposes under the Plan.

(d) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, an offset to a Participant's accrued benefit against an amount that the Participant is ordered or required to pay the Plan with respect to a judgment, order, or decree issued, or a settlement entered into, on or after August 5, 1997, shall be permitted in accordance with Code Section 401(a)(13)(C) and (D).

8.04 CONSTRUCTION OF PLAN

This Plan and Trust shall be construed and enforced according to the Code and the laws of the State or Commonwealth in which the Employer's principal office is located, other than its laws respecting choice of law.

8.05 GENDER AND NUMBER

Wherever any words are used herein in the masculine, feminine or neutral gender, they shall be construed as though they were also used in another gender in all cases where they would so apply, and whenever any words are used herein in the singular or plural form, they shall be construed as though they were also used in the other form in all cases where they would so apply.

8.06 LEGAL ACTION

In the event any claim, suit, or proceeding is brought regarding the Plan established hereunder to which the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) or the Administrator may be a party, and such claim, suit, or proceeding is resolved in favor of the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) or Administrator, they shall be entitled to be reimbursed from the Plan assets for any and all costs, attorney's fees, and other expenses pertaining thereto incurred for which the Insurer (or Trustee) or the Administrator shall have become liable.

8.07 PROHIBITION AGAINST DIVERSION OF FUNDS

(a) Except as provided below and otherwise specifically permitted by law, it shall be impossible by operation of the Plan (or of the Trust, if any) by termination of either, by power of revocation or amendment, by the happening of any contingency, by collateral arrangement or by any other means, for any part of the corpus or income of any Plan assets maintained pursuant to the Plan or any funds contributed thereto to be used for, or diverted to, purposes other than the exclusive benefit of Participants, Retired Participants, or their Beneficiaries.

(b) In the event the Employer shall make a contribution under a mistake of fact, the Employer may demand repayment of such contribution at any time within one (1) year following the time of payment and the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) shall return such amount to the Employer within the one (1) year period. Earnings of the Plan attributable to the contributions may not be returned to the Employer but any losses attributable thereto must reduce the amount so returned.

8.08 EMPLOYER'S, ADMINISTRATOR'S AND TRUSTEE'S PROTECTIVE CLAUSE

Neither the Employer nor the Administrator (nor the Trustee, if applicable) nor their successors, shall be responsible for the validity of any Contract issued hereunder or for the failure on the part of the Insurer to make payments provided by any such Contract, or for the action of any person which may delay payment or render a Contract null and void or unenforceable in whole or in part.

8.09 INSURER'S PROTECTIVE CLAUSE

The Insurer who shall issue Contracts hereunder shall not have any responsibility for the validity of this Plan or for the tax or legal aspects of this Plan. The Insurer shall be protected and held harmless in acting in accordance with any written direction of the Employer or Administrator (or Trustee, if applicable), and shall have no duty to see to the application of any funds paid to the Administrator (or Trustee, if applicable), nor be required to question any actions directed by the Employer or Administrator. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Plan and the terms of any Contract issued hereunder, the Plan provisions shall control.

8.10 RECEIPT AND RELEASE FOR PAYMENTS

Any payment to any Participant, the Participant's legal representative, Beneficiary, or to any guardian or committee appointed for such Participant or Beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of this Plan, shall, to the

extent thereof, be in full satisfaction of all claims hereunder against the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) and the Employer, either of whom may require such Participant, legal representative, Beneficiary, guardian or committee, as a condition precedent to such payment, to execute a receipt and release thereof in such form as shall be determined by the Insurer or Employer. Any authorization of, or request for, payment directed to the Insurer shall be signed by the Administrator and/or Participant or Beneficiary.

8.11 ACTION BY THE EMPLOYER

Whenever the Employer under the terms of the Plan is permitted or required to do or perform any act or matter or thing, it shall be done and performed by a person duly authorized by its legally constituted authority.

8.12 RESPONSIBLE PARTIES AND ALLOCATION OF RESPONSIBILITY

(a) The "responsible parties" of this Plan are (1) the Employer, (2) the Administrator and, if there is a discretionary Trustee, the Trustee. The responsible parties shall have only those specific powers, duties, responsibilities, and obligations as are specifically given them under the Plan, including but not limited to any agreement allocating or delegating their responsibilities, the terms of which are incorporated herein by reference. Unless otherwise indicated herein or pursuant to such agreement(s), the Employer shall have the duties specified in Article II hereof, as the same may be allocated or delegated thereunder, including but not limited to the responsibility for making the contributions provided for under Section 4.01, and shall have the authority:

- (1) to appoint and remove the Insurer (or Trustee); and
- (2) to amend or terminate, in whole or in part, the Plan.

(b) The Administrator shall have the responsibility for the administration of the Plan, including but not limited to the items specified in Article II of the Plan, as the same may be allocated or delegated thereunder.

(c) The Trustee (if any) shall have the responsibility of management and control of the Plan assets that are not held in Contracts, including but not limited to the acquisition and disposition of Plan assets except to the extent it shall act under the direction of the Employer, the Administrator, or Participants pursuant to Article II and Article V of the Plan.

Each responsible party warrants that any directions given, information furnished, or action taken by it shall be in accordance with the provisions of the Plan, authorizing or providing for such direction, information or action. Furthermore, each responsible party may rely upon any such direction, information or action of another responsible party as being proper under the Plan, and is not required under the Plan to inquire into the propriety of any such direction, information or action. It is intended under the Plan that each responsible party shall be responsible for the proper exercise of its own powers, duties, responsibilities and obligations under the Plan as specified or allocated hereunder. No responsible party shall guarantee the Plan assets in any manner against investment loss or depreciation in asset value. Any person or group may serve in more than one responsible party capacity.

8.13 HEADINGS

The headings and subheadings of this Plan have been inserted for convenience of reference and are to be ignored in any construction of the provisions hereof.

8.14 APPROVAL BY INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if, pursuant to an application timely filed by or on behalf of the Plan, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue Service or the Commissioner's delegate should determine that the Plan does not initially qualify as a qualified plan under Code Sections 401 and 501, and such determination is

not contested, or if contested, is finally upheld, then if the Plan is a new plan, it shall be void ab initio and all amounts contributed to the Plan, by the Employer, less expenses paid, shall be returned within one year of the date the initial qualification is denied and the Plan shall terminate, and the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) shall be discharged from all further obligations. If the disqualification relates to an amended plan, then the Plan shall operate as if it had not been amended and restated. For purposes of this section, an application is timely filed if filed by such date as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe for plans maintained by governmental employers.

8.15 UNIFORMITY

All provisions of this Plan shall be interpreted and applied in a uniform, nondiscriminatory manner.

ARTICLE IX
PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

9.01 ELECTION TO BECOME A PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, with the consent of the Employer and Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable), any Affiliated Employer that is also a state or local governmental entity may adopt this Plan and all of the provisions hereof, and participate herein and be known as a Participating Employer, by a properly executed document evidencing said intent and will of such Participating Employer.

9.02 REQUIREMENTS OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

(a) Each Participating Employer shall be required to select the same Adoption Agreement provisions as those selected by the Employer other than the Plan Year, the Fiscal Year, and such other items that must, by necessity, vary among employers.

(b) Each such Participating Employer shall be required to use the same Insurer (or Trustee, if a trustee Plan) as provided in this Plan.

(c) The Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) may, but shall not be required to, commingle, hold and invest as one fund all contributions made by Participating Employers, as well as all increments thereof.

(d) The transfer of any Participant from or to an Employer participating in this Plan, regardless of whether the Participant is an Employee of the Employer or a Participating Employer, shall not affect such Participant's rights under the Plan, and all amounts credited to such Participant's Account as well as accumulated service time with the transferor or predecessor, and length of participation in the Plan, shall continue to the credit of such Participant.

(e) Any expenses of the Plan which are to be paid by the Employer shall be paid by each Participating Employer in the same proportion that the total amount standing to the credit of all Participants employed by such Employer bears to the total standing to the credit of all Participants.

9.03 DESIGNATION OF AGENT

Each Participating Employer shall be deemed to be a part of this Plan; provided, however, that with respect to all of its relations with the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) and Administrator for purposes of this Plan, each Participating Employer shall be deemed to have designated irrevocably the Employer as its agent. Unless the context of the Plan clearly indicates the contrary, the word "Employer" shall be deemed to include each Participating Employer as related to its adoption of the Plan.

9.04 EMPLOYEE TRANSFERS

It is anticipated that an Employee may be transferred between Participating Employers, and in the event of any such transfer, accumulated service and eligibility shall be carried with the Employee involved. No such transfer shall effect a termination of employment hereunder, and the Participating Employer to which the Employee is transferred shall thereupon become obligated hereunder with respect to such Employee in the same manner as was the Participating Employer from whom the Employee was transferred.

9.05 PARTICIPATING EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTION AND FORFEITURES

Any contribution or Forfeiture subject to allocation during each Plan Year shall be allocated among all Participants of all Participating Employers in accordance with the provisions of this Plan. On the basis of the information furnished by the Administrator, the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) may keep separate books and records concerning the affairs of each Participating Employer hereunder and as to the accounts and credits of the Employees of each Participating Employer. The Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) may, but need not, register

Contracts so as to evidence that a particular Participating Employer is the interested Employer hereunder, but in the event of an Employee transfer from one Participating Employer to another, the employing Employer shall immediately notify the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) thereof.

9.06 AMENDMENT

This Plan may be amended by the Employer at any time without any action by each and every Participating Employer hereunder. However, the Employer may only amend this Plan with the consent of the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) where such consent is necessary in accordance with the terms of this Plan.

9.07 DISCONTINUANCE OF PARTICIPATION

Any Participating Employer shall be permitted to discontinue or revoke its participation in the Plan at any time. At the time of any such discontinuance or revocation, satisfactory evidence thereof and of any applicable conditions imposed shall be delivered to the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable). The Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) shall thereafter transfer, deliver and assign Contracts and other fund assets allocable to the Participants of such Participating Employer to such new Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) as shall have been designated by such Participating Employer, in the event that it has established a separate pension plan for its Employees. If no successor is designated, the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) shall retain such assets for the Employees of said Participating Employer pursuant to the provisions of Article V hereof. In no such event shall any part of the corpus or income of the fund as it relates to such Participating Employer be used for or diverted for purposes other than for the exclusive benefit of the Employees of such Participating Employer.

9.08 ADMINISTRATOR'S AUTHORITY

The Administrator shall have authority to make any and all necessary rules or regulations, binding upon all Participating Employers and all Participants, to effectuate the purpose of this Article.

ARTICLE X
CONTRACTS
(APPLIES ONLY TO ANNUITY CONTRACTS OR
PORTION OF PLAN FUNDED WITH ANNUITY CONTRACTS)

10.01 PURCHASE OF CONTRACTS

The benefits provided under this Plan may be funded through the purchase of Contracts issued by The Variable Annuity Life Insurance Company (VALIC) or any other authorized Insurer. The provisions of this Article shall apply to any such Contracts which, as determined by the Employer, will not be held by the Trustee. The Employer shall pay within a reasonable period of time all contributions which are made to this Plan to the Insurer for the purchase of such Contracts.

10.02 EMPLOYER DESIGNATED AS OWNER

Each Contract shall designate the Employer as sole owner, with rights reserved to said Employer to exercise those rights or options contained therein that apply to the owner of the Contract. All such Contracts shall be held by the Employer who shall have the power and right to take such actions with respect to such Contracts as shall be in accordance with this Plan for purposes of providing benefits to Participants. The Employer shall be treated as trustee to the extent that the Contracts are treated as trusts pursuant to Code Section 401(f).

10.03 TYPE OF CONTRACT(S)

The Employer shall have the right to determine whether to have fixed or combination fixed and variable Contracts and whether to have group or individual Contracts. The Employer shall base its decision on which Contract(s) would be more beneficial for the Participants and on the administrative tasks imposed by each Contract. Such decision shall be in the sole discretion of the Employer.

10.04 VOTING RIGHTS

The Employer shall solicit and act in accordance with the instructions of the Participant in regard to any voting rights which pertain to a Contract for variable accumulation of benefits. During the accumulation period, Participants will have the right to instruct the Employer with respect to the votes attributable to any Vested interest they have in the Contract. All other votes entitled to be cast during the accumulation period may be cast by the Employer in its sole discretion. During the annuity period, every Participant will have the right to instruct the Employer with respect to all votes attributable to the amount of assets established in the appropriate separate account to meet the annuity obligations related to such Participant. The Insurer will provide all notices and proxy materials to the Employer for distribution to the Participants. The Employer may cast all votes for which instructions were not received in accordance with the Employer's sole discretion.

10.05 CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION

The Insurer shall issue a certificate of participation and/or a Contract, as applicable, to each Participant. Each such certificate of participation shall set forth in substance the benefits or other rights to which such Participant is entitled under the Contract.

10.06 INSURER INDEMNIFICATION

To the extent permitted by law, the Employer agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Insurer against any and all claims, losses, damages, expenses and liabilities the Insurer may incur in the exercise and performance of the Insurer's duties hereunder, unless the same are determined to be due to gross negligence or willful misconduct on the part of the Insurer.

ARTICLE XI
LOANS, AUDITS AND TRANSFERS

11.01 LOANS TO PARTICIPANTS

(a) If specified in the Adoption Agreement, the Administrator (or Trustee, if applicable) may authorize loans to Participants or Beneficiaries under the following circumstances:

- (1) loans shall be made available to all Participants on a reasonably equivalent basis;
- (2) loans shall bear a reasonable rate of interest;
- (3) loans shall be adequately secured;
- (4) loans shall provide for periodic repayment over a reasonable period of time, as defined in subsection (d) below; and
- (5) loans shall not be made for an amount less than the minimum loan amount stated in the Contracts.

(b) Loans shall be evidenced by a legally enforceable agreement that specifies the amount and date of the loan and the repayment schedule. Such agreement must be either:

- (1) in a written paper document or
- (2) in an electronic medium under a system that is accessible to participants, and under which (i) only participants may make the loan request, (ii) participants are provided with an opportunity to review, confirm, modify or rescind their request, and (iii) the participant receives either a written or electronic confirmation of the request.

(c) Loans shall be permitted from all contribution sources, including rollovers.

(d) Loans made pursuant to this section (when added to the outstanding balance of all other loans made by the Plan to the Participant) shall be limited to the lesser of:

- (1) \$50,000 reduced by the excess (if any) of the highest outstanding balance of loans from the Plan to the Participant during the one year period ending on the day before the date on which such loan is made, over the outstanding balance of loans from the Plan to the Participant on the date on which such loan was made, or
- (2) the greater of (i) one-half (1/2) of the present value of the non-forfeitable accrued benefit of the Employee under the Plan, or (ii) \$10,000.

For purposes of this limit, all plans of the Employer shall be considered one plan.

(e) Loans shall provide for level amortization with payments to be made not less frequently than quarterly over a period not to exceed five (5) years. However, loans used to acquire any dwelling unit which, within a reasonable time, is to be used (determined at the time the loan is made) as a principal residence of the Participant shall provide for periodic repayment over a reasonable period of time that may exceed five (5) years. Loan repayments must be suspended under this Plan as permitted under Code Section 414(u)(4).

(f) An assignment or pledge of any portion of a Participant's interest in the Plan and a loan, pledge, or assignment with respect to any Contract purchased under the Plan, shall be treated as a loan under this Section.

(g) Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, if a Participant or Beneficiary defaults on a loan made pursuant to this section that is secured by the Participant's interest in the Plan, then a Participant's interest may be offset by the amount subject to the security to the extent there is a distributable event permitted by the Code or Regulations.

(h) A Participant loan program shall be established which must include, but need not be limited to, the following:

- (1) the identity of the person or positions authorized to administer the Participant loan program;
- (2) a procedure for applying for loans;
- (3) the basis on which loans will be approved or denied;
- (4) limitations, if any, on the types and amounts of loans offered, including what constitutes a hardship or financial need if selected in the Adoption Agreement;
- (5) the procedure under the program for determining a reasonable rate of interest;
- (6) the types of collateral which may secure a Participant loan; and
- (7) the events constituting default and the steps that will be taken to preserve Plan assets.

(i) Such Participant loan program shall be contained in a separate written document. Furthermore, such Participant loan program may be modified or amended in writing from time to time without the necessity of amending this Section. In the event of any conflict between the terms of this Plan and a separate loan program, the terms of the Plan will control.

11.02 TRANSFER OF INTEREST

Notwithstanding any other provision contained in this Plan, the Insurer (or Trustee, if applicable) at the direction of the Administrator may transfer the Vested interest, if any, of a Participant's Account to another trust or Contract forming part of a pension, profit sharing, or stock bonus plan meeting the requirements of Code Section 401(a) or 403(a), provided that the trust or Contract to which such transfers are made permits the transfer to be made.

ARTICLE XII
HEART ACT PROVISIONS

12.01 DEATH BENEFITS

In the case of a death occurring on or after January 1, 2007, if a Participant dies while performing qualified military service (as defined in Code Section 414(u)), the Participant's Beneficiary is entitled to any additional benefits (other than benefit accruals relating to the period of qualified military service) provided under the Plan as if the Participant had resumed employment and then terminated employment on account of death. Moreover, the Plan will credit the Participant's qualified military service as service for vesting purposes, as though the Participant had resumed employment under USERRA immediately prior to the Participant's death.

12.02 BENEFIT ACCRUAL

If the Employer elects in the Adoption Agreement to apply this Section 12.02, then effective as of the date specified in the Adoption Agreement, for benefit accrual purposes, the Plan treats an individual who dies or becomes disabled (as defined under the terms of the Plan) while performing qualified military service with respect to the Employer as if the individual had resumed employment in accordance with the individual's reemployment rights under USERRA, on the day preceding death or disability (as the case may be) and terminated employment on the actual date of death or disability.

The Plan will determine the amount of Employee contributions and the amount of elective deferrals of an individual treated as reemployed under this Section 12.02 for purposes of applying paragraph Code Section 414(u)(8)(C) on the basis of the individual's average actual Employee contributions or elective deferrals for the lesser of: (i) the 12-month period of service with the Employer immediately prior to qualified military service; or (ii) the actual length of continuous service with the Employer.

12.03 DIFFERENTIAL WAGE PAYMENTS

For years beginning after December 31, 2008: (a) an individual receiving a differential wage payment, as defined by Code Section 3401(h)(2), is treated as an employee of the employer making the payment; (b) the differential wage payment is treated as compensation for purposes of Code Section 415(c)(3) and Treasury Reg. Section 1.415(c)-2 (e.g., for purposes of Code Section 415, top-heavy provisions of Code Section 416, determination of highly compensated employees under Code Section 414(q), and applying the 5% gateway requirement under the Code Section 401(a)(4) regulations); and (c) the Plan is not treated as failing to meet the requirements of any provision described in Code Section 414(u)(1)(C) (or corresponding plan provisions, including, but not limited to, Plan provisions related to the ADP or ACP test) by reason of any contribution or benefit which is based on the differential wage payment. The Plan Administrator operationally may determine, for purposes of the provisions described in Code Section 414(u)(1)(C), whether to take into account any deferrals, and if applicable, any matching contributions, attributable to differential wages. Differential wage payments (as described herein) will also be considered Compensation for all Plan purposes unless otherwise elected in the Adoption Agreement.

Subsection 12.03(c) above applies only if all employees of the Employer performing service in the uniformed services described in Code Section 3401(h)(2)(A) are entitled to receive differential wage payments (as defined in Code Section 3401(h)(2)) on reasonably equivalent terms and, if eligible to participate in a retirement plan maintained by the Employer, to make contributions based on the payments on reasonably equivalent terms (taking into account Code Section 410(b)(3), (4), and (5)).

12.04 DEEMED SEVERANCE

Notwithstanding subsection 12.03(a), if a Participant performs service in the uniformed services (as defined in Code Section 414(u)(12)(B)) on active duty for a period of more than 30 days, the Participant will be deemed to have a severance from employment solely for purposes of eligibility for distribution of amounts not subject to Code Section 412. However, the Plan will not distribute such a Participant's account on account of this deemed severance from employment unless (i) the Employer elects in the Adoption Agreement to allow such distributions, and (ii) the

Participant specifically elects to receive a benefit distribution hereunder. If a Participant elects to receive a distribution on account of this deemed severance, then the individual may not make an elective deferral or employee contribution to this Plan (or any other plan of the Employer) during the 6-month period beginning on the date of the distribution. If a Participant would be entitled to a distribution on account of a deemed severance, and a distribution on account of another Plan provision (such as a Qualified Reservist Distribution), then the other Plan provision will control and the 6-month suspension will not apply.