#### Performance graded polymer modified asphalt binder (PG Polymer Modified) is:

Performance Graded Polymer Modified Asphalt Binder a

	Orace Torymer Woodness	Specification Grade			
D	AASHTO Test Method	Grade			
Property	AASH 10 Test Method	PG	PG	PG	
		58-34 PM	64-28 PM	76-22 PM	
	Original Binder				
Flash Point, Minimum °C	T 48	230	230	230	
Solubility, Minimum % b	T 44 <sup>c</sup>	98.5	98.5	98.5	
Viscosity at 135°C, d	T 316				
Maximum, Pa·s		3.0	3.0	3.0	
Dynamic Shear,	T 315				
Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C		58	64	76	
Minimum G*/sin(delta), kPa		1.00	1.00	1.00	
RTFO Test,	T 240				
Mass Loss, Maximum, %		1.00	1.00	1.00	
	RTFO Test Aged Binder				
Dynamic Shear,	T 315				
Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C		58	64	76	
Minimum G*/sin(delta), kPa		2.20	2.20	2.20	
Dynamic Shear,	T 315				
Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C	·	Note e	Note e	Note e	
Maximum (delta), %	·	80	80	80	
Elastic Recovery <sup>f</sup> ,	T 301				
Test Temp., °C		25	25	25	
Minimum recovery, %		75	75	65	
PAV <sup>g</sup> Aging,	R 28				
Temperature, °C		100	100	110	
R	FO Test and PAV Aged B	inder			
Dynamic Shear,	T 315				
Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C		16	22	31	
Maximum G*sin(delta), kPa		5000	5000	5000	
Creep Stiffness,	T 313		<u>-</u>		
Test Temperature, °C		-24	-18	-12	
Maximum S-value, MPa		300	300	300	
Minimum M-value		0.300	0.300	0.300	

#### Notes:

- a. Do not modify PG Polymer Modifier using acid modification.
- b. The Engineer waives this specification if the supplier is a Quality Supplier as defined by the Department's "Certification Program for Suppliers of Asphalt".
- c. The Department allows ASTM D5546 instead of AASHTO T44.
- d. The Engineer waives this specification if the supplier certifies the asphalt binder can be adequately pumped and mixed at temperatures meeting applicable safety standards.
- e. Test temperature is the temperature at which G\*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa. A graph of log G\*/sin(delta) plotted against temperature may be used to determine the test temperature when G\*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa. A graph of (delta) versus temperature may be used to determine delta at the temperature when G\*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa. The Engineer also accepts direct measurement of (delta) at the temperature when G\*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa.
- f. Test without a force ductility clamp may be performed.
- g. "PAV" means Pressurized Aging Vessel.

#### Sampling:

The Contractor shall provide a sampling device in the asphalt feed line connecting the plant storage tanks to the asphalt weighing system or spray bar. The sampling device shall be accessible between 24 and 30 inches above the platform. The Contractor shall provide a receptacle for flushing the sampling device.

The sampling device shall include a valve:

- 1. With a diameter between 1/2 and 3/4 inches;
- 2. Manufactured in a manner that a one-quart sample may be taken slowly at any time during plant operations;
- 3. Maintained in good condition.

The Contractor shall replace failed valves.

In the presence of the Engineer, the Contractor shall take 2 one-quart samples per operating day. The Contractor shall provide round friction top containers with one-quart capacity for storing samples.

#### **Applying Asphalt:**

Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall heat and apply asphalt in conformance with the provisions in Section 93, "Liquid Asphalts" of the Standard Specifications.

Section 39-2.01, "Asphalts" is replaced in its entirety with the followings:

Asphalt binder to be mixed with aggregate shall conform to the provisions in "Asphalts" of these Special Provisions.

The grade of asphalt binder shall be:

PG 64-10 (Inland valleys);

PG 64-16 (South Mountain),

PG 70-10 (Desert)

Liquid asphalt for prime coat shall conform to the provisions in Section 93, "Liquid Asphalts" of the Standard Specifications and shall be the Grade 64-10 unless otherwise designated by the contract item or otherwise specified in these Special Provisions.

Asphaltic emulsion for paint binder (tack coat) shall conform to the provisions in Section 94, "Asphaltic Emulsion" of the Standard Specifications for the rapid-setting or slow-setting type and grade approved by the Engineer.

Section 39-3.01B (1) shall be amended to include:

Aggregate of the 3/4 inch or 1/2 inch maximum size and aggregate for asphalt concrete base shall be separated into 3 or more sizes and each size shall be stored in separate bins.

If 3 sizes are used, one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass the maximum size specified and be retained on a 3/8 inch sieve; one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass a 3/8 inch sieve and be retained on a No. 8 sieve; and one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass a No. 8 sieve.

Aggregate of 3/8 inch maximum size shall be separated into 2 sizes and each size shall be stored in separate bins. One bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass the maximum size specified and be retained on a No. 8 sieve and one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass a No. 8 sieve.

The bin containing the fine material shall not contain more than 15 percent of material retained on the No. 8 sieve. The material in any of the other bins shall not contain more than 15 percent of material passing a No. 8 sieve. Failure to comply with this requirement shall be corrected immediately, and the material in the bins not meeting these requirements shall be re-screened or wasted.

All asphalt concrete for this project shall be supplied from one source unless approved by the Engineer. Said source shall be listed on the Contractors Source of Materials List as required in Section 6 of the Standard Specifications.

Asphaltic emulsion shall be furnished and applied as provided in Section 39-4.02.

Asphalt concrete driveway approaches shall be reconstructed to match existing as directed by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise specified on the plans, asphalt concrete placed on driveways shall be two and a half inches (2 ½") in thickness and will be paid for at the same unit price as for material placed on the roadbed.

In addition to the provisions in Section 39-5.01, "Spreading Equipment" of the Standard Specifications, asphalt paving equipment shall be equipped with automatic screed controls and a sensing device or devices.

When placing asphalt concrete to the lines and grades established by the Engineer, the automatic controls shall control the longitudinal grade and transverse slope of the screed. Grade and slope references shall be furnished, installed, and maintained by the Contractor. The Contractor shall use a ski device with a minimum length of 30 feet or as directed by the Engineer. The ski device shall be a rigid one piece unit and the entire length shall be utilized in activating the sensor.

When placing the initial mat of asphalt concrete on existing pavement, the end of the screed nearest the centerline shall be controlled by a sensor activated by a ski device not less than 30 feet. The end of the screed farthest from centerline shall be controlled by an automatic transverse slope

device set to reproduce the cross slope designated by the Engineer, by a sensor activated by a similar ski device or as directed by the Engineer.

When paving contiguously with previously placed mats, the end of the screed adjacent to the previously placed mat shall be controlled by a sensor that responds to the grade of the previously placed mat and will reproduce the grade in the new mat within a 0.12 inch tolerance. The end of the screed farthest from the previously placed mat shall be controlled in the same way it was controlled when placing the initial mat.

Should the methods and equipment furnished by the Contractor fail to produce a layer of asphalt concrete conforming to the provisions, including straightedge tolerance, of Section 39-6.03, "Compacting" of the Standard Specifications or elsewhere in these Special Provisions, the paving operations shall be discontinued and the Contractor shall modify the equipment or methods, or furnish substitute equipment.

Should the automatic screed controls fail to operate properly during a day's work, the Contractor may manually control the spreading equipment for the remainder of that day. However, the equipment shall be corrected or replaced with alternative automatically controlled equipment conforming to the provisions in this section before starting another day's work.

#### General Criteria For Profiling:

In addition to the straightedge provisions in Section 39-6.03, "Compacting" of the Standard Specifications, asphalt concrete pavement shall conform to the surface tolerances specified herein.

The uppermost layer of asphalt concrete surfacing shall be profiled in the presence of the Engineer using a California Profilograph or equivalent in conformance with California Test 526 and as specified in these Special Provisions.

The California Profilograph or equivalent will not be required for the following areas of the pavement surface but shall conform to the straightedge requirements in Section 39-6.03, "Compacting" of the Standard Specifications:

- 1. Pavement with a total thickness less than 0.24 foot;
- 2. Pavement on horizontal curves with a centerline curve radius of less than 1,000 feet and the pavement within the superelevation transition on those curves;
- 3. Pavement placed in a single lift when required by the Special Provisions;
- 4. Pavement with extensive grade or cross slope correction which does not receive advance leveling operations in conformance with the provisions in Section 39-6.02, "Spreading" of the Standard Specifications;
- 5. Pavement for ramps and connectors with steep grades and high rates of superelevation, as determined by the Engineer;

#### 6. Shoulders and miscellaneous areas.

The Contractor shall conform to California Test 526, except a zero (null) blanking band shall be used for determining the Profile Index. Prior to beginning profiles, the profilograph shall be calibrated in the presence of the Engineer. Two profiles shall be obtained within each traffic lane, 3 feet from and parallel with the edges of the lane.

Pavements profiled shall conform to the following Profile Index requirements:

- 1. Pavement on tangent alignment and pavement on horizontal curves having a centerline curve radius of 2,000 feet or more shall have a Profile Index of 0.16 foot or less for each 330 feet section profiled;
- 2. Pavement on horizontal curves having a centerline curve radius of 1,000 feet or more but less than 2,000 feet, including the pavement within the superelevation transition of these curves, shall have a Profile Index of 0.32 foot or less for each 330 feet section profile;
- 3. Pavement within any 330 feet section, containing high point areas with deviations in excess of 0.025 foot in a length of 25 feet or less, when tested in conformance with the requirements in California Test 526, shall be corrected by the Contractor regardless of the Profile Index.

The Contractor shall complete initial runs of the profilograph prior to opening the pavement to public traffic. If initial profiles can not made prior to opening the pavement to public traffic, the initial runs of the profilograph shall be made the next day that traffic control is permitted for the area to be profiled.

Areas of the top surface of the uppermost layer of asphalt concrete pavement that do not meet the specified surface tolerances shall be brought within tolerance by abrasive grinding.

Abrasive grinding shall be performed to reduce individual deviations in excess of 0.025 foot, and to reduce the Profile Index of the pavement to be within the specified tolerance. Areas which have been subjected to abrasive grinding shall receive a seal coat. Deviations in excess of 0.025 foot which cannot be brought into specified tolerance by abrasive grinding shall be corrected by either (1) removal and replacement or (2) placing an overlay of asphalt concrete. The corrective method for each area shall be selected by the Contractor and shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the corrective work. Replacement or overlay pavement not meeting the specified tolerances shall be corrected by the methods specified above. Corrective work shall be at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall run profilograms on the areas that have received abrasive grinding or corrective work until the final profilograms indicate the Profile Index of the area is within the specified tolerance.

When abrasive grinding is used to bring the top surface of the uppermost layer of asphalt concrete surfacing within the specified surface tolerances, additional abrasive grinding shall be performed as necessary to extend the area ground in each lateral direction so that the lateral limits of grinding are at a constant offset from, and parallel with, the nearest lane line or pavement edge, and in each

longitudinal direction so that the grinding begins and ends at lines normal to the pavement centerline, within a ground area. Ground areas shall be neat rectangular areas of uniform surface appearance.

The original of the final profilograms that indicate the pavement surface is within the Profile Index specified shall become the property of the County and shall be delivered to the Engineer prior to acceptance of the contract.

#### Payment:

Hot Mix Asphalt will be paid for at a unit price per ton as a combined item, including mineral aggregate and asphalt binder in place on the roadbed.

Full compensation for the preparation of existing asphalt concrete pavement for resurfacing including the furnishing and applying asphaltic emulsion (paint binder) shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for Hot Mix Asphalt.

#### **PAINT TRAFFIC STRIPE:**

Painting traffic stripe shall conform to the provisions in Sections 84-1, "General" and 84-3, "Painted Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Traffic striping shall be applied in two coats with airless equipment and shall be performed with a roadliner truck mounted striping machine. Where the configuration or location of a traffic stripe is such that the use of a roadliner truck mounted striping machine is unsuitable, traffic striping and glass spheres may be applied by other methods and equipment approved by the Engineer.

Newly painted traffic striping shall be protected from damage by public traffic or other causes until the paint is thoroughly dry. Any newly painted traffic striping which are damaged as a result of the construction, including wheel markings by public traffic and the construction equipment, shall be repainted by the Contractor and any associated removals shall be performed as called for in these Special Provisions.

The contract price paid per linear foot for Paint Traffic Stripe (2 Coats) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in painting traffic stripe (regardless of the number, widths, and types of individual stripes involved in each traffic stripe) including any necessary cat tracks, dribble lines any layout work, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

#### THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING:

Thermoplastic pavement markings shall conform to the provisions in Sections 84-1, "General," and 84-2, "Thermoplastic Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings," of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

#### Payment:

The contract unit bid price paid per square foot for Thermoplastic Pavement Marking shall be considered as full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and doing all the work necessary to place the pavement markings complete in place and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

# MINOR CONCRETE- CURB AND GUTTER, CROSS-GUTTER, SPANDREL, CURB RAMPS, DRIVEWAY, SIDEWALK:

Concrete curb ramps, cross gutters, spandrels, curb and gutter, driveway, and sidewalk shall be constructed in accordance with the County of Riverside Road Improvement Standards and Specifications and in conformance with Sections 51, 73 and 90 of the Standard Specifications.

Class 2 concrete shall be used for Cross Gutter and spandrel.

Class 3 concrete shall be used for curb and gutter, and curb ramp, driveway, and sidewalk.

Construction of concrete improvements shall include all removal and restoration of the affected irrigation and landscaping, and related work, to return the area adjacent to the new improvements to its original condition and to conform the area to the new improvements.

The area behind and along the concrete improvements shall be filled and compacted with native or select material and graded to match and provide a smooth transition from the edge of the new improvements, to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Preparation of subgrade for the concrete structures shall be done in conformance with the requirements of Section 73-1.02 of the Standard Specifications. Unless otherwise specified, all curbs and gutters will be backfilled as shown on the plans.

Excess material resulting from the excavation of the subgrade shall be disposed of as elsewhere provided in these Special Specifications.

The Contractor is responsible for meeting requirements of all American with Disability Act (ADA).

Construction of sidewalk, curb outlet, driveway, and curb ramps shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1) Removal and disposal of existing sidewalk, curb, and/or curb and gutter, curb outlet, driveway, and existing soil and aggregate as required;

- 2) Establishing grades, and assuring that all grades are met;
- 3) Performing all grading and compaction including all required aggregate import, as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with County Standard 403;
- 4) Construction of new curb ramp, sidewalk, curb, and/or curb and gutter, and curb outlet, driveway;
- 5) All scoring/grooving and required saw cutting;
- 6) Repair of existing asphalt and PCC surfacing;
- 7) Installing 1/2" wide expansion joints;
- 8) All landscaping, and related work, to return the area adjacent to the sidewalk, cur ramps, driveways, driveway approaches, curb and/or curb and gutter to its original condition and to conform the area to the new improvements;

At a minimum, the area from the BCR to ECR shall meet all required ADA standards. Therefore, to conform to existing conditions and/or to achieve the required four-foot level area (maximum of 2.0% crossfall) at the top potion of the curb ramp, it may be necessary to extend the work beyond the BCR/ECR in certain instances.

Driveways shall be constructed as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

With the exception of unimproved driveways and concrete driveway aprons, surfacing for driveways shall consist of a replacement in kind of the existing driveway surfacing, using the contract item material most resembling that in place on the driveway. If there is no item in the contract for a similar material or if a special driveway surfacing is requested by the Engineer, said special surfacing shall be furnished and placed by the Contractor, and the cost thereof will be paid for as extra work as elsewhere provided herein.

Except as noted above, all other driveway work shall be paid for on the basis of the applicable contract item and no additional allowance will be made therefor.

The contract unit bid prices paid per each for Minor Concrete (Curb Ramp) and Minor Concrete (Driveway), per square foot for Minor Concrete (Cross-Gutter and Spandrel) and Minor Concrete (Sidewalk), and per linear foot for Minor Concrete (Curb and Gutter), shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment, including the excavation or placing of suitable fill to prepare the sub-grade, furnishing and placing expansion joint material, materials and tools, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in the construction and complete in place as shown on the plans, or as herein specified, or as directed by the Engineer.

#### **OBSTRUCTIONS:**

Attention is directed to Sections 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities", and 15, "Existing Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Existing utility and privately owned facilities shall be protected in accordance with Section 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property" and these Special Provisions. The Contractor is also responsible to protect those facilities that are to be relocated by others prior to or during construction, and shall protect those facilities in both their existing and their ultimate locations. The Contractor shall cooperate with owners and their Contractors of utility and privately owned facilities, for the relocation of said facilities, in accordance with Section 7-1.14, "Cooperation" of the Standard Specifications.

All water valves and covers, gas valves and covers, sewer manholes, survey monuments, survey markers and any other utility appurtenances shall be protected in place.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the existence of certain underground facilities that may require special precautions be taken by the Contractor to protect the health, safety and welfare of workmen and the public. Facilities requiring special precautions include, but are not limited to: conductors of petroleum products, oxygen, chlorine, and toxic or flammable gases; natural gas in pipe lines greater than 6 inches in diameter or pipe lines operating at pressures greater than 60 psi (gage); underground electric supply system conductors or cables either directly buried or in duct or conduit which do not have concentric neutral conductors or other effectively grounded metal shields or sheaths; and underground electrical conductors with potential to ground of more than 300 volts. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least twenty-four hours prior to performing any work in the vicinity of such facilities.

Attention is directed to the requirements of Government Code Sections 4216-4216.9 pertaining to existing utility facilities.

The Contractor shall assume that every house, building and lot within the project limits has utility service pipes and conductors (laterals), and that utility main and trunk facilities exist within the project limits. The Contractor shall determine if it is warranted to determine the exact location of these utility service laterals and existing main lines, unless directed by the Engineer to pot-hole at specific locations, or as otherwise required herein. The Contractor will not be directly reimbursed for determining the exact location of the utility main lines or services laterals but shall include any compensation for this work in the contract price paid for the various items of work. Any damage to existing main lines or service laterals for which pot-holing was not performed shall be considered damage due to not using reasonable care and the damage shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall conduct his operations with the assumption that underground utility facilities exist within the project limits. The Contractor shall exercise caution and best construction practices for safety and for protection of underground facilities. The approximate locations of underground utility facilities, as shown on the plans, are based on information provided by the respective owners, listed below. The Contractor shall also utilize the markings of the regional notification center (Underground Service Alert), and above-ground utility appurtenances to determine the existence and approximate location of underground utilities.

No excavation shall be made within 4 feet of any underground utilities, as shown on the plans and/or marked by Underground Service Alert, unless and until such utilities have been positively located as to horizontal and vertical position. This requirement applies to all underground electric, natural gas, toxic or flammable gas, chlorine, oxygen or petroleum facilities.

Forty-eight hours prior to beginning construction, the Contractor shall notify the following agencies:

Underground Service Alert	800-227-2600
Southern California Edison Company	909-357-6221
Southern California Gas Company	909-335-7561
Sprint Communication	909-873-8022
Verizon Communications	951-925-6253
Adelphia Communications	951-975-3402
Charter Communication	951-343-5100
Rubidoux Community Services District	951-684-7580
Jurupa Community Service District	951-685-7434
MCI network Services	972-729-6016
Santa Ana Watershed	951-354-4220
AT & T California	714-666-5401
Time Warner Telecom	925-953-7093

#### **Method of Payment**

Full compensation for all costs, including labor, equipment, materials and incidentals, required to comply with the requirements of this section above, including protection of water valves and covers, gas valves and covers, sewer manholes, survey monuments, survey markers and any other utility appurtenances, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### Adjustments to Grade for Obstructions

The Contractor shall adjust to finish grade any valve covers encountered within the project limits, as required, for those utility valves that are provided with slip cans and are adjustable without the replacement of parts or the removal of concrete collars. In cases where the owning utility company insists upon upgrades in the standards, or when additional parts or the removal of concrete collars are required for the adjustment, said adjustment will be the responsibility of the owning utility company.

Communication and coordination with the owning utility company shall be the responsibility of the contractor.

For public safety, traffic shall not be allowed on temporary or permanent pavement until all manholes are either adjusted to grade or otherwise protected, as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall adjust to grade manholes and valves when and as necessary for the protection of the traveling public during construction, and shall coordinate all work on said

facilities with the owning utility companies. This requirement is intended for traffic that is to be allowed on temporary surfaces during the course of construction. Final adjustment to grade will be the responsibility of the owning utility company, except as provided herein.

Said work shall be performed in accordance with Section 15-2.05A, "Frames, Covers, Grates, and Manholes" of the Standard Specifications. Full compensation for adjustment of valve covers shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for asphalt concrete, or applicable items of work in the event that there is no asphalt concrete bid item, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

All existing utility facilities shall be protected from damage by the Contractor's operations.

Unless otherwise provided herein, the owning utility companies will not be obligated to lower their surface utilities (manholes and valve covers) for Contractor's grading, grinding and/or paving operations. The contractor shall lower surface facilities, including manholes and valve covers, to facilitate construction, and the following shall apply:

- 1. Contractor shall coordinate all work with the utility owner.
- 2. Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and shall be responsible for any damage caused to the owner's facilities. If the Contractor observes any pre-existing damage to the utility facilities, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the utility owner of that damage prior to performing additional work on the facility.
- 3. Contractor shall, after removing grade rings and covers, arrange for pickup by, or delivery to, the owner's yard. Any and all concrete collars removed by the Contractor shall become the property of the Contractor, and shall be disposed of as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.
- 4. The Contractor is advised that he is responsible for ensuring that construction materials do not enter the utility owner's facilities. The Contractor shall install traffic bearing steel plates for this purpose, and provide all coordination and transportation necessary. It is recommended that the Contractor request the utility owner to provide such steel plates. If the Contractor provides steel plates, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the utility owner for the return of the steel plates to the Contractor after final adjustment to grade. If the Contractor utilizes utility owner's steel plates, and if the Contract items of work include adjustment to final grade, the Contractor shall return the steel plates to the Utility owner's yard, or as otherwise arranged with the Utility owner.
- 5. Prior to paving or covering the plated utility facility, the Contractor shall tie-out the facility utilizing a method acceptable to the utility owner and provide notes and data of all covered facilities to both the utility owner and the Engineer.
- 6. The Contractor shall notify the utility owner, upon completion of the Contractor's work, when the utility owner may move in to make the final adjustments to grade.

- 7. The requirements for lowering of surface facilities shall not apply to vaults. The Contractor shall notify the utility owner of the need to make adjustments to such major facilities.
- 8. The Contractor is reminded that the utility facilities are owned by public and private utility companies that operate their facilities within public rights of way. The utility owner's preferences with regards to the handling of its facilities shall be complied with to the greatest extent feasible.

#### **Method of Payment**

Full compensation for initial lowering of surface utilities facilities shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for asphalt concrete, or applicable items of work in the event that there is no asphalt concrete bid item, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### **ADJUST MANHOLE TO GRADE:**

Existing utilities cover or valves shall be adjusted to finish grade and new concrete collars poured with materials similar in quality to those in the original structure in accordance with the applicable provisions of Sections 15-2 and 71 of the Standard Specifications, the requirements of the owning utility company and these Special Provisions.

Unless otherwise specified by the owners of the facilities, the Contractor shall provide new manhole covers and frames as necessary for the project. The Contractor shall be responsible to coordinate with the owners to obtain the materials approval.

After the structure frame has been removed, the top of the structure shall be carefully trimmed to provide a suitable foundation for the new material.

Steel plates shall be used as necessary and when directed by the Engineer to prevent asphalt and debris from entering the sewer system.

After completion of the work, the structure covers, frames, grade rings and old concrete collar debris that were removed from the roadbed shall become the property of the Contractor.

Nothing in these Special Provisions shall relieve the Contractor from his responsibilities as provided in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety" of the Standard Specifications.

The contract unit bid price paid per each for Adjust Manhole to Grade shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, for doing all the work involved including the installation of the concrete ring and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

#### **DETECTORS LOOP:**

Detectors shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-5, "Detectors", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Delay timers shall delay calls only during display of the associated red or yellow indications. If a vehicle departs the area of detection prior to expiration of the assigned delay period, the timer shall reset and no call shall be placed upon the controller. During display of the associated green indication, detectors shall operate in the present mode and calls shall not be delayed.

#### <u>Inductive Loops</u>

Detector loops' configuration shall be Type E unless otherwise shown on the construction plan, in the Special Provisions or as directed by the Engineer.

Limit Line detector loop configuration shall be modified Type E with diagonal saw cuts and wire winding conforming to Type D loop configuration.

Detector loops' wire shall be Type 2.

Detector loops' lead-in cable shall be Type B.

Detector loops' curb terminations shall be Type A in accordance with Standard Plans ES-5D. The conduit shall extend 18 inches into the paved roadway.

Loop sealant shall be the Hot-Melt Rubberized Asphalt sealant type, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Loop conductors and sealant shall be installed on the same day the loop slots are cut.

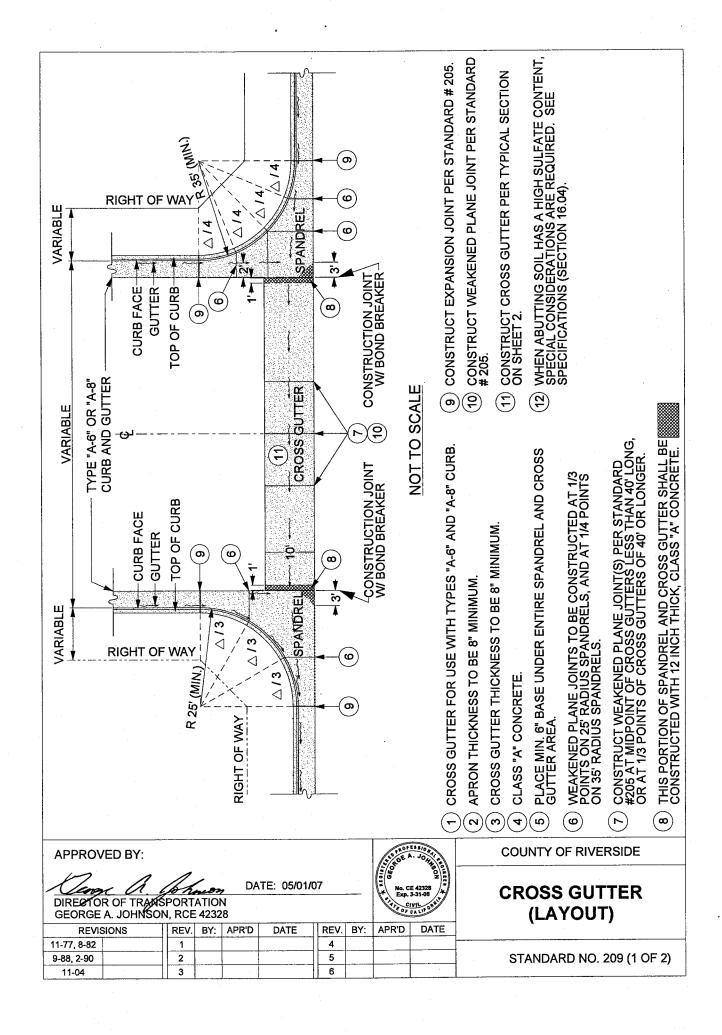
All detector loops shall be tested sequentially by the following methods:

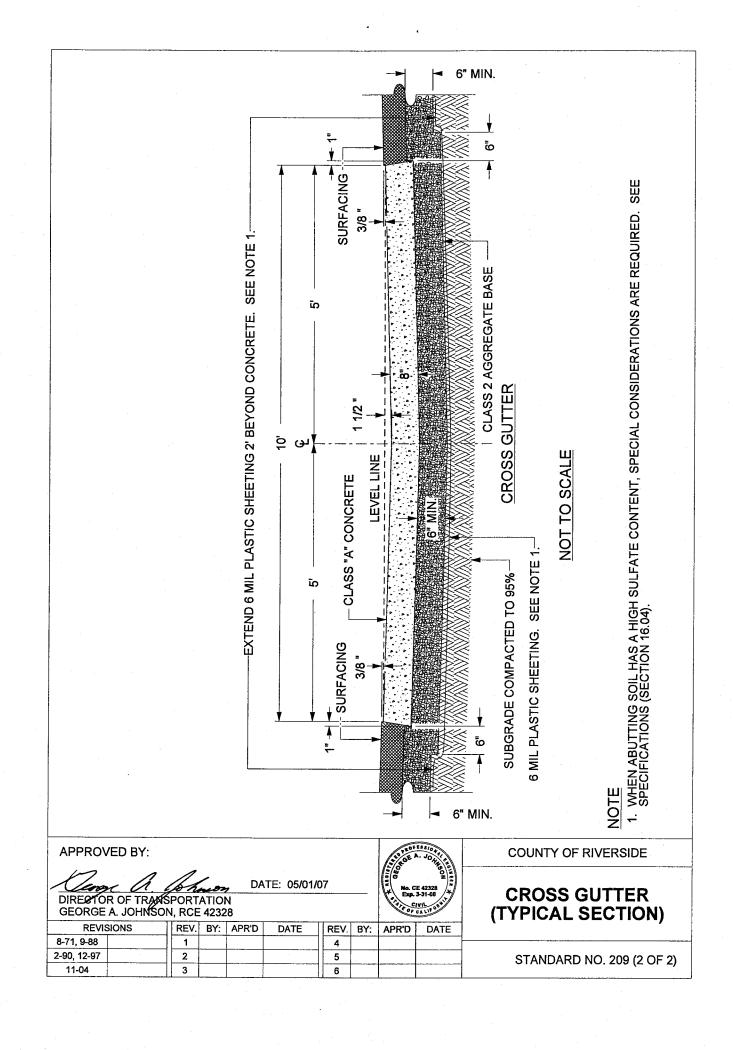
- impedance (measured by megaohms)
- resistance (measured by ohms)
- inductance (measured in microhenries)

#### Payment:

The contract unit bid price paid per each for Detector Loops including the removal and disposal of existing detector loops as shown on the plans and as specified in the special provisions and as directed by the Engineer shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, and equipment and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

REFERENCE DRAWINGS





#### ATTACHMENT C RISK LEVEL 1 REQUIREMENTS

#### A. Effluent Standards

[These requirements are the same as those in the General Permit order.]

- Narrative Risk Level 1 dischargers shall comply with the narrative effluent standards listed below:
  - a. Storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges regulated by this General Permit shall not contain a hazardous substance equal to or in excess of reportable quantities established in 40 C.F.R. §§ 117.3 and 302.4, unless a separate NPDES Permit has been issued to regulate those discharges.
  - b. Dischargers shall minimize or prevent pollutants in storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges through the use of controls, structures, and management practices that achieve BAT for toxic and non-conventional pollutants and BCT for conventional pollutants.
- 2. <u>Numeric</u> Risk Level 1 dischargers are not subject to a numeric effluent standard.

#### B. Good Site Management "Housekeeping"

- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement good site management (i.e., "housekeeping") measures for <u>construction materials</u> that could potentially be a threat to water quality if discharged. At a minimum, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement the following good housekeeping measures:
  - a. Conduct an inventory of the products used and/or expected to be used and the end products that are produced and/or expected to be produced. This does not include materials and equipment that are designed to be outdoors and exposed to environmental conditions (i.e. poles, equipment pads, cabinets, conductors, insulators, bricks, etc.).
  - b. Cover and berm loose stockpiled construction materials that are not actively being used (i.e. soil, spoils, aggregate, fly-ash, stucco, hydrated lime, etc.).

- c. Store chemicals in watertight containers (with appropriate secondary containment to prevent any spillage or leakage) or in a storage shed (completely enclosed).
- d. Minimize exposure of construction materials to precipitation. This does not include materials and equipment that are designed to be outdoors and exposed to environmental conditions (i.e. poles, equipment pads, cabinets, conductors, insulators, bricks, etc.).
- e. Implement BMPs to prevent the off-site tracking of loose construction and landscape materials.
- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement good housekeeping measures for <u>waste management</u>, which, at a minimum, shall consist of the following:
  - a. Prevent disposal of any rinse or wash waters or materials on impervious or pervious site surfaces or into the storm drain system.
  - Ensure the containment of sanitation facilities (e.g., portable toilets) to prevent discharges of pollutants to the storm water drainage system or receiving water.
  - c. Clean or replace sanitation facilities and inspecting them regularly for leaks and spills.
  - d. Cover waste disposal containers at the end of every business day and during a rain event.
  - e. Prevent discharges from waste disposal containers to the storm water drainage system or receiving water.
  - f. Contain and securely protect stockpiled waste material from wind and rain at all times unless actively being used.
  - g. Implement procedures that effectively address hazardous and nonhazardous spills.
  - h. Develop a spill response and implementation element of the SWPPP prior to commencement of construction activities. The SWPPP shall require that:
    - Equipment and materials for cleanup of spills shall be available on site and that spills and leaks shall be cleaned up immediately and disposed of properly; and

- ii. Appropriate spill response personnel are assigned and trained.
- i. Ensure the containment of concrete washout areas and other washout areas that may contain additional pollutants so there is no discharge into the underlying soil and onto the surrounding areas.
- 3. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement good housekeeping for vehicle storage and maintenance, which, at a minimum, shall consist of the following:
  - a. Prevent oil, grease, or fuel to leak in to the ground, storm drains or surface waters.
  - b. Place all equipment or vehicles, which are to be fueled, maintained and stored in a designated area fitted with appropriate BMPs.
  - c. Clean leaks immediately and disposing of leaked materials properly.
- 4. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement good housekeeping for landscape materials, which, at a minimum, shall consist of the following:
  - a. Contain stockpiled materials such as mulches and topsoil when they are not actively being used.
  - b. Contain fertilizers and other landscape materials when they are not actively being used.
  - Discontinue the application of any erodible landscape material within 2 days before a forecasted rain event or during periods of precipitation.
  - d. Apply erodible landscape material at quantities and application rates according to manufacture recommendations or based on written specifications by knowledgeable and experienced field personnel.
  - e. Stack erodible landscape material on pallets and covering or storing such materials when not being used or applied.
- 5. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall conduct an assessment and create a list of <u>potential pollutant sources</u> and identify any areas of the site where additional BMPs are necessary to reduce or prevent pollutants in storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges. This potential pollutant list shall be kept with the SWPPP and shall identify

all non-visible pollutants which are known, or should be known, to occur on the construction site. At a minimum, when developing BMPs, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall do the following:

- a. Consider the quantity, physical characteristics (e.g., liquid, powder, solid), and locations of each potential pollutant source handled, produced, stored, recycled, or disposed of at the site.
- b. Consider the degree to which pollutants associated with those materials may be exposed to and mobilized by contact with storm water.
- c. Consider the direct and indirect pathways that pollutants may be exposed to storm water or authorized non-storm water discharges. This shall include an assessment of past spills or leaks, non-storm water discharges, and discharges from adjoining areas.
- d. Ensure retention of sampling, visual observation, and inspection records.
- e. Ensure effectiveness of existing BMPs to reduce or prevent pollutants in storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges.
- 6. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement good housekeeping measures on the construction site to control the air deposition of site materials and from site operations. Such particulates can include, but are not limited to, sediment, nutrients, trash, metals, bacteria, oil and grease and organics.

#### C. Non-Storm Water Management

- 1. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement measures to control all nonstorm water discharges during construction.
- 2. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall wash vehicles in such a manner as to prevent non-storm water discharges to surface waters or MS4 drainage systems.
- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall clean streets in such a manner as to prevent unauthorized non-storm water discharges from reaching surface water or MS4 drainage systems.

#### D. Erosion Control

- 1. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall implement effective wind erosion control.
- 2. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall provide effective soil cover for inactive areas and all finished slopes, open space, utility backfill, and completed lots.
- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall limit the use of plastic materials when more sustainable, environmentally friendly alternatives exist. Where plastic materials are deemed necessary, the discharger shall consider the use of plastic materials resistant to solar degradation.

#### **E. Sediment Controls**

- 1. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall establish and maintain effective perimeter controls and stabilize all construction entrances and exits to sufficiently control erosion and sediment discharges from the site.
- 2. On sites where sediment basins are to be used, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall, at minimum, design sediment basins according to the method provided in CASQA's Construction BMP Guidance Handbook.

#### F. Run-on and Runoff Controls

Risk Level 1 dischargers shall effectively manage all run-on, all runoff within the site and all runoff that discharges off the site. Run-on from off site shall be directed away from all disturbed areas or shall collectively be in compliance with the effluent limitations in this General Permit.

#### G. Inspection, Maintenance and Repair

- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall ensure that all inspection, maintenance repair and sampling activities at the project location shall be performed or supervised by a Qualified SWPPP Practitioner (QSP) representing the discharger. The QSP may delegate any or all of these activities to an employee trained to do the task(s) appropriately, but shall ensure adequate deployment.
- 2. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall perform weekly inspections and observations, and at least once each 24-hour period during extended

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Inactive areas of construction are areas of construction activity that have been disturbed and are not scheduled to be re-disturbed for at least 14 days.

- storm events, to identify and record BMPs that need maintenance to operate effectively, that have failed, or that could fail to operate as intended. Inspectors shall be the QSP or be trained by the QSP.
- 3. Upon identifying failures or other shortcomings, as directed by the QSP, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall begin implementing repairs or design changes to BMPs within 72 hours of identification and complete the changes as soon as possible.
- 4. For each inspection required, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall complete an inspection checklist, using a form provided by the State Water Board or Regional Water Board or in an alternative format.
- 5. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall ensure that checklists shall remain onsite with the SWPPP and at a minimum, shall include:
  - a. Inspection date and date the inspection report was written.
  - b. Weather information, including presence or absence of precipitation, estimate of beginning of qualifying storm event, duration of event, time elapsed since last storm, and approximate amount of rainfall in inches.
  - c. Site information, including stage of construction, activities completed, and approximate area of the site exposed.
  - d. A description of any BMPs evaluated and any deficiencies noted.
  - e. If the construction site is safely accessible during inclement weather, list the observations of all BMPs: erosion controls, sediment controls, chemical and waste controls, and non-storm water controls. Otherwise, list the results of visual inspections at all relevant outfalls, discharge points, downstream locations and any projected maintenance activities.
  - f. Report the presence of noticeable odors or of any visible sheen on the surface of any discharges.
  - g. Any corrective actions required, including any necessary changes to the SWPPP and the associated implementation dates.
  - h. Photographs taken during the inspection, if any.
  - Inspector's name, title, and signature.

#### ATTACHMENT C

H. Rain Event Action Plan

Not required for Risk Level 1 dischargers.

#### I. Risk Level 1 Monitoring and Reporting Requirements

**Table 1- Summary of Monitoring Requirements** 

		Visualiin		iğ (Ales)		Seminie C	ellegion :
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#### 1. Construction Site Monitoring Program Requirements

- a. Pursuant to Water Code Sections 13383 and 13267, all dischargers subject to this General Permit shall develop and implement a written site-specific Construction Site Monitoring Program (CSMP) in accordance with the requirements of this Section. The CSMP shall include all monitoring procedures and instructions, location maps, forms, and checklists as required in this section. The CSMP shall be developed prior to the commencement of construction activities, and revised as necessary to reflect project revisions. The CSMP shall be a part of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP), included as an appendix or separate SWPPP chapter.
- b. Existing dischargers registered under the State Water Board Order No. 99-08-DWQ shall make and implement necessary revisions to their Monitoring Programs to reflect the changes in this General Permit in a timely manner, but no later than July 1, 2010. Existing dischargers shall continue to implement their existing Monitoring Programs in compliance with State Water Board Order No. 99-08-DWQ until the necessary revisions are completed according to the schedule above.
- c. When a change of ownership occurs for all or any portion of the construction site prior to completion or final stabilization, the new discharger shall comply with these requirements as of the date the ownership change occurs.

#### 2. Objectives

The CSMP shall be developed and implemented to address the following objectives:

a. To demonstrate that the site is in compliance with the Discharge Prohibitions;

- To determine whether non-visible pollutants are present at the construction site and are causing or contributing to exceedances of water quality objectives;
- c. To determine whether immediate corrective actions, additional Best Management Practice (BMP) implementation, or SWPPP revisions are necessary to reduce pollutants in storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges; and
- d. To determine whether BMPs included in the SWPPP are effective in preventing or reducing pollutants in storm water discharges and authorized non-storm water discharges.

# 3. Risk Level 1 - Visual Monitoring (Inspection) Requirements for Qualifying Rain Events

- a. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall visually observe (inspect) storm water discharges at all discharge locations within two business days (48 hours) after each qualifying rain event.
- b. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall visually observe (inspect) the discharge of stored or contained storm water that is derived from and discharged subsequent to a qualifying rain event producing precipitation of ½ inch or more at the time of discharge. Stored or contained storm water that will likely discharge after operating hours due to anticipated precipitation shall be observed prior to the discharge during operating hours.
- c. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall conduct visual observations (inspections) during business hours only.
- d. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall record the time, date and rain gauge reading of all qualifying rain events.
- e. Within 2 business days (48 hours) prior to each qualifying rain event, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall visually observe (inspect):
  - i. All storm water drainage areas to identify any spills, leaks, or uncontrolled pollutant sources. If needed, the discharger shall implement appropriate corrective actions.
  - ii. All BMPs to identify whether they have been properly implemented in accordance with the SWPPP. If needed, the discharger shall implement appropriate corrective actions.

- iii. Any storm water storage and containment areas to detect leaks and ensure maintenance of adequate freeboard.
- f. For the visual observations (inspections) described in e.i and e.iii above, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall observe the presence or absence of floating and suspended materials, a sheen on the surface, discolorations, turbidity, odors, and source(s) of any observed pollutants.
- g. Within two business days (48 hours) after each qualifying rain event, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall conduct post rain event visual observations (inspections) to (1) identify whether BMPs were adequately designed, implemented, and effective, and (2) identify additional BMPs and revise the SWPPP accordingly.
- h. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall maintain on-site records of all visual observations (inspections), personnel performing the observations, observation dates, weather conditions, locations observed, and corrective actions taken in response to the observations.

#### 4. Risk Level 1 – Visual Observation Exemptions

- a. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall be prepared to conduct visual observation (inspections) until the minimum requirements of Section I.3 above are completed. Risk Level 1 dischargers are not required to conduct visual observation (inspections) under the following conditions:
  - i. During dangerous weather conditions such as flooding and electrical storms.
  - ii. Outside of scheduled site business hours.
- b. If no required visual observations (inspections) are collected due to these exceptions, Risk Level 1 dischargers shall include an explanation in their SWPPP and in the Annual Report documenting why the visual observations (inspections) were not conducted.

#### 5. Risk Level 1 – Monitoring Methods

Risk Level 1 dischargers shall include a description of the visual observation locations, visual observation procedures, and visual observation follow-up and tracking procedures in the CSMP.

#### 6. Risk Level 1 – Non-Storm Water Discharge Monitoring Requirements

#### a. Visual Monitoring Requirements:

- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall visually observe (inspect) each drainage area for the presence of (or indications of prior) unauthorized and authorized non-storm water discharges and their sources.
- ii. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall conduct one visual observation (inspection) quarterly in each of the following periods: January-March, April-June, July-September, and October-December. Visual observation (inspections) are only required during daylight hours (sunrise to sunset).
- iii. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall ensure that visual observations (inspections) document the presence or evidence of any nonstorm water discharge (authorized or unauthorized), pollutant characteristics (floating and suspended material, sheen, discoloration, turbidity, odor, etc.), and source. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall maintain on-site records indicating the personnel performing the visual observation (inspections), the dates and approximate time each drainage area and non-storm water discharge was observed, and the response taken to eliminate unauthorized non-storm water discharges and to reduce or prevent pollutants from contacting non-storm water discharges.

#### 7. Risk Level 1 – Non-Visible Pollutant Monitoring Requirements

- a. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall collect one or more samples during any breach, malfunction, leakage, or spill observed during a visual inspection which could result in the discharge of pollutants to surface waters that would not be visually detectable in storm water.
- b. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall ensure that water samples are large enough to characterize the site conditions.
- Risk Level 1 dischargers shall collect samples at all discharge locations that can be safely accessed.
- d. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall collect samples during the first two hours of discharge from rain events that occur during business hours and which generate runoff.
- e. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall analyze samples for all non-visible pollutant parameters (if applicable) parameters indicating the

presence of pollutants identified in the pollutant source assessment required (Risk Level 1 dischargers shall modify their CSMPs to address these additional parameters in accordance with any updated SWPPP pollutant source assessment).

- f. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall collect a sample of storm water that has not come in contact with the disturbed soil or the materials stored or used on-site (uncontaminated sample) for comparison with the discharge sample.
- g. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall compare the uncontaminated sample to the samples of discharge using field analysis or through laboratory analysis.<sup>2</sup>
- h. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall keep all field /or analytical data in the SWPPP document.

#### 8. Risk Level 1 - Particle Size Analysis for Project Risk Justification

Risk Level 1 dischargers justifying an alternative project risk shall report a soil particle size analysis used to determine the RUSLE K-Factor. ASTM D-422 (Standard Test Method for Particle-Size Analysis of Soils), as revised, shall be used to determine the percentages of sand, very fine sand, silt, and clay on the site.

#### 9. Risk Level 1 - Records

Risk Level 1 dischargers shall retain records of all storm water monitoring information and copies of all reports (including Annual Reports) for a period of at least three years. Risk Level 1 dischargers shall retain all records on-site while construction is ongoing. These records include:

- a. The date, place, time of facility inspections, sampling, visual observation (inspections), and/or measurements, including precipitation.
- b. The individual(s) who performed the facility inspections, sampling, visual observation (inspections), and or measurements.
- c. The date and approximate time of analyses.
- d. The individual(s) who performed the analyses.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For laboratory analysis, all sampling, sample preservation, and analyses must be conducted according to test procedures under 40 CFR Part 136. Field discharge samples shall be collected and analyzed according to the specifications of the manufacturer of the sampling devices employed.

- e. A summary of all analytical results from the last three years, the method detection limits and reporting units, and the analytical techniques or methods used.
- f. Rain gauge readings from site inspections.
- g. Quality assurance/quality control records and results.
- h. Non-storm water discharge inspections and visual observation (inspections) and storm water discharge visual observation records (see Sections I.3 and I.6 above).
- i. Visual observation and sample collection exception records (see Section I.4 above).
- j. The records of any corrective actions and follow-up activities that resulted from analytical results, visual observation (inspections), or inspections.



# OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS 1st FLOOR, COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER

P.O. BOX 1147, 4080 LEMON STREET RIVERSIDE, CA 92502-1147 PHONE: (951) 955-1060 KECIA HARPER-IHEM
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

KIMBERLY A. RECTOR Assistant Clerk of the Board

December 9, 2010

FAX: (951) 955-1071

THE PRESS ENTERPRISE ATTN: LEGALS PO BOX 792 RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

FAX (951) 368-9018

E-MAIL: legals@pe.com

RE: NOTICE INVITING BIDS: CAMINO DEL SOL GROUP - X1106

To Whom It May Concern:

Attached is a copy for publication in your newspaper for TEN (10) TIMES:

Sunday	- December 12, 2010	Friday	- December 17, 2010
Monday	- December 13, 2010	Saturday	- December 18, 2010
Tuesday	- December 14, 2010	Sunday	- December 19, 2010
Wednesday	- December 15, 2010	Monday	- December 20, 2010
Thursday	- December 16, 2010	Tuesday	- December 21, 2010

We require your affidavit of publication immediately upon completion of the last publication.

Your invoice must be submitted to this office in duplicate, WITH TWO CLIPPINGS OF THE PUBLICATION.

NOTE: PLEASE COMPOSE THIS PUBLICATION INTO A SINGLE COLUMN FORMAT.

Thank you in advance for your assistance and expertise.

Sincerely,

Mcgil

Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant to KECIA HARPER-IHEM, CLERK OF THE BOARD

#### Gil, Cecilia

From:

PE Legals [legals@pe.com]

Sent:

Thursday, December 09, 2010 9:14 AM

To:

Gil, Cecilia

Subject:

RE: FOR PUBLICATION: CAMINO DEL SOL GROUP X1106

I have received this ad for publication. As soon as I have a proof I will send it over. Thank you!

Kimberly Solis

### enterpris@media

**Publisher of The Press Enterprise** 

Kimberly Solis · Legal Advertising Department · 1-800-880-0345 · Fax: 951-368-9018

**From:** Gil, Cecilia [mailto:CCGIL@rcbos.org] **Sent:** Wednesday, December 08, 2010 5:15 PM

To: PE Legals

Subject: FOR PUBLICATION: CAMINO DEL SOL GROUP X1106

Another Notice Inviting Bids, for publication from Dec. 12 to Dec. 21, 2010. Please confirm. THANK YOU!

#### Cecilia Gil

Board Assistant to the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors 951-955-8464

THE COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER IS CLOSED EVERY FRIDAY UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE. PLEASE CONSIDER THE ENVIRONMENT BEFORE PRINTING.

#### NOTICE INVITING BIDS

County of Riverside, herein called Owner, invites sealed proposals for:

### CAMINO DEL SOL GROUP ROAD REHABILITATION PROJECT

### IN THE MISSION GROVE AREA PROJECT No. X1106

Proposal shall be delivered to the Riverside County Transportation Department, 14<sup>th</sup> Street Annex, 3525 14<sup>th</sup> Street, Riverside, California 92501, telephone (951) 955-6780 not later than 2:00 pm on Wednesday, December 29, 2010, to be promptly opened in public at said address. Each proposal shall be in accordance with plans, specifications, and other contract documents, dated November 2010, and prepared by County of Riverside, whose address is same as the above, from whom they may be obtained upon deposit of \$30.00 per set plus mailing. No refund. Prospective bidders may preview the plans, specifications and other contract documents, at no charge prior to purchase, at the above noted location.

The Contractor is required to have a Class "A" license or C-12 license at the time of bid submission.

**Engineering Estimate:** 

\$1,014,000 - \$1,183,000 (Base Bid)

\$ 2,700 - \$ 3,500 (Alternate 1)

Bid Bond

10%

Performance Bond

100%

Payment Bond

100%

Working Days

30 Calendar Days

#### www.tlma.co.riverside.ca.us/trans

Dated: December 9, 2010

Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board

By: Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant

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Press-Enterprise

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I Certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: Dec. 21, 2010 At: Riverside, California

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**BOARD OF SUPERVISORS** 

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PO #:

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County of Riverside, herein called Owner, invites sealed

County of Riverside, herein called Owner, invites sealed proposals for:

CAMINO DEL SOL GROUP

ROAD REHABILITATION PROJECT

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By: Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant 12/12-12/21