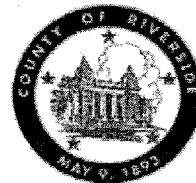


**SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

924A



FROM: TLMA - Transportation Department

SUBMITTAL DATE:
June 2, 2011

SUBJECT: Interstate 15 (I-15) at Indian Truck Trail Interchange including Temescal Canyon Road Improvements, Sycamore Creek area.

RECOMMENDED MOTION: That the Board of Supervisors:

1. Approve the plans and specifications for the I-15 at Indian Truck Trail Interchange including Temescal Canyon Road Improvements Project; and
2. Authorize the Clerk to advertise, on June 28, 2011, for bids to be received in the office of the Director of Transportation up to the hour of 2:00 pm, Wednesday, July 27, 2011, at which time the bids will be opened.

Juan C. Perez
Director of Transportation

JCP:jrg:sb:
(Continued On Attached Page)

FINANCIAL DATA	Current F.Y. Total Cost:	\$ 5,237,830	In Current Year Budget:	Yes
	Current F.Y. Net County Cost:	\$ 0	Budget Adjustment:	No
	Annual Net County Cost:	\$ 0	For Fiscal Year:	2011/2012
SOURCE OF FUNDS: Developer Contributions (10%), DIF Major Improvement fund 30512 (8%), DIF Major Improvement fund 30521(8%), Miscellaneous [Lee Lake Water District CFD #1] (61%), Prop 1B SLLP (13%), There are no General Funds used in this project.				Positions To Be Deleted Per A-30 <input type="checkbox"/>
				Requires 4/5 Vote <input type="checkbox"/>

C.E.O. RECOMMENDATION:

APPROVE

BY:

Tina Grande

County Executive Office Signature

MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

On motion of Supervisor Buster, seconded by Supervisor Stone and duly carried by unanimous vote, IT WAS ORDERED that the above matter is approved as recommended.

Ayes: Buster, Tavaglione, Stone, Benoit and Ashley
Nays: None
Absent: None
Date: June 14, 2011
xc: Transp.

Kecia Harper-Ihem

Clerk of the Board

By: Deputy

Prev. Agn. Ref.

District: 1

Agenda Number:

3.57

FORM APPROVED COUNTY COUNSEL
BY: 5/27/11
DATE: 5/27/11
MARSHAL L. VICTOR

Departmental Concurrence

Dep't Recomm.: ☐ Policy ☒ Policy
Per Exec. Ofc.: ☐ Consent ☒ Consent

The Honorable Board of Supervisors

RE: Interstate 15 (I-15) at Indian Truck Trail Interchange including Temescal Canyon Road Improvements, Sycamore Creek area.

June 2, 2011

Page 2 of 2

BACKGROUND: The Transportation Improvement Program provides for the completion of improvements to the I-15 interchange at Indian Truck Trail.

The proposed improvements are needed to accommodate increases in traffic due to residential, commercial and industrial development in the last few years. These improvements will accommodate current and future traffic demand by enhancing traffic capacity and improve traveling safety through the interchange.

The improvements consist of widening the Indian Truck Trail undercrossing from two to four lanes with turning lanes from Campbell Ranch Road to Temescal Canyon Road. The existing northbound on-ramp will be widened to two lanes, and the northbound and southbound off ramps will be widened to three lanes. New Traffic Signals will be constructed.

The County entered into a Construction Cooperative Agreement with Caltrans (Caltrans Agreement No. 08-1294) on December 12, 2006 (agenda item 3.32), which was amended April 26, 2011 (agenda item 3.45) (08-1294 A/1). Since that time, \$1,000,000 from the Proposition 1B State-Local Partnership Program fund has been programmed.

Development Impact Fee (DIF) Major Improvement Funds from fund numbers 30512 and 30521 were authorized on June 19, 2007 (agenda item 3.35).

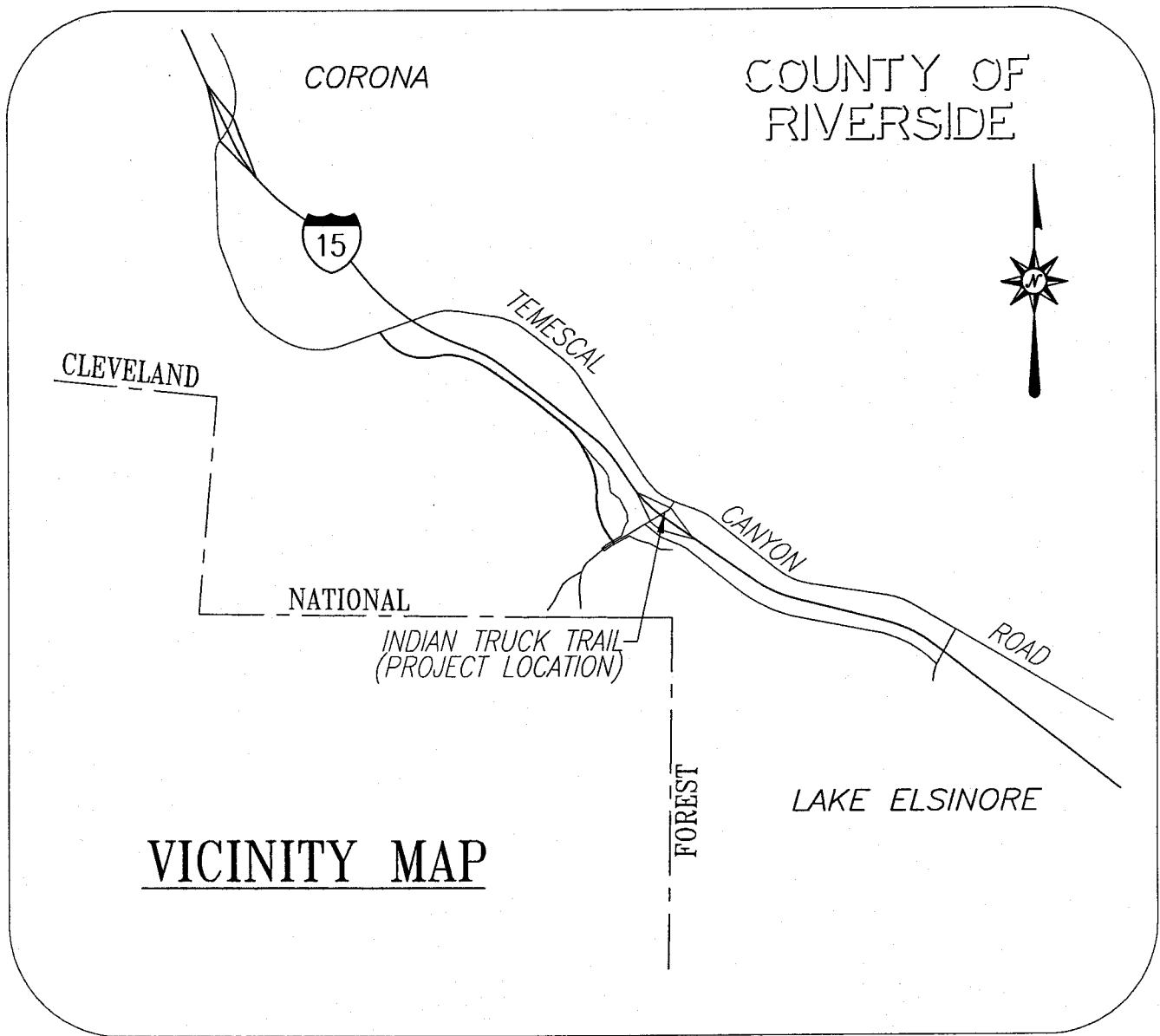
As anticipated, the California Transportation Commission (CTC) did not allocate the programmed \$1,000,000 of State Proposition 1B State-Local Partnership (SLPP) Funds at its May 11-12, 2011 meeting. The Board of Supervisors approved Resolution 2011-089 on April 5, 2011 (agenda item 3.16), which authorized the use of local transportation funds to "front" construction funds in the event that SLPP funds were not allocated by the CTC at its May 11-12, 2011 meeting. A request has been submitted to the CTC, supported by Resolution 2011-089, to obtain approval to advertise using local transportation funds. CTC approval to advertise is expected at its June 22-23, 2011 meeting. The exact source of local transportation funds to be used will be specified for Board approval at the time of construction contract award.

The Transportation Department desires Board authorization to begin advertising for bids, subject to CTC approval, as soon as possible after the June 22-23, 2011 CTC meeting.

The submitted plans and specifications have been approved as to form by County Counsel.

Environmental clearance is complete.

Project No. B4-0501



Clerk of the Board

SPECIFICATIONS and CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

for the CONSTRUCTION of

**INTERSTATE 15 (I-15) AT
INDIAN TRUCK TRAIL INTERCHANGE
INCLUDING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE**

PROJECT NO. B4-0501



TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT

FORM APPROVED COUNTY COUNSEL
BY 48 Victor 5/27/11
MARSHAL VICTOR DATE

JUN 14 2011 3:54 pss

INTERSTATE 15 (I-15) AT
INDIAN TRUCK TRAIL INTERCHANGE
INCLUDING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

PROJECT NO. B4-0501

SPECIFICATIONS AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

For the construction of

**INTERSTATE 15 (I-15) AT
INDIAN TRUCK TRAIL INTERCHANGE
INCLUDING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS
IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY**

PROJECT NO. B4-0501

Contract Approvals:

Recommended by:



John Marcinek,
County Project Manager

5/18/11

Date

Approved by:



Khalid Nasim,
Engineering Division Manager

5/18/11

Date

Engineering Certification:

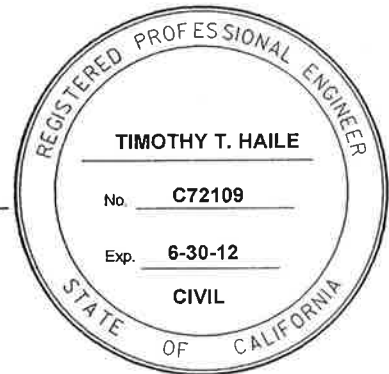
These specifications, special provisions, and estimates have been prepared by or under the direction of the following Registered Civil Engineers:

HIGHWAY & DRAINAGE


REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER

5/17/2011

DATE



STRUCTURES


REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER

5/17/2011

DATE



TRAFFIC AND ELECTRICAL


REGISTERED CIVIL ENGINEER

5/17/2011

DATE



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NOTICE INVITING BIDS

County of Riverside, herein called Owner, invites sealed proposals for:

**INTERSTATE-15 (I-15) AT
INDIAN TRUCK TRAIL INTERCHANGE
INCLUDING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS
IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY**

PROJECT NO. B4-0501

Proposal shall be delivered to the Riverside County Transportation Department, 14th Street Annex, 3525 14th Street, Riverside, California 92501, telephone (951) 955-6780 not later than 2:00 p.m., on Wednesday, July 27, 2011, to be promptly opened in public at said address. Each proposal shall be in accordance with plans, specifications, and other contract documents, dated May 2011, and prepared by County of Riverside, whose address is same as the above, from whom they may be obtained upon deposit of \$100.00 per full size plan set or \$50.00 per half size plan set [11"x17"] plus mailing. No refund. Prospective bidders may preview the plans, specifications and other contract documents, at no charge prior to purchase, at the above noted location.

The Contractor is required to have a **Class "A"** license at the time of bid submission.

Dated: June 28, 2011

Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board

By: _____
Deputy

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS

1. **Form of Proposal.** The proposal must be made on the form of Contractor's Proposal which is included in the Contract Documents and must be completely filled in, dated and signed. If provision is made for alternates, they must all be bid, unless otherwise provided in the Special Provisions.
2. **Bid Bond.** The proposal must be accompanied by a 10% Bid Bond, using the form provided in the Contract Documents, or by a certified or cashier's check payable to the order of County in an amount not less than 10% of the amount bid, inclusive of alternates.
3. **Submission of Proposal.** A proposal must be submitted in a sealed opaque envelope which clearly identifies the bidder and the project. Bids must be received by the time and at the place set forth in the Notice Inviting Bids and may be withdrawn only as stated in the proposal. **Bids shall be completed in ink.**
4. **Contract Documents.** The complete Contract Documents are identified in the Agreement. Potential bidders are cautioned that the successful bidder incurs duties and obligations under all of the Contract Documents and that they should not merely examine the Plans and Specifications in making their bid.
5. **License.** To be considered for award of the contract, a potential bidder must have the kind of license required under provisions of the California Business and Professions Code for the work covered in this proposal. This includes joint ventures.

Each item of work will be performed by a Contractor which is qualified and properly licensed for that work.

Pursuant to California Labor Code Section 3099, certification is required for all persons who perform work as electricians for Contractors licensed as Class C-10 Electrical Contractors. Proof of certification shall be provided to the County before the start of construction.

6. **Quantities.** The amount of work to be done or materials to be furnished under the Contract as shown in the Contractor's Proposal are but estimates and are not to be taken as an expressed or an implied statement that the actual amount of work or materials will correspond to the estimate.

County reserves the right to increase or decrease or to entirely eliminate certain items from the work or materials to be furnished if such action is found to be desirable or expedient.

Contractor is cautioned against the unbalancing of his bid by prorating his overhead only into one or two items when there are a number of items listed in the schedule.

7. **Interpretation of Documents.** Discrepancies, omissions, ambiguities, requirements likely to cause disputes between trades and similar matter shall be promptly brought to the attention of the County of Riverside in writing. When appropriate, Addenda will be issued by County.

If the Bidder requires clarification or interpretation of the Bidding Documents, the Bidder shall make a written request to the County by a Request for Information (RFI). All requests for information must be submitted, in writing, between the hours of 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM on any day, Monday through Friday (except holidays), up to, including and no later than the fifth (5th) day prior to Bid Closing Deadline, by hand delivery, mail, fax or electronic mail. The County of Riverside will not respond to Requests for Information submitted after that time, unless the County determines, at its sole discretion, which it is in the best interest of the public and the County to do so. Requests for Information should be addressed to County of Riverside, Transportation Department, Attn: Joel Jimenez; 3525 14th Street, Riverside, CA 92501, facsimile (951) 955-3164, electronic mail: irjimenez@rctlma.org

No communication by anyone as to such matters except by an Addendum affects the meaning or requirements of the Contract Documents.

8. **ADDENDA.** County reserves the right to issue Addenda to the Contract Documents at any time prior to the time set to open bids. Each potential bidder shall leave with the County Transportation Department his name and address for the purpose of receiving Addenda to be mailed or delivered to such names at such addresses. **To be considered, a Contractor's Proposal must list and take into account all issued Addenda.**
9. **Inspection of Site.** Bidders must examine the site and acquaint themselves with all conditions affecting the work. By making his bid a bidder warrants that he has made such site examination as he deems necessary as to the condition of the site, its accessibility for materials, workmen and utilities and ability to protect existing surface and subsurface improvements. No claim for allowances - time or money - will be allowed as to such matters.
10. **Bonds.** The County requires a 100% Payment Bond and 100% Performance Bond from the successful bidder. All Bonds must be on County's forms contained in the Contract Documents.

The bonds must be underwritten by a Surety Company, which is admitted to transact the business of insurance in the State of California, and which carries a rating in the current issue of Best's Insurance Guide of "A" or better with a financial size of at least "VIII". The bond forms included in the project documents shall be used. All signatures on the bonds shall be notarized. Bonds shall be provided with an executed Power of Attorney issued by the surety.

11. **Bids.** Bids are required for the entire work, including all alternate bid schedules, if applicable, unless otherwise explicitly allowed in the bid documents. The amount of the bid for comparison purposes will be the total of all items. The total of unit basis items will be determined by extension of the item price bid on the basis of the estimated quantity set forth for the item.

The bidder shall set forth for each item of work in clearly legible figures, an item price and a total for the item in the respective spaces provided for this purpose. In the case of unit basis items, the amount set forth under the "Total" column shall be the extension of the item price bid on the basis of the estimated quantity for the item.

In case of discrepancy between the item price and the total set forth for the item, the item price shall prevail, provided, however, if the amount set forth as an item price is ambiguous, unintelligible or uncertain for any cause, or is omitted, or in the case of unit basis items, is the same amount as the entry in the "Total" column, then the amount set forth in the "Total" column for the item shall prevail in accordance with the following:

- a. As to lump sum items, the amount set forth in the "Total" column shall be the item price.
- b. As to unit basis items, the amount set forth in the "Total" column shall be divided by the estimated quantity for the item and the price thus obtained shall be the item price.

The bidder is advised that the items of work may be grouped into bid schedules, and that certain bid items may be listed in more than one bid schedule, and with different bid item numbers, and the following shall apply thereto:

The bidder is directed to submit the same bid amount for all contract bid items that are listed with the same item code and item description. Said bid items are referred to herein as "Like Bid Items".

"Like Bid Items" shall be considered a single bid item for purposes of calculating increased and decreased quantities, and as otherwise applicable in Section 4-1.03, "Changes" of the Standard Specifications.

The following are not subject to this bidding requirement:

1. Bid items with the same item code but different item descriptions.
2. Bid items that are measured as "lump sum" or "force account".
3. Alternate bid schedules.

In the event that a bidder submits different unit bid amounts for "Like Bid Items", as described above, the bid will be corrected by applying the lowest of the unit bid amounts to all the respective "Like Bid Items".

No bidder may withdraw his bid for a period of ninety (90) days after the bid opening.

12. **Award of Contract.** The County reserves the right to reject all bids received. Acceptance by the governing body of the County by resolution or minute order at a meeting regularly called and held of a Contractor's Proposal constitutes an award of the contract and the execution of the Agreement is a written memorial thereof.

The County of Riverside will submit the contract documents to the low responsive and responsible bidder for execution prior to award utilizing the following procedures and requirements:

- a. A bidder whose proposal is accepted shall execute the formal construction agreement with the County of Riverside, similar to the form attached hereto as a sample, and shall return said agreement, together with approved performance and payment bonds and with complete evidence of insurance as required elsewhere herein, including executed additional insured endorsements and waivers of subrogation, within ten (10) working days from the date of the Notice of Acceptance of Proposal and Intent to Award as issued by the Transportation Department. All submittals shall meet the requirements of the bid documents. Corrections, if required, shall be made and the revised documents shall be resubmitted within two (2) working days of Contractor's receipt of review comments.
- b. The contract bonds and insurance documentation shall be submitted in accordance with the contract requirements prior to submission to the County of Riverside Board of Supervisors for award by the Transportation Department, and prior to the performance of any work under the contract.
- c. If a Bidder to whom a Notice of Acceptance of Proposal and Intent to Award has been issued, fails or refuses to sign a construction agreement, or to furnish the bonds or insurance certificates and endorsements as required within the prescribed period of time as described above, the County of Riverside may, at its sole discretion, rescind the Notice of Acceptance, and the bid guarantee

submitted by that Contractor shall become the property of the County of Riverside as prescribed in the bid documents and as allowed by law.

- d. If it is in the best interest of the County of Riverside, the County reserves the right to award the contract prior to execution by the Contractor. Thereafter, County shall mail or deliver to the lowest responsible bidder the agreement for Contractor's execution and return.

13. **Return of Guarantee.** Bid bonds will not be returned unless specifically requested by the bidder. Any submitted negotiable securities of unsuccessful bidders will be returned by mail within 30 days of the award of a contract to the successful bidder. Any submitted negotiable security of the successful bidder will be returned by mail within 30 days of receipt by the County of executed contract, certificate of insurance, performance bond and payment Bond.
14. **Subletting and Subcontracting.** Bidders are required pursuant to the Subletting and Subcontracting Fair Practices Act (commencing with Section 4100 of the Public Contracts Code) to list in their proposal the name and location of place of business of each subcontractor who will perform work or labor or render services in or about the construction of the work or improvement or a subcontractor who specifically fabricates and installs a portion of the work or improvement according to detailed drawings contained in the Plans and Specifications in excess of 1/2 of 1% of this prime Contractor's total bid. Failure to list a subcontractor for a portion of the work means that the prime Contractor will do that portion of the work. It is the County's intent for the Subletting and Subcontracting Fair Practice Act to apply to all phases of the work.
15. **Qualifications of Bidders.** No award will be made to any bidder who cannot give satisfactory assurance to the Board of Supervisors as to his own ability to carry out the contract, both from his financial standing and by reason of his previous experience as a Contractor on work of the nature contemplated in the contract. The bidder may be required to submit his record of work of similar nature to that proposed under these specifications, and unfamiliarity with the type of work may be sufficient cause for rejection of bid.
16. **Contract Participation.** Riverside County's M/W/DVBE Contract Participation Program affirms the utilization and participation of qualified minority, women and disabled veteran firms in its contracting and procurement activities. The County encourages general and prime Contractors to afford competitive subcontracting opportunities to minority, women and disabled veteran firms where possible, in their contracting and procurement activities with the County of Riverside.

17. **Hours of Work.** Attention is directed to Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion" and Section 7-1.01A (1), "Hours of Labor" of the Standard Specifications.

Daily working hours shall be between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, as approved by the Engineer. Exceptions and specific work schedules shall be submitted to the Engineer for consideration.

18. **Labor Code.** Pursuant to the Labor Code, the governing board of the Owner has obtained from the Director of the Department of Industrial Relations, State of California, his determinations of general prevailing rates of per diem wages applicable to the work, and for holiday, and overtime work, including employer payments for health and welfare, pensions, vacation and similar purpose, as set forth on schedule which is on file at the principal office of the Owner, and which will be made available to any interested person upon request.

19. **Alternate Bid Schedules.** If the Proposal includes bid items listed under a Base Bid Schedule and one or more Alternate Bid Schedules, the following shall apply: The County may award only the items of work listed on the Base Bid Schedule, or may choose to award some or all of the Alternate Bid Schedules in addition to the Base Bid Schedule. Unless otherwise specified, the basis of the selection of the lowest bid shall be the lowest responsive and responsible bid for the sum of all Bid Schedules.

If the Proposal includes bid items listed under two or more Alternate Bid Schedules with no Base Bid Schedule, the following shall apply: This project contains Alternate Bid Schedules that may or may not be mutually exclusive, as described elsewhere in the bid documents. The County may award the items of work listed on one or more of the Alternate Bid Schedules. In the case of mutually exclusive Alternate Bid Schedules, only one of the Alternate Bid Schedules will be selected for award. Unless otherwise specified, the basis of the selection of the lowest bid shall be the lowest responsive and responsible bid for the sum of all Bid Schedules.

The County also reserves the right to reject all bids received.

20. **Dust Abatement.** Attention is directed to Section 23, "Dust Abatement" with regard to the dust abatement provisions of the contract.
21. **Submission of Insurance Certificate.** Within ten (10) working days of the date of the Notice of Acceptance of Proposal and Intent to Award issued by the County of Riverside, the successful Contractor shall submit a certificate of insurance, including required endorsements, which provides evidence that the bidding Contractor has insurance coverage that meets the requirements of Section 18 of the General Conditions. Failure to have complete insurance coverage in place and to provide all required certificates and

endorsements within the specified ten (10) working days period will be grounds for declaring the bidder to not be in compliance with the bid documents, rescinding the Notice of Acceptance, making a claim against the bid bond, and awarding to the second low bidder, at the sole discretion of the County.

CONTRACTOR'S PROPOSAL

TO: COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

DATE: _____

hereafter called "County":

BIDDER: _____
(hereafter called "Contractor")

THE UNDERSIGNED, Contractor, having carefully examined the site and the Contract Documents for the construction of INTERSTATE-15 (I-15) AT INDIAN TRUCK TRAIL INTERCHANGE INCLUDING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS IN RIVERSIDE COUNTY, PROJECT NO. B4-0501 hereby proposes to construct the work in accordance with the Contract Documents, including Addenda Nos. _____ for the amount stated in this Proposal.

By submitting this Proposal, Contractor agrees with County:

1. That unless withdrawn in person by Contractor or some person authorized in writing by Contractor not by telephone or telegram before the time specified in the Notice Inviting Bids for the public opening of bids, this Proposal constitutes an irrevocable offer for 90 calendar days after that date.
2. County has the right to reject any or all Proposals and to waive any irregularities or informalities contained in a Proposal.
3. To execute the Agreement and deliver the Faithful Performance Bond, Payment Bond and Insurance Certificate with endorsements, which comply with the requirements set forth in the Instructions to Bidders and General Conditions, within ten (10) working days of the date of the Notice of Acceptance of Proposal and Intent to Award as issued by the County of Riverside.
4. That the contract shall be awarded upon a resolution or minute order to that effect duly adopted by the governing body of County; and that execution of the Contract Documents shall constitute a written memorial thereof.
5. To submit to County such information as County may require to determine whether a particular Proposal is the lowest responsible bid submitted.
6. That the accompanying certified or cashier's check or Bid Bond is in an amount not less than 10% of the total bid submitted and constitutes a guarantee that if awarded the contract, Contractor will

execute the Agreement and deliver the required bonds within ten (10) days after notice of award. If Contractor fails to execute and deliver said documents, the check or bond is to be charged with the costs of the resultant damages to County, including but not limited to publication costs, the difference in money between the amount bid and the amount in excess of the bid which it costs County to do or cause to be done the work involved, lease and rental costs, additional salaries and overhead, increased interest and costs of funding the project, attorney expense, additional engineering and architectural expense and cost of maintaining or constructing alternate facilities occasioned by the failure to execute and deliver said documents.

7. By signing this proposal the Contractor certifies that the representations made therein are made under penalty of perjury.

**INTERSTATE-15 (I-15) AT
INDIAN TRUCK TRAIL INTERCHANGE
INCLUDING TEMESCAL CANYON ROAD IMPROVEMENTS**

PROJECT No. B4-0501

PROPOSAL

BASE BID

ITEM No.	ITEM CODE	ITEM	UNIT	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	ITEM PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL (IN FIGURES)
1	039124	INTERLOCKING CONCRETE PAVERS	M2	850		
2	066102	DUST ABATEMENT	LS	1		
3	066105	RESIDENT ENGINEERS OFFICE	LS	1		
4	066842A	STATE FURNISHED MATERIAL: MODEL 2070 CONTROLLER ASSEMBLIES INCLUDING CONTROLLER UNITS, AND BATTERY BACKUP COMPONENTS	FA	1	15,000.00	15,000.00
5	070012	PROGRESS SCHEDULE (CRITICAL PATH METHOD)	LS	1		
6	074016	CONSTRUCTION SITE MANAGEMENT	LS	1		
7	074019	PREPARE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN	LS	1		
8	074028	TEMPORARY FIBER ROLL	M	534		
9	074029	TEMPORARY SILT FENCE	M	298		
10	074031	TEMPORARY GRAVEL BAG BERM	M	1,148		
11	074032	TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY	EA	1		
12	074033	TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	EA	5		
13	074035	TEMPORARY CHECK DAM	M	770		
14	074037	MOVE-IN/MOVE-OUT (TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL)	EA	3		
15	074038	TEMPORARY DRAINAGE INLET PROTECTION	EA	25		
16	074041	STREET SWEEPING	LS	1		
17	071325	TEMPORARY FENCE (TYPE ESA)	M	840		
18	120090	CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS	LS	1		
19	120100	TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM	LS	1		
20	128650	PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	LS	1		
21	150221	ABANDON INLET	EA	3		
22	150227	ABANDON PIPELINE	M	90		
23	150760	REMOVE SIGN STRUCTURE	EA	2		
24	150806	REMOVE PIPE	M	25		
25	150820	REMOVE INLET	EA	6		
26	150844	REMOVE CONCRETE (SLOPE PAVING)	M3	60		
27	150859	REMOVE ASPHALT CONCRETE OVERSIDE DRAIN	EA	3		
28	151540	RECONSTRUCT CHAIN LINK FENCE	M	20		
29	152386	RELOCATE ROADSIDE SIGN	EA	1		
30	153103	COLD PLANE ASPHALT CONCRETE PAVEMENT (60 MM MAXIMUM)	M2	1,150		

PROPOSAL

BASE BID

ITEM No.	ITEM CODE	ITEM	UNIT	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	ITEM PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL (IN FIGURES)
31	160101	CLEARING AND GRUBBING	LS	1		
32	160120	REMOVE TREE	EA	1		
33	066061	CONSTRUCTION ZONE ENHANCED ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM (COZEEP)	FA	1	50,000.00	50,000.00
34	170101	DEVELOP WATER SUPPLY	LS	1		
35	190101	ROADWAY EXCAVATION	M3	23,500		
36	190110	LEAD COMPLIANCE PLAN	LS	1		
37	192050 (F)	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION (TIE-BACK WALL)	M3	371		
38	192037(F)	STRUCTURE EXCAVATION (RETAINING WALL)	M3	2,607		
39	193026 (F)	STRUCTURE BACKFILL (TIE-BACK WALL)	M3	32		
40	193013(F)	STRUCTURE BACKFILL (RETAINING WALL)	M3	2,271		
41	194001	DITCH EXCAVATION	M3	200		
42	198007	SHOULDER BACKING	M3	70		
43	200114	ROCK BLANKET	M2	5,150		
44	203031A	EROSION CONTROL (HYDROSEED)	M2	21,490		
45	203026	MOVE IN/MOVE OUT (EROSION CONTROL)	EA	3		
46	208733A	IRRIGATION CROSSOVER (300MM CORRUGATED HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE PIPE CONDUIT)	M	52		
47	250201	CLASS 2 AGGREGATE SUBBASE	M3	10,500		
48	260201	CLASS 2 AGGREGATE BASE	M3	6,420		
49	280000	LEAN CONCRETE BASE	M3	360		
50	390132	HOT MIX ASPHALT (TYPE A)	TONNE	9,996		
51	390102A	HOT MIX ASPHALT (TYPE A BOND BREAKER)	M3	216		
52	394002	PLACE HOT MIX ASPHALT (MISCELLANEOUS AREA)	M2	40		
53	394040	PLACE HOT MIX ASPHALT DIKE (TYPE A)	M	60		
54	394044	PLACE HOT MIX ASPHALT DIKE (TYPE C)	M	60		
55	394046	PLACE HOT MIX ASPHALT DIKE (TYPE D)	M	1,525		
56	394049	PLACE HOT MIX ASPHALT DIKE (TYPE F)	M	24		
57	401066	JOINTED PLAIN CONCRETE PAVEMENT	M3	770		
58	404092	SEAL PAVEMENT JOINT	M	1,585		
59	404094	SEAL LONGITUDINAL ISOLATION JOINT	M	330		
60	490655A	MICROPILES	EA	12		
61	500050	TIEBACK ANCHOR	EA	145		
62	510060(F)	STRUCTURAL CONCRETE (RETAINING WALL)	M3	433		
63	510502(F)	MINOR CONCRETE (MINOR STRUCTURE)	M3	30		
64	511035A	FORMED RELIEF TEXTURE	M2	438		
65	520103(F)	BAR REINFORCING STEEL (RETAINING WALL)	KG	53,600		

PROPOSAL

BASE BID

ITEM No.	ITEM CODE	ITEM	UNIT	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	ITEM PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL (IN FIGURES)
66	530100(F)	SHOTCRETE	M3	176		
67	560203(F)	FURNISH SIGN STRUCTURE (BRIDGE MOUNTED WITH WALKWAY)	EA	1		
68	560204(F)	INSTALL SIGN STRUCTURE (BRIDGE MOUNTED WITH WALKWAY)	EA	1		
69	560234	FURNISH PANEL (25.4MM-TYPE A)	EA	1		
70	560238	FURNISH SINGLE SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN (1.6MM-UNFRAMED)	EA	54		
71	560239	FURNISH SINGLE SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN (2.0MM-UNFRAMED)	EA	22		
72	560241	FURNISH SINGLE SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN (1.6MM-FRAMED)	EA	5		
73	560242	FURNISH SINGLE SHEET ALUMINUM SIGN (2.0MM-FRAMED)	EA	2		
74	566011	ROADSIGN SIGN-ONE POST	EA	74		
75	566012	ROADSIGN SIGN-TWO POST	EA	8		
76	568001	INSTALL SIGN (STRAP AND SADDLE BRACKET METHOD)	EA	4		
77	568015	INSTALL SIGN (MAST-ARM HANGER METHOD)	EA	2		
78	650069	450MM REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	M	45		
79	650075	600MM REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	M	230		
80	650077	750MM REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	M	2		
81	650079	900MM REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE	M	8		
82	664008	300MM CSP (4.30MM THICK)	M	7		
83	664033	900MM CSP (4.30 MM THICK)	M	2		
84	681132	GEOCOMPOSITE DRAIN	M2	420		
85	703545	300MM WELDED STEEL PIPE (6.35MM THICK)	M	81		
86	705222	450MM CONCRETE FLARED END SECTION	EA	1		
87	705224	600MM CONCRETE FLARED END SECTION	EA	3		
88	705226	750MM CONCRETE FLARED END SECTION	EA	1		
89	721004	ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION (FACING C1, METHOD B)	M3	16		
90	721810	SLOPE PAVING (CONCRETE)	M3	46		
91	729010	ROCK SLOPE PROTECTION FABRIC	M2	41		
92	731501	MINOR CONCRETE (CURB)	M3	3		
93	731504	MINOR CONCRETE (CURB AND GUTTER)	M3	103		
94	731507	MINOR CONCRETE (GUTTER DEPRESSION)	M3	3		
95	731517	MINOR CONCRETE (GUTTER)	M	335		
96	731521	MINOR CONCRETE (SIDEWALK)	M3	65		
97	731623	MINOR CONCRETE (CURB RAMP)	M3	6		
98	750500(F)	MISCELLANEOUS METAL (RESTRAINER-CABLE TYPE)	KG	245		
99	750001(F)	MISCELLANEOUS IRON AND STEEL	KG	2,222		

PROPOSAL

BASE BID

ITEM No.	ITEM CODE	ITEM	UNIT	ESTIMATED QUANTITY	ITEM PRICE (IN FIGURES)	TOTAL (IN FIGURES)
100	832003	METAL BEAM GUARD RAILING (WOOD POST)	M	60		
101	833077	PEDESTRIAN BARRICADE (TYPE 1)	EA	1		
102	839521	CABLE RAILING	M	340		
103	839568	END ANCHOR ASSEMBLY (TYPE SFT)	EA	3		
104	839585	ALTERNATIVE FLARED TERMINAL SYSTEM	EA	4		
105	839704	CONCRETE BARRIER (TYPE 60D MOD)	M	210		
106	700617	DRAINAGE INLET MARKER	EA	13		
107	820118	MBGR DELINEATOR	EA	25		
108	839541	TRANSITION RAILING (TYPE WB)	EA	3		
109	840515	THERMOPLASTIC PAVEMENT MARKING	M2	111		
110	840561	100 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	2,570		
111	840563	200 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	100		
112	840563A	300 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE	M	460		
113	840571	100 MM THERMOPLASTIC TRAFFIC STRIPE (BROKEN 5.18 M -2.14 M)	M	741		
114	840656	PAINT TRAFFIC STRIPE (2 COAT)	M	4,270		
115	840666	PAINT PAVEMENT MARKING (2 COAT)	M2	95		
116	850101	PAVEMENT MARKER (NON-REFLECTIVE)	EA	160		
117	850111	PAVEMENT MARKER (RETROREFLECTIVE)	EA	600		
118	860251	SIGNAL AND LIGHTING (LOCATION 1)	LS	1		
119	860252	SIGNAL AND LIGHTING (LOCATION 2)	LS	1		
120	860252A	SIGNAL AND LIGHTING (LOCATION 3)	LS	1		
121	860400	TEMPOARY HIGHWAY LIGHTING SYSTEM	LS	1		
122	860460	LIGHTING AND SIGN ILLUMINATION	LS	1		
123	861100A	RAMP METERING SYSTEM (LOCATION 1) (ABOVE GROUND UTILITIES EXCLUDED)	LS	1		
124	861100B	RAMP METERING SYSTEM (LOCATION 2) (ABOVE GROUND UTILITIES EXCLUDED)	LS	1		
125	861503	MODIFY LIGHTING	EA	1		
126	999990	MOBILIZATION	LS	1		
127	074034	TEMPORARY COVER	M2	250		

PROJECT TOTAL: _____ \$ _____

ITEMS 1-127 "WORDS"

BIDDER DATA:

Name of Bidder _____

Type of Organization _____

Person(s) Authorized to Sign for Bidder _____

Address _____

_____ Phone _____

Contractor's License _____
Type & Number

Expiration Date _____

8. DESIGNATION OF SUBCONTRACTORS: Contractor submits the following complete list of each subcontractor who will perform work or labor or render service in or about the construction in an amount in excess of 1/2 of 1% of the total bid.

<u>ITEM</u>	<u>SUBCONTRACTOR</u>	<u>ADDRESS</u>	<u>LICENSE NO.</u>
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Percent of work to be performed by sub-contractors: _____%
(Note: 50% of the work required to be performed by general contractor)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF Contractor executed this Proposal as of the date set forth on Page 1 of this proposal.

TITLE _____
"Contractor"

AFFIDAVIT FOR INDIVIDUAL CONTRACTORS

_____ declares as follows:

That he or she is the party making the foregoing proposal or bid; that the bid is not made in the interest of, or on behalf of, any undisclosed person, partnership, company, association, organization, or corporation; that the bid is genuine and not collusive or sham; that the bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other bidder to put in a false or sham bid, and has not directly or indirectly colluded, conspired, connived, or agreed with any bidder or anyone else to put in a sham bid, or that anyone shall refrain from bidding; that the bidder has not in any manner, directly or indirectly, sought by agreement, communication, or conference with anyone to fix the bid price of the bidder or any other bidder, or to fix any overhead, profit, or cost element of the bid price, or of that of any other bidder, or to secure any advantage against the County of Riverside or anyone interested in the proposed contract; that all statements contained in the bid are true; and, further, that the bidder has not, directly or indirectly, submitted his or her bid price or any breakdown thereof, or the contents thereof, or divulged information or data relative thereto, or paid, and will not pay, any fee to any corporation, partnership, company association, organization, bid depository, or to any member or agent thereof to effectuate a collusive or sham bid.

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this _____ (day) of _____ (month),
_____ (year) at _____, California

Signature of affiant: _____

Note: Notarization of signature required

AFFIDAVIT FOR JOINT VENTURE OR COPARTNERSHIP CONTRACTOR

____ Declares as follows:

That he or she is a member of the joint venture or copartnership firm _____ designated _____ as which is the party making the foregoing proposal or bid; that the bid is not made in the interest of, or on behalf of, any undisclosed person, partnership, company, association, organization, or corporation; that the bid is genuine and not collusive or sham; that the bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other bidder to put in a false or sham bid, and has not directly or indirectly colluded, conspired, connived, or agreed with any bidder or anyone else to put in a sham bid, or that anyone shall refrain from bidding; that the bidder has not in any manner, directly or indirectly, sought by agreement, communication, or conference with anyone to fix the bid price of the bidder or any other bidder, or to fix any overhead, profit, or cost element of the bid price, or of that of any other bidder, or to secure any advantage against the County of Riverside or anyone interested in the proposed contract; that all statements contained in the bid are true; and, further, that the bidder has not, directly or indirectly, submitted his or her bid price or any breakdown thereof, or the contents thereof, or divulged information or data relative thereto, or paid, and will not pay, any fee to any corporation, partnership, company association, organization, bid depository or to any member or agent thereof to effectuate a collusive or sham bid.

That he has been and is duly vested with authority to make and sign instruments for the joint venture or copartnership by _____ who constitute the other members of the joint venture or copartnership.

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this _____ (day) of _____ (month),
_____ (year) at _____, California

Signature of affiant: _____

Note: Notarization of signature required

AFFIDAVIT FOR CORPORATE CONTRACTOR

_____ declares as follows:

That he or she is _____ of

_____ a corporation which is the party making the foregoing proposal or bid; that the bid is not made in the interest of, or on behalf of, any undisclosed person, partnership, company, association, organization, or corporation; that the bid is genuine and not collusive or sham; that the bidder has not directly or indirectly induced or solicited any other bidder to put in a false or sham bid, and has not directly or indirectly colluded, conspired, connived, or agreed with any bidder or anyone else to put in a sham bid, or that anyone shall refrain from bidding; that the bidder has not in any manner, directly or indirectly, sought by agreement, communication, or conference with anyone to fix the bid price of the bidder or any other bidder, or to fix any overhead, profit, or cost element of the bid price, or of that of any other bidder, or to secure any advantage against the County of Riverside or anyone interested in the proposed contract; that all statements contained in the bid are true; and, further, that the bidder has not, directly or indirectly, submitted his or her bid price or any breakdown thereof, or the contents thereof, or divulged information or data relative thereto, or paid, and will not pay, any fee to any corporation, partnership, company association, organization, bid depository, or to any member or agent thereof to effectuate a collusive or sham bid.

I declare, under penalty of perjury, that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this _____ (day) of _____ (month),
_____ (year) at _____, California

Signature of affiant: _____

Note: Notarization of signature required

BID BOND

Recitals:

1. _____ "Contractor", has submitted his Contractor's Proposal to County of Riverside, "County", for the construction of public work for _____ in accordance with a Notice Inviting Bids of County dated _____.
2. _____ a _____ corporation, hereafter called "Surety", is the surety of this Bond.

Agreement:

We, Contractor as principal and Surety as surety, jointly and severally agree and state as follows:

1. The amount of the obligation of this bond is 10% of the amount of the Contractor's Proposal, including bid alternates, and inures to the benefit of County.
2. This Bond is exonerated by (1) County rejecting said Proposal or, in the alternate, (2) if said Proposal is accepted, Contractor executes the Agreement and furnishes the Bonds as agreed to in its Proposal, otherwise it remains in full force and effect for the recovery of loss, damage and expense of County resulting from failure of Contractor to act as agreed to in its Proposal. Some types of possible loss, damage and expense are specified in the Contractor's Proposal.
3. Surety, for value received, stipulates and agrees that its obligations hereunder shall in no way be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which County may accept the Proposal and waives notice of any such extension.
4. This Bond is binding on our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns.

Dated: _____

By _____
Title: _____ Attorney in Fact
"Surety"

By _____
Title: _____ "Contractor"

STATE OF CALIFORNIA } ss. SURETY'S ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
COUNTY OF _____

On _____ before me, _____ personally appeared, _____, known to me, or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence, to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same in his/her authorized capacities, and that by his/her signature on the instrument the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature of Notary Public

Notary Public (Seal)

Note: This Bond must be executed by both parties with corporate seal affixed. All signatures must be notarized

AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into at Riverside, California as of the date set forth below is between County of Riverside hereafter called "County" and _____ hereafter called "Contractor".

W I T N E S S E T H

RECITALS:

1. Contractor has submitted to County his Contractor's Proposal for the construction of County Project, _____ in strict accordance with the Contract Documents identified below and County has accepted said Proposal.
2. Contractor states that he has reexamined his Contractor's Proposal and found it to be correct, has ascertained that his subcontractors are properly licensed and possess the requisite skill and forces, has reexamined the site and Contract Documents and is of the opinion that he can presently do the work in accordance with the Contract Documents for the money set forth in his Proposal to be paid as provided in the Contract Documents.

AGREEMENT:

IT IS AGREED BY THE PARTIES AS FOLLOWS:

1. Contract Documents. The entire contract consists of the following: (a) The Agreement. (b) The Notice Inviting Bids. (c) The Instruction to Bidders. (d) The Contractor's Proposal. (e) The Bid Bond. (f) The Payment Bond. (g) The Performance Bond. (h) The General Conditions. (i) The Special Provisions. (j) The Standard Specifications of the State of California Department of Transportation edition of May 2006 as modified in other portions of the Contract Documents. (k) The Standard Plans of the Department of Transportation identified on the plans or in the Special Provisions. (l) The Plans. (m) Addenda No. _____. (n) The Determination of Prevailing Wage Rates for Public Work. (o) Any Change Orders issued. (p) Any additional or supplemental specifications, notice, instructions and drawings issued in accordance with the provisions of the Contract Documents. All of said Documents presently in existence are by this reference incorporated herein with like effect as if here set forth in full and upon the proper issuance of other documents they shall likewise be deemed incorporated. The Bid Bond is exonerated upon execution of this Agreement and the Payment Bond and Faithful Performance Bond.
2. The Work. Contractor shall do all things necessary to construct the work generally described in Recital No. 1 in accordance with the Contract Documents.

3. Liquidated Damages and Time of Completion. Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion", and in Section 8-1.07, "Liquidated Damages", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall begin work within 15 days of the date stated within the written "Notice to Proceed".

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, of his intent to begin work at least 72 hours before work is begun. The notice shall be delivered to the Transportation Department's Construction Engineer and shall specify the date the Contractor intends to start. If the project has more than one location of work, a separate notice shall be given for each location.

Should the Contractor begin work in advance of receiving a written "Notice to Proceed", any work performed by him in advance of the date stated in the "Notice to Proceed" shall be considered as having been done by him at his own risk and as a volunteer and subject to the following:

- (1) The Contractor shall, on commencing operations, take all precautions required for public safety and shall observe all the provisions in the Specifications and the Special Provisions.
- (2) All work done according to the contract prior to the issuance of the "Notice to Proceed", will be considered authorized work and will be paid for as provided in the contract.
- (3) The Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation or an extension of time for any delay, hindrance or interference caused by or attributable to commencement of work prior to the issuance of the "Notice to Proceed".

4. Compensation. Contractor shall be paid in the manner set forth in the Contract Documents the amount of his Proposal as accepted by County, the above rates, subject to additions and deductions as provided in the Contract Documents. Said Proposal is on file in the Office of the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors of County.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF the parties hereto have executed this agreement as of the date set forth below.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

CONTRACTOR

BY _____
Chairman, Board of Supervisors

BY _____

Dated _____

TITLE: _____
(If Corporation, Affix Seal)

ATTEST:

Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board

ATTEST:

BY _____
Deputy

TITLE: _____

Licensed in accordance with an act
providing for the registration of
Contractors,

License No. _____

Federal Employer Identification Number:

"County"
(Seal)

"Corporation"
(Seal)

PERFORMANCE BOND

Recitals:

1. _____ (Contractor) intend to enter into an Agreement with COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE (County) for construction of public work known as _____.
2. _____, a _____ corporation (Surety), is the Surety under this Bond.

Agreement:

We, Contractor, as Principal, and Surety, as Surety, jointly and severally agree, state, and are bound unto County, as obligee, as follows:

1. The amount of the obligation of this Bond is 100% of the estimated contract price for the Project of \$_____ and inures to the benefit of County.
2. This Bond is exonerated by Contractor doing all things to be kept and performed by it in strict conformance with the Contract Documents for the Project, otherwise it remains in full force and effect for the recovery of loss, damage and expense of County resulting from failure of Contractor to so act. All of said Contract Documents are incorporated herein.
3. This obligation is binding on our successors and assigns.
4. For value received, Surety stipulates and agrees that no change, time extension, prepayment to Contractor, alteration or addition to the terms and requirements of the Contract Documents or the work to be performed thereunder shall affect its obligations hereunder and waives notice as to such matters, except the total contract price cannot be increased by more than 10% without approval of Surety.

THIS BOND is executed as of _____.

By _____

By _____

By _____

Type Name _____

Its Attorney in Fact
"Surety"

Title _____
"Contractor"

(Corporate Seal)

(Corporate Seal)

NOTE: This Bond must be executed by both parties with corporate seal affixed. All signatures must be acknowledged. (Attach acknowledgements).

PAYMENT BOND

(Public Work - Civil Code 3247 et seq.)

The makers of this Bond are _____, as Principal and Original Contractor and _____, a corporation, authorized to issue Surety Bonds in California, as Surety, and this Bond is issued in conjunction with that certain public works contract to be executed between Principal and COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE a public entity, as Owner, for \$ _____, the total amount payable. THE AMOUNT OF THIS BOND IS ONE HUNDRED PERCENT OF SAID SUM. Said contract is for public work generally consisting of _____.

The beneficiaries of this Bond are as is stated in 3248 of the Civil Code and requirements and conditions of this Bond are as is set forth in 3248, 3249, 3250 and 3252 of said code. Without notice, Surety consents to extension of time for performance, change in requirements, amount of compensation, or prepayment under said contract.

DATED: _____

Original Contractor - Principal

Surety

By _____

By _____
Its Attorney In Fact

Title _____
(If corporation, affix seal)

(Corporate Seal)

STATE OF CALIFORNIA }
COUNTY OF _____ } ss. SURETY'S ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

On _____ before me, _____ personally appeared, _____, known to me, or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence, to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged to me that he/she executed the same in his/her authorized capacities, and that by his/her signature on the instrument the person, or the entity upon behalf of which the person acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature of Notary Public

Notary Public (Seal)

Note: This Bond must be executed by both parties with corporate seal affixed. All signatures must be notarized

GENERAL CONDITIONS

SS 1. DEFINITIONS:

- a. "County", "Contractor", and "Contract Documents" are identified in the Agreement. "County" and "Contractor" includes their authorized representatives are treated throughout as if each were singular in number. "Contractor" includes its surety.
- b. "Engineer" and "Director of Transportation" means the Director of Transportation for the County of Riverside, and includes his authorized representatives.
- c. "Plans" means the portion of the Contract Documents consisting of all drawings prepared for the direction and characteristics of the work. A schedule of said drawings which constitutes the plans as of the execution of the Agreement is set forth in the Special Provisions and are supplemented by the Standard Plans referred to in the Special Provisions.
- d. "State of California", "Department of Transportation" and "Director of Transportation", means the County of Riverside.

SS 2. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

The Standard Specifications of the State of California Department of Transportation, edition of May 2006 hereafter called "Standard Specifications", are incorporated herein as modified in these General Conditions, the Special Provisions and the Plans.

The following subsections of the Standard Specifications are deleted:

1-1.13, 1-1.15, 1-1.18, 1-1.25, 1-1.37, 1-1.40, 2-1.01, 2-1.05, 2-1.07, 5-1.14, 7-1.165, 8-1.03, 9-1.05, 9-1.065, 9-1.10, 12-2.02.

Section 3 of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

The following deletions and additions are made from the following subsections of the Standard Specifications.

Subsection 5-1.04, add to the second paragraph at its end the following sentence: "The General Conditions govern over all of the Contract Documents except the Special Provisions, the Agreement and Bonds."

Subsection 7-1.01A (2), strike the last sentence of the second paragraph and in its place read: "These wage rates are on file in the Office of the County Clerk and are a part of the Contract."

Subsection 7-1.15, for "Director" read "Director of Transportation" except for last reference read "County of Riverside".

Subsection 7-1.16, delete references to Subsection 7-1.165.

Subsection 8-1.06, strike the last paragraph.

Subsection 8-1.08, strike "as provided in the State Contract Act".

SS 3. DIRECTOR OF TRANSPORTATION:

All work shall be done under the supervision of the Director of Transportation who shall determine the amount, quality, acceptability and fitness of all parts of the work, and interpret the Contract Documents. No act or omission of the Director of Transportation relieves Contractor of the duty to proceed with the work in strict conformity with the Contract Documents.

Upon request, Director of Transportation shall reduce to writing any oral order, objection, requirement or determination. Whenever Director of Transportation's approval is required it shall be in writing only.

All communications to County by Contractor shall be via Director of Transportation.

No work shall be performed on site other than during normal working hours without the knowledge and consent of Director of Transportation.

When in Director of Transportation's opinion, weather or other conditions are such that attempts to perform a portion of the work will probably result in work not in accordance with the Contract Documents, he shall so advise Contractor. When Contractor advises Director of Transportation that he intends to proceed despite such advise, he does so at his peril. The Director of Transportation may then order Contractor, in writing which specifies the portion of the work involved and the conditions warranting the issuance of the order, not to proceed on such portion of the work if (1) proceeding will in his judgment have an adverse effect on Contractor's ability to complete the work within the stipulated time period, or (2) proceeding will in his judgment necessitate unusual tests and procedures to ascertain whether said portion of the work is in accordance

with the Contract Documents. Contractor shall comply with such orders at its expense.

Nothing herein contained relieves Contractor from the duty to make independent determinations as to weather and other conditions affecting the proper completion of the work.

Failure for any reason of Director of Transportation to advise Contractor as to such matters, or to issue an order as above provided, does not relieve Contractor from the duty to accomplish the work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

As stated elsewhere, amounts shown in the Proposal and Agreement as to quantities are but estimates only. From time to time Director of Transportation shall direct Contractor as to the prosecution of the work in such a manner as to increase or decrease such estimates as to the work actually to be done. Contractor shall comply with such instructions and shall be paid only for work actually done based on the unit price set out in the Agreement.

SS 4. SITE INSPECTION - EFFECT OF OTHER IMPROVEMENTS SHOWN AND CONTRACTOR PROCEDURE:

Elsewhere in the Contract Documents reference may be made, graphically, descriptively or both, to the existence or possible existence of other improvements affecting the site and the prosecution of the work such as surface and subsurface utilities, drainage ditches and courses, buildings, fencing, retaining walls, roadways, curbs, trees, shrubs, and similar matters. Such matters are included to be used by Contractor to the extent he deems appropriate. However, it is expressly understood and agreed:

- a. Showing or describing such items does not mean that it is an exhaustive and complete presentation and that as to matters shown or described that they necessarily exist.
- b. All graphic presentations are schematic only unless the contrary is clearly set out elsewhere as to a particular matter.
- c. Whenever in the plans survey markers are shown, boundaries of the site are shown or contour lines are shown, Contractor may assume that such matters are shown in accordance with acceptable standards.

All improvements of the nature above described, whether elsewhere shown or described or not, shall, unless the contrary is elsewhere specifically directed, remain in

place, undisturbed and suitably protected during the course of the work.

Whenever during the course of the work a subsurface improvement is discovered which Contractor believes is unknown to County, he shall immediately so inform Director of Transportation. Except as elsewhere provided, whenever in the course of the work it becomes apparent that the work cannot proceed without the destruction or relocation of any improvement, whether shown or described or not, Contractor shall immediately cease work affecting such improvements and notify Director of Transportation as to such circumstance and await instructions as to how to proceed.

- d. The Contractor shall be required to cooperate fully with all utility forces or forces of other public agencies engaged in relocation, lowering, altering or otherwise rearranging any facilities interfering with the progress of work or installing any facilities thereon.

The Contractor will also be required to cooperate fully with any County or State forces working on or near the project, or requiring access to the work in the performance of their duties.

SS 5. USE OF AND PROTECTION OF PREMISES AND REMOVAL OF DEBRIS:

At his expense Contractor shall:

- a. Take every precaution against injuries to persons or damage to property.
- b. Comply with regulations governing the use of the property.
- c. Store and suitably protect his apparatus, equipment, materials and supplies in an orderly fashion on site.
- d. Place on the work only such loads as are consistent with the safety of the work.
- e. Effect all cutting, fitting, or patching of his work required to make it conform to the Plans and Specifications and interrelate with other improvements or except with the consent of Director of Transportation, cut or otherwise alter existing improvements.
- f. Protect and preserve established bench marks and monuments, make no changes in the location of such without the prior written approval of County, replace and relocate any of them which may be lost or destroyed

or which require shifting because of necessary changes in grades or locations. All replacement and relocation work shall be accomplished only after approval of County and under the direct supervision and instruction of Director of Transportation.

- g. Before final payment remove all surplus materials, false work, temporary structures, debris, and similar matter resulting from his operations from the site and to put the site in an orderly condition.
- h. Construct, operate and maintain all passageways, guard fences, lights, barricades and other facilities required for protection by State or municipal laws and regulations and local conditions during the course of the work.
- i. Guard County's property from injury or loss.
- j. Take all reasonable precautions for dust and noise control and generally conduct operations so as not to constitute a nuisance.
- k. The Contractor shall be responsible for the protection of existing signs, fences, concrete curb and gutter and other highway facilities which may be encountered in the roadway. The replacement or repair of any facilities which the County deems necessary as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be done by the Contractor at his own expense and to the satisfaction of the County Transportation Department.

SS 6. CHANGE ORDERS - DETAIL DRAWINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS:

Reference is made to 4-1.03 and 4-1.03A of the Standard Specifications regarding change orders. Wherever in these subsections the word "Engineer" appears read "County".

Each approved change order shall be considered as an amendment to the Contract Documents and will not be considered approved until executed by the Board of Supervisors, except Director of Transportation can approve certain change orders without the necessity of approval by the Board as provided in a Resolution of the Board adopted March 30, 1993, Resolution Number 93-047.

The above does not limit the ability of Director of Transportation to issue further detail drawings, explanations and instructions which are customarily given by an Engineer during the course of similar work. Director of Transportation will furnish Contractor with reasonable promptness such further detailed explanations, instructions and drawings as may be necessary for the proper execution of the work, and

Contractor shall conform to same provided they are consistent with the intent of the Contract Documents. In giving such additional instructions, explanations and drawings Director of Transportation has authority to make minor changes in the work which do not involve extra cost and are not inconsistent with the Contract Documents.

Contractor's acting on such instructions, explanations and drawings of Director of Transportation means that Contractor agrees that such explanations, instructions and drawings are within the scope of the work in accordance with the intent of the Contract Documents and do not constitute a basis for modification of the Contract Documents as to price or time.

SS 7. BRAND OR TRADE NAME - SUBSTITUTE OF EQUALS:

Reference is made to Section 3400 of the Public Contracts Code, which is by this reference incorporated herein with like effect as if here set forth in full.

If a potential bidder believes he knows of an equal to a specified brand or trade name which is not mentioned in the Contract Documents, then such potential bidder may so advise Director of Transportation of such fact, giving all relevant information. If appropriate, an addendum will be issued as to the alleged equal provided that such issuance may be accomplished at least 5 days before the time fixed for opening bids.

Unless the subject article or product is expressly designated for matching others in use in a particular public improvement either completed or in the course of completion, any bidder may, as part of its bid proposal, include a request for substitution of an item equal to any specified by brand or trade name.

Within 35 calendar days after award of the contract, Contractor may submit to Director of Transportation data substantiating such a request, and the difference, if any, in cost. Director of Transportation shall promptly investigate the request and make a recommendation to County as to equality. The governing body of County shall promptly determine whether the substitute is equal in every respect to the item specified, and approve or deny the request accordingly, and shall notify Director of Transportation of the determination made, who shall advise Contractor in writing of the decision. Unless the request is granted, substitution will not be permitted.

Nothing herein shall authorize a change in the contract price or prevent the use of change orders in the manner provided elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

SS 8. FINAL INSPECTION - NOTICE OF COMPLETION:

When the work is ready for final inspection County shall cause the work to be inspected and subjected to such tests as seem to it to be required for the purpose of determining if the work is complete in every respect.

At a meeting of the governing body of County held within 10 days after final inspection, the governing body shall consider the facts developed at the inspection. If it is found that the work is apparently complete in every respect, County will accept the work and a notice of completion will be recorded.

As between the parties, the recordation of the Notice of Completion, unless recorded because of a cessation of labor, means only that the time for final payment and the commencement of the guarantee period commences to run.

SS 9. COUNTY'S RIGHT TO STOP WORK OR TERMINATE THE CONTRACT:

(1) Contractor shall be adjudged bankrupt or make an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or (2) a receiver or liquidator is appointed for Contractor or any of his property, or (3) Contractor shall refuse or fail after Notice of Warning from County by Director of Transportation to supply sufficient properly skilled workmen or suitable materials, or (4) Contractor fails to prosecute the work with such diligence as will insure its completion within the stipulated time period, or (5) Contractor shall fail to make payments to persons supplying labor or materials for the work, or (6) Contractor does not comply with applicable law or instructions of Director of Transportation, or (7) Contractor is otherwise guilty of a substantial violation of any provision of the Contract Documents, then County without prejudice to such other and further right, remedy or relief it may be entitled to, may by 10 days notice to Contractor, terminate the employment of Contractor and his right to proceed, either as to the entire work, or at County's option, as to any portion thereof as to which delay shall have occurred or breach or miscompliance relates, and may thereupon take possession of the affected work and complete the work by contract or otherwise, as County deems expedient. In such case Contractor shall not be entitled to receive any further payment until the work is finished. If the unpaid balance shall exceed the expense of completion, and other damage, expense or loss of County occasioned by Contractor's failure to properly perform, such excess shall be paid by Contractor. If such expense and damage exceeds the unpaid balance, Contractor is liable to County for the excess. If County elects to proceed under this Section, it may take possession of and utilize in completing the work such materials, supplies, plant and equipment on site which may be

necessary or convenient for the purpose of completing the work, County is expressly granted the right - acting via Director of Transportation, an Engineer or otherwise - to operate equipment and machinery on site for the purpose of determining whether it has a basis for proceeding under this section.

If the construction of the project herein is damaged, which damage is determined to have been proximately caused by an act of God, in excess of 5% of the contract amount, provided that the work damaged is built in accordance with applicable building standards and the plans and specifications, then the Owner, upon certification by the Engineer, may, without prejudice to any other right of remedy, terminate the contract.

Decision by County not to proceed under this Section does not constitute a waiver by County of any right it might from time to time have against Contractor under the Contract Documents.

.SS 10. PAYMENT AND MONTHLY ESTIMATES:

Director of Transportation, once each month, after said work is commenced and until after the completion and acceptance thereof, shall make and deliver to Contractor duplicate certificates stating the value of work then completed according to the contract, estimated according to the standard of the unit contract price, and thereupon Contractor shall be paid an amount sufficient with all previous payments to make the aggregate ninety percent (90%) of the amount earned as certified.

The partial payments made as the work progresses will be payment on account on work performed as of the 25th of the month and shall in no way be considered as an acceptance of any part of the work or material of the contract, nor shall they in any way govern the final estimate. No such estimate or payment shall be made when in the judgement of the Director of Transportation the total value of the work done since the last estimate amounts to less than \$300.

For the purpose of timely payment, the "receipt of payment request" date, as described in Public Contract Code 20104.50 and as referred to herein, shall be considered to be the fifth working day following the 25th day of each month. Within 5 working days of the 25th day of each month the County shall:

- a. Calculate and prepare the certificate ("progress pay estimate") stating the value of the work completed for the billing month, for the purpose of determining the proper progress payment amount.

- b. If a progress pay estimate has been prepared by the County but has been contested by the Contractor as of the "receipt of payment request" date, as defined above, the County shall submit to the Contractor a document setting forth in writing a description of the dispute pertaining to the progress billing, and the County's reason for its position. Said document shall be submitted to the Contractor as soon as practicable, but not later than 7 calendar days after the "receipt of payment request" date.

Any progress pay estimate which is undisputed and remains unpaid for thirty (30) calendar days, after the "receipt of payment request date" shall accrue interest to the Contractor equivalent to the legal rate set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 685.010 of the California Code of Civil Procedure. The number of days available to the County to make a payment without incurring interest pursuant to this section shall be reduced by the number of days by which the County exceeds the seven-day submittal requirement set forth in the paragraph above.

Pursuant to Public Contract Code Section 20104.50, subsection (e), the progress payment date is the date that funds are encumbered and the payment warrant is issued.

SS 11. PAYMENT FOR EXTRA WORK (FORCE ACCOUNT BASIS):

Extra work to be paid for on a force account basis as directed by the Engineer will be paid for as set forth in Section 9-1.03 of the Standard Specifications. The labor surcharge, equipment rental rates and the right of way delay factors for each classification of equipment are listed in the Department of Transportation publication entitled Labor Surcharge and Equipment Rental Rates. A copy of which is on file at the Office of the Director of Transportation and is hereby incorporated herein in its entirety.

SS 12. FINAL PAYMENT:

Within thirty (30) days after the completion of the work and its acceptance by the Board of Supervisors, Director of Transportation will make a proposed final estimate in writing of the quantities of work done under the contract and the value of such work and will submit such estimate to Contractor. Within thirty (30) days thereafter Contractor shall submit to Director of Transportation his written approval of said proposed final estimate or a written statement of all claims which he has for additional compensation claimed to be due under the contract.

On Contractor's approval or if he files no claims within said period of thirty (30) days, Director of Transportation will issue a final written estimate as submitted to Contractor and County shall pay the entire sum so found to be due after deducting there from all previous payments and all amounts to be kept and all amounts to be retained under the provisions of the contract.

If Contractor within said period of thirty (30) days files claims, Director of Transportation will issue as a semi-final estimate the proposed estimate submitted to Contractor and the County will within thirty (30) days pay the sum found due thereon after deducting all prior payments and all amounts to be kept and retained under the provisions of the contract, Director of Transportation shall then consider and investigate Contractor's claims and shall make such revisions in the said estimate as he may find to be due, and shall then make and issue his final written estimate. County will pay the amount so found due after deducting all previous payments and amount to be retained under the contract.

All prior or partial estimates and payments shall be subjected to correction in the final estimate and payment.

The final estimate shall be conclusive and binding against both parties to the contract on all questions relating to the performance of the contract and the amount of work done there under and compensation therefore, except in the case of gross error. Acceptance of final payment constitutes a release of County by Contractor of all claims relating to the work.

SS 13. DAMAGES:

Contractor acknowledges that failure to perform in strict accordance with the Contract Documents will cause County to suffer special damages in addition to cost of completion of the work in accordance with the provisions of the Contract Documents. Such special damage could include, but is not limited to, lease and rental cost, additional salaries and overhead, interest during construction, attorney expense, additional engineering, and inspection expense and cost of maintaining or constructing alternate facilities.

SS 14. DOCUMENTS OF CONTRACTOR:

Upon demand, Contractor shall make available to County all documents in its possession relevant to the work accomplished or to be accomplished or any demand or claim of Contractor as to County. This includes copies of documents sent by Contractor or others in its possession. Contractor shall further make available to County conformed copies of all documents submitted to the sureties who executed the Bid

Bond, Faithful Performance Bond or Payment Bond for the purpose of obtaining the sureties' signature, including any guarantee or indemnification made to such surety by others for such purpose. Contractor shall maintain in his possession all documents relative to the work for three years after Notice of Completion.

SS 15. RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACTOR TO ACT IN AN EMERGENCY:

In case of an emergency which threatens loss or injury to property or life, Contractor shall act without previous instructions as the situation may warrant. Contractor shall notify Director of Transportation immediately thereafter. Any compensation claimed by Contractor, together with substantiating documentation shall be submitted to County via Director of Transportation.

SS 16. LABOR CODE:

Reference is made to Chapter 1, Part 7, Division 2 of the California Labor Code (commencing with Section 1720). By this reference said Chapter 1 is incorporated herein with like effect as if it were here set forth in full. The parties recognize that said Chapter 1 deals, among other things with discrimination, penalties and forfeitures, their disposition and enforcement, wages, working hours, and securing worker's compensation insurance and directly effect the method of prosecution of the work by Contractor and subject it under certain conditions to penalties and forfeitures. Execution of the Agreement by the parties constitutes their agreement to abide by said Chapter 1, their stipulation as to all matters which they are required to stipulate as to by the provisions of said Chapter 1, constitutes Contractor's certification that he is aware of the provisions of said Chapter 1 and will comply with them and further constitutes Contractor's certification as follows: "I am aware of the provisions of Section 3700 of the California Labor Code which require every employer to be insured against liability for worker's compensation or to undertake self-insurance in accordance with the provisions of that Code, and I will comply with such provisions before commencing the performance of the work of this contract." Contractor and his subcontractors shall comply with the provisions of SS 1777.5 of the Labor Code regarding apprentices.

Contractor shall post at each job site during the course of the work a copy of County's "Determination of Prevailing Wage Rates", copies of said Determination are available from County for this purpose.

SS 17. OBSTRUCTIONS:

Attention is directed to Sections 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities" and 15, "Existing Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Add the following to the fourth paragraph of Section 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities", of the Standard Specifications is amended to read:

In the event that the utility facilities mentioned above are not removed or relocated by the times specified and, if in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's operations are delayed or interfered with by reason of the utility facilities not being removed or relocated by said times, the State will compensate the Contractor for such delays to the extent provided in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays" of the Standard Specifications, and not otherwise, except as provided in Section 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications.

SS 18. INSURANCE - HOLD HARMLESS:

In lieu of the provisions of Section 7-1.12 the following shall apply:

Contractor shall not commence work under this contract until he has obtained the insurance required hereunder and satisfactory proof of said insurance has been submitted to and approved by the County of Riverside.

Contractor shall submit to the County of Riverside a Certificate of Insurance, signed by an authorized representative of the Contractor's insurance provider or agency, which certifies to the County that insurance coverage is provided in accordance with the requirements of this section. The Certificate of Insurance shall include as attachments the required "Waiver of Subrogation" and "Additional Insured" policy endorsements.

I. Workers Compensation Insurance:

Contractor shall procure and maintain during the life of the contract Worker's Compensation Insurance coverage as prescribed by the laws of the State of California. Policy shall include Employers' Liability including Occupational Disease with limits not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Policy shall be endorsed to provide a Borrowed Servant Endorsement, Alternate Employer Endorsement, or Additional Insured Endorsement naming the County of Riverside, its Director's Officers,

Special Districts, Board of Supervisors, employees, agents or representatives as Additional Insureds. Policy shall contain a Waiver of Subrogation in favor of the County of Riverside.

Contractor shall further require each of its subcontractors to procure Worker's Compensation Insurance as required by the State while working on the project and the Contractor shall require the subcontractors to endorse the policy to provide a Borrowed Servant Endorsement, Alternate Employer Endorsement, or Additional Insured Endorsement naming the County of Riverside, its Director's Officers, Special Districts, Board of Supervisors, employees, agents or representatives as Additional Insureds. Policy shall contain a Wavier of Subrogation in favor of the County of Riverside.

II. Comprehensive General Liability Insurance:

Contractor shall take out and maintain during the course of the work General Liability Insurance covering bodily injury and property damage insurance and blanket contractual coverage as to the work and obligations covered hereunder. The amount of the insurance shall be in an amount **not less than \$2,000,000**. The policy may be a combined single limit or split limits, but the amount must be no less than \$2,000,000 per occurrence. The insurance carrier must have a current rating of "A" or better by the A.M. Best Company, a financial size of at least "VIII", and be an admitted carrier in the State of California. Any exceptions must be approved in advance by the County of Riverside Risk Management. Said insurance must contain an endorsement the County of Riverside is named as an additional insured as respects the work covered hereunder and **said insurance must not contain, as respects the work covered hereunder, any exclusions as to bodily injury or death or property damage arising out of blasting, explosion, or underground damage to wire, pipes, conduits, mains, sewers, tank tunnels or any similar property - i.e. the so-called "x c u" exclusions.** The insurance certificate evidencing such insurance must **affirmatively state** that the insurance carrier (s) will give Owner 30 days written notice prior to cancellation of the insurance or a reduction in coverage, and that "County of Riverside-- its Director's Officers, Special Districts, Board of Supervisors, employees, agents and representatives" are named as Additional Insureds.

In the alternate to naming County of Riverside as additional insured, Contractor may take out and maintain during the course of the work and until acceptance by County, Owner's Protective Liability Insurance in an

amount not less-than \$2,000,000 covering Riverside County.

III. Auto Liability:

If Lessee's vehicles or licensed mobile equipment will be on the premises or used in any manner on behalf of the County, then Lessee shall maintain auto liability insurance for all owned, non-owned or hired automobiles in an amount not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence combined single limit. Policy shall name the "County of Riverside, its Director's Officers, Special Districts, Board of Supervisors, employees, agents, or representatives" as Additional Insureds.

IV. Hold Harmless:

Contractor shall hold County of Riverside its officers, agent, and employees free and harmless from any liability whatsoever, including wrongful death, based or asserted upon any act or omission of Contractor, its officers, agents, employees or subcontractors relating to or in anywise connected with or arising from the accomplishment of the work, whether or not such acts or omissions were in furtherance of the work required by the Contract Documents and agrees to defend at his expense, including attorney fees, Owner, County of Riverside its officers, agents and employees in any legal action based upon any such alleged acts or omissions.

SS 19. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY:

General:

Contractor shall not discriminate in its recruiting, hiring, promotion, demotion or termination practices on the basis of race, religious creed, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age or physical handicap in the performance of this Contract shall comply with the provisions of the California Fair Employment Practice Act (commencing with SS 1410 of the Labor Code), the Federal Civil Rights Act of 1964 (P.L. 88-352) and all amendments thereto, Executive Order No. 11246 (30 Federal Register 12319), as amended, and all administrative rules and regulations issued pursuant to said Acts and Order. See particularly 41 Code of Federal Regulation (CFR) Chapter 60.

Contractor shall require each of its subcontractors to comply with the preceding paragraph and shall include in each subcontract language similar to the preceding paragraph.

Contractor shall permit access to its records of employment, employment advertisement, application forms and other pertinent data and records by Owner and any State or Federal agency having jurisdiction for the purpose of investigation to ascertain compliance with this Section.

Owner may assign an affirmative action representative to monitor Contractor and its subcontractor (s) conduct required by this Section, including the right of entry to the construction site for the purpose of obtaining information from persons performing work on the project providing such inspection does not interfere with the progress of the work.

Elsewhere in the Contract Documents specific requirements may be contained covering the same subject matter of this Section. If so, such specific requirements prevail over this Section in case of conflict.

Transactions of \$10,000 or Under:

Contracts and subcontracts not exceeding \$10,000 are exempt from the requirements of this Section. No Contractor or subcontractor shall procure supplies and/or services in less than usual quantities to avoid applicability of this Section. With respect to contracts and subcontractors for indefinite quantities, this Section applies unless the amount required in any one year under such contract will reasonably be expected not to exceed \$10,000.

Transactions in Excess of \$10,000, but Less Than \$50,000:

At Owner's request, Contractor shall certify that it has in effect an affirmative action plan and agrees to comply with all State and Federal laws and regulations regarding Fair Employment Practices. Contractor shall maintain a written copy of its affirmative action plan and furnish Owner a copy of the plan upon request. Owner may require Contractor to complete an Affirmative Action Compliance Report, on a form furnished by Owner, setting forth definite goals during the term of the Contract.

Transactions of \$50,000 or More:

If Contractor has fifty or more employees and a Contract for \$50,000 or more, it shall develop and submit to Owner, within thirty days after award, a written affirmative action compliance program providing in detail specific steps to guarantee equal employment opportunity. Contractor shall include in its affirmative action program a table of job classifications, which table shall include but need not be limited to job titles, duties, and rates of pay.

Contractor shall in each subcontract let to do a portion of the work covered hereunder, where the subcontractor involved has fifty or more employees and the subcontract is for \$50,000 or more, impose in the subcontract the above requirements.

For the purpose of determining the number of employees, the average of the Contractor's or its subcontractor's employees for the twelve month period immediately prior to award, or the total number of employees the Contractor or its subcontractor will have when performing this contract, whichever is higher, shall be used.

Federal Assisted Construction:

If this project is a Federally assisted construction project, then the contract provisions contained in 41 CFR SS 60-1.04 (b) are incorporated herein and the Contractor shall likewise incorporate said provisions in each subcontract entered by Contractor to perform the work. Federally assisted construction is identified as such in the Notice Inviting Bids.

SS 20. DEPOSIT OF SECURITIES:

In accordance with Public Contract Code Section 22300 and other applicable law, the Contractor may substitute securities for any moneys withheld to ensure performance under the contract.

SS 21. ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS:

In submitting a bid on this public works project, or any subcontractor agreeing to supply goods, services, or materials, and entering a contract pursuant thereto, the Contractor and/or subcontractor do offer and agree to assign to the Owner all rights, title, and interest in and to all causes of action it may have under Section 4 of the Clayton Act (15 U.S.C. Section 15) or under the Cartwright Act (Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 16700) of Part 2 of Division 7 of the Business and Professions Code), arising from purchases of goods, services, or materials pursuant to the public works contract or the subcontract. This assignment shall be made and become effective at the time the awarding body tenders final payment to the Contractor, without further acknowledgement by the parties.

SS 22. CLAIMS RESOLUTION:

In accordance with Public Contract Code Section 20104 - 20104.8 and other applicable law, public works claims of \$375,000 or less which arise between the Contractor and the Owner shall be resolved following the statutory procedure unless the Owner has elected to resolve the dispute pursuant to Public Contract Code SS 10240 et seq.

1. All claims shall be submitted in writing and accompanied by substantiating documentation. Claims must be filed on or before the date of final payment unless other notice requirements are provide in the contract. "Claim" means a separate demand by the claimant for (1) a time extension, (2) payment of money or damages arising from work done by or on behalf of the claimant and payment of which is not otherwise expressly provided for or the claimant is not otherwise entitled, or (3) an amount the payment of which is disputed by the Owner.

(a) Claims Under or equal to \$50,000. The Owner shall respond in writing to the claim within 45 days of receipt of the claim, or, the Owner may request, in writing, within 30 days of receipt of the claim, any additional documentation supporting the claim or relating to defenses or claims the Owner may have. If additional information is needed thereafter, it shall be provided upon mutual agreement of the Owner and the claimant. The Owner's written response shall be submitted 15 days after receiving the additional documentation, or within the same period of time taken by the claimant to produce the additional information, whichever is greater.

(b) Claims over \$50,000 but less than or equal to \$375,000. The Owner shall respond in writing within 60 days of receipt, or, may request in writing within 30 days of receipt of the claim, any additional documents supporting the claim or relating to defenses or claims the Owner may have against the claimant. If additional information is needed thereafter, it shall be provided pursuant to mutual agreement between the Owner and the claimant. The Owner's response shall be submitted within 30 days after receipt of the further documents, or within the same period of time taken by the claimant to produce the additional information or documents, whichever is greater.

2. If the claimant disputes the Owner's response, or if the Owner fails to respond within the statutory time period, the claimant may so notify the Owner within 15 days of the receipt of the response or the failure to respond,

and demand an informal conference to meet and confer for settlement. Upon such demand, the Owner shall schedule a meet and confer conference within 30 days.

3. If following the meet and confer conference, the claim or any portion thereof remains in dispute, the claimant may file a claim pursuant to Government Code SS 900 et seq. and Government Code SS 910 et seq. For purposes of those provisions, the time within which a claim must be filed shall be tolled from the time the claimant submits the written claim until the time the claim is denied, including any time utilized for the meet and confer conference.
4. If a civil action is filed to resolve any claim, the provisions of Public Contract Code SS 20104.4 shall be followed, providing for non-binding mediation and judicial arbitration.

SS 23. DUST ABATEMENT:

Dust control shall conform to Section 10, "Dust Control", Section 7-1.01F, "Air Pollution Control", Section 17, "Watering", and Section 18, "Dust Palliative" of the Standard Specifications, Rules no. 401, 402, 403 and 403.1 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), Riverside County Code, Chapter 8.52, "Fugitive Dust Reduction Program For Coachella Valley", all other applicable Federal and State laws, and the requirements set forth herein.

The Contractor is cautioned that failure to control fugitive dust may result in fines being levied by the South Coast Air Quality Management District to both the Contractor and the County of Riverside, as owner. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for payment of all fines pertaining to air pollution control violations, resulting from Contractor's operations related to the construction contract, which may be levied against both the Contractor and the County of Riverside by the AQMD or other regulatory agencies. The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 7-1.01, "Laws to be Observed" of the Standard Specifications. The cost of all fines levied against the County of Riverside will be deducted from any moneys due or which may become due to the Contractor, unless other payment arrangements are made by the Contractor.

Dust control of all of the Contractor's operations is required 24 hours per day, 7 days a week for the duration of the contract, and until the disturbed soil is permanently stabilized. The Contractor shall take every precaution to prevent emissions of fugitive dust from the project site, from locations of stockpiled materials, from unpaved driving surfaces, from haul vehicles, from inactive construction

areas, and from all other operations of the Contractor. The Contractor shall plan for and carry out proper and efficient measures to prevent his operations from producing dust in amounts damaging to property or which constitute a public nuisance, or which cause harm to persons living or working in the vicinity of the work. Of particular concern are emissions of PM10 particles, which are fine particulate matter of 10 microns or less and which are associated with sickness and death from respiratory disease.

The Contractor shall furnish and post dust mitigation signs, which shall be, at a minimum, in accordance with the "AQMD Signage Recommendations", attached hereto. Additional copies are available upon request from the Engineer. The sign shall include the Contractor's phone number which shall be maintained on a 24 hour basis. The sign message, size and design, including any deviations from the signage recommendations, shall be approved by the Engineer prior to fabrication.

The Contractor shall respond to complaints by mobilizing equipment and personnel at the construction site within 2 hours of each complaint to control fugitive dust.

Attention is directed to AQMD Rule 403.1, which applies to all contracts within the Coachella Valley Area of Riverside County. That AQMD Rule requires the Contractor to take specified dust control actions when prevailing wind speeds exceed 25 miles per hour. Wind forecasts, AQMD Rules and other related information are provided by AQMD at 1-800-CUT-SMOG and at www.aqmd.gov.

Any days on which the Contractor is prevented from working, due to the requirements of AQMD Rules, will be considered as non-working days, in accordance with Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion" of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall utilize the "Best Available Control Measures" of controlling fugitive dust, as prepared by the AQMD. For projects within the Coachella Valley, the "Reasonably Available Control Measures" may be employed, if effective within the context of the AQMD rules. However, if fugitive dust crosses the project boundary, more effective control measures, including the "Best Available Control Measures" shall be implemented.

A site-specific fugitive dust control plan shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval at least 10 days prior to the start of construction. Additionally, for projects outside of the Coachella Valley which meet the criteria for AQMD plan approval, the Contractor shall submit the dust control plan to AQMD for approval. AQMD plan submittal criteria is defined in AQMD Rule 403 as being for projects that will have disturbed surface area in excess of

100 acres, or for projects with a scope of work which requires the movement of more than 10,000 cubic yards of soil on each of any three working days.

A sample plan and other pertinent information is attached, and additional copies are available from the Engineer upon request. The fugitive dust control plan shall include the "Reasonably Available Control Measures" and "Best Available Control Measures" of controlling fugitive dust, as may be appropriate and necessary, including but not limited to watering, application of chemical dust suppressants, wind fencing, covering of haul vehicles, haul vehicle bed-liners, covering or chemically stabilizing stored materials, phased grading, planting of vegetation, the use of a 24 hour environmental observer, and track-out controls at locations where unpaved construction accesses intersect with paved roads. The use of chemical stabilizers, which are approved by all environmental regulatory agencies, and the use of reclaimed water is encouraged. If water is intended as a primary dust control tool, the dust control plan shall provide for at least one 2,000 gallon water truck for every 4 acres of disturbed soil, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

If the Construction Engineer determines that the project scope and the forecasted weather conditions are such that the Contractor's work is unlikely to be a source of dust emissions, the Construction Engineer has the authority to waive the requirements for submittal of a dust control plan and for placement of the dust control signs described herein. However, the Contractors responsibilities for the control of fugitive dust and the other requirements of this section may not be waived.

A completion notice will not be filed, and the final payment will not be made to the Contractor until the areas of disturbed soil on the construction site, including roadway shoulders, are suitably stabilized for long term control of fugitive dust.

The successful Contractor shall attend an AQMD PM10 Dust Control Program training session, and furnish evidence of attendance to the Engineer. Attendance at AQMD training seminars can be scheduled through AQMD at 1-866-861-DUST (1-866-861-3878) or by email to dustcontrol@aqmd.gov. Current AQMD certification of previous attendance will be accepted. At that training session, the successful Contractor will be furnished with the AQMD prepared Rule 403 and Rule 403.1 implementation handbooks, which include the "Best Available Control Measures" and "Reasonably Available Control Measures", and other associated information, including a listing of suggested dust control related devices, materials and chemicals.

The signature of the Contractor on the Proposal constitutes acknowledgement by the Contractor of the dust control requirements established by law and described herein, and the enforceability of those requirements.

When the contract includes a bid item for Dust Abatement, full compensation for conformance with these dust abatement requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, developing water supply and incidentals, shall be paid at the lump sum price for Dust Abatement, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

When the contract does not include a bid item for Dust Abatement, full compensation for conformance with these dust abatement requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, developing water supply and incidentals, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

AQMD SIGNAGE RECOMMENDATIONS

November, 2001

Plan holder shall post signage at specified locations on the subject property in accordance with the standards specified below. The exception to the standards is that all letters shall be 4 inches high, with the names and telephone numbers of appropriate contacts and services in bold print, as indicated in the standards. These signs shall also include the SCAQMD toll free complaint line 1-800-CUT-SMOG (1-800-288-7664) and the telephone number for the Environmental Observer. These signs shall be posted within 50 feet of the curb on all four (4) corners of the subject property.

For each Dust Control Plan aggregating less than, or equal to, ten (10) acres:

1. The applicant shall install a sign on such property which is visible to the public that meets the following requirements:
 - (a) Such sign shall measure at least four (4) feet wide by four (4) feet high and conform to the specifications in 1 (a) below.

For each Dust Control Plan aggregating over ten (10) acres:

2. The applicant shall install a sign on such property which is visible to the public that meets the following requirements:
 - (a) Such sign shall measure at least eight (8) feet wide by four (4) feet high and conform to the specifications in 1 (b) below.

THE SIGN SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

1. **The sign boards shall be constructed with materials capable of withstanding the environment in which they are placed.**

(a) For 4' x 4' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. 3/4" A/C laminated plywood board
- II. Two 4" x 4" posts
- III. The posts should be attached to the edges of the plywood board with at least 2 carriage bolts on each post.
- IV. The front surface of the sign board should be painted in the contrasting color of a white background with black lettering.

(b) For 4' x 8' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. 1" A/C laminated plywood board
- II. Two 5" x 6" posts
- III. The posts should be attached to the 4' edges of the plywood board with at least 2 carriage bolts on each post.
- IV. The front surface of the sign board should be painted in the contrasting color of a white background with black lettering.

2. The sign board shall be installed and maintained in a condition such that members of the public can easily view, access, and read the sign at all times until the expiration date of the Dust Control plan.

(a) For 4' x 4' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. The lower edge of the sign board should be mounted at least 2' above the existing ground surface to facilitate ease of viewing.
- II. The posts should be set in a hole at least 3' deep with concrete footings to preclude downing by high winds.
- III. On the construction site, the sign should be positioned such that nothing obstructs the public's view from the primary street access point.
- IV. For construction projects that are developed in phases, the sign should be moved to the area that is under active construction.
- V. In situations where all phases of the construction project are completed on a property prior to expiration of the Dust Control Plan, a written request for cancellation of the Dust Control Plan must be submitted to the Engineer.

(b) For 4' x 8' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. The lower edge of the sign board should be mounted at least 2' above the existing ground surface to facilitate ease of viewing.
- II. The posts should be set in a hole at least 4' deep with concrete footings to preclude downing by high winds.
- III. On the construction site, the sign should be positioned such that nothing obstructs the public's view from the primary street access point.
- IV. For construction projects that are developed in phases, the sign should be moved to the area that is under active construction.
- V. In situations where all phases of the construction project are completed on a property prior to expiration of the Dust Control Plan, a written request for cancellation of the Dust Control Plan must be submitted to the Engineer.

3. The sign board shall contain the following information:

- (a) Project Name
- (b) Name of Prime Contractor
- (c) Phone Number of Contractor's Employee Responsible for Dust Control Matters
- (d) County designated phone number (to be provided by the Engineer)
- (e) South Coast Air Quality Management District Phone Number

4. The sign board shall be designed to the following alpha and numeric text dimensions (sign boards written in longhand are unacceptable).

(a) For a permittee subject to the 4' x 4' sign requirement, the District provides the following example: (as modified by the County of Riverside for use on County Public Works projects)

1" UPPERCASE Letters →	PROJECT NAME:		3 ½ " Title Case Bold Letters ←
1" UPPERCASE Letters →	CONTRACTOR		3 ½ " Title Case Bold Letters ←
1" Title Case Letters →	Contractor's Dust Control Phone #		3" Bold Numbers ←
1" Title Case Letters →	County of Riverside Phone #		3" Bold Numbers ←
1" Title Case Letters →	Phone Number:	SCAQMD 1-800-CUT-SMOG	3 ½ " Bold Numbers ←

"Title Case" means the first letter of a word is capitalized and subsequent letters are lower case.

(b) For a permittee subject to the 4' x 8' sign requirement, the District provides the following example: (as modified by the County of Riverside)

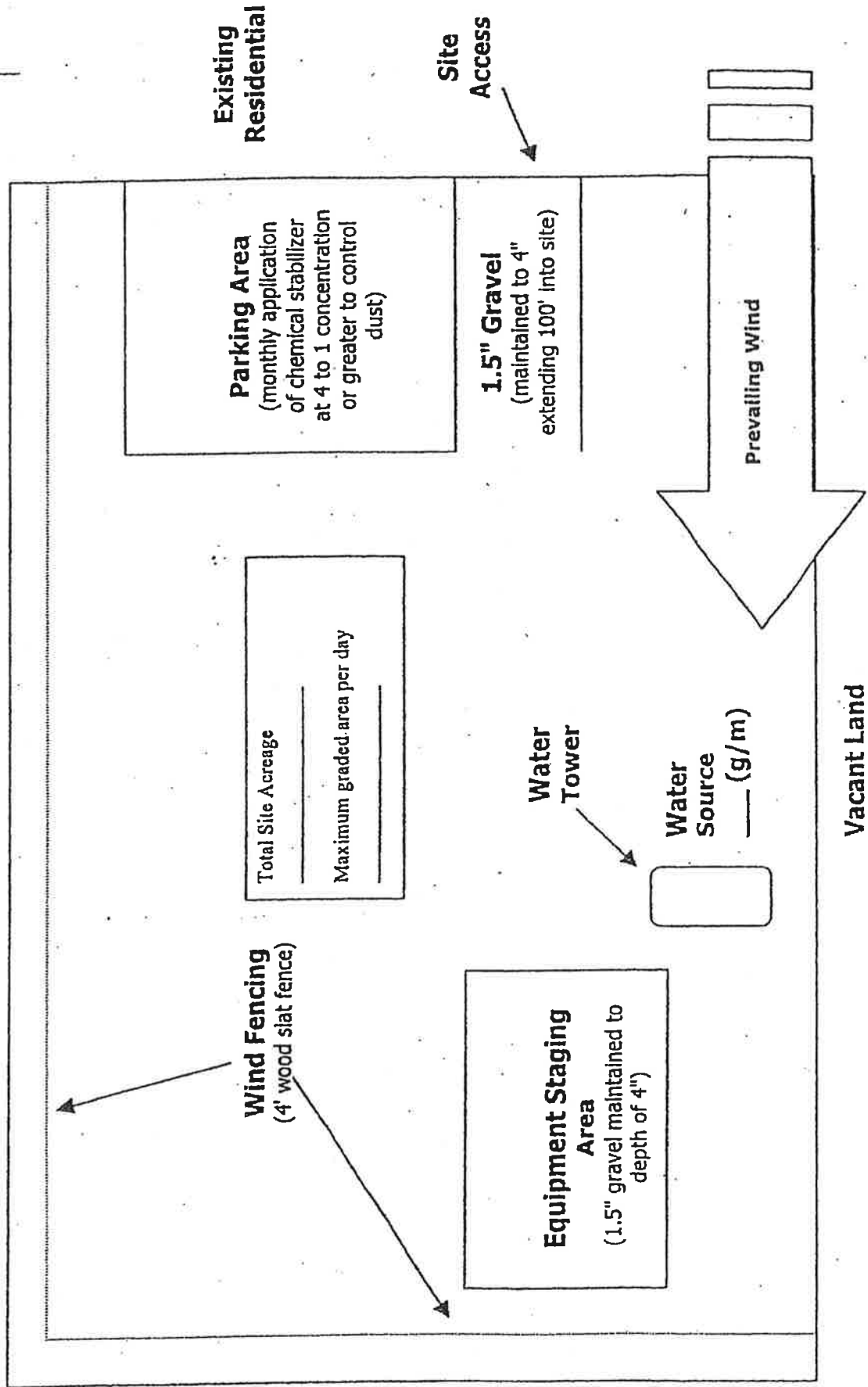
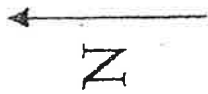
2" UPPERCASE Letters	PROJECT NAME:		4" Title Case Bold Letters
2" UPPERCASE Letters	CONTRACTOR		4" Title Case Bold Letters
2" Title Case Letters	Contractor's Dust Control Phone #		4" Bold Numbers
2" Title Case Letters	County of Riverside Phone #	909-	4" Bold Numbers
2" Title Case Letters	Phone Number:	SCAQMD 1-800-CUT-SMOG	4 ½" Bold Numbers
2" Title Case Letters	COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT		

Section 1

Simplified Sample Site Plan

Existing Residential

Distance and location of nearest:
 Residence _____
 Business _____



Existing Residential

Remember...
 DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,
 REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS

Plan Review Checklist Clearing/Grubbing/Mass Grading Phase

☐ If feasible, use grading permit conditions to break the project into phases so that only a portion of the site is disturbed at any given time to ensure control of fugitive dust. This technique is critical for project sites with greater than 100 acres.

☐ Prior to initiating activity, pre-water site through use of portable irrigation lines. At least 72 hours of pre-watering is recommended for each area prior to initiating earth-movement. Require the Applicant to specify water source and available flow rate (g/m).

☐ Water applied continuously to all disturbed portions of the site by means of water truck/water pull as necessary to maintain sufficient visible moisture on the soil surface. For reference, one 2,000 gallon water truck can treat approximately 4 acres of active construction per hour. Also, for cut and fill activities, one 10,000 gallon water pull is estimated to be necessary for each 7,000 cubic yards of daily earth-movement. Multiple 4,000-gallon water trucks may be used in place of one 10,000-gallon water pull. Touch and visual contrast are reasonably good indicators of soil moisture. Surface areas that are dry to the touch and appear lighter-colored require the application of additional water to prevent visible or fugitive dust. Require the Applicant to specify the number of watering vehicles available for dust control during mass grading and during off-hours as well as availability of back-up water trucks if the site experiences dust control problems.

☐ Water towers are necessary for projects with more than 10 acres of active construction. Without a water tower, it can take up to 30 minutes to fill a 2,000 gallon water truck. Also, multiple water towers are necessary for projects that use water pulls as filling one 10,000 gallon water pull can drain a water tower which takes up to 40 minutes to refill.

☐ Wind fencing is necessary between the site and nearby residences or businesses. Off-site upwind fencing and on-site wind fencing for larger projects can also keep blowsand from being deposited onto the site or traveling through the site.

☐ A perimeter watering system consisting of portable irrigation equipment may be an effective mitigation system to protect surrounding residences and businesses. The portable watering system may be used in place of or in conjunction with watering trucks. The local jurisdiction may also be provided access to this equipment.

Remember...

**DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,
REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**

- ☐ Construction site accesses are to be improved with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4", at least 20' wide, and extending 100 feet into the site. If the project site is not balanced, a wheel washing system and/or ribbed steel plates should be placed in the roadway before the vehicle enters the graveled area to clean the tires and prevent trackout.
- ☐ Equipment staging areas are to be treated with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4".
- ☐ Employee parking areas are to be covered with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4" or treated with chemical dust suppressants at a 4 to 1 ratio on at least a monthly basis to prevent fugitive dust.
- ☐ Chemical dust suppressants are to be mixed at a ratio of 20 to 1 and applied to all disturbed surfaces that are proposed to remain inactive for a period of at least 10 consecutive days. These products are effective in preventing and controlling dust. Recordkeeping is necessary to demonstrate compliance.
- ☐ All project sites greater than 100 acres shall monitor daily wind speeds and AQMD forecasted wind events (call 1.800.CUT.SMOG, press one for air quality information, and then press five for Coachella Valley wind forecasts). Operators shall maintain these records for review by any local code enforcement officer or AQMD inspector.
- ☐ An environmental observer whose primary duty is to oversee dust control at the site is to be used for construction projects greater than 100 acres and/or sites with more than 50 acres of active construction. The environmental observer is tasked with monitoring dust abatement measures and authorized to deploy additional water trucks and other dust control actions (i.e., wind fencing, street sweepers, chemical dust suppressants, etc.) as necessary to prevent or control fugitive dust.
- ☐ Other (specify): _____

Remember...
DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,
REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS

Plan Review Checklist Finish Grading Phase

- ☐ Water applied continuously to all disturbed portions of the site by means of water truck/water pull as necessary to maintain sufficient visible moisture on the soil surface. For reference, one 2,000 gallon water truck can treat approximately 4 acres of active construction per hour. Also, for cut and fill activities, one 10,000 gallon water pull is estimated to be necessary for each 7,000 cubic yards of daily earth-movement. Multiple 4,000-gallon water trucks may be used in place of a 10,000-gallon water pull. Touch and visual contrast are reasonably good indicators of soil moisture. Surface areas that are dry to the touch and appear lighter-colored require the application of additional water to prevent visible or fugitive dust. Require the Applicant to specify the number of watering vehicles available for dust control during finish grading and during off-hours as well as availability of back-up water trucks if the site experiences dust control problems.
- ☐ Water towers are necessary for projects with more than 10 acres of active construction. Without a water tower, it can take up to 30 minutes to fill a 2,000 gallon water truck. Also, multiple water towers are necessary for projects that use water pulls as filling one 10,000 gallon water pull can drain a water tower which takes up to 40 minutes to refill.
- ☐ Wind fencing is necessary between the site and nearby residences or businesses to reduce fugitive dust. Off-site upwind fencing and on-site wind fencing for larger projects can also keep blowsand from being deposited onto the site or traveling through a site.
- ☐ Chemical dust suppressants are to be applied at a concentration of at least 10 to 1 to finish graded areas once final elevations have been reached. For areas that will remain inactive for longer periods, vegetation can be a cost-effective alternative to chemical stabilization. Wind fencing or other obstructions can keep the stabilized area free from future disturbances.
- ☐ Construction site access(es) are to be improved with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of at least 4" with a minimum width of at least 20', extending 100 feet into the project site.
- ☐ Equipment staging areas are to be treated with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4".
- ☐ Internal roadway networks are to be treated with chemical dust suppressants at a minimum rate of at least 4 to 1 and retreated on a monthly basis once final roadway elevations have been reached.
- ☐ Employee parking areas are to be treated with chemical dust suppressants at a mix ratio of at least 4 to 1 and retreated on at least a monthly basis or covered with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4" to prevent fugitive dust.
- ☐ Other (specify): _____

Remember...

**DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,
REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**

Plan Review Checklist Construction Phase

☐ Water applied continuously to all disturbed portions of the site by means of water truck/water pull is necessary to maintain sufficient visible moisture on the soil surface. For reference, one 2,000 gallon water truck can treat approximately 4 acres of active construction per hour. Touch and visual contrast are reasonably good indicators of soil moisture. Surface areas that are dry to the touch and appear lighter-colored require the application of additional water to prevent visible or fugitive dust. Require the Applicant to specify the number of watering vehicles available for dust control during the construction phase and during off-hours as well as availability of back-up water trucks if the site experiences dust control problems.

☐ Wind fencing is necessary between the site and nearby residences or businesses. Off-site upwind fencing and on-site wind fencing for larger projects can also keep blowsand from being deposited onto the site or traveling through the site. Block walls, if part of the final project, can replace wind fencing during the construction phase.

☐ Chemical dust suppressants are to be applied at a concentration of at least 20 to 1 to finish graded areas once final elevations have been reached. For areas that will remain inactive for longer periods, vegetation can be a cost-effective alternative to chemical stabilization. Wind fencing or other obstructions can keep the stabilized area free from future disturbances.

☐ Construction site accesses are to be improved with 1.5" gravel, maintained to a depth of 4", with a width of at least 20', extending 100' into the project site. Paving internal roadways can substitute for gravel.

☐ Internal roadway networks are to be paved as early as feasible in the construction phase. Street sweeping of internal and/or external access roads will likely be required to control entrained road dust.

☐ Employee parking areas are to be treated with chemical dust suppressants at a mix ratio of no less than 4 to 1 and retreated on a monthly basis, or more frequently if fugitive dust is observed. If internal roadway is complete, employees are to be instructed to park on paved roads.

☐ Other (specify): _____

Remember...
DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,
REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

REASONABLY AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES

Paragraph (d)(3) of Rule 403 allows activities outside the South Coast Air Basin (see Figure 2-1) to implement reasonably available control measures in lieu of best available control measures. Additionally, as specified by subparagraph (f)(3)(D) of Rule 403, any person seeking approval of a fugitive dust emissions control plan for projects outside the South Coast Air Basin must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the District that the given activity is employing all reasonably available fugitive dust control measures.

The District has prepared the attached listing of reasonably available fugitive dust control measures for a variety of source categories. This list is based on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's reference document entitled, "Control of Open Fugitive Dust Sources," Midwest Research Institute, September 1988.

The District encourages the use of those dust control measures that minimize the use of potable water. When water is needed, reclaimed water should be utilized to the greatest extent feasible.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

REASONABLY AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES

The left column contains a listing of the sources of fugitive dust which are intended for emission control under District Rule 403 and a listing of control measures and high-wind measures. The right column contains a description of the reasonably available fugitive dust control measures for each of the sources.

Source: (1) Land Clearing/Earth-Moving

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

(A) Watering

(1) Application of water by means of trucks, hoses and/or sprinklers prior to conducting any land clearing. This will increase the moisture content of the soils; thereby increasing its stability.

(2) Pre-application of water to depths of proposed cuts.

(3) Once the land clearing/earth moving activities are complete, a second application of water can generate a thin crust that stabilizes the disturbed surface area provided that it is not disturbed. (Security fencing can be used to prevent unwanted future disturbances of sites where a surface crust has been created).

(B) Chemical stabilizers

(1) Only effective in areas which are not subject to daily disturbances.

(2) Vendors can supply information on product application and required concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule.

(C) Wind fencing

(1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity located adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of windblown material leaving a site.

(2) Would likely be used in conjunction with other measures (e.g., watering, chemical stabilization, etc.) to ensure that visible emissions do not cross a property line.

(D) Cover haul vehicles

(1) Entire surface area of hauled earth should be covered once vehicle is full.

(E) Bedliners in haul vehicles

(1) When feasible, use in bottom-dumping haul vehicles.

HIGH WIND MEASURE

(a) Cease all active operations; or

(b) Apply water within 15 minutes to any soil surface which is being moved or otherwise disturbed.

Source: (2) Unpaved Roads

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| (F) Paving | (1) Requires street sweeping/cleaning if subject to material accumulation. |
| (G) Chemical stabilization | (1) Vendors can supply information as to application methods and concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule
(2) Not recommended for high volume or heavy equipment traffic use. |
| (H) Watering | (1) In sufficient quantities to keep surface moist.
(2) Required application frequency will vary according to soil type, weather conditions, and vehicular use. |
| (I) Reduce speed limits | (1) 15 mile per hour maximum. May need to be used in conjunction with watering or chemical stabilization to prevent visible emissions from crossing the property line. |
| (J) Reduce vehicular trips | (1) Access restriction or redirecting traffic to reduce vehicle trips by a minimum of 60 percent. |
| (K) Gravel | (1) Gravel maintained to a depth of four inches can be an effective measure.
(2) Should only be used in areas where paving, chemical stabilization or frequent watering is not feasible. |

HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (c) Apply a chemical stabilizer (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or
- (d) Apply water once each hour; or
- (e) Stop all vehicular traffic.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (3) Storage Piles

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|--|--|
| (L) Wind sheltering | (1) Enclose in silos.
(2) Install three-sided barriers equal to height of material, with no more than 50 percent porosity. |
| (M) Watering | (1) Application methods include: spray bars, hoses and water trucks.
(2) Frequency of application will vary on site-specific conditions. |
| (N) Chemical stabilizers | (1) Best for use on storage piles subject to infrequent disturbances. |
| (O) Altering load-in/load-out procedures | (1) Confine load-in/load-out procedures to leeward (downwind) side of the material.
(2) May need to be used in conjunction with wind sheltering to prevent visible emissions from crossing the property line. |
| (P) Coverings | (1) Tarps, plastic, or other material can be used as a temporary covering.
(2) When used, these should be anchored to prevent wind from removing coverings. |

HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (f) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or
(g) Apply water once per hour; or
(h) Install temporary covers.

Source: (4) Paved Road Track-Out

CONTROL MEASURES

(Q) Chemical stabilization

DESCRIPTION

- (1) Most effective when used on areas where active operations have ceased.
- (2) Vendors can supply information on methods for application and required concentrations.

(R) Sweep/clean roadways

- (1) Either sweeping or water flushing may be used.

(S) Cover haul vehicles

- (1) Entire surface area should be covered once vehicle is full.

(T) Bedliners in haul vehicles

- (1) When feasible, use in bottom dumping vehicles.

(U) Site access improvement

- (1) Pave internal roadway system.
- (2) Most important segment, last 100 yards from the connection with paved public roads

HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (i) Cover all haul vehicles; and
- (i) Clean streets with water flushing, unless prohibited by the Regional Water Quality Control Board.

Source: (5) Disturbed Surface Areas/ Inactive Construction Sites

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| (Q) Chemical stabilization | (1) Most effective when used on areas where active operations have ceased.
(2) Vendors can supply information on methods for application and required concentrations. |
| (R) Watering | (1) Requires frequent applications unless a surface crust can be developed. |
| (S) Wind fencing | (1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of wind blown material leaving a site. |
| (T) Vegetation | (1) Establish as quickly as possible when active operations have ceased.
(2) Use of drought tolerant, native vegetation is encouraged. |

HIGH WIND MEASURES

- (k) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule); or
(l) Apply water to all disturbed surface areas 3 times per day.

BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES

Rule 403, paragraph (d)(2) requires active operations [defined in Rule 403, paragraph (c)(1)] within the South Coast Air Basin (see Figure 2-1) to implement at least one best available control measure for each fugitive dust source type on site. Additionally, as specified by subparagraph (f)(3)(D) of Rule 403, any person seeking approval of a fugitive dust emissions control plan for projects within the South Coast Air Basin must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the AQMD that the given activity is employing all best available fugitive dust control measures.

The AQMD has prepared the attached listing of best available fugitive dust control measures for a variety of source categories. This list is based on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's reference document entitled, "Fugitive Dust Background Document and Technical Information Document for Best Available Control Measures," Office of Air and Radiation, September 1992.

The AQMD encourages the use of those dust control measures that minimize the use of potable water. When water is needed, reclaimed water should be utilized to the greatest extent feasible.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES

The left column contains a listing of the sources of fugitive dust which are intended for emission control under District Rule 403 and a listing of control measures and high-wind measures. The right column contains a description of the best available fugitive dust control measures for each of the sources.

Source: (1) Land Clearing/Earth-Moving

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| (A) Watering (pre-grading) | (1) Application of water by means of trucks, hoses and/or sprinklers prior to conducting any land clearing. This will increase the moisture content of the soils; thereby increasing its stability. |
| (A-1) Watering (post-grading) | (2) Pre-application of water to depths of proposed cuts. |
| | (1) In active earth-moving areas water should be applied at sufficient frequency and quantity to prevent visible emissions from extending more than 100 feet from the point of origin. |
| (A-2) Pre-grading planning | (1) Grade each phase separately, timed to coincide with construction phase; or |
| | (2) Grade entire project, but apply chemical stabilizers or ground cover to graded areas where construction phase begins more than 60 days after grading phase ends. |
| (B) Chemical stabilizers | (1) Only effective in areas which are not subject to daily disturbances. |
| | (2) Vendors can supply information on product application and required concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule. |
| (C) Wind fencing | (1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity located adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of windblown material leaving a site. Must be implemented in conjunction with either measure (A-1) or (B). |
| (D) Cover haul vehicles | (1) Entire surface area of hauled earth should be covered once vehicle is full. |
| (E) Bedliners in haul vehicles | (1) When feasible, use in bottom-dumping haul vehicles. |

HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (a) Cease all active operations; or
(b) Apply water within 15 minutes to any soil surface which is being moved or otherwise disturbed.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (2) Unpaved Roads

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| (F) Paving | (1) Requires street sweeping/cleaning if subject to material accumulation. |
| (G) Chemical stabilization | (1) Vendors can supply information as to application methods and concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule
(2) Not recommended for high volume or heavy equipment traffic use. |
| (H) Watering | (1) In sufficient quantities to keep surface moist.
(2) Required application frequency will vary according to soil type, weather conditions, and vehicular use. |
| (I) Reduce speed limits | (1) 15 mile per hour maximum. May need to be used in conjunction with watering or chemical stabilization to prevent visible emissions from crossing the property line. |
| (J) Reduce vehicular trips | (1) Access restriction or redirecting traffic to reduce vehicle trips by a minimum of 60 percent. |
| (K) Gravel | (1) Gravel maintained to a depth of four inches can be an effective measure.
(2) Should only be used in areas where paving, chemical stabilization or frequent watering is not feasible. |

HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (a) Apply a chemical stabilizer (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or
(b) Apply water once each hour; or
(c) Stop all vehicular traffic.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (3) Storage Piles

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|--|--|
| (L) Wind sheltering | (1) Enclose in silos.
(2) Install three-sided barriers equal to height of material, with no more than 50 percent porosity. |
| (M) Watering | (1) Application methods include: spray bars, hoses and water trucks.
(2) Frequency of application will vary on site-specific conditions. |
| (N) Chemical stabilizers | (1) Best for use on storage piles subject to infrequent disturbances. |
| (O) Altering load-in/load-out procedures | (1) Confine load-in/load-out procedures to leeward (downwind) side of the material.
Must be used in conjunction with either measure (L), (M), (N), or (P). |
| (P) Coverings | (1) Tarps, plastic, or other material can be used as a temporary covering.
(2) When used, these should be anchored to prevent wind from removing coverings. |

HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (a) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or
- (b) Apply water once per hour; or
- (c) Install temporary covers.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (4) Paved Road Track-Out

CONTROL MEASURES

Compliance with District Rule 403.

DESCRIPTION

Paragraph (d)(5).

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (5) Disturbed Surface Areas/ Inactive Construction Sites

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| (Q) Chemical stabilization | (1) Most effective when used on areas where active operations have ceased. |
| | (2) Vendors can supply information on methods for application and required concentrations. |
| (R) Watering | (1) Requires frequent applications unless a surface crust can be developed. |
| (S) Wind fencing | (1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of wind blown material leaving a site. Must be used in conjunction with either measure (Q), (R), or (T). |
| (T) Vegetation | (1) Establish as quickly as possible when active operations have ceased.* |

HIGH WIND MEASURES

- (a) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule); or
- (b) Apply water to all disturbed surface areas 3 times per day.

* Use of drought tolerant, native vegetation is encouraged.

TABLE 1

**BEST [REASONABLY]* AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES FOR HIGH
WIND CONDITIONS**

<u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u>	<u>CONTROL MEASURES</u>
Earth-moving	(1A) Cease all active operations; OR (2A) Apply water to soil not more than 15 minutes prior to moving such soil.
Disturbed surface areas	(0B) On the last day of active operations prior to a weekend, holiday, or any other period when active operations will not occur for not more than four consecutive days: apply water with a mixture of chemical stabilizer diluted to not less than 1/20 of the concentration required to maintain a stabilized surface for a period of six months; OR (1B) Apply chemical stabilizers prior to wind event; OR (2B) Apply water to all unstabilized disturbed areas 3 times per day. If there is any evidence of wind driven fugitive dust, watering frequency is increased to a minimum of four times per day; OR (3B) Take the actions specified in Table 2, Item (3c); OR (4B) Utilize any combination of control actions (1B), (2B), and (3B) such that, in total, these actions apply to all disturbed surface areas.
Unpaved roads	(1C) Apply chemical stabilizers prior to wind event; OR (2C) Apply water twice [once] per hour during active operation; OR (3C) Stop all vehicular traffic.
Open storage piles	(1D) Apply water twice [once] per hour; OR (2D) Install temporary coverings.
Paved road track-out	(1E) Cover all haul vehicles; OR (2E) Comply with the vehicle freeboard requirements of Section 23114 of the California Vehicle Code for both public and private roads.
All Categories	(1F) Any other control measures approved by the Executive Officer and the U.S. EPA as equivalent to the methods specified in Table 1 may be used.

* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

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TABLE 2
DUST CONTROL ACTIONS FOR EXEMPTION FROM PARAGRAPH (d)(4)*

<u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u>	<u>CONTROL ACTIONS</u>
Earth-moving (except construction cutting and filling areas, and mining operations)	<p>(1a) Maintain soil moisture content at a minimum of 12 percent, as determined by ASTM method D-2216, or other equivalent method approved by the Executive Officer, the California Air Resources Board, and the U.S. EPA. Two soil moisture evaluations must be conducted during the first three hours of active operations during a calendar day, and two such evaluations each subsequent four-hour period of active operations; OR</p> <p>(1a-1) For any earth-moving which is more than 100 feet from all property lines, conduct watering as necessary to prevent visible dust emissions from exceeding 100 feet in length in any direction.</p>
Earth-moving: Construction fill areas:	<p>(1b) Maintain soil moisture content at a minimum of 12 percent, as determined by ASTM method D-2216, or other equivalent method approved by the Executive Officer, the California Air Resources Board, and the U.S. EPA. For areas which have an optimum moisture content for compaction of less than 12 percent, as determined by ASTM Method 1557 or other equivalent method approved by the Executive Officer and the California Air Resources Board and the U.S. EPA, complete the compaction process as expeditiously as possible after achieving at least 70 percent of the optimum soil moisture content. Two soil moisture evaluations must be conducted during the first three hours of active operations during a calendar day, and two such evaluations during each subsequent four-hour period of active operations.</p>

* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

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TABLE 2 (Continued)

<u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u>	<u>CONTROL ACTIONS</u>
Earth-moving: Construction cut areas and mining operations:	(1c) Conduct watering as necessary to prevent visible emissions from extending more than 100 feet beyond the active cut or mining area unless the area is inaccessible to watering vehicles due to slope conditions or other safety factors.
Disturbed surface areas (except completed grading areas)	(2a/b) Apply dust suppression in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface. Any areas which cannot be stabilized, as evidenced by wind driven fugitive dust must have an application of water at least twice per day to at least 80 [70] percent of the unstabilized area.
Disturbed surface areas: Completed grading areas	(2c) Apply chemical stabilizers within five working days of grading completion; OR (2d) Take actions (3a) or (3c) specified for inactive disturbed surface areas.
Inactive disturbed surface areas	(3a) Apply water to at least 80 [70] percent of all inactive disturbed surface areas on a daily basis when there is evidence of wind driven fugitive dust, excluding any areas which are inaccessible to watering vehicles due to excessive slope or other safety conditions; OR (3b) Apply dust suppressants in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface; OR (3c) Establish a vegetative ground cover within 21 [30] days after active operations have ceased. Ground cover must be of sufficient density to expose less than 30 percent of unstabilized ground within 90 days of planting, and at all times thereafter; OR (3d) Utilize any combination of control actions (3a), (3b), and (3c) such that, in total, these actions apply to all inactive disturbed surface areas.

Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

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TABLE 2 (Continued)

<u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u>	<u>CONTROL ACTIONS</u>
Unpaved Roads	<p>(4a) Water all roads used for any vehicular traffic at least once per every two hours of active operations [3 times per normal 8 hour work day]; OR</p> <p>(4b) Water all roads used for any vehicular traffic once daily and restrict vehicle speeds to 15 miles per hour; OR</p> <p>(4c) Apply a chemical stabilizer to all unpaved road surfaces in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface.</p>
Open storage piles	<p>(5a) Apply chemical stabilizers; OR</p> <p>(5b) Apply water to at least 80 [70] percent of the surface area of all open storage piles on a daily basis when there is evidence of wind driven fugitive dust; OR</p> <p>(5c) Install temporary coverings; OR</p> <p>(5d) Install a three-sided enclosure with walls with no more than 50 percent porosity which extend, at a minimum, to the top of the pile.</p>
<u>All Categories</u>	<p>(6a) Any other control measures approved by the Executive Officer and the U.S. EPA as equivalent to the methods specified in Table 2 may be used.</p>

* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

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TABLE 3
TRACK-OUT CONTROL OPTIONS
PARAGRAPH (d)(5)(B)

CONTROL OPTIONS

(1)	Pave or apply chemical stabilization at sufficient concentration and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface starting from the point of intersection with the public paved surface, and extending for a centerline distance of at least 100 feet and a width of at least 20 feet.
(2)	Pave from the point of intersection with the public paved road surface, and extending for a centerline distance of at least 25 feet and a width of at least 20 feet, and install a track-out control device immediately adjacent to the paved surface such that exiting vehicles do not travel on any unpaved road surface after passing through the track-out control device.
(3)	Any other control measures approved by the Executive Officer and the U.S. EPA as equivalent to the methods specified in Table 3 may be used.

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SECTION 1. (BLANK)

SECTION 2. (BLANK)

SECTION 3. (BLANK)

SECTION 4. (BLANK)

SECTION 5. (BLANK)

SECTION 6. (BLANK)

SECTION 7. (BLANK)

SECTION 8. MATERIALS

SECTION 8-1. MISCELLANEOUS

8-1.01 SUBSTITUTION OF NON-METRIC MATERIALS AND PRODUCTS:

Only materials and products conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be incorporated in the work. When metric materials and products are not available, and when approved by the Engineer, and at no cost to the State or County, materials and products in the United States Standard Measures which are of equal quality and of the required properties and characteristics for the purpose intended, may be substituted for the equivalent metric materials and products, subject to the following provisions:

- A. Materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent may be substituted for the metric materials and products specified or detailed on the plans.
- B. Before other non-metric materials and products will be considered for use, the Contractor shall furnish, at the Contractor's expense, evidence satisfactory to the Engineer that the materials and products proposed for use are equal to or better than the materials and products specified or detailed on the plans. The burden of proof as to the quality and suitability of substitutions shall be upon the Contractor and the Contractor shall furnish necessary information as required by the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge as to the quality and suitability of the substituted materials and products and the Engineer's decision will be final.
- C. When the Contractor elects to substitute non-metric materials and products, including materials and products shown on the plans or in the special provisions as being equivalent, the list of sources of material specified in Section 6-1.01, "Source of Supply and Quality of Materials," of the Standard Specification shall include a list of substitutions to be made and contract items involved. In addition, for a change in design or details, the Contractor shall submit plans and working drawings in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of

the Standard Specifications. The plans and working drawings shall be submitted at least 7 days before the Contractor intends to begin the work involved.

Unless otherwise specified, the following substitutions of materials and products will be allowed:

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PLAIN WIRE REINFORCEMENT

ASTM Designation: A 82

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS ² mm	SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED ² inch x 100
MW9	W1.4
MW10	W1.6
MW13	W2.0
MW15	W2.3
MW19	W2.9
MW20	W3.1
MW22	W3.5
MW25	W3.9, except W3.5 in piles only
MW26	W4.0
MW30	W4.7
MW32	W5.0
MW35	W5.4
MW40	W6.2
MW45	W6.5
MW50	W7.8
MW55	W8.5, except W8.0 in piles only
MW60	W9.3
MW70	W10.9, except W11.0 in piles only
MW80	W12.4
MW90	W14.0
MW100	W15.5

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR BAR REINFORCEMENT

METRIC BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER ¹ SHOWN ON THE PLANS	BAR DESIGNATION NUMBER ² TO BE SUBSTITUTED
10	3
13	4
16	5
19	6
22	7
25	8
29	9
32	10
36	11
43	14
57	18

¹Bar designation numbers approximate the number of millimeters of the nominal diameter of the bars.

²Bar numbers are based on the number of eighths of an inch included in the nominal diameter of the bars.

No adjustment will be required in spacing or total number of reinforcing bars due to a difference in minimum yield strength between metric and non-metric bars.

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR SIZES OF:

(1) STEEL FASTENERS FOR GENERAL APPLICATIONS (ASTM Designation: A 307 or AASHTO Designation: M 314, Grade 36 or 55), and

(2) HIGH STRENGTH STEEL FASTENERS (ASTM Designation: A 325 or A 449)

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
6 or 6.35	1/4
8 or 7.94	5/16
10 or 9.52	3/8
11 or 11.11	7/16
13, 12.70, or M12	1/2
14 or 14.29	9/16
16, 15.88, or M16	5/8
19, 19.05, or M20	3/4
22, 22.22, or M22	7/8
24, 25, 25.40, or M24	1
29, 28.58, or M27	1-1/8
32, 31.75, or M30	1-1/4
35 or 34.93	1-3/8
38, 38.10, or M36	1-1/2
44 or 44.45	1-3/4
51 or 50.80	2
57 or 57.15	2-1/4
64 or 63.50	2-1/2
70 or 69.85	2-3/4
76 or 76.20	3
83 or 82.55	3-1/4
89 or 88.90	3-1/2
95 or 95.25	3-3/4
102 or 101.60	4

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR NOMINAL THICKNESS OF SHEET METAL

UNCOATED HOT AND COLD ROLLED SHEETS		HOT-DIPPED ZINC COATED SHEETS (GALVANIZED)	
METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	GAGE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch	METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	GAGE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
7.94	0.3125	4.270	0.1681
6.07	0.2391	3.891	0.1532
5.69	0.2242	3.510	0.1382
5.31	0.2092	3.132	0.1233
4.94	0.1943	2.753	0.1084
4.55	0.1793	2.372	0.0934
4.18	0.1644	1.994	0.0785
3.80	0.1495	1.803	0.0710
3.42	0.1345	1.613	0.0635
3.04	0.1196	1.461	0.0575
2.66	0.1046	1.311	0.0516
2.28	0.0897	1.158	0.0456
1.90	0.0747	1.006 or 1.016	0.0396
1.71	0.0673	0.930	0.0366
1.52	0.0598	0.853	0.0336
1.37	0.0538	0.777	0.0306
1.21	0.0478	0.701	0.0276
1.06	0.0418	0.627	0.0247
0.91	0.0359	0.551	0.0217
0.84	0.0329	0.513	0.0202
0.76	0.0299	0.475	0.0187
0.68	0.0269		
0.61	0.0239		
0.53	0.0209		
0.45	0.0179		
0.42	0.0164		
0.38	0.0149		

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR WIRE

METRIC THICKNESS SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm	WIRE THICKNESS TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch	GAGE NO.
6.20	0.244	3
5.72	0.225	4
5.26	0.207	5
4.88	0.192	6
4.50	0.177	7
4.11	0.162	8
3.76	0.148	9
3.43	0.135	10
3.05	0.120	11
2.69	0.106	12
2.34	0.092	13
2.03	0.080	14
1.83	0.072	15
1.57	0.062	16
1.37	0.054	17
1.22	0.048	18
1.04	0.041	19
0.89	0.035	20

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR PIPE PILES

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch x inch
PP 360 x 4.55	NPS 14 x 0.179
PP 360 x 6.35	NPS 14 x 0.250
PP 360 x 9.53	NPS 14 x 0.375
PP 360 x 11.12	NPS 14 x 0.438
PP 406 x 12.70	NPS 16 x 0.500
PP 460 x T	NPS 18 x T"
PP 508 x T	NPS 20 x T"
PP 559 x T	NPS 22 x T"
PP 610 x T	NPS 24 x T"
PP 660 x T	NPS 26 x T"
PP 711 x T	NPS 28 x T"
PP 762 x T	NPS 30 x T"
PP 813 x T	NPS 32 x T"
PP 864 x T	NPS 34 x T"
PP 914 x T	NPS 36 x T"
PP 965 x T	NPS 38 x T"
PP 1016 x T	NPS 40 x T"
PP 1067 x T	NPS 42 x T"
PP 1118 x T	NPS 44 x T"
PP 1219 x T	NPS 48 x T"
PP 1524 x T	NPS 60 x T"

The thickness in millimeters (T) represents an exact conversion of the thickness in inches (T").

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR CIDH CONCRETE PILING

METRIC SIZE SHOWN ON THE PLANS	ACTUAL AUGER SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inches
350 mm	14
400 mm	16
450 mm	18
600 mm	24
750 mm	30
900 mm	36
1.0 m	42
1.2 m	48
1.5 m	60
1.8 m	72
2.1 m	84
2.4 m	96
2.7 m	108
3.0 m	120
3.3 m	132
3.6 m	144
4.0 m	156

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR STRUCTURAL TIMBER AND LUMBER

METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED DRY, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	METRIC MINIMUM DRESSED GREEN, SHOWN ON THE PLANS mm x mm	NOMINAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch x inch
19x89	20x90	1x4
38x89	40x90	2x4
64x89	65x90	3x4
89x89	90x90	4x4
140x140	143x143	6x6
140x184	143x190	6x8
184x184	190x190	8x8
235x235	241x241	10x10
286x286	292x292	12x12

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR NAILS AND SPIKES

METRIC COMMON NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC BOX NAIL, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	METRIC SPIKE, SHOWN ON THE PLANS Length, mm Diameter, mm	SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED Penny-weight
50.80 2.87	50.80 2.51	—	6d
63.50 3.33	63.50 2.87	—	8d
76.20 3.76	76.20 3.25	76.20 4.88	10d
82.55 3.76	82.55 3.25	82.55 4.88	12d
88.90 4.11	88.90 3.43	88.90 5.26	16d
101.60 4.88	101.60 3.76	101.60 5.72	20d
114.30 5.26	114.30 3.76	114.30 6.20	30d
127.00 5.72	127.00 4.11	127.00 6.68	40d
—	—	139.70 7.19	50d
—	—	152.40 7.19	60d

SUBSTITUTION TABLE FOR IRRIGATION
COMPONENTS

METRIC WATER METERS, TRUCK LOADING STANDPIPES, VALVES, BACKFLOW PREVENTERS, FLOW SENSORS, WYE STRAINERS, FILTER ASSEMBLY UNITS, PIPE SUPPLY LINES, AND PIPE IRRIGATION SUPPLY LINES SHOWN ON THE PLANS DIAMETER NOMINAL (DN) mm	NOMINAL SIZE TO BE SUBSTITUTED inch
15	1/2
20	3/4
25	1
32	1-1/4
40	1-1/2
50	2
65	2-1/2
75	3
100	4
150	6
200	8
250	10
300	12
350	14
400	16

Unless otherwise specified, substitutions of United States Standard Measures standard structural shapes corresponding to the metric designations shown on the plans and in conformance with the requirements in ASTM Designation: A 6/A 6M, Annex 2, will be allowed.

8-1.02 PREQUALIFIED AND TESTED SIGNING AND DELINEATION MATERIALS:

The Department maintains the following list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials. The Engineer shall not be precluded from sampling and testing products on the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials.

The manufacturer of products on the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials shall furnish the Engineer a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each type of traffic product supplied.

For those categories of materials included on the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials, only those products shown within the listing may be used in the work.

Other categories of products, not included on the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials, may be used in the work provided they conform to the requirements of the Standard Specifications.

Materials and products may be added to the list of Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials if the manufacturer submits a New Product Information Form to the New Product Coordinator at the Transportation Laboratory. Upon a Departmental request for samples, sufficient samples shall be submitted to permit performance of required tests. Approval of materials or products will depend upon compliance with the specifications and tests the Department may elect to perform.

PAVEMENT MARKERS, PERMANENT TYPE

Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)

1. Apex, Model 921AR (100 mm x 100 mm)
2. Ennis Paint, Models C88 (100 mm x 100 mm), 911 (100 mm x 100 mm) and C80FH
3. Ray-O-Lite, Model "AA" ARS (100 mm x 100 mm) and ARC Round Shoulder (100 mm x 100 mm)
4. 3M Series 290 (89 mm x 100 mm)
5. 3M Series 290 PSA
6. Glowlite, Inc Model 988AR (100 mm x 100 mm)

Retroreflective With Abrasion Resistant Surface (ARS)

(for recessed applications only)

1. Ennis Paint, Model 948 (58 mm x 119 mm)
2. Ennis Paint, Model 944SB (51 mm x 100 mm)*
3. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2002 (51 mm x 117 mm)
4. Ray-O-Lite, Model 2004 ARS (51 mm x 100 mm)*

*For use only in 114 mm wide (older) recessed slots

Non-Reflective, 100-mm Round

1. Apex Universal (Ceramic)
2. Apex Universal, Models 929 (ABS) and 929PP (Polypropylene)
3. Glowlite, Inc. (Ceramic) and PP (Polypropylene)
4. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Models P20-2000W and 2001Y (ABS)
5. Interstate Sales, "Diamond Back" (Polypropylene)
6. Novabrite Models Cdot (White) Cdot-y (Yellow), Ceramic
7. Novabrite Models Pdot-w (White) Pdot-y (Yellow), Polypropylene
8. Three D Traffic Works TD10000 (ABS), TD10500 (Polypropylene)

PAVEMENT MARKERS, TEMPORARY TYPE

Temporary Markers For Long Term Day/Night Use (180 days or less)

1. Vega Molded Products "Temporary Road Marker" (75 mm x 100 mm)

Temporary Markers For Short Term Day/Night Use (14 days or less)

(For seal coat or chip seal applications, clear protective covers are required)

1. Apex Universal, Model 932
2. Filtrona Extrusion, Models T.O.M., T.R.P.M., and "HH" (High Heat)
3. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model 1280/1281
4. Glowlite, Inc., Model 932

STRIPING AND PAVEMENT MARKING MATERIAL**Permanent Traffic Striping and Pavement Marking Tape**

1. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 300 and 400
2. Brite-Line, Series 1000
3. Brite-Line, "DeltaLine XRP"
4. Swarco Industries, "Director 35" (For transverse application only)
5. Swarco Industries, "Director 60"
6. 3M, "Stamark" Series 380 and 5730
7. 3M, "Stamark" Series 420 (For transverse application only)

Temporary (Removable) Striping and Pavement Marking Tape (180 days or less)

1. Advanced Traffic Marking, Series 200
2. Brite-Line, Series 100
3. Garlock Rubber Technologies, Series 2000
4. P.B. Laminations, Aztec, Grade 102
5. Swarco Industries, "Director-2"
6. Trelleborg Industries, R140 Series
7. 3M Series 620 "CR", and Series A750
8. 3M Series A145, Removable Black Line Mask
(Black Tape: for use only on Hot mix asphalt surfaces)
9. Advanced Traffic Marking Black "Hide-A-Line"
(Black Tape: for use only on Hot mix asphalt surfaces)
10. Brite-Line "BTR" Black Removable Tape
(Black Tape: for use only on Hot mix asphalt surfaces)
11. Trelleborg Industries, RB-140
(Black Tape: for use only on Hot mix asphalt surfaces)

Preformed Thermoplastic (Heated in place)

1. Flint Trading Inc., "Hot Tape"
2. Flint Trading Inc., "Premark Plus"
3. Ennis Paint Inc., "Flametape"

Ceramic Surfacing Laminate, 150 mm x 150 mm

1. Highway Ceramics, Inc.

CLASS 1 DELINEATORS

One Piece Driveable Flexible Type, 1700-mm

1. Filtrona Extrusion, "Flexi-Guide Models 400 and 566"
2. Carsonite, Curve-Flex CFRM-400
3. Carsonite, Roadmarker CRM-375
4. FlexStake, Model 654 TM
5. GreenLine Model CGD1-66

Special Use Type, 1700-mm

1. Filtrona Extrusion, Model FG 560 (with 450-mm U-Channel base)
2. Carsonite, "Survivor" (with 450-mm U-Channel base)
3. Carsonite, Roadmarker CRM-375 (with 450-mm U-Channel base)
4. FlexStake, Model 604
5. GreenLine Model CGD (with 450-mm U-Channel base)
6. Impact Recovery Model D36, with #105 Driveable Base
7. Safe-Hit with 200-mm pavement anchor (SH248-GP1)
8. Safe-Hit with 380-mm soil anchor (SH248-GP2) and with 450-mm soil anchor (SH248-GP3)

Surface Mount Type, 1200-mm

1. Bent Manufacturing Company, Masterflex Model MF-180EX-48
2. Carsonite, "Channelizer"
3. FlexStake, Models 704, 754 TM, and EB4
4. Impact Recovery Model D48, with #101 Fixed (Surface-Mount) Base
5. Three D Traffic Works "Channelflex" ID No. 522248W

CHANNELIZERS

Surface Mount Type, 900-mm

1. Bent Manufacturing Company, Masterflex Models MF-360-36 (Round) and MF-180-36 (Flat)
2. Filtrona Extrusion, Flexi-Guide Models FG300PE, FG300UR, and FG300EFX
3. Carsonite, "Super Duck" (Round SDR-336)
4. Carsonite, Model SDCF03601MB "Channelizer"
5. FlexStake, Models 703, 753 TM, and EB3
6. GreenLine, Model SMD-36
7. Hi-way Safety, Inc. "Channel Guide Channelizer" Model CGC36
8. Impact Recovery Model D36, with #101 Fixed (Surface-Mount) Base
9. Safe-Hit, Guide Post, Model SH236SMA and Dura-Post, Model SHL36SMA
10. Three D Traffic Works "Boomerang" 5200 Series

Lane Separation System

1. Filtrona Extrusion, "Flexi-Guide (FG) 300 Curb System"
2. Qwick Kurb, "Klemmfix Guide System"

3. Dura-Curb System
4. Tuff Curb

CONICAL DELINEATORS, 1070-mm

(For 700-mm Traffic Cones, see Standard Specifications)

1. Bent Manufacturing Company "T-Top"
2. Plastic Safety Systems "Navigator-1070 mm"
3. Traffix Devices "Grabber"
4. Three D Traffic Works "Ringtop" TD7000, ID No. 742143
5. Three D Traffic Works, TD7500
6. Work Area Protection Corp. C-42

OBJECT MARKERS

Type "K", 450-mm

1. Filtrona Extrusion, Model FG318PE
2. Carsonite, Model SMD 615
3. FlexStake, Model 701 KM
4. Safe-Hit, Model SH718SMA

Type "K-4" / "Q" Object Markers, 600-mm

1. Bent Manufacturing "Masterflex" Model MF-360-24
2. Filtrona Extrusion, Model FG324PE
3. Carsonite, "Channelizer"
4. FlexStake, Model 701KM
5. Safe-Hit, Models SH824SMA_WA and SH824GP3_WA
6. Three D Traffic Works ID No. 531702W and TD 5200
7. Three D Traffic Works ID No. 520896W

CONCRETE BARRIER MARKERS AND TEMPORARY RAILING (TYPE K) REFLECTORS

Impactable Type

1. ARTUK, "FB"
2. Filtrona Extrusion, Models PCBM-12 and PCBM-T12
3. Duraflex Corp., "Flexx 2020" and "Electriflexx"
4. Hi-Way Safety, Inc., Model GMKRM100
5. Plastic Safety Systems "BAM" Models OM-BARR and OM-BWAR
6. Three D Traffic Works "Roadguide" Model TD 9304

Non-Impactable Type

1. ARTUK, JD Series
2. Plastic Safety Systems "BAM" Models OM-BITARW and OM-BITARA
3. Vega Molded Products, Models GBM and JD
4. Plastic Vacuum Forming, "Cap-It C400"

METAL BEAM GUARD RAIL POST MARKERS

(For use to the left of traffic)

1. Filtrona Extrusion, "Mini" (75 mm x 254 mm)
2. Creative Building Products, "Dura-Bull, Model 11201"
3. Duraflex Corp., "Railrider"
4. Plastic Vacuum Forming, "Cap-It C300"

CONCRETE BARRIER DELINEATORS, 400-mm

(For use to the right of traffic)

1. Filtrona Extrusion, Model PCBM T-16
2. Safe-Hit, Model SH216RBM

CONCRETE BARRIER-MOUNTED MINI-DRUM (260 mm x 360 mm x 570 mm)

1. Stinson Equipment Company "SaddleMarker"

GUARD RAILING DELINEATOR

(Place top of reflective element at 1200 mm above plane of roadway)

Wood Post Type, 686-mm

1. Filtrona Extrusion, FG 427 and FG 527
2. Carsonite, Model 427
3. FlexStake, Model 102 GR
4. GreenLine GRD 27
5. Safe-Hit, Model SH227GRD
6. Three D Traffic Works "Guardflex" TD9100
7. New Directions Mfg, NDM27

Steel Post Type

1. Carsonite, Model CFGR-327

RETROREFLECTIVE SHEETING

Channelizers, Barrier Markers, and Delineators

1. Avery Dennison T-6500 Series (For rigid substrate devices only)
2. Avery Dennison WR-7100 Series
3. Nippon Carbide Industries, Flexible Ultralite Grade (ULG) II
4. Reflexite, PC-1000 Metalized Polycarbonate
5. Reflexite, AC-1000 Acrylic
6. Reflexite, AP-1000 Metalized Polyester
7. Reflexite, Conformalight, AR-1000 Abrasion Resistant Coating
8. 3M, High Intensity

Traffic Cones, 100-mm and 150-mm Sleeves

1. Nippon Carbide Industries, Flexible Ultralite Grade (ULG) II
2. Reflexite, Vinyl, "TR" (Semi-transparent) or "Conformalight"

3. 3M Series 3840
4. Avery Dennison S-9000C

Drums

1. Avery Dennison WR-6100
2. Nippon Carbide Industries, Flexible Ultralite Grade (ULG) II
3. Reflexite, "Conformalight", "Super High Intensity" or "High Impact Drum Sheeting"
4. 3M Series 3810

Barricades: Type I, Medium-Intensity (Typically Enclosed Lens, Glass-Bead Element)

1. Nippon Carbide Industries, CN8117
2. Avery Dennison, W 1100 series
3. 3M Series CW 44

Barricades: Type II, Medium-High-Intensity (Typically Enclosed Lens, Glass-Bead Element)

1. Avery Dennison, W-2100 Series

Signs: Type II, Medium-High-Intensity (Typically Enclosed Lens, Glass-Bead Element)

1. Avery Dennison, T-2500 Series
2. Nippon Carbide Industries, Nikkalite 18000

Signs: Type III, High-Intensity (Typically Encapsulated Glass-Bead Element)

1. Avery Dennison, T-5500A and T-6500 Series
2. Nippon Carbide Industries, Nikkalite Brand Ultralite Grade II
3. 3M 3870 and 3930 Series

Signs: Type IV, High-Intensity (Typically Unmetallized Microprismatic Element)

1. Avery Dennison, T-6500 Series
2. Nippon Carbide Industries, Crystal Grade, 94000 Series
3. Nippon Carbide Industries, Model No. 94847 Fluorescent Orange
4. 3M Series 3930 and Series 3924S

Signs: Type VI, Elastomeric (Roll-Up) High-Intensity, without Adhesive

1. Avery Dennison, WU-6014
2. Novabrite LLC, "Econobrite"
3. Reflexite "Vinyl"
4. Reflexite "SuperBright"
5. Reflexite "Marathon"

6. 3M Series RS20

Signs: Type VII, Super-High-Intensity (Typically Unmetallized Microprismatic Element)

1. 3M Series 3924S, Fluorescent Orange
2. 3M LDP Series 3970

Signs: Type VIII, Super-High-Intensity (Typically Unmetallized Microprismatic Element)

1. Avery Dennison, T-7500 Series
2. Avery Dennison, T-7511 Fluorescent Yellow
3. Avery Dennison, T-7513 Fluorescent Yellow Green
4. Avery Dennison, W-7514 Fluorescent Orange
5. Nippon Carbide Industries, Nikkalite Crystal Grade Series 92800
6. Nippon Carbide Industries, Nikkalite Crystal Grade Model 92847 Fluorescent Orange

Signs: Type IX, Very-High-Intensity (Typically Unmetallized Microprismatic Element)

1. 3M VIP Series 3981 Diamond Grade Fluorescent Yellow
2. 3M VIP Series 3983 Diamond Grade Fluorescent Yellow/Green
3. 3M VIP Series 3990 Diamond Grade
4. Avery Dennison T-9500 Series
5. Avery Dennison, T9513, Fluorescent Yellow Green
6. Avery Dennison, W9514, Fluorescent Orange
7. Avery Dennison, T-9511 Fluorescent Yellow

SPECIALTY SIGNS

1. Reflexite "Endurance" Work Zone Sign (with Semi-Rigid Plastic Substrate)

ALTERNATIVE SIGN SUBSTRATES

Fiberglass Reinforced Plastic (FRP) and Expanded Foam PVC

1. Fiber-Brite (FRP)
2. Sequentia, "Polyplate" (FRP)
3. Inteplast Group "InteCel" (13 mm for Post-Mounted CZ Signs, 1200 mm or less)(PVC)

Aluminum Composite, Temporary Construction Signs and Permanent Signs up to 1400 mm.

1. Alcan Composites "Dibond Material, 2 mm"
2. Mitsubishi Chemical America, Alpolyc 350

8-1.03 STATE-FURNISHED MATERIALS:

The State furnishes you with:

- Model 170E and 2070 controller assembly, including controller unit, completely wired controller cabinets, and detector sensor units
- Components of battery backup system as follows:
 - Inverter/charger unit
 - Power transfer relay
 - Manually-operated bypass switch
 - Battery harness
 - Utility interconnect wires
 - Battery temperature probe
 - Relay contact wires

The State furnishes you with completely wired controller cabinets with auxiliary and controller units at 175 Cluster Street, San Bernardino, CA 92408. At least 48 hours before you pick up the materials, inform the Engineer what you will pick up and when you will pick it up.

8-1.04 SLAG AGGREGATE:

Air-cooled iron blast furnace slag shall not be used to produce aggregate for:

1. Structure backfill material.
2. Pervious backfill material.
3. Permeable material.
4. Reinforced or prestressed portland cement concrete component or structure.
5. Nonreinforced portland cement concrete component or structure for which a Class 1 Surface Finish is required by the provisions in Section 51-1.18B, "Class 1 Surface Finish," of the Standard Specifications.

Aggregate produced from slag resulting from a steel-making process shall not be used for a highway construction project except for the following items:

1. Imported Borrow.
2. Aggregate Subbase.
3. Class 2 Aggregate Base.
4. Hot Mix Asphalt.

Steel slag to be used to produce aggregate for aggregate subbase and Class 2 aggregate base shall be crushed so that 100 percent of the material will pass a 19-mm sieve and then shall be control aged for a period of at least 3 months under conditions that will maintain all portions of the stockpiled material at a moisture content in excess of 6 percent of the dry mass of the aggregate.

A supplier of steel slag aggregate shall provide separate stockpiles for controlled aging of the slag. An individual stockpile shall contain not less than 9075 tonnes nor more than 45 350 tonnes of slag. The material in each individual stockpile shall be assigned a unique lot number and each stockpile shall be identified with a permanent system of signs. The supplier shall maintain a permanent record of the dates on which stockpiles are completed and controlled aging begun, of the dates when controlled aging was completed, and of the dates tests were made and the results of these tests. Moisture tests shall be made at least once each week. No credit for aging will be given for the time period covered by tests which show a moisture content of 6 percent or less. The stockpiles and records shall be available to the Engineer during normal working hours for inspection, check testing and review.

The supplier shall notify the Transportation Laboratory when each stockpile is completed and controlled aging begun. No more aggregate shall be added to the stockpile unless a new aging period is initiated. A further notification shall be sent when controlled aging is completed.

The supplier shall provide a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications. Each stockpile or portion of a stockpile that is used in the work will be considered a lot. The Certificates of Compliance shall state that the steel slag aggregate has been aged in a stockpile for at least 3 months at a moisture content in excess of 6 percent of the dry mass of the aggregate.

Steel slag used for imported borrow shall be weathered for at least 3 months. Prior to the use of steel slag as imported borrow, the supplier shall furnish a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications. The Certificate of Compliance shall state that the steel slag has been weathered for at least 3 months.

Each delivery of aggregate containing steel slag for use as aggregate subbase or Class 2 aggregate base shall be accompanied by a delivery tag for each load which will identify the lot of material by stockpile number, where the slag was aged, and the date that the stockpile was completed and controlled aging begun.

Air-cooled iron blast furnace slag or natural aggregate may be blended in proper combinations with steel slag aggregate to produce the specified gradings, for those items for which steel slag aggregate is permitted, unless otherwise provided.

Aggregate containing slag shall meet the applicable quality requirements for the items in which the aggregate is used.

The combined slag aggregate shall conform to the specified grading for the item in which it is used. The grading will be determined by California Test 202, modified by California Test 105 when there is a difference in specific gravity of 0.2 or more between the coarse and fine portion of the aggregate or between blends of different aggregates.

No aggregate produced from slag shall be placed within 0.3-m, measured in any direction, of a non-cathodically protected pipe or structure unless the aggregate is incorporated in portland cement concrete pavement, in hot mix asphalt, or in treated base.

When slag is used as aggregate in hot mix asphalt, the K_c factor requirements, as determined by California Test 303, will not apply.

Slag aggregate used for embankment construction shall not be placed within 0.46-m of finished slope lines, measured normal to the plane of the slope.

If steel slag aggregates are used to make hot mix asphalt, there shall be no other aggregates used in the mixture, except that up to 50 percent of the material passing the 4.75-mm sieve may consist of iron blast furnace slag aggregates or natural aggregates, or a combination thereof. If iron blast furnace aggregates or natural aggregates or a combination thereof are used in the mix, each type of aggregate shall be fed to the drier at a uniform rate. The rate of feed of each type of aggregate shall be maintained within 10 percent of the amount set. Adequate means shall be provided for controlling and checking the accuracy of the feeder.

Steel slag aggregate shall be stored separately from iron blast furnace slag aggregate and each type of slag aggregate shall also be stored separately from natural aggregate.

Hot mix asphalt produced from more than one of the following shall not be placed in the same layer: steel slag aggregates, iron blast furnace slag aggregates, natural aggregates or any combination thereof. Once a type of aggregate or aggregates is selected, it shall not be changed without prior approval by the Engineer.

If steel slag aggregates are used to produce hot mix asphalt, and if the specific gravity of a compacted stabilometer test specimen is in excess of 2.40, the quantity of hot mix asphalt to be paid for will be reduced. The stabilometer test specimen will be fabricated in conformance with the procedures in California Test 304 and the specific gravity of the specimen will be determined in conformance with Method C of California Test 308. The pay quantity of hot mix asphalt will be determined by multiplying the quantity of hot mix asphalt placed in the work by 2.40 and dividing the result by the specific gravity of the compacted stabilometer test specimen. Such reduction in quantity will be determined and applied as often as is necessary to ensure accurate results as determined by the Engineer.

SECTION 8-2. CONCRETE

8-2.01 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE:

Portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The State of California, Department of Transportation (Department) maintains a list of sources of fine and coarse aggregate that have been approved for use with a reduced amount of supplementary cementitious material in the total amount of cementitious material to be used. A source of aggregate will be considered for addition to the approved list if the producer of the aggregate submits to the Transportation Laboratory certified test results from a qualified testing laboratory that verify the aggregate complies with the requirements.

Before the testing starts, the aggregate test shall be registered with the Department. A registration number can be obtained by calling (916) 227-7228. The registration number shall be used as the identification for the aggregate sample in correspondence with the Department. Upon request, a split of the tested sample shall be provided to the Department. Approval of aggregate will depend upon compliance with the specifications, based on the certified test results submitted, together with any replicate testing the Department may elect to perform. Approval will expire 3 years from the date the most recent registered and evaluated sample was collected from the aggregate source.

Qualified testing laboratories shall conform to the following requirements:

1. Laboratories performing ASTM Designation: C 1293 shall participate in the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL) Concrete Proficiency Sample Program and shall have received a score of 3 or better on each test of the previous 2 sets of concrete samples.
2. Laboratories performing ASTM Designation: C 1260 shall participate in the Cement and Concrete Reference Laboratory (CCRL) Pozzolan Proficiency Sample Program and shall have received a score of 3 or better on the shrinkage and soundness tests of the previous 2 sets of pozzolan samples.

Aggregates on the list shall conform to one of the following requirements:

1. When the aggregate is tested in conformance with the requirements in California Test 554 and ASTM Designation: C 1293, the average expansion at one year shall be less than or equal to 0.040 percent; or
2. When the aggregate is tested in conformance with the requirements in California Test 554 and ASTM Designation: C 1260, the average of the expansion at 16 days shall be less than or equal to 0.15 percent.

If the aggregates used in the concrete are on the Department's list, the minimum amount of supplementary cementitious material shall conform to the following:

1. If fly ash or natural pozzolan conforming to the provisions in Section 90-2.01C, "Required Use of Supplementary Cementitious Materials," of the Standard Specifications is used, the minimum amount of supplementary cementitious material shall be 15 percent by mass of the total cementitious material; or
2. If silica fume conforming to the provisions in Section 90-2.01C, "Required Use of Supplementary Cementitious Materials," of the Standard Specifications is used, the minimum amount of supplementary cementitious material shall be 7 percent by mass of the total cementitious material.

The limitation on tricalcium silicate (C_3S) content in Type II cement specified in Section 90-2.01A, "Cement," of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

8-2.02 CORROSION CONTROL FOR PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE:

Portland cement concrete at Retaining Wall 56E0013 and 56E0014 is considered to be in a corrosive environment and shall conform to the provisions in Section 90, "Portland Cement Concrete," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Cementitious material to be used in portland cement concrete shall conform to the provisions in Section 90-2, "Materials," of the Standard Specifications, and shall be a combination of Type II portland cement and supplementary cementitious material.

Concrete in a corrosive environment shall contain not less than 400 kg of cementitious material per cubic meter.

Reduction in the cementitious material content specified or ordered, in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-4.05, "Optional Use of Chemical Admixtures," of the Standard Specifications, is not permitted for concrete in a corrosive environment.

Unless otherwise specified, for concrete in a corrosive environment, the amount of portland cement shall be 75 percent by mass, and the amount of supplementary cementitious material shall be 25 percent by mass, of the total amount of cementitious material to be used in the concrete mix.

The supplementary cementitious material for concrete in a corrosive environment shall be either flyash or natural pozzolan. At the option of the Contractor, this concrete may conform to A, B, C, or D below.

- A. 20 percent by mass of either flyash or natural pozzolan, 5 percent by mass of silica fume, and 75 percent by mass of portland cement.
- B. 10 percent by mass of silica fume and 90 percent by mass of portland cement.
- C. 50 percent by mass of ground granulated blast furnace slag, and 50 percent by mass of portland cement.
- D. 10 percent by mass of metakaolin conforming to AASHTO Designation: M 295 Class N and 90 percent by mass of portland cement. Metakaolin shall also conform to the following chemical and physical requirements:

Chemical Requirements	Percent
Silicon Dioxide (SiO ₂) + Aluminum Oxide (Al ₂ O ₃)	92.0 min.
Calcium Oxide (CaO)	1.0 max
Sulfur Trioxide (SO ₃)	1.0 max.
Loss on ignition	1.2 max.
Available Alkalies (as Na ₂ O) equivalent	1.0 max.

Physical Requirements	Percent
Retained No. 325 sieve	2.0 max
Strength Activity Index with portland cement	
7 days	100 (minimum % of control)
28 days	100 (minimum % of control)

The amount of free water used in concrete in a corrosive environment shall not exceed 160 kg/ m³, plus 40 kg for each 100 kg of cementitious material in excess of 400 kg/ m³.

Full compensation for conforming to the above requirements shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various contract items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 8-3. WELDING

8-3.01 WELDING:

GENERAL

Unless otherwise specified, Section 8-3, "Welding," shall apply to any welding that is specified to conform to an AWS welding code.

Requirements of the AWS welding codes shall apply unless otherwise specified in the Standard Specifications, on the plans, or in these special provisions. Wherever the abbreviation AWS is used, it shall be equivalent to the abbreviations ANSI/AWS or AASHTO/AWS.

Wherever reference is made to the following AWS welding codes in the Standard Specifications, on the plans, or in these special provisions, the year of adoption for these codes shall be as listed:

AWS Code	Year of Adoption
D1.1	2008
D1.3	2008
D1.4	2005
D1.5	2008
D1.6	2007
D1.8	2009

Flux cored welding electrodes conforming to the requirements of AWS A5.20 E6XT-4 or E7XT-4 shall not be used to perform welding for this project.

Unless otherwise specified, Clause 6.1.3 of AWS D1.1, paragraph 1 of Section 7.1.2 of AWS D1.4, and Clause 6.1.1.2 of AWS D1.5, are replaced with the following:

The QC Inspector shall be the duly designated person who acts for and on behalf of the Contractor for inspection, testing, and quality related matters for all welding.

Quality Assurance (QA) is the prerogative of the Engineer. The QA Inspector is the duly designated person who acts for and on behalf of the Engineer.

The QC Inspector shall be responsible for quality control acceptance or rejection of materials and workmanship.

When the term "Inspector" is used without further qualification, it shall refer to the QC Inspector.

Inspection and approval of all joint preparations, assembly practices, joint fit-ups, welding techniques, and the performance of each welder, welding operator, and tack welder shall be documented by the QC Inspector on a daily basis for each day welding is performed. For each inspection, including fit-up, Welding Procedure Specification (WPS) verification, and final weld inspection, the QC Inspector shall confirm and document compliance with the requirements of the AWS or other specified code criteria and the requirements of these special provisions on all welded joints before welding, during welding, and after the completion of each weld.

The Engineer shall have the authority to verify the qualifications or certifications of any welder, QC Inspector, or NDT personnel to specified levels by retests or other means approved by the Engineer.

When joint weld details that are not prequalified to the details of Clause 3 of AWS D1.1 or to the details of Figure 2.4 or 2.5 of AWS D1.5 are proposed for use in the work, the joint details, their intended locations, and the proposed welding parameters and essential variables, shall be approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall allow the Engineer 15 days to complete the review of the proposed joint detail locations.

In addition to the requirements of AWS D1.1, welding procedure qualifications for work welded in conformance with this code shall conform to the following:

When a nonstandard weld joint is to be made using a combination of WPSs, a single test may be conducted combining the WPSs to be used in production, provided the essential variables, including weld bead placement, of each process are limited to those established in Table 4.5.

Upon approval of the proposed joint detail locations and qualification of the proposed joint details, welders and welding operators using these details shall perform a qualification test plate using the WPS variables and the joint detail to be used in production. The test plate shall have the maximum thickness to be used in production and a minimum length of 460 mm. The test plate shall be mechanically and radiographically tested. Mechanical and radiographic testing and acceptance criteria shall be as specified in the applicable AWS codes.

The Engineer will witness all qualification tests for WPSs that were not previously approved by the Department.

In addition to the requirements specified in the applicable code, the period of effectiveness for a welder's or welding operator's qualification shall be a maximum of 3 years for the same weld process, welding position, and weld type. If welding will be performed without gas shielding, then qualification shall also be without gas shielding. Excluding welding of fracture critical members, a valid qualification at the beginning of work on a contract will be acceptable for the entire period of the contract, as long as the welder's or welding operator's work remains satisfactory.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 7 days prior to performing any procedure qualification tests. Witnessing of qualification tests by the Engineer shall not constitute approval of the intended joint locations, welding parameters, or essential variables. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer using the "Standard TL-38 Inspection Form" located at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/Translab/OSM/smbforms.htm>

Clause 6.14.6, "Personnel Qualification," of AWS D1.1, Section 7.8, "Personnel Qualification," of AWS D1.4, and Clause 6.1.3.4, "Personnel Qualification," of AWS D1.5 are replaced with the following:

Personnel performing nondestructive testing (NDT) shall be qualified and certified in conformance with the requirements of the American Society for Nondestructive Testing (ASNT) Recommended Practice No. SNT-TC-1A and the Written Practice of the NDT firm. The Written Practice of the NDT firm shall meet or exceed the guidelines of the ASNT Recommended Practice No. SNT-TC-1A. Individuals who perform NDT, review the results, and prepare the written reports shall be either:

- A. Certified NDT Level II technicians, or;
- B. Level III technicians who hold a current ASNT Level III certificate in that discipline and are authorized and certified to perform the work of Level II technicians.

Clause 6.6.5, "Nonspecified NDT Other than Visual," of AWS D1.1, Section 7.6.5 of AWS D1.4 and Clause 6.6.5 of AWS D1.5 shall not apply.

For any welding, the Engineer may direct the Contractor to perform NDT that is in addition to the visual inspection or NDT specified in the AWS or other specified welding codes, in the Standard Specifications, or in these special provisions. Except as provided for in these special provisions, additional NDT required by the Engineer, and associated repair work, will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work," of the Standard Specifications. Prior to release of welded material by the Engineer, if testing by NDT methods other than those originally specified discloses an attempt to defraud or reveals a gross nonconformance, all costs associated with the repair of the deficient area, including NDT of the weld and of the repair, and any delays caused by the repair, shall be at the Contractor's expense. A gross nonconformance is defined as the sum of planar type rejectable indications in more than 20 percent of the tested length.

When less than 100 percent of NDT is specified for any weld, it is expected that the entire length of weld meet the specified acceptance-rejection criteria. Should any welding deficiencies be discovered by additional NDT directed or performed by the Engineer that utilizes the same NDT method as that originally specified, all costs associated with the repair of the deficient area, including NDT of the weld and of the weld repair, and any delays caused by the repair, shall be at the Contractor's expense.

Repair work to correct welding deficiencies discovered by visual inspection directed or performed by the Engineer, and any associated delays or expenses caused to the Contractor by performing these repairs, shall be at the Contractor's expense.

WELDING QUALITY CONTROL

Welding quality control shall conform to the requirements in the AWS or other specified welding codes, the Standard Specifications, and these special provisions.

Unless otherwise specified, welding quality control shall apply to work welded in conformance with the provisions in the following:

- A. Section 49, "Piling," Section 52, "Reinforcement," Section 55, "Steel Structures," and Section 75-1.035, "Bridge Joint Restrainer Units," of the Standard Specifications
- B. "Structural Steel for Building Work" of these special provisions

Unless otherwise specified, Clauses 6.1.4.1 and 6.1.4.3 of AWS D1.1, paragraph 2 of Section 7.1.2 of AWS D1.4, and Clauses 6.1.3.2 through 6.1.3.3 of AWS D1.5 are replaced with the following:

The QC Inspector shall be currently certified as an AWS Certified Welding Inspector (CWI) in conformance with the requirements in AWS QC1, "Standard for AWS Certification of Welding Inspectors."

The QC Inspector may be assisted by an Assistant QC Inspector provided that this individual is currently certified as an AWS Certified Associate Welding Inspector (CAWI) in conformance with the requirements in AWS QC1, "Standard for AWS Certification of Welding Inspectors." The Assistant QC Inspector may perform inspection under the direct supervision of the QC Inspector provided the assistant is always within visible and audible range of the QC Inspector. The QC Inspector shall be responsible for signing all reports and for determining if welded materials conform to workmanship and acceptance criteria. The ratio of QC Assistants to QC Inspectors shall not exceed 5 to 1.

The Contractor shall designate in writing a welding Quality Control Manager (QCM). The QCM shall be responsible directly to the Contractor for the quality of welding, including materials and workmanship, performed by the Contractor and subcontractors.

The QCM shall be the sole individual responsible to the Contractor for submitting, receiving, reviewing, and approving all correspondence, required submittals, and reports to and from the Engineer. The QCM shall be a registered professional engineer or shall be currently certified as a CWI.

Unless the QCM is hired by a subcontractor providing only QC services, the QCM shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by

subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project. The QCM may be an employee of the Contractor.

The QCM shall sign and furnish to the Engineer, a Certificate of Compliance in conformance with the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for each item of work for which welding was performed. The certificate shall state that all of the materials and workmanship incorporated in the work, and all required tests and inspections of this work, have been performed in conformance with the details shown on the plans, the Standard Specifications, and these special provisions.

Welding inspection personnel or NDT firms to be used in the work shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project, except for the following conditions:

- A. The work is welded in conformance with AWS D1.5 and is performed at a permanent fabrication or manufacturing facility that is certified under the AISC Quality Certification Program, Category CBR, Major Steel Bridges and Fracture Critical endorsement F, when applicable.
- B. Structural steel for building work is welded in conformance with AWS D1.1 and is performed at a permanent fabrication or manufacturing facility that is certified under the AISC Quality Certification Program, Category STD, Standard for Steel Building Structures.

For welding performed at such facilities, the inspection personnel or NDT firms may be employed or compensated by the facility performing the welding provided the facility maintains a QC program that is independent from production.

Unless otherwise specified, an approved independent third party will witness the qualification tests for welders or welding operators. The independent third party shall be a current CWI and shall not be an employee of the contractor performing the welding. The Contractor shall allow the Engineer 15 days to review the qualifications and copy of the current certification of the independent third party.

Prior to submitting the Welding Quality Control Plan (WQCP) required herein, a prewelding meeting between the Engineer, the Contractor's QCM, and a representative from each entity performing welding or inspection for this project, shall be held to discuss the requirements for the WQCP.

Information regarding the contents, format, and organization of a WQCP, is available at the Transportation Laboratory and at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/Translab/OSM/smbresources.htm>

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer, in conformance with the provisions in Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications, 2 copies of a separate

WQCP for each subcontractor or supplier for each item of work for which welding is to be performed.

The Contractor shall allow the Engineer 15 days to review the WQCP submittal after a complete plan has been received. No welding shall be performed until the WQCP is approved in writing by the Engineer.

An amended WQCP or any addendum to the approved WQCP shall be submitted to, and approved in writing by the Engineer, for proposed revisions to the approved WQCP. An amended WQCP or addendum will be required for revisions to the WQCP, including but not limited to a revised WPS; additional welders; changes in NDT firms, QC, or NDT personnel or procedures; or updated systems for tracking and identifying welds. The Engineer shall have 7 days to complete the review of the amended WQCP or addendum. Work affected by the proposed revisions shall not be performed until the amended WQCP or addendum has been approved.

After final approval of the WQCP, amended WQCP, or addendum, the Contractor shall submit 7 copies to the Engineer of the approved documents. A copy of the Engineer approved document shall be available at each location where welding is to be performed.

All welding will require inspection by the Engineer. The Contractor shall request inspection at least 3 business days prior to the beginning of welding for locations within California and 5 business days for locations outside of California. The Contractor shall request inspection at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/Translab/OSM/smbforms.htm>

Continuous inspection shall be provided when any welding is being performed. Continuous inspection, as a minimum, shall include having a QC Inspector within such close proximity of all welders or welding operators so that inspections by the QC Inspector of each welding operation at each welding location does not lapse for a period exceeding 30 minutes.

A daily production log for welding shall be kept for each day that welding is performed. The log shall clearly indicate the locations of all welding. The log shall include the welders' names, amount of welding performed, any problems or deficiencies discovered, and any testing or repair work performed, at each location. The daily report from each QC Inspector shall also be included in the log.

The following items shall be included in a Welding Report that is to be submitted to the Engineer within 15 days following the performance of any welding:

- A. A daily production log.
- B. Reports of all visual weld inspections and NDT.
- C. Radiographs and radiographic reports, and other required NDT reports.
- D. A summary of welding and NDT activities that occurred during the reporting period.
- E. Reports of each application of heat straightening.

- F. A summarized log listing the rejected lengths of weld by welder, position, process, joint configuration, and piece number.
- G. Documentation that the Contractor has evaluated all radiographs and other nondestructive tests and corrected all rejectable deficiencies, and that all repaired welds have been reexamined using the required NDT and found acceptable.

The following information shall be clearly written on the outside of radiographic envelopes: name of the QCM, name of the nondestructive testing firm, name of the radiographer, date, contract number, complete part description, and all included weld numbers, report numbers, and station markers or views, as detailed in the WQCP. In addition, all interleaves shall have clearly written on them the part description and all included weld numbers and station markers or views, as detailed in the WQCP. A maximum of 2 pieces of film shall be used for each interleave.

Reports of all visual inspections and NDT shall be signed by the inspector or technician and submitted daily to the QCM for review and signature prior to submittal to the Engineer. Corresponding names shall be clearly printed or typewritten next to all signatures. Reports of all NDT, whether specified, additional, or informational, performed by the Contractor shall be submitted to the Engineer.

The Engineer will review the Welding Report to determine if the Contractor is in conformance with the WQCP. Except for field welded steel pipe piling, the Engineer shall be allowed 15 days to review the report and respond in writing after the complete Welding Report has been received. Prior to receiving notification from the Engineer of the Contractor's conformance with the WQCP, the Contractor may encase in concrete or cover welds for which the Welding Report has been submitted. However, should the Contractor elect to encase or cover those welds prior to receiving notification from the Engineer, it is expressly understood that the Contractor shall not be relieved of the responsibility for incorporating material in the work that conforms to the requirements of the plans and specifications. Material not conforming to these requirements will be subject to rejection.

For field welded steel pipe piling, including bar reinforcement in the piling, the Contractor shall allow the Engineer 2 business days to review the Welding Report and respond in writing after the required items have been received. No field welded steel pipe piling shall be installed, and no reinforcement in the piling shall be encased in concrete until the Engineer has approved the above requirements in writing.

In addition to the requirements in AWS D1.1 and AWS D1.5, third-time excavations of welds or base metal to repair unacceptable discontinuities, regardless of NDT method, and all repairs of cracks require prior approval of the Engineer.

The Engineer shall be notified immediately in writing when welding problems, deficiencies, base metal repairs, or any other type of repairs not submitted in the WQCP are discovered, and also of the proposed repair procedures to correct them. For requests to perform third-time excavations or repairs of cracks, the Contractor shall include an engineering evaluation of the proposed repair. The engineering evaluation, at a minimum, shall address the following:

- A. What is causing each defect?
- B. Why the repair will not degrade the material properties?
- C. What steps are being taken to prevent similar defects from happening again?

The Contractor shall allow the Engineer 7 days to review these procedures. No remedial work shall begin until the repair procedures are approved in writing by the Engineer.

Clause 6.5.4 of AWS D1.5 is replaced with the following:

The QC Inspector shall inspect and approve each joint preparation, assembly practice, welding technique, joint fit-up, and the performance of each welder, welding operator, and tack welder to make certain that the applicable requirements of this code and the approved Welding Procedure Specification (WPS) are met. The QC Inspector shall examine the work to make certain that it meets the requirements of Clauses 3 and 6.26. The size and contour of all welds shall be measured using suitable gages. Visual inspection for cracks in welds and base metal, and for other discontinuities shall be aided by strong light, magnifiers, or such other devices as may be helpful. Acceptance criteria different from those specified in this code may be used when approved by the Engineer.

In addition to the requirements of AWS D1.5, Clause 5.12 or 5.13, welding procedures qualification for work welded in conformance with that code shall conform to the following requirements:

- A. Unless considered prequalified, fillet welds shall be qualified in each position. The fillet weld soundness test shall be conducted using the essential variables of the WPS as established by the Procedure Qualification Record (PQR).
- B. For qualification of joints that do not conform to Figures 2.4 and 2.5 of AWS D1.5, a minimum of 2 WPS qualification tests are required. The tests shall be conducted using both Figure 5.1 and Figure 5.3. The test conforming to Figure 5.1 shall be conducted in conformance with AWS D1.5, Clause 5.12 or 5.13. The test conforming to Figure 5.3 shall be conducted using the welding electrical parameters that were established for the test conducted conforming to Figure 5.1. The ranges of welding electrical parameters established during welding per Figure 5.1 in conformance with AWS D1.5, Clause 5.12, shall be further restricted according to the limits in Table 5.3 during welding per Figure 5.3.
- C. Multiple zones within a weld joint may be qualified. The travel speed, amperage, and voltage values that are used for tests conducted per AWS D1.5 Clause 5.13 shall be consistent for each pass in a weld joint, and shall in no case vary by more than ± 10 percent for travel speed, ± 10 percent for amperage, and ± 7 percent for voltage as measured from a predetermined target value or average within each weld pass or zone. The travel speed shall in no case vary by more than ± 15 percent when using submerged arc welding.
- D. For a WPS qualified in conformance with AWS D1.5 Clause 5.13, the values to be used for calculating ranges for current and voltage shall be based on the average of all weld passes made in the test. Heat input shall be calculated using the average of current and voltage of all weld passes made in the test for a WPS qualified in conformance with Clause 5.12 or 5.13.

- E. Macroetch tests are required for WPS qualification tests, and acceptance shall be per AWS D1.5 Clause 5.19.3.
- F. When a nonstandard weld joint is to be made using a combination of WPSs, a test conforming to Figure 5.3 may be conducted combining the WPSs to be used in production, provided the essential variables, including weld bead placement, of each process are limited to those established in Table 5.3.
- G. Prior to preparing mechanical test specimens, the PQR welds shall be inspected by visual and radiographic tests. Backing bar shall be 75 mm in width and shall remain in place during NDT testing. Results of the visual and radiographic tests shall comply with AWS D1.5 Clause 6.26.2, excluding Clause 6.26.2.2. Test plates that do not comply with both tests shall not be used.

WELDING FOR OVERHEAD SIGN STRUCTURE (BRIDGE MOUNTED WITH WALKWAY) AND POLE STRUCTURES

The Contractor shall meet the following requirements for any work welded in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-1, "Overhead Sign Structures," or Section 86-2.04, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts," of the Standard Specifications.

Welding inspection personnel or NDT firms to be used in the work shall not be employed or compensated by any subcontractor, or by other persons or entities hired by subcontractors, who will provide other services or materials for the project, except for when the welding is performed at a permanent fabrication or manufacturing facility which is certified under the AISC Quality Certification Program, Category Sbd, Conventional Steel Building Structures.

Welding Qualification Audit

Contractors or subcontractors performing welding operations for overhead sign and pole structures shall not deliver materials to the project without having successfully completed the Department's "Manufacturing Qualification Audit for Overhead Sign and Pole Structures," hereinafter referred to as the audit, not more than one year prior to the delivery of the materials. The Engineer will perform the audit. Copies of the audit form, and procedures for requesting and completing the audit, are available at the Transportation Laboratory or at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/Translab/smbresources.htm>

An audit that was approved by the Engineer no more than one year prior to the beginning of work on this contract will be acceptable for the entire period of this contract, provided the Engineer determines the audit was for the same type of work that is to be performed on this contract.

Successful completion of an audit shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility for furnishing materials or producing finished work of the quality specified in these special provisions and as shown on the plans.

Welding Report

For work welded in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-1, "Overhead Sign Structures," or Section 86-2.04, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts," of the Standard Specifications, a Welding Report shall be submitted in conformance with the provisions in "Welding Quality Control" of these special provisions.

PAYMENT

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this Section, "Welding," shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 9. DESCRIPTION OF WORK

In general this project proposes to construct improvements at the interchange of Interstate 15 (I-15) and Indian Truck Trail. The interchange is located between the I-15/Temescal Canyon Road interchange, which is 4.6 kilometers to the north, and the I-15/Lake Street interchange, which is 5.9 kilometers to the south.

The proposed improvements will include the following:

- A. Widening of Indian Truck Trail from two lanes to four through lanes with dedicated left and right-turn lanes. The widening is from the Caltrans right of way, on the west side of the interchange to Temescal Canyon Road. On the south side of Indian Truck Trail, a 1.5-meter sidewalk is proposed underneath the bridge and a 1.8-meter sidewalk is proposed outside the bridge.
- B. Construction of walls under the I-15 bridges to accommodate the widening of Indian Truck Trail.
- C. Installation of three new traffic signals at the southbound and northbound ramp intersections, and at the intersection of Indian Truck Trail / Temescal Canyon Road.
- E. Installation of ramp metering on I-15 NB and SB entrance ramps.
- F. Reconfiguration and Construction of the intersection of Indian Truck Trail and Temescal Canyon Road.

SECTION 10. CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

10-1.01 GENERAL:

This project shall conform to the requirements of the July 1999 edition of the Standard Specifications and the July 2004 edition of the Standard Plans as issued by the State of California, Department of Transportation. Any inadvertent references to different editions of those documents that may exist in the County issued bid documents shall be considered as corrected in accordance with this paragraph.

If any portion of the project plans have been designed in US units, it is expected that some conversion will be required. The Standard Specifications, Special Provisions and Standard Plans make various references in SI units which must be reconciled with the portions of the project designed using only US units. All conversions to the SI references shall be "Hard Conversions", that is, converted to a rounded, rationalized number which is a suitable approximation of the SI measurement and which is convenient to work with. Said conversions shall have US equivalents similar in magnitude to the original.

In the event that discrepancies are encountered which are not addressed herein, the option that provides the method, item or material with the greatest strength or utility shall be chosen, as directed by the Engineer.

Requirements on the construction plans and in these Special Provisions for Portland Cement Concrete are modified to the PCC Class designations, as described in Section 90-1.01, Description," of the 1999 Standard Specifications, as follows:

- Class "A" shall mean Class "2"
- Class "B" shall mean Class "3"
- Class "C" shall mean Class "4"
- Class "D" shall mean Class "1"

10-1.01A SUPPLEMENTAL PROJECT INFORMATION:

Supplemental project information attached to the project plans are:

1. Existing Indian Truck Trail UC Log of Test Boring No. 1
2. Log of Test Borings No. 2 and 3.

Supplemental project information included in the Information Handout are:

1. Aerially-Deposited Lead Content Testing Report, I-15/Indian Truck Trail Interchange Project.
2. Final Foundation Report for Proposed Tie-Back Walls and Retaining Wall at I-15 Indian Truck Trail UC by Earth Mechanics, Inc., dated May 23, 2007

3. Amendment No. 1 to Final Foundation Report for Proposed Tieback Walls and Retaining Wall at I-15 Indian Truck Trail UC by Earth Mechanics Inc., dated December 17, 2008.

Supplemental project information available for inspection at the District Office are:

1. Caltrans Stormwater Construction Guide

Bridge as-built drawings are available. Bridge As-Built: Indian Truck Trial Road Undercrossing bridge no. 56-675 R/L, dated October 1979.

During the advertisement period of this project, the following information is available as a free download for use by the Contractor at the following County website:

http://www.rctlma.org/trans/con_bid_advertisements.html

1. Hydrology Report
2. Soils Report
3. Caltrans Amendments to the Standard Specification
4. Caltrans New and Revised Standard Plans

Supplement project information is part of the Contract Documents and Special Provisions. These documents are also available upon request to the Transportation Department: (951) 955-6780.

10-1.01B RESPONSIBILITY TO OTHER ENTITIES:

The Contractor shall be responsible for any liability imposed by law and for injuries to or death of any person including, but not limited to, workers and the public or damage to property, and shall indemnify and save harmless any county, city or district, its officers and employees connected with the work, within the limits of which county, city or district the work is being performed, all in the same manner and to the same extent conforming to the provisions in Section 7-1.12, "Indemnification and Insurance," of the Standard Specifications, for the protection of the County of Riverside and all officers and employees thereof connected with the work.

10-1.01C SOUND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS:

Sound control shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.01I, "Sound Control Requirements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The noise level from the Contractor's operations, between the hours of 9:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., shall not exceed 86 dBa at a distance of 15 m. This requirement shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for complying with local ordinances regulating noise level. The noise level requirement shall apply to the equipment on the job or related to the job, including but not limited to trucks, transit mixers or transient equipment that may or may not

be owned by the Contractor. The use of loud sound signals shall be avoided in favor of light warnings except those required by safety laws for the protection of personnel.

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.02 AMENDMENTS TO STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS:

AMENDMENTS TO JULY 1999 STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS –ISSUE DATE: 11-15-10

Amendments to the Standard Specifications shall be considered as part of the Standard Specifications for the purposes set forth in Section 5-1.04, "Coordination and Interpretation of Plans, Standard Specifications and Special Provisions," of the Standard Specifications.

10-1.03 BEGINNING OF WORK, TIME OF COMPLETION, AND LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

Section 8-1.03, "Beginning of work," is modified to read as follows:

The Contractor shall begin work within 15 days of the date stated within the written "Notice to Proceed".

The Contractor shall diligently prosecute the work to completion before the expiration of 250 working days from the date stated in the "Notice to Proceed".

Attention is directed to Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion," and Section 7-1.01A (1), "Hours of Labor," of the Standard Specifications.

Daily working hours shall be between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, as approved by the Engineer. Exceptions and specific work schedules shall be submitted to the Engineer for consideration.

The Contractor shall pay to the County of Riverside the sum of \$5,400 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed above.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, of his intent to begin work at least 72 hours before work is begun. The notice shall be delivered to the Transportation Department's Construction Engineer and shall specify the date the Contractor intends to start. If the project has more than one location of work, a separate notice shall be given for each location.

Should the Contractor begin work in advance of receiving a written "Notice to Proceed", any work performed by him in advance of the date stated in the "Notice to Proceed" shall be

considered as having been done by him at his own risk and as a volunteer and subject to the following:

(1) The Contractor shall, on commencing operations, take all precautions required for public safety and shall observe all the provisions in the Specifications and these Special Provisions.

(2) All work done according to the contract prior to the issuance of the "Notice to Proceed", will be considered authorized work and will be paid for as provided in the contract.

(3) The Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation or an extension of time for any delay, hindrance or interference cause by or attributable to commencement of work prior to the issuance of the "Notice to Proceed".

10-1.04 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS EXCAVATION OR MATERIALS:

Excess earth excavation, pavement grindings and other excess materials resulting from construction operations shall be disposed of by the Contractor outside of the highway right of way, as provided in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

The second paragraph of Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications is modified to read as follows:

When any material is to be disposed of outside the highway right of way, and the County of Riverside has not made arrangements for the disposal of such material, the Contractor shall first obtain written authorization from the property owner on whose property the disposal is to be made and he shall file with the Engineer said authorization or a certified copy thereof together with a written release from the property owner absolving the County of Riverside from any and all responsibility in connection with the disposal of material on said property. If the disposal of materials is to be made at an established disposal facility that is available for public use, the Contractor shall retain all authorizations and receipts from said disposal facility and shall provide copies to the Engineer upon request.

10-1.05 AREAS FOR CONTRACTOR'S USE:

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 7-1.19, "Rights in Land and Improvements," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

The highway right of way shall be used only for purposes that are necessary to perform the required work. The Contractor shall not occupy the right of way, or allow others to occupy the right of way, for purposes which are not necessary to perform the required work.

Areas available for the exclusive use of the Contractor shall be arranged with the Engineer. Use of the Contractor's work areas and other State or County-owned property shall be at the Contractor's own risk, and the State or County shall not be held liable for damage to or loss of materials or equipment located within these areas.

Residence trailers will not be allowed within the highway right of way, except that one trailer will be allowed for yard security purposes.

The Contractor shall remove equipment, materials, and rubbish from the work areas and other State or County-owned property which the Contractor occupies. The Contractor shall leave the areas in a presentable condition in conformance with the provisions in Section 4-1.02, "Final Cleaning Up," of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall secure, at the Contractor's own expense, areas required for plant sites, storage of equipment or materials or for other purposes, if sufficient area is not available to the Contractor within the contract limits.

10-1.06 RELATIONS WITH CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD:

This project lies within the boundaries of the Santa Ana Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB).

The State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) has issued to the Department a permit that governs storm water and non-storm water discharges from the Department's properties, facilities, and activities. The Department's permit is entitled "Order No. 99 - 06 - DWQ, NPDES No. CAS000003, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit, Statewide Storm Water Permit and Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) for the State of California, Department of Transportation (Caltrans)." Copies of the Department's permit are available for review from the SWRCB, Division of Water Quality, 1001 "I" Street, P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, California 95812-0100, Telephone fax: (916) 341-5463 and may also be obtained at:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/stormwater/caltrans.shtml

The Department's permit references and incorporates by reference the current statewide general permit issued by the SWRCB entitled "Order No. 2009-0009-DWQ, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit No. CAS000002, Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges of Storm Water Runoff Associated with Construction and Land Disturbance Activities" that regulates discharges of storm water and non-storm water from construction activities disturbing 0.40 hectare or more of soil in a common plan of development. Copies of the statewide permit and modifications thereto are available for review from the SWRCB, Division of Water Quality, 1001 "I" Street, P.O. Box 100, Sacramento, California 95812-0100, Telephone fax: (916) 341-5463 and may also be obtained at:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/stormwater/

The Santa Ana RWQCB has issued a permit which governs storm water and non-storm water discharges resulting from construction activities in the project area. The RWQCB permit is entitled "National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit and Waste Discharge Requirements, NPDES No. CAS618033, Order No. R8-2002-0011." Copies of the RWQCB permit are available for review from the County of Riverside.

The NPDES permits that regulate this project, as referenced above, are collectively referred to in this section as the "permits."

This project shall conform to the permits and modifications thereto. The Contractor shall maintain copies of the permits at the project site and shall make them available during construction.

The Contractor shall know and comply with provisions of Federal, State, and local regulations and requirements that govern the Contractor's operations and storm water and non-storm water discharges from the project site and areas of disturbance outside the project limits during construction. Attention is directed to Sections 7-1.01, "Laws to be Observed," 5-1.18, "Property and Facility Preservation," 7-1.12, "Indemnification and Insurance," and 9-1.055, "Penalty Withholds," of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer immediately upon request from the regulatory agencies to enter, inspect, sample, monitor, or otherwise access the project site or the Contractor's records pertaining to water pollution control work. The Contractor and the Department shall provide copies of correspondence, notices of violation, enforcement actions, or proposed fines by regulatory agencies to the requesting regulatory agency.

10-1.07 RELATIONS WITH SOUTH COAST AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT DISTRICT:

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.01F, "Air Pollution Control," and Section 7-1.12, "Indemnification and Insurance," of the Standard Specifications.

Attention is directed to AQMD rule 403 (Fugitive Dust) of the SCAWMD rule book.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYEMENT

"Relations with The South Coast Air Quality Management District" will be measured and paid for as "Dust Abatement"

Full compensation for compliance with AQMD rule 403 (Fugitive Dust) of the AQMD rule book shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various items of work requiring compliance with AQMD rule 403 (Fugitive Dust) of the AQMD rule book and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

10-1.08 ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREA:

An environmentally sensitive area (ESA) shall consist of an area within and near the limits of construction where access is prohibited or limited for the preservation of existing vegetation as shown on the plans. The Engineer will determine the exact location of the boundaries of the ESA. No work shall be conducted within the ESA.

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.01 "Laws to be Observed" and Section 7-1.04 "Permits and Licenses" of the Standard Specifications regarding State and Federal regulations, permits, or agreements which pertain to an ESA.

Prior to beginning work, the boundaries of the ESA shall be clearly delineated by the placement of temporary fence (Type ESA).

Vehicle access, storage or transport of materials or equipment, or other project related activities are prohibited within the boundaries of ESA.

The Contractor shall mitigate damage or impacts to the ESA caused by the Contractor's operations, at the Contractor's expense. If the Engineer determines mitigation work will be performed by others, or if mitigation fees are assessed the County of Riverside, deductions from moneys due or to become due the Contractor will be made for the mitigation costs.

10-1.09 CONSTRUCTION PROJECT INFORMATION SIGNS:

Two weeks before starting any major physical construction work readily visible to highway users in this contract, the Contractor shall furnish and erect 3 Type 1 Construction Signs and 2 Type 2 Construction Project Information signs at the locations designated by the Engineer.

The signs and overlays shall be of a type and material consistent with the estimated time of completion of the project and shall conform to the details shown on the plans.

The sign letters, border and the Department's construction logos shall conform to the colors (non-reflective) and details shown on the plans, and shall be on a white background (non-reflective). The colors blue and orange shall conform to PR Color Number 3 and Number 6, respectively, as specified in the Federal Highway Administration's Color Tolerance Chart. The sign message to be used for fund types shall consist of the following, in the order shown:

RIVERSIDE COUNTY TRANSPORTATION FUNDS

The sign message to be used for type of work shall consist of the following:

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION

The sign message to be used for the Year of Completion of Project Construction will be furnished by the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish and install the "Year" sign overlay within 10 working days of notification of the year date to be used.

The letter sizes to be used shall be as shown on the plans. The information shown on the signs shall be limited to that shown on the plans.

The signs shall be kept clean and in good repair by the Contractor.

Upon completion of the work, the signs shall be removed and disposed of outside the highway right of way in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for furnishing, erecting, maintaining, and removing and disposing of the construction project information signs shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for construction area signs and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.10 INSURANCE:

In addition to the requirements of Section 18, "Insurance – Hold Harmless," of the contract documents, the Contractor's Certificate of Insurance and endorsements for the project shall name the following listed entities as additional insureds under the Contractor's general liability, excess liability and auto liability insurance policies and each listed entity shall be on the Waiver of Subrogation for the Contractor's Workers Compensation policy.

- A. "State of California, Department of Transportation, its officers, directors, agents and employees".
- B. Time Warner Communications
- C. Level 3 Communications (fiber optic line in Temescal Canyon).
- D. Time Warner Cable
- E. SUNESYS
- F. Southern California Edison
- G. Southern California Gas
- H. AT&T
- I. EVMWD
- J. Lee Lake Water District (LLWD)
- K. Starfield Sycamore Investors, LLC

Each of the above listed entities shall also be held harmless, in accordance with the requirements of subsection IV, "Hold Harmless," of Section 18, "Insurance – Hold Harmless," of the contract documents.

Full compensation for compliance with the requirements of this Section shall be considered as included in the various items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.11 CLEARING AND GRUBBING:

Clearing and grubbing shall conform to the provisions in Section 16, "Clearing and Grubbing," of the Standard Specifications and these special provisions.

Vegetation shall be cleared and grubbed only within the excavation and embankment slope lines.

PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for Clearing and Grubbing shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in clearing and grubbing as shown on the plans, and as specified in these specifications and the special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer, including the removal and disposal of the resulting material.

10-1.12 TREE REMOVAL:

Trees shall be removed as shown on the plan and/or as directed by the Engineer.

Removed tree shall be the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of by the Contractor, as provided in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

This work includes protecting migratory and nongame birds, their occupied nests and their eggs.

Nesting or attempted nesting by migratory and nongame birds is anticipated to occur but is not limited to February 1st through September 1st.

Regulatory Requirements

Attention is directed to the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (15 USC 703-711) 50 CFR Part 21 and 50 CFR Part 10, and the California Department of Fish and Game Code Sections 3503, 3513 and 3800, that protect migratory birds, their occupied nests, and their eggs from disturbance or destruction.

Construction

Ground disturbance, tree, shrub and/or vegetation removal that occurs between February 1st and September 1st will not commence until a preconstruction survey for nesting birds has verified that no active nests have been located or the Engineer has approved the beginning of work. If an active nest is located, construction within 500 feet of the nest must be avoided until the nest has been vacated and the young are independent of their parents.

Between February 1st and September 1st, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer 15 working days prior to beginning work disturbing structures, the ground or vegetation. The Engineer

will approve the beginning of work disturbing the ground or vegetation between February 1 and September 1.

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, completion of the work is delayed or interfered with by reason of the Engineer's delay in approving the disturbance structures, ground or vegetation, the Contractor will be compensated for resulting losses, and an extension of time will be granted, in the same manner as provided for in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays" of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall use exclusion techniques directed by the Engineer to prevent migratory birds from nesting on the ground, on structures or in trees, shrubs or other vegetation within the project limits.

Preventing nesting by using appropriate exclusion techniques will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D, "Extra Work" of the Standard Specifications.

If evidence of bird nesting is discovered, the Contractor shall not disturb the nesting birds or nests until the birds have naturally left the nests. If evidence of migratory bird nesting is discovered after beginning work, the Contractor shall immediately stop work within 500 feet of the nests and notify the Engineer. Work shall not resume until the Engineer provides a written notification that work may begin at or adjacent areas of the discovered bird nest locations.

Attention is directed to Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work" of the Standard Specifications.

Nothing in this section shall relieve the Contractor from providing for public safety in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety" of the Standard Specifications.

Penalties as used in this section, "General Migratory Bird Protection" shall include fines, penalties, and damages whether proposed, assessed, or levied against the Department or the Contractor. Penalties shall also include payments or costs incurred in settlement for alleged violations of applicable laws, regulations, or requirements. Costs incurred could include sums spent instead of penalties, in mitigation or to remediate or correct violations.

Notwithstanding any other remedies authorized by law, the Department may retain or withhold monies due the Contractor under the contract, in an amount determined by the Department, up to and including the entire amount of penalties proposed, assessed, or levied as a result of the Contractor's violation of Federal or State law, regulations or requirements. Funds may be retained by the Department until final disposition has been made as to the penalties. The Contractor shall remain liable for the full amount of penalties until such time as they are finally resolved with the entity seeking the penalties. Upon final disposition, the Department shall inform the Contractor of the withheld amount.

The contract unit price paid for Remove Tree includes full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in the removal and disposal, excavation, backfill and compaction required in the removal of the

existing tree complete in place, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.12A PRE-CONSTRUCTION SURVEY:

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer 510 days prior to clearing any vegetation. The Contractor shall not perform clearing and grubbing work until the County of Riverside Transportation Department (CRTD) has completed a preconstruction survey.

10-1.12B BIOLOGICAL MONITORING:

The County of Riverside Transportation Department (CRTD) will have available a qualified biologist as specified in these Special Provision for a pre-construction survey of the project site, on site monitoring, if required, and all Endangered species handling that may be required. "Biologist" or "Monitor" referenced in these specifications refers to the biologist provided by the CRTD. The Contractor shall request this service from the Engineer at least 10 days prior to the initial performance of work activities.

10-1.13 CONSTRUCTION ZONE ENHANCED ENFORCEMENT PROGRAM (COZEEP):

COZEEP improves project safety through the use of supplemental California Highway Patrol Units to assist in the management of traffic passing through the construction zone. COZEEP involves the presence of the CHP in certain construction zones to serve as a reminder to the public to slow down, observe construction zone signs, and use care while driving through the work zone.

COZEEP shall be considered when above normal traffic problems are anticipated or unique conditions warrant additional public or worker protection.

The Contractor shall coordinate with the Resident Engineer when COZEEP services are needed from the California Highway Patrol.

PAYMENT

Full compensation for the actual cost of COZEEP fees, as paid by the Contractor to California Highway Patrol, shall be included in the price paid on Force Account basis for Construction Zone Enhanced Enforcement Program (COZEEP) in accordance with Section 9-1.03, "Force Account Payment," of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, up to the fixed bid price. No markups will be allowed. All incidental costs incurred by the Contractor shall be included in the various items of work, and no compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.14 **PAYMENTS:**

Attention is directed to Sections 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," and 9-1.07, "Payment After Acceptance," of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

For the purpose of making partial payments pursuant to Section 9-1.06, "Partial Payments," of the Standard Specifications, the amount set forth for the contract items of work hereinafter listed shall be deemed to be the maximum value of the contract items of work which will be recognized for progress payment purposes:

A.	Clearing and Grubbing	\$25,000
B.	Develop Water Supply	\$12,000
C.	Progress Schedule (Critical Path Method)	\$5,000
D.	Mobilization	\$230,000

After acceptance of the contract pursuant to the provisions in Section 7-1.17, "Acceptance of Contract," of the Standard Specifications, the amount, if any, payable for a contract item of work in excess of the maximum value for progress payment purposes hereinabove listed for the item, will be included for payment in the first estimate made after acceptance of the contract.

No partial payment will be made for any materials on hand which are furnished but not incorporated in the work.

In determining the partial payments to be made to the Contractor, only the following listed materials will be considered for inclusion in the payment as materials furnished but not incorporated in the work:

- A. Micropiles
- B. Tieback Anchor
- C. Bar reinforcing steel (retaining wall)
- D. Furnish Sign Structure (bridge mounted with walkway)
- E. 300MM welded steel pipe conduit (6:35mm thick)
- F. Rock slope protection fabric
- G. Miscellaneous metal (restrainer cable type)
- H. Miscellaneous iron and steel
- I. Pavement marker

10-1.15 **ORDER OF WORK:**

Order of work shall conform to the provisions in Section 5-1.05, "Order of Work," of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

The first order of work shall be to place the order for the electrical equipment. The Engineer shall be furnished a statement from the vendor that the order for the electrical equipment has been received and accepted by the vendor.

Attention is directed to the tieback wall construction sequence indicated in the contract plans.

The contractor shall construct shotcrete test panels for approval by the Engineer prior to beginning shotcrete work. Attention is directed to Section "Shotcrete" elsewhere in these special provisions.

Attention is directed to the application of erosion control which may require several move-in/move-out of erosion control equipment. Attention is directed to Section "Move-In/Move-Out (Erosion Control)" elsewhere in these Special Provisions.

Attention is directed to "Jointed Plain Concrete Pavement" of these Special Provisions regarding Contractor furnishing tests and mix proportions for concrete to be used in concrete pavement, prepaving conference, Just-In Time Training, and test strip prior to paving operations.

The uppermost layer of new pavement shall not be placed until all underlying conduits and loop detectors have been installed.

Prior to commencement of the traffic signal function test at any location, all items of work related to signal control shall be completed and all roadside pavement delineation, and pavement markings shall be in place at that location.

Attention is directed to "Maintaining Traffic" and "Temporary Pavement Delineation" of these Special Provisions and to the staged construction sheets of the plans.

Attention is directed to "Program Schedule (Critical Path Method)" of these Special Provisions regarding the submittal of a general time-scaled logic diagram within 10 days after approval of the contract. The diagram shall be submitted prior to performing any work that may be affected by any proposed deviations to the construction staging of the project.

The work shall be performed in conformance with the stage of construction shown on the plans. Non-conflicting work in subsequent stages may proceed concurrently with work in preceding stages, provided satisfactory progress is maintained in the preceding stages of construction.

In each stage, after completion of the preceding stage, first order of work shall be the removal of existing pavement delineation as directed by the Engineer. Pavement delineation removal shall be coordinated with the new delineation so that lane lines are provided at all times on traveled ways open to the public traffic.

Before obliterating any pavement delineation (traffic stripes, pavement markings, and pavement markers), that are to be replaced on the same alignment and location, as determined by the Engineer, the pavement delineation shall be referenced by the Contractor, with a sufficient number of control points to reestablish the alignment and location of the new pavement delineation. The references shall include the limits or changes in striping pattern, markings. Full compensation for referencing existing pavement delineation shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for New Pavement Delineation and no additional compensation will be allowed thereof.

Prior to applying hot mix asphalt, the Contractor shall cover all manholes, valve and monument covers, grates, or other exposed facilities located within the area of application, using a plastic or oil resistant construction paper secured to the facility being covered by tape or adhesive. The covered facilities shall be referenced by the Contractor, with sufficient number of control points to relocate the facilities after the hot mix asphalt has been placed. After completion of the hot mix asphalt operation, all covers shall be removed and disposed of in a manner satisfactory to the Engineer. Full compensation for covering manholes, valve and monument covers, grates or exposed facilities and removing temporary cover shall be considered as included in the contract price per tonne for Hot Mix Asphalt and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

Attention is directed to "Slope Paving" of these Special Provisions regarding constructing a 1.2 m by 1.8 m test panel prior to placing the permanent slope paving.

Attention is directed to "Minor Concrete Construction" of these Special Provisions regarding constructing a 600 mm by 600 mm test panel prior to constructing curb ramps with detectable warning surfaces.

Attention is directed to "Environmentally Sensitive Area" and "Temporary Fence (Type ESA)" of these Special Provisions. Prior to beginning work, the boundaries of the Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESA) shall be clearly delineated in the field. The boundaries shall be delineated by the installation of temporary fence (Type ESA).

Construction of the new structural section adjacent to the existing traveled way shall be performed in successive and, once all operations are under way, concurrent operations of excavating, preparing subgrade, placing base materials and paving. Excavation within 1.5 meters left or 2.4 meters right meters of the existing traveled way shall not precede the paving operation by more than 2 working days unless:

- A. Approved in writing by the Engineer and;
- B. Material is placed and compacted against the vertical cuts within .18 meters of the existing traveled way. During excavation operations, native material may be used for this purpose, however, once the placing of the structural section commences, structural material shall be used. The material shall be placed to the level of the elevation of the top of existing pavement and tapered at a slope of 1:4 (vertical:horizontal) or flatter to the bottom of the excavation. Treated base shall not be used for the taper. Full compensation for placing the material on a 1:4 slope, regardless of the number of times it is required, and subsequent removing or reshaping of the material to the lines and grades shown on the plans shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for the materials involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor. No payment will be made for material placed in excess of that required for the structural section.

At the end of each working day if a difference in excess of 0.18-meter exists between the elevation of the existing pavement and the elevation of excavations within 1.5 meters left or 2.4 meters right of the traveled way, material shall be placed and compacted against the vertical cuts adjacent to the traveled way. During excavation operations, native material may be used for this purpose; however, once placing of the structural section commences,

structural material shall be used. The material shall be placed to the level of the elevation of the top of existing pavement and tapered at a slope of 1:4 (vertical:horizontal) or flatter to the bottom of the excavation. Full compensation for placing the material on a 1:4 slope, regardless of the number of times the material is required, and subsequent removing or reshaping of the material to the lines and grades shown on the plans shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for the materials involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor. No payment will be made for material placed in excess of that required for the structural section.

At those locations exposed to public traffic where guard railings or barriers are to be constructed, reconstructed, or removed and replaced, temporary railing (Type K) shall be in place prior to beginning work.

At least 60 days before applying seeds, furnish the Engineer a statement from the vendor that the order for the seed required for this contract has been received and accepted by the vendor. The statement from the vendor must include the names and quantity of seed ordered and the anticipated date of delivery.

The Engineer designates ground locations of erosion control by directing the placing of stakes or other suitable markers before application of erosion control materials as specified under "Erosion Control (Hydroseed) of these Special Provisions.

UTILITY REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor is advised of the existence of the utility notification service provided by UNDERGROUND SERVICE ALERT (USA). USA member utilities will provide the Contractor with the precise locations of their substructures in the construction area when the Contractor gives at least 48 hours notice to the **Underground Service Alert** by calling **1 (800) 422-4133**. Contractor shall provide the agency with proof of contact with USA upon request. The Contractor shall notify the following agencies at least 48 hours in advance of excavating around any of their structures. The utility companies listed below can be contacted as indicated.

Southern California Gas Company
1981 W. Lugonia Avenue
Redlands, CA 92373
Mark Degelia (909) 335-7507

SC Edison
26100 Meniffee Road
Romoland, CA 92585
Carol Brown (951) 249-8452

Level 3 Communications (Time Warner Telecom)
1025 El Dorado Blvd.
Broomfield, CO 80021
Matt Williams (720) 888-3813

AT&T (SBC/PacBell)
3939 E. Coronado St. 2nd Floor
Anaheim, CA 92807
Becky Brandon (714) 237-6027

Time Warner Cable (ComCast)
560 S. Promenade, Ste 102
Corona, CA 92879
Steve Waters (951) 547-3830

SUNESYS
1325 Pico, Ste 106
Corona, CA 92881
Ed Mulcahy (951) 264-9953

Elsinor Valley Municipal Water District (EVMWD)
31315 Chaney Street
Lake Elsinore, CA 92531
Paul Carver (951) 674-3143

The California Public Utilities Commission mandates that, in the interest of public safety, main line gas valves be maintained in a manner to be readily accessible and in good operating condition. The Contractor shall notify the Southern California Gas Company's Headquarters Planning Office at (714) 369-0680 at least 2 working days prior to the start of construction.

The Contractor shall exercise extreme care to protect all existing utilities whether shown on the plans or not, and shall assume full responsibility for all damage resulting from his operations. The Contractor shall coordinate with each utility company as to the requirements and methods for protection/relocation of their facilities during the construction period, and shall be responsible for preparation and processing of any required plans or permits. The Contractor shall assume full responsibility to maintain uninterrupted service for all utilities.

By submitting a bid, the Contractor acknowledges the above referenced utility work to be done in conjunction with this project. The Contractor shall schedule his work and conduct his operations so as to permit access and time for the required utility work to be accomplished during the progress of the work.

The Contractor shall coordinate with each utility company as to the extent of required work and the time required to do so. The Contractor shall include this time in his schedule. Payment for the above, if any, shall be deemed as included in the items of work as shown on the proposal bid sheet and no additional compensation will be allowed. The following is a summary of the notice requirements and estimated on-site working days required for the affected utility agencies to adjust/relocate their respective facilities:

Utility Agency	Notice Required	Estimated Time On-site
SC Gas Company	90 Days	90 Working Days
SC Edison	90 Days	45 Working Days
AT&T (SBC/PacBell)	16 Days	3 Working Days
Level 3 Communications (Time Warner Telecom)	30 Days	10 Working Days
SUNESYS	30 Days	10 Working Days
EVMWD	30 Days	10 Working Days
Time Warner Cable (ComCast)	30 Days	10 Working Days

Bidding Contractors are advised to carefully review the SCE's plans prior to bidding to ensure that the bidding contractor and specialty sub-contractor, if utilized, understands the Contractor's responsibilities.

10-1.16 RESIDENT ENGINEER'S OFFICE:

The Contractor shall furnish and maintain a Resident Engineer's Office (Field Office), suitable for the intended purpose, for the exclusive use of the Engineer and his staff in accordance with the following provisions.

The Field Office shall be maintained in a clean, neat and sanitary manner at all times. All sanitary paper products required for the restroom shall be supplied by the Contractor and shall be included in the contract lump sum price bid.

The Field Office shall be a 55 square meters (minimum) office facility with required utility hook up including electricity, potable water, 2 telephone lines, multi-line speaker phones, heating and air conditioning. The facility will have 1 restroom (with indoor plumbing) and partitions creating 3 interior rooms. Contractor will pay monthly rental fees and utility bills, and shall obtain all rights of entry necessary.

The Contractor shall be fully responsible to provide all utility hook-ups for the Resident Engineer's Office, including electrical power, telephone, potable water and sewage disposal. The Contractor shall obtain all necessary permits and pay all fees.

The Field Office shall be provided with a facsimile machine with a separate phone line and a copying machine capable of photocopying 11" x 17" size paper for the exclusive use of the Engineer and his staff for the entire duration of the project.

Contractor shall be aware that theft and vandalism at the job site may be a problem. Contractor shall be responsible for the security of the Field Office.

If for any reason, the phone, copier, facsimile machine, any office furniture, and/or sanitary facility is vandalized, stolen, or in need of repair, the Contractor, upon receipt of written notice by Engineer, shall have a maximum of five (5) working days to replace or repair the items to full working order. If Contractor fails to comply with the five (5) working days specified, the Engineer may at its option withhold monthly progress payments until Field Office is returned to full and complete working order.

Contractor shall meet with the Engineer prior to construction (and at any other time circumstances warrant), and together, shall mutually agree on a location for the field office. Approval of the proposed Field Office by the Engineer shall be obtained prior to implementation.

The following shall be furnished and supplied by the Contractor for the duration of the contract:

1. Furnish, service and maintain office.

The following office furniture, in new or near-new condition, shall be furnished, at a minimum:

- 2 ea. 30" x 60" desks with lockable drawers
- 2 ea. task swivel chairs
- 1 ea. conference table to accommodate 8 conference chairs
- 8 conference chairs
- 1 ea. 60"H x 40"W x 16"D book shelf
- 1 ea. 60" x 36" drafting table and chair

2. Supply utilities for office, including electricity, phone (2 lines), potable water supply with dispenser, and DSL internet service for the duration of the contract, including fees.
3. Supply, service and maintain sanitary facility.
4. Supply and maintain a refrigerator (minimum 0.6 cubic meter).
5. Facsimile machine (separate phone line) and facsimile paper, toner and other necessary supplies for the duration of the contract.
6. Furnish one current model personal computer for the duration of the contract, suitable and capable for office use, internet connected utilizing DSL service, and complete with necessary software including Microsoft Office, latest version.
7. One color laser printer, HP Color Laserjet model 2605DN (also known as Q7822A) or approved alternate. One color flatbed scanner, HP Scanjet 5590 or approved alternate. All supplies and necessary maintenance for the use of the above equipment by the Engineer shall be furnished and supplied by the Contractor for the duration of the contract.
8. Copying machine (11" x 17"), including paper (8 1/2" X 11" and 11" X 17"), toner and other necessary supplies for the duration of the contract.
9. Installation of 4 designated public parking spaces.
10. Installation of appropriate number of designated parking spaces for the construction manager, inspectors, general contractors, workers, material supplies, subcontractors and other support personnel.
11. Installation of 1 large sized unit commercial trash bin with cover and regularly scheduled pick up.
12. Field office shall have a 24" x 36" sign, white color, affixed near the door. The sign text shall read 'COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT' and shall have County seals affixed to it. Contractor will be supplied the seals by the County.
13. Remove office from job site at the completion of the project.
14. Security.
15. If office is located on private property, all property rental costs and right of entry.

No monthly progress payments will be due to the Contractor until all provisions and requirements of "Resident Engineer's Office" are complete and in place.

The contract lump sum price paid for Resident Engineer's Office shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in furnishing and maintaining Resident Engineer's Office, including furnishing and maintaining the listed equipment and furniture, and providing of all necessary supplies for the listed equipment for the duration of the contract work, as specified in these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.17 INTERLOCKING CONCRETE PAVERS:

Interlocking concrete pavers shall be obtained from commercial sources and shall be installed as shown on plans in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and as directed by the Engineer.

Interlocking pavers shall be installed using a solid brown, red and tan, 90 degree Running Bond pattern and the solder course color shall be red. These colors shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.

Interlocking pavers shall be cut where necessary using approved methods to fit snugly around guard railing and other appurtenances, without any loose joints.

Edge restraints shall be concrete curbing as shown on plans and as directed by the Engineer.

Bedding Sand shall be obtained from commercial sources and shall be cleaned and free of deleterious material and shall conform to ASTM C33.

Interlocking Concrete Pavers will be measured by the square meter as determined by actual measurements made parallel to the ground slope.

Class 2 Aggregate base used at locations where interlocking concrete pavers are installed shall conform the provisions of Section 26-1.02A, "Class 2 Aggregate Base," in the Standard Specifications.

The contract price paid per square meter for Interlocking Concrete Pavers shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools and equipment, and incidentals, and for the doing all the work involved in placing the interlocking concrete pavers, complete in place, including furnishing and placement, spreading and compacting of bedding sand, Class 2 Aggregate Base, furnishing and applying concrete curbing, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.18 **WATER POLLUTION CONTROL, SANTA ANA REGION (RISK LEVEL 1):**

GENERAL

Summary

Discharges of storm water from the project must comply with NPDES General Permit for "Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction and Land Disturbance Activities" (Order No. 2009-009-DWQ, NPDES No. CAS000002). Manage work activities to reduce the discharge of pollutants to surface waters, groundwater, or municipal separate storm sewer systems including work items shown in the verified Bid Item List for:

1. Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan. SWPPP preparation includes obtaining SWPPP acceptance, amending the SWPPP, preparing a CSMP and a SAP, and monitoring and inspecting WPC practices at the job site.
2. Storm Water Sampling and Analysis Day. Storm Water Sampling and Analysis Day includes reporting of storm water quality per qualifying rain event. If specified for the risk level, the work includes preparation, collection, analysis, and reporting of storm water samples for turbidity, pH, and other constituents.
3. Storm Water Annual Report. Storm Water Annual Report preparation includes certifications, monitoring and inspection results, and obtaining Storm Water Annual Report acceptance.
4. Rain Event Action Plan. If specified for the project risk level, REAP preparation includes preparing and submitting REAP forms and monitoring weather forecasts.

Do not start work until:

1. SWPPP is accepted
2. WDID is issued
3. SWPPP has been reviewed by the RWQCB. If the RWQCB requires time for SWPPP review, allow enough time for the RWQCB to review the SWPPP as specified under "Submittals" of these special provisions.

This job is Risk Level 1.

Definitions and Abbreviations

active and inactive areas: (1) Active areas have soil disturbing work activities occurring at least once within 14 days, and (2) Inactive areas are areas that have not been disturbed for at least 15 days.

BMPs: Best Management Practices are water pollution control practices.

construction phase: Construction phases are (1) Highway Construction including work activities for building roads and structures, (2) Plant Establishment including maintenance on vegetation installed for final stabilization, and (3) Suspension where work activities are suspended and areas are inactive.

CSMP: Construction Site Monitoring Program.

NAL: Numeric Action Level

NEL: Numeric Effluent Limit

NPDES: National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NOI: Notice of Intent

normal working hours: The hours you normally work on this project

Preparation Manual: The Department's "Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan and Water Pollution Control Program Preparation Manual."

QSD: Qualified SWPPP Developer

QSP: Qualified SWPPP Practitioner

REAP: Rain Event Action Plan.

RWQCB: Regional Water Quality Control Board.

SAP: Sampling and Analysis Plan

SSC: Suspended Sediment Concentration

SWRCB: State Water Resources Control Board

SWPPP: Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

WDID: Waste Discharge Identification Number

WPC: Water Pollution Control

WPC Manager: Water Pollution Control Manager. The WPC Manager implements water pollution control work described in the SWPPP and oversees revisions and amendments to the SWPPP.

Submittals

Within 20 days after contract approval, start the following process for SWPPP acceptance:

1. Submit 3 copies of the SWPPP and allow 20 days for the Engineer's review. If revisions are required, the Engineer provides comments and specifies the date that the review stopped.
2. Change and resubmit the SWPPP within 15 days of receipt of the Engineer's comments. The Engineer's review resumes when the complete SWPPP is resubmitted.
3. When the Engineer accepts the SWPPP, submit an electronic and 4 printed copies of the accepted SWPPP.
4. If the RWQCB reviews the accepted SWPPP, the Engineer submits one copy of the accepted SWPPP to the RWQCB for their review and comment. RWQCBs requiring 30 days to review SWPPPs include:
 - 4.1. Lahontan for jobs in the Lake Tahoe Hydrologic Unit and the Mammoth Lakes Hydrologic Unit.
5. If the Engineer requests changes to the SWPPP based on RWQCB comments, amend the SWPPP within 10 days.

Submit:

1. Storm water training records including training dates and subjects for employees and subcontractors. Include dates and subjects for ongoing training, including tailgate meetings.
2. Employee training records:
 - 2.1. Within 5 days of SWPPP acceptance for existing employees
 - 2.2. Within 5 days of training for new employees
 - 2.3. At least 5 days before subcontractors start work for subcontractor's employees

Prepare a Storm Water Annual Report for the reporting period from July 1st to June 30th:

1. If construction occurs from July 1st through June 30th, submit the report no later than July 15th for the prior reporting period
2. If construction ends before June 30th, submit the report within 15 days after contract acceptance

Submit the Storm Water Annual Report as follows:

1. Submit 2 copies of the Storm Water Annual Report and allow 10 days for the Engineer's review. If revisions are required, the Engineer provides comments and specifies the date that the review stopped.
2. Change and resubmit the Storm Water Annual Report within 5 days of receipt of the Engineer's comments. The Engineer's review resumes when the complete Storm Water Annual Report is resubmitted.
3. When the Engineer accepts the Storm Water Annual Report, insert the WPC Manager's signed certification and the Engineer's signed certification.

Submit one electronic copy and 2 printed copies of the accepted Storm Water Annual Report.
Submit as required:

1. NAL Exceedance Reports
2. NEL Exceedance Reports
3. Visual Monitoring Reports
4. Inspection Reports
5. BMP Status Report

At least 5 days before operating any construction support facility:

1. Submit a plan showing the location and quantity of WPC practices associated with the construction support facility
2. If you will be operating a batch plant or a crushing plant under the General Industrial Permit, submit a copy of the NOI approved by the RWQCB and the SWPPP approved by the RWQCB

Quality Control and Assurance

Training

Provide storm water training for:

1. Project managers
2. Supervisory personnel
3. Employees involved with WPC work

Train all employees, including subcontractor's employees, in the following subjects:

1. WPC rules and regulations

2. Implementation and maintenance for:

- 2.1. Temporary Soil Stabilization
- 2.2. Temporary Sediment Control
- 2.3. Tracking Control
- 2.4. Wind Erosion Control
- 2.5. Material pollution prevention and control
- 2.6. Waste management
- 2.7. Non-storm water management
- 2.8. Identifying and handling hazardous substances
- 2.9. Potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks or exposure to toxic or hazardous substances

Employees must receive initial WPC training before working on the job.

Conduct weekly training meetings covering:

1. WPC BMP deficiencies and corrective actions
2. BMPs that are required for work activities during the week
3. Spill prevention and control
4. Material delivery, storage, use, and disposal
5. Waste management
6. Non-storm water management procedures

Training for personnel to collect water quality samples must include:

1. SAP review
2. Health and safety review
3. Sampling simulations

A Storm Water Information Handout has been prepared for this contract and is available as described in "Supplemental Project Information" of these special provisions.

If you operate construction support facilities, protect storm water systems or receiving waters from the discharge of potential pollutants by using WPC practices.

Construction support facilities include:

1. Staging areas
2. Storage yards for equipment and materials
3. Mobile operations
4. Batch plants for PCC and HMA
5. Crushing plants for rock and aggregate
6. Other facilities installed for your convenience such as haul roads

If you operate a batch plant to manufacture PCC, HMA, or other material; or a crushing plant to produce rock or aggregate; obtain coverage under the General Industrial General Permit. You must be covered under the General Industrial Permit for batch plants and crushing plants located:

1. Outside of the job site
2. Within the job site that serve one or more contracts

Discharges from manufacturing facilities such as batch plants must comply with the general waste discharge requirements for Order No. 97-03-DWQ, NPDES General Permit No. CAS000001, issued by the SWRCB for "Discharge of Stormwater Associated with Industrial Activities Excluding Construction Activities." The General Industrial Permit is available at:

<http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/>

You may obtain copies of the Preparation Manual from the Publication Distribution Unit. The mailing address for the Publication Distribution Unit is:

State of California
Department of Transportation
Publication Distribution Unit
1900 Royal Oaks Drive
Sacramento, California 95815
Telephone: (916) 445-3520

For the Preparation Manual and other WPC references, go to the Department's "Construction Storm Water and Water Pollution Control" Web site at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater/stormwater1.htm>

Water Pollution Control Manager

Assign one WPC Manager to implement the SWPPP. The WPC Manager must comply with the Permit (Order No. 2009-009-DWQ, NPDES No. CAS000002) qualifications for a QSP and a QSD. You may assign a different QSD to prepare the SWPPP.

The QSD must have the following qualifications:

1. Department approved storm water management training described in the Department's "Construction Storm Water and Water Pollution Control" web site
2. Registration or certification described in the Permit (Order No. 2009-009-DWQ, NPDES No. CAS000002)

The QSP must meet the qualifications of the QSD or have the following certifications:

1. Department approved storm water management training described in the Department's "Construction Storm Water and Water Pollution Control" web site
2. Certification described in the Permit

At the job site, the WPC Manager must:

1. Be responsible for WPC work
2. Be the primary contact for WPC work
3. Oversee the maintenance of WPC practices
4. Oversee and enforce hazardous waste management practices
5. Have the authority to mobilize crews to make immediate repairs to WPC practices
6. Ensure that all employees have current water pollution control training
7. Implement the accepted SWPPP and amend the SWPPP when required

WPC Manager must oversee:

1. Inspections of WPC practices identified in the SWPPP
2. Inspections and reports for visual monitoring
3. Preparation and implementation of REAPs
4. Sampling and analysis
5. NAL exceedance reports
6. NEL exceedance reports
7. SWPPP annual certification
8. Annual reports
9. BMP status reports

STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

This work includes preparing a SWPPP including a CSMP, obtaining SWPPP acceptance, amending the SWPPP, inspecting and reporting on WPC practices at the job site. If specified by the risk level, the work includes preparing REAPs. The SWPPP must comply with the Preparation Manual and the Permit. The SWPPP must be submitted in place of the water pollution control program under Section 7-1.01G, "Water Pollution," of the Standard Specifications.

Full compensation for Water Pollution Control Work is included in the contract lump sum price paid for Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

The SWPPP must include sections as specified for the project risk level as follows:

1. For risk level 1:
 - 1.1. Schedule
 - 1.2. CSMP

The SWPPP must include WPC practices:

1. For storm water and non-stormwater from areas outside of the job site related to project work activities such as:
 - 1.1. Staging areas
 - 1.2. Storage yards
 - 1.3. Access roads

2. For activities or mobile operations related to contractor obtained NPDES permits
3. Construction support facilities

The SWPPP must include a copy of permits obtained by the Department such as Fish & Game permits, US Army Corps of Engineers permits, RWQCB 401 Certifications, and RWQCB Waste Discharge Requirements for Aerially Deposited Lead Reuse.

Amend the SWPPP annually and resubmit it by July 15th.

Amend the SWPPP if:

1. Changes in work activities could affect the discharge of pollutants
2. WPC practices are added by change order work
3. WPC practices are added at your discretion
4. Changes in the amount of disturbed soil are substantial
5. Objectives for reducing or eliminating pollutants in storm water discharges have not been achieved
6. There is a Permit violation

Whenever you amend the SWPPP, follow the same process specified for SWPPP acceptance. Retain a printed copy of the accepted SWPPP at the job site.

SWPPP Schedule

The SWPPP schedule must:

1. Describe when work activities will be performed that could cause the discharge of pollutants into storm water
2. Describe WPC practices associated with each construction phase
3. Identify soil stabilization and sediment control practices for disturbed soil areas

Construction Site Monitoring Program (CSMP)

The QSD must prepare a CSMP as part of the SWPPP. The CSMP must be developed before starting work and be revised to reflect current construction activities as necessary.

The CSMP must include sections for the project risk level as follows:

1. For risk level 1:
 - 1.1. Visual Monitoring
 - 1.2. SAP for Non-Visible Pollutants

Visual Monitoring

The WPC Manager must oversee the performance of visual inspections for qualifying rain events. A qualified rain event is a storm that produces at least 0.5 inches of precipitation with a 48 hour or greater period between storms.

For each qualifying rain event, perform visual inspections and record observations during normal working hours as follows:

1. Record the time, date, and rain gauge reading
2. Observe:
 - 2.1. Within 2 days before the storm:
 - 2.1.1. Drainage areas for spills, leaks, or uncontrolled pollutants
 - 2.1.2. Proper implementation of WPC practices
 - 2.1.3. Storm water storage areas for leaks and adequate freeboard
 - 2.2. Every 24 hours during the storm:
 - 2.2.1. WPC practices for effective operation
 - 2.2.2. WPC practices needing maintenance and repair
 - 2.3. Within 2 days after the storm event:
 - 2.3.1. Discharge locations
 - 2.3.2. WPC practices to evaluate the design, implementation, and effectiveness
 - 2.3.3. To identify where additional WPC practices may be needed

Perform non-stormwater discharge visual inspections as follows:

1. At least once during each of the following periods:
 - 1.1. January through March
 - 1.2. April through June
 - 1.3. July through September
 - 1.4. October through December
2. Observe flowing and contained storm water for the presence of floating and suspended materials, sheen on the surface, discoloration, turbidity, odors, and sources of observed pollutants
3. Observe the job site for the presence of authorized and unauthorized non-stormwater discharges and their sources

The WPC Manager must prepare visual inspection reports that include the following:

1. Name of personnel performing the inspection, inspection date, and date inspection report completed
2. Storm and weather conditions

3. Locations and observations
4. Corrective actions taken

Maintain visual inspections reports at the job site as part of the SWPPP.

Sampling and Analysis

General

Include a SAP in the CSMP to monitor the effectiveness of WPC practices.

The SAP must comply with the Preparation Manual.

Assign trained personnel to collect water quality samples. Document their training in the SAP.

Describe the following water quality sampling procedures in the SAP:

1. Sampling equipment
2. Sample preparation
3. Collection
4. Field measurement methods
5. Analytical methods
6. Quality assurance and quality control
7. Sample preservation and labeling
8. Collection documentation
9. Sample shipping
10. Chain of custody
11. Data management and reporting
12. Precautions from the construction site health and safety plan
13. Laboratory selection and certifications

Whenever assigned field personnel take samples, comply with the equipment manufacturer's recommendation for collection, analysis methods, and equipment calibration.

Samples taken for laboratory analysis must follow water quality sampling procedures and be analyzed by a State-certified laboratory under 40 CFR Part 136, "Guidelines Establishing Test Procedures for the Analysis of Pollutants."

The SAP must identify the State-certified laboratory, sample containers, preservation requirements, holding times, and analysis method. For a list of State-certified laboratories go to:

<http://www.cdph.ca.gov/certlic/labs/Pages/ELAP.aspx>

Obtain, install, and maintain a rain gauge at the job site. Observe and record daily precipitation.

Document sample collection during precipitation.

You are not required to physically collect samples under the following conditions:

1. During dangerous weather conditions such as flooding or electrical storms
2. Outside of normal working hours

Retain water quality sampling documentation and analytical results with the SWPPP at the job site.

Show pollutant sampling locations on SWPPP drawings.

If discharges or sampling locations change because of changed work activities or knowledge of site conditions, amend the SAP.

If the job is risk level 2 or risk level 3, collect and analyze at least 3 samples for each day of each qualifying rain event. Collect effluent samples at all locations where the storm water is discharged off-site.

Analytical Results and Evaluation

Submit an electronic copy (in file format .xls, .txt, .csv, .dbs, or .mdb) and a printed copy of water quality analytical results, and quality assurance and quality control within 48 hours of field analysis sampling, and within 30 days for laboratory analysis. Also provide an evaluation of whether the downstream samples show levels of the tested parameter that are higher than the control sample.

Electronic water quality analysis results must have the following information:

1. Sample identification number
2. Contract number
3. Constituent
4. Reported value
5. Analytical method
6. Method detection limit
7. Reported limit

If downstream samples show increased levels, assess WPC practices, site conditions, and surrounding influences to determine the probable cause for the increase.

SAP for Non-Visible Pollutants

The SAP must include a description of the sampling and analysis strategy for monitoring non-visible pollutants.

The SAP must identify potential non-visible pollutants present at the job site associated with any of the following:

1. Construction materials and waste
2. Existing contamination due to historical site usage
3. Application of soil amendments, including soil stabilization materials, with the potential to change pH or contribute toxic pollutants to storm water

SWPPP drawings must show the locations planned for storage and use of potential non-visible pollutants.

The SAP must include sampling procedures for the following conditions when observed during a storm water visual inspection. For each of the following, collect at least one sample for each qualifying storm event:

1. Materials or waste containing potential non-visible pollutants that are not stored under watertight conditions
2. Materials or waste containing potential non-visible pollutants that are stored under watertight conditions, but a breach, leakage, malfunction, or spill is observed; the leak or spill has not been cleaned up before precipitation; and material or waste could discharge non-visible pollutants to surface waters or drainage system
3. Chemical applications, including fertilizer, pesticide, herbicide, methyl methacrylate concrete sealant, or non-pigmented curing compound used during precipitation or within 24 hours preceding precipitation, and could discharge pollutants to surface waters or drainage system
4. Applied soil amendments, including soil stabilization materials that could change pH levels or contribute toxic pollutants to storm water runoff and discharge pollutants to surface waters or drainage system, unless available independent test data indicates acceptable concentrations of non-visible pollutants in the soil amendment
5. Storm water runoff from an area contaminated by historical usage of the site that could discharge pollutants to surface waters or drainage systems

The SAP must provide sampling procedures and schedule for:

1. Sample collection during the first 2 hours of each rain event that generate runoff
2. Sample collection during normal working hours
3. Each non-visible pollutant source
4. Uncontaminated control sample

The SAP must identify locations for sampling downstream and control samples, and reasons for selecting those locations. Select control sample locations where the sample will not come in contact with materials, waste, or areas associated with potential non-visible pollutants or disturbed soil areas.

SAP for Sediment and Turbidity

If the job is risk level 2 or risk level 3, sample and analyze for turbidity:

Parameter	Test Method	Detection Limit (Min)	Unit
Turbidity	Field test with calibrated portable instrument	1	NTU

If the job is risk level 3 and the turbidity NEL has been exceeded, sample and analyze for SSC:

Parameter	Test Method	Detection Limit (Min)	Unit
SSC	ASTM Method D3977-97	5	Mg/L

SAP for pH

If the job is risk level 2 or risk level 3, sample and analyze for pH:

Parameter	Test Method	Detection Limit (Min)	Unit
pH	Field test with calibrated portable instrument	0.2	pH units

Receiving Water Sampling

If the job is risk level 3, obtain samples from representative and accessible locations:

1. Upstream of the discharge point
2. Downstream of the discharge point

Show receiving water sampling locations on SWPPP drawings.

If there are several discharge points, obtain samples from a single upstream and a single downstream location.

Rain Event Action Plan (REAP)

The WPC Manager must submit a REAP to protect the job site at least 48 hours before a predicted rain event.

Prepare a REAP when National Weather Service is predicting at least a 50 percent probability of precipitation within 72 hours.

For the REAP, use approved forms and include:

1. Site location
2. Risk level
3. Contact information including 24-hour emergency phone numbers for:
 - 3.1. WPC Manager
 - 3.2. Erosion and sediment control providers or subcontractors
 - 3.3. Storm water sampling providers or subcontractors

4. Storm Information
5. Construction phase information for:
 - 5.1. Highway Construction including active and inactive areas for work activities for building roads and structures
 - 5.2. Plant Establishment including maintenance on vegetation installed for final stabilization where areas are inactive
 - 5.3. Suspension where work activities are suspended and areas are inactive
6. Construction phase information including:
 - 6.1. Construction activities
 - 6.2. Subcontractors and trades on the job site
 - 6.3. Pre-storm activities including:
 - 6.3.1. Responsibilities of the WPC Manager
 - 6.3.2. Responsibilities of the crew and crew size
 - 6.3.3. Stabilization for active and inactive disturbed soil areas
 - 6.3.4. Stockpile management
 - 6.3.5. Corrective actions taken for deficiencies identified during pre-storm visual inspection
 - 6.4. Activities to be performed during storm events including:
 - 6.4.1. Responsibilities of the WPC Manager
 - 6.4.2. Responsibilities of the crew and crew size
 - 6.4.3. BMP maintenance and repair
 - 6.5. Description of flood contingency measures

You must have the REAP onsite at least 24 hours before a predicted rain event. A printed copy of each REAP must be at the job site as part of the SWPPP.

Implement the REAP including mobilizing crews to complete activities no later than 24 hours before precipitation occurs.

IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

Monitor the National Weather Service Forecast Office on a daily basis. For forecasts, go to:

<http://www.srh.noaa.gov/forecast>

Whenever you or the Engineer identifies a deficiency in the implementation of the accepted SWPPP:

1. Correct the deficiency immediately, unless the Engineer authorizes an agreed date for correction
2. Correct the deficiency before precipitation occurs

If you fail to correct the deficiency by the agreed date or before the onset of precipitation, the County of Riverside may correct the deficiency and deduct the cost of correcting the deficiency from payment.

Continue SWPPP implementation during any temporary suspension of work activities.
Install WPC practices within 15 days or before predicted precipitation, whichever occurs first.

Numeric Action Levels (NALs)

If the job is risk level 2 or risk level 3, then it is subject to NALs:

Parameter	Test Method	Detection Limit (Min)	Unit	Numeric Action Level
pH	Field test with calibrated portable instrument	0.2	pH units	Lower NAL = 6.5 Upper NAL = 8.5
Turbidity	Field test with calibrated portable instrument	1	NTU	250 NTU

Numeric Effluent Limits (NELs)

If the job is risk level 3, then it is subject to NELs:

Parameter	Test Method	Detection Limit (Min)	Unit	Numeric Effluent Limit
pH	Field test with calibrated portable instrument	0.2	pH units	Lower NEL = 6.0 Upper NEL = 9.0
Turbidity	Field test with calibrated portable instrument	1	NTU	500 NTU

The storm event daily average for storms up to the 5-year, 24-hour storm, must not exceed the NEL for turbidity.

The daily average sampling results must not exceed the NEL for pH.

Inspection

The WPC Manager must oversee inspections for WPC practices identified in the SWPPP:

1. Before a forecasted storm
2. After precipitation that causes site runoff
3. At 24-hour intervals during extended precipitation
4. On a predetermined schedule, a minimum of once a week

The WPC Manager must oversee daily inspections of:

1. Storage areas for hazardous materials and waste
2. Hazardous waste disposal and transporting activities
3. Hazardous material delivery and storage activities

4. WPC practices specified under "Construction Site Management" of these special provisions

The WPC Manager must use the Storm Water Site Inspection Report provided in the Preparation Manual.

The WPC Manager must prepare BMP status reports that include the following:

1. Location and quantity of installed WPC practices
2. Location and quantity of disturbed soil for the active or inactive areas

Within 24 hours of finishing the weekly inspection, the WPC Manager must submit:

1. Copy of the completed site inspection report
2. Copy of the BMP status report

REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Storm Water Annual Report

The WPC Manager must prepare a Storm Water Annual Report. The report must:

1. Use an approved report format
2. Include project information including description and location
3. Include storm water monitoring information including:
 - 3.1. Summary and evaluation of sampling and analysis results including laboratory reports
 - 3.2. Analytical methods, reporting units, detections limits for analytical parameters
 - 3.3. Summary of corrective actions
 - 3.4. Identification of corrective actions or compliance activities that were not implemented
 - 3.5. Summary of violations
 - 3.6. Names of individuals performing storm water inspections and sampling
 - 3.7. Logistical information for inspections and sampling including location, date, time, and precipitation
 - 3.8. Visual observations and sample collection records
4. Include documentation on training for:
 - 4.1. Individuals responsible for NPDES permit compliance
 - 4.2. Individuals responsible for BMP installation, inspection, maintenance, and repair
 - 4.3. Individuals responsible for preparing, revising, and amending the SWPPP

NAL Exceedance Report

If the job is risk level 2 or risk level 3 and an effluent sample exceeds a NAL, notify the Engineer and submit a NAL Exceedance Report no later than 48 hours after the conclusion of the storm event. The report must:

1. Include the following field sampling results and inspections:

- 1.1. Analytical methods, reporting units, and detection limits
- 1.2. Date, location, time of sampling, visual observation and measurements
- 1.3. Quantity of precipitation of the storm event

2. Description of BMPs and corrective actions taken to manage NAL exceedance

NEL Violation Report

If the job is risk level 3 and an NEL is exceeded, notify the Engineer and submit a NEL Violation Report within 6 hours. The report must:

1. Include the following field sampling results and inspections:
 - 1.1. Analytical methods, reporting units, and detection limits
 - 1.2. Date, location, time of sampling, visual observations and measurements
 - 1.3. Quantity of precipitation of the storm event
2. Description of BMPs and corrective actions taken to manage NEL exceedance

If the job is risk level 2 or risk level 3, submit all sampling results to the Engineer no later than 48 hours after the conclusion of a storm event.

PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan includes full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in preparing, obtaining acceptance of, and amending the SWPPP and CSMP, inspecting water pollution control practices, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

For projects with more than 60 working days, payments for SWPPP are made as follows:

1. After the Engineer accepts the SWPPP, the Department includes up to 50 percent of the bid item price in the monthly progress estimate
2. The Department pays 40 percent of the bid item price over the life of the contract
3. After contract acceptance, the Department pays for the remaining 10 percent of the bid item

Full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in preparation and submittal of REAP forms, and monitoring weather forecasts as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

The County of Riverside does not adjust payment for an increase or decrease in the quantity of rain event action plans submitted. Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities," of the Standard Specifications does not apply.

Full compensation for doing all the work involved in submitting the completed Storm Water Annual Report shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.

The County of Riverside does not adjust payment for an increase or decrease in the quantity of storm water annual reports submitted. Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities," of the Standard Specifications does not apply.

The work to complete the final Storm Water Annual Report contract item is excluded from Section 7-1.17, "Acceptance of Contract," of the Standard Specifications.

The contract lump sum price paid for Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan includes full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in preparation, collection, analysis, and reporting of storm water samples per qualifying rain event as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

The County of Riverside does not adjust payment for an increase or decrease in the quantity of storm water sampling and analysis. Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities," of the Standard Specifications does not apply.

You may request or the Engineer may order laboratory analysis of storm water samples. Laboratory analysis of storm water samples are considered as part of the contract price paid for Prepare Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

The County of Riverside does not pay for the preparation, collection, laboratory analysis, and reporting of storm water samples for non-visible pollutants if WPC practices are not implemented before precipitation or if a failure of a WPC practice is not corrected before precipitation.

The County of Riverside does not pay for implementation of WPC practices in areas outside the highway right-of-way not specifically provided for in the drawings or in the special provisions.

The County of Riverside does not pay for WPC practices installed at your construction support facilities.

WPC practices for which there are separate bid items of work are measured and paid for as those bid items of work.

For each failure to submit a completed Storm Water Annual Report, the County of Riverside withholds \$10,000. This withhold is in addition to other withholds under Section 9-1.053 "Performance Failure Withholds," of the Standard Specifications.

Each failure to comply with any part of these special provisions and each failure to implement water pollution control practices are considered separate performance failures.

10-1.19 CONSTRUCTION SITE MANAGEMENT:

GENERAL

Summary

This work includes controlling potential sources of water pollution before they come in contact with storm water systems or watercourses.

Control material pollution and manage waste and non-stormwater at the job site by implementing effective handling, storage, use, and disposal practices.

For information on documents specified in these special provisions, refer to the Department's Preparation Manual, Dewatering Guide, and BMP Manual.

Preparation Manual, Dewatering Guide, and BMP Manual are available from the Department's Construction Storm Water and Water Pollution Control web site at:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater/stormwater1.htm>

Definitions and Abbreviations

active and inactive areas: (1) Active areas have soil disturbing work activities occurring at least once within 14 days, and (2) Inactive areas are areas that have not been disturbed for at least 15 days.

BMP Manual: The Department's Construction Site Best Management Practices (BMP) Manual.

CDPH: California Department of Public Health

Dewatering Guide: The Department's Field Guide to Construction Site Dewatering.

ELAP: Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program

minor spills: Small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, or other material that are small enough to be controlled by a first responder upon discovery of the spill.

MSDS: Material Safety Data Sheet

Preparation Manual: The Department's Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) Preparation Manual.

semi-significant spills: Spills that can be controlled by a first responder with help from other personnel.

significant or hazardous spills: Spills that cannot be controlled by construction personnel.

WPC: Water Pollution Control

WPC Manager: Water Pollution Control Manager as defined under "Water Pollution Control" of these special provisions.

Submittals

Submit the following:

1. MSDS at least 5 days before material is used or stored
2. Monthly inventory records for material used or stored
3. Copy of written approval to discharge into a sanitary sewer system at least 5 days before beginning discharge activities

Quality Control and Assurance

Not Used

MATERIALS

Not Used

CONSTRUCTION

Spill Prevention and Control

Implement spill and leak prevention procedures for chemicals and hazardous substances stored at the job site. If you spill or leak chemicals or hazardous substances at the job site, you are responsible for all associated cleanup costs and related liability.

As soon as it is safe, contain and clean up spills of petroleum products, sanitary and septic waste substances listed under CFR Title 40, Parts 110, 117, and 302.

Minor Spills

Clean up minor spills using the following procedures:

1. Contain the spread of the spill
2. Recover the spilled material by absorption
3. Clean the contaminated area
4. Dispose of the contaminated material promptly and properly

Semi-significant Spills

Clean up semi-significant spills immediately by the following procedures:

1. Contain the spread of the spill
2. Recover the spilled material using absorption whenever a spill occurs on a paved surface or an impermeable surface
3. Contain the spill with an earthen dike and dig up the contaminated soil for disposal whenever a spill occurs on soil
4. If the spill occurs during precipitation, cover the spill with plastic or other material to prevent contaminated runoff
5. Dispose of the contaminated material promptly and properly

Significant or Hazardous Spills

Immediately notify qualified personnel of significant or hazardous spills. Do not let construction personnel attempt to clean up the spill until qualified staff have arrived. Do the following:

1. Notify the Engineer and follow up with a written report
2. Obtain the services of a spills contractor or hazardous material team immediately
3. Notify the local emergency response team by dialing 911 and county officials at the emergency phone numbers kept at the job site
4. Notify the Governor's Office of Emergency Services Warning Center at (805) 852-7550
5. Notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 regarding spills of Federal reportable quantities under CFR Title 40, Parts 110, 119, and 302
6. Notify other agencies as appropriate, including:
 - 6.1. Fire Department
 - 6.2. Public Works Department
 - 6.3. Coast Guard
 - 6.4. Highway Patrol
 - 6.5. City Police or County Sheriff Department
 - 6.6. Department of Toxic Substances
 - 6.7. California Division of Oil and Gas
 - 6.8. Cal OSHA
 - 6.9. Regional Water Resources Control Board

Report minor, semi-significant, and significant spills to the WPC Manager. The WPC Manager must notify the Engineer immediately. The WPC Manager must oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

Prevent spills from entering storm water runoff before and during cleanup. Do not bury spills or wash spills with water.

Keep material or waste storage areas clean, well organized, and equipped with enough cleanup supplies for the material being stored.

Material Management

General

Material must be delivered, used, and stored for this job in a way that minimizes or eliminates discharge of material into the air, storm drain systems, and watercourses.

Implement the practices described under "Material Management" of these special provisions while taking delivery of, using, or storing any of the following materials:

1. Hazardous chemicals including acids, lime, glues, adhesives, paints, solvents, and curing compounds
2. Soil stabilizers and binders
3. Fertilizers
4. Detergents
5. Plaster
6. Petroleum materials including fuel, oil, and grease
7. Asphalt components and concrete components
8. Pesticides and herbicides

Employees trained in emergency spill cleanup procedures must be present during the unloading of hazardous materials or chemicals.

If practicable, use less hazardous materials.

Material Storage

Use the following material storage procedures:

1. Store liquids, petroleum materials, and substances listed in CFR Title 40, Parts 110, 117, and 302 as specified by the Department, and place them in secondary containment facilities.
2. Secondary containment facilities must be impervious to the materials stored there for a minimum contact time of 72 hours.
3. Cover secondary containment facilities during non-working days and when precipitation is predicted. Secondary containment facilities must be adequately ventilated.
4. Keep secondary containment facility free of accumulated rainwater or spills. After precipitation, or in the event of spills or leaks, collect accumulated liquid and place into drums within 24 hours. Handle these liquids as hazardous waste under "Hazardous Waste" of these special provisions unless testing determines them to be nonhazardous.
5. Do not store incompatible materials, such as chlorine and ammonia, in the same secondary containment facility.
6. Store materials in the original containers with the original material labels maintained in legible condition. Replace damaged or illegible labels immediately.
7. Secondary containment facilities must have the capacity to contain precipitation from a 24-hour-long, 25-year storm, and 10 percent of the aggregate volume of all containers, or entire volume of the largest container within the facility, whichever is greater.
8. Store bagged or boxed material on pallets. Protect bagged or boxed material from wind and rain during non-working days and while precipitation is predicted.
9. Provide sufficient separation between stored containers to allow for spill cleanup or emergency response access. Storage areas must be kept clean, well organized, and equipped with cleanup supplies appropriate for the materials being stored.
10. Repair or replace perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners as necessary. Inspect storage areas before and after precipitation, and at least weekly during other times.

Stockpile Management

Use the following stockpile management procedures:

1. Reduce or eliminate potential water pollution from stockpiled material including soil, paving material, and pressure treated wood.
2. Locate stockpiles:
 - 2.1. If within the floodplain, at least 100 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, and inlets unless approved
 - 2.2. If outside the floodplain, at least 50 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, and inlets unless approved

Install WPC practices within 15 days or before predicted precipitation, whichever occurs first.

Active and inactive soil stockpiles must be:

1. Covered with soil stabilization measures, plastic sheeting, or geosynthetic fabric
2. Surrounded with a linear sediment barrier

Portland cement concrete rubble, AC, HMA, AC and HMA rubble, aggregate base or aggregate sub-base stockpiles must be:

1. Covered with plastic sheeting, or geosynthetic fabric
2. Surrounded with a linear sediment barrier

Pressure treated wood stockpiles must be:

1. Placed on pallets
2. Covered with impermeable material

Cold mix asphalt concrete stockpiles must be:

1. Placed on impervious surface
2. Covered with impermeable material
3. Protected from run-on and runoff

Control wind erosion year round under Section 10, "Dust Control," of the Standard Specifications.

Repair or replace linear sediment barriers and covers as needed to keep them functioning properly. If sediment accumulates to 1/3 of the linear sediment barrier height, remove the sediment.

Waste Management

Solid Waste

Do not allow litter or debris to accumulate anywhere at the job site, including storm drain grates, trash racks, and ditch lines. Pick up and remove trash and debris from the job site at least once a week. The WPC Manager must monitor solid waste storage and disposal procedures at the job site.

If practicable, recycle nonhazardous job site waste and excess material. If recycling is not practicable, disposal must comply with Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Furnish enough closed-lid dumpsters of sufficient size to contain any solid waste generated by work activities. When the refuse reaches the fill line, empty the dumpsters. Dumpsters must be

watertight. Do not wash out dumpsters at the job site. Furnish additional containers and pick up dumpsters more frequent during the demolition phase of construction.

Solid waste includes:

1. Brick
2. Mortar
3. Timber
4. Metal scraps
5. Sawdust
6. Pipe
7. Electrical cuttings
8. Non-hazardous equipment parts
9. Styrofoam and other packaging materials
10. Vegetative material and plant containers from highway planting
11. Litter and smoking material, including litter generated randomly by the public
12. Other trash and debris

Furnish and use trash receptacles at the job site yard, field trailers, and locations where workers gather for lunch and breaks.

Hazardous Waste

Use hazardous waste management practices if waste is generated at the job site from the following substances:

1. Petroleum products
2. Asphalt products
3. Concrete curing compound
4. Pesticides
5. Acids
6. Paints
7. Stains
8. Solvents
9. Wood preservatives and treated posts
10. Roofing tar
11. Road flares
12. Lime
13. Glues and adhesives
14. Materials classified as hazardous by California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5; or listed in CFR Title 40, Parts 110, 117, 261, or 302

The WPC Manager must oversee and enforce hazardous waste management practices. Minimize the production of hazardous materials and hazardous waste at the job site. If damaged, repair or replace perimeter controls, containment structures, and covers.

If hazardous material levels are unknown, use a laboratory certified by ELAP under CDPH to sample and test waste to determine safe methods for storage and disposal.

Separate potentially hazardous waste from nonhazardous waste at the job site. Hazardous waste must be handled, stored, and disposed of under California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5, Section 66262.34; and in CFR Title 49, Parts 261, 262, and 263.

Store hazardous waste in sealed containers constructed and labeled with the contents and date accumulated under California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Division 4.5; and in CFR Title 49, Parts 172, 173, 178, and 179. Keep hazardous waste containers in temporary containment facilities under "Material Storage" of these special provisions.

Furnish containers with adequate storage volume at convenient locations for hazardous waste collection. Do not overfill hazardous waste containers. Do not mix hazardous waste. Do not allow potentially hazardous waste to accumulate on the ground. Store containers of dry waste that are not watertight on pallets. Store hazardous waste away from storm drains, watercourses, moving vehicles, and equipment.

Clean water based or oil based paint from brushes or equipment within a contained area and in a way that does not contaminate soil, watercourses, and storm drain systems. Handle and dispose of the following as hazardous waste: paints, thinners, solvents, residues, and sludges that cannot be recycled or reused. When thoroughly dry, dispose of the following as solid waste: dry, latex paint and paint cans, used brushes, rags, absorbent materials, and drop cloths.

Dispose of hazardous waste within 90 days of being generated. Use a licensed hazardous waste transporter to take hazardous waste to a Class I Disposal Site. Submit a copy of uniform hazardous waste manifest forms within 24 hours of transporting hazardous waste.

The WPC Manager must inspect the following daily:

1. Storage areas for hazardous materials and waste
2. Hazardous waste disposal and transporting activities
3. Hazardous material delivery and storage activities

Contaminated Soil

Identify contaminated soil from spills or leaks by noticing discoloration, odors, or differences in soil properties. Soil with evidence of contamination must be sampled and tested by a laboratory certified by ELAP.

If levels of contamination are found to be hazardous, handle and dispose of the soil as hazardous waste.

Prevent the flow of water, including ground water, from mixing with contaminated soil by using one or a combination of the following measures:

1. Berms
2. Cofferdams
3. Grout curtains
4. Freeze walls
5. Concrete seal course

If water mixes with contaminated soil and becomes contaminated, sample and test the water using a laboratory certified by ELAP. If levels of contamination are found to be hazardous, handle and dispose of the water as hazardous waste.

Concrete Waste

Use practices that will prevent the discharge of portland cement concrete, AC, or HMA waste into storm drain systems or watercourses.

Collect and dispose of portland cement concrete, AC, or HMA waste at locations where:

1. Concrete material, including grout, is used
2. Concrete dust and debris result from demolition
3. Sawcutting, coring, grinding, grooving, or hydro-concrete demolition of portland cement concrete, AC, or HMA creates a residue or slurry
4. Concrete truck or other concrete-coated equipment is cleaned at the job site

Sanitary and Septic Waste

Do not bury or discharge wastewater from sanitary or septic systems within Department right-of-way. The WPC Manager must inspect sanitary or septic waste storage and monitor disposal procedures at least weekly. Sanitary facilities that discharge to the sanitary sewer system must be properly connected and free from leaks. Place sanitary facilities at least 50 feet away from storm drains, watercourses, and flow lines.

Obtain written approval from the local health agency, city, county, and sewer district before discharging from a sanitary or septic system directly into a sanitary sewer system, and submit a copy to the Engineer. Comply with local health agency provisions while using an on-site disposal system.

Liquid Waste

Use practices that will prevent job site liquid waste from entering storm drain systems or watercourses. Liquid waste includes the following:

1. Drilling slurries or fluids
2. Grease-free or oil-free wastewater or rinse water
3. Dredgings, including liquid waste from drainage system cleaning
4. Liquid waste running off a surface including wash or rinse water
5. Other non-stormwater liquids not covered by separate permits

Hold liquid waste in structurally sound, leak proof containers such as:

1. Roll-off bins
2. Portable tanks

Liquid waste containers must be of sufficient quantity and volume to prevent overflow, spills and leaks.

Store containers:

1. At least 50 feet from moving vehicles and equipment
2. If within the floodplain, at least 100 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved
3. If outside the floodplain, at least 50 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved

Remove and dispose of deposited solids from sediment traps under "Solid Waste" of these special provisions unless the Engineer approves another method.

Liquid waste may require testing to determine hazardous material content before disposal.

Drilling fluids and residue must be disposed of outside the highway right-of-way.

If an approved location is available within the job site, fluids and residue exempt under California Code of Regulations, Title 23, Section 2511(g) may be dried by evaporation in a leak proof container. Dispose of remaining solid waste under "Solid Waste" of these special provisions.

Non-Storm Water Management

Water Control and Conservation

Manage water used for work activities to prevent erosion or discharge of pollutants into storm drain systems or watercourses. Obtain approval before washing anything at the job site with water that could discharge into a storm drain system or watercourse. Report discharges immediately.

If water is used at the job site, implement water conservation practices. Inspect irrigation areas. Adjust watering schedules to prevent erosion, excess watering, or runoff. Shut off water source to broken lines, sprinklers, or valves, and repair breaks within 24 hours. If possible, reuse water from waterline flushing for landscape irrigation. Sweep and vacuum paved areas; do not wash them with water.

Direct job site water runoff, including water from water line repair, to areas where it can infiltrate into the ground and not enter storm drain systems or watercourses. Do not allow spilled water to escape water truck filling areas. If possible, direct water from off-site sources around the job site. Minimize the contact of off-site water with job site water.

Illegal Connection and Discharge Detection and Reporting

Inspect the job site and the site perimeter before starting work for evidence of illegal connections, discharges, or dumping. After starting work, inspect the job site and perimeter on a daily schedule.

Whenever illegal connections, discharges, or dumping are discovered, notify the Engineer immediately. Take no further action unless ordered by the Engineer. Assume unlabeled or unidentifiable material is hazardous.

Look for the following evidence of illegal connections, discharges, or dumping:

1. Debris or trash piles
2. Staining or discoloration on pavement or soils
3. Pungent odors coming from drainage systems
4. Discoloration or oily sheen on water
5. Stains or residue in ditches, channels or drain boxes
6. Abnormal water flow during dry weather
7. Excessive sediment deposits
8. Nonstandard drainage junction structures
9. Broken concrete or other disturbances near junction structures

Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning

Limit vehicle and equipment cleaning or washing at the job site except what is necessary to control vehicle tracking or hazardous waste. Notify the Engineer before cleaning vehicles and equipment at the job site with soap, solvents, or steam. Contain and recycle or dispose of resulting waste under "Liquid Waste" or "Hazardous Waste" of these special provisions, whichever is applicable. Do not use diesel to clean vehicles or equipment, and minimize the use of solvents.

Clean or wash vehicles and equipment in a structure equipped with disposal facilities. If using a structure is not possible, clean or wash vehicles and equipment in an outside area. The outside area must be:

1. Paved with AC, HMA, or concrete paving
2. Surrounded by a containment berm
3. Equipped with a sump to collect and dispose of wash water
4. If within the floodplain, located at least 100 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved
5. If outside the floodplain, located at least 50 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved

When washing vehicles or equipment with water, use as little water as possible. Hoses must be equipped with a positive shutoff valve.

Discharge liquid from wash racks to a recycle system or to another approved system.

Remove liquids and sediment as necessary.

The WPC Manager must inspect vehicle and equipment cleaning facilities:

1. Daily if vehicle and equipment cleaning occurs daily
2. Weekly if vehicle and equipment cleaning does not occur daily

Vehicle and Equipment Fueling and Maintenance

If practicable, perform maintenance on vehicles and equipment off the job site.

If fueling or maintenance must be done at the job site, designate a site, or sites, and obtain approval before using. Minimize mobile fueling or maintenance.

If vehicle and equipment fueling and maintenance must be done at the job site, areas for the following activities must be:

1. On level ground
2. Protected from storm water run-on
3. If within the floodplain, located at least 100 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved
4. If outside the floodplain, located at least 50 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved

Use containment berms or dikes around the fueling and maintenance area. Keep adequate quantities of absorbent spill cleanup material and spill kits in the fueling and maintenance area and on fueling trucks. Dispose of spill cleanup material and kits immediately after use. Use drip pans or absorbent pads during fueling or maintenance.

Fueling or maintenance activities must not be left unattended. Fueling nozzles must be equipped with an automatic shutoff control. Vapor recovery fueling nozzles must be used where required by the Air Quality Management District. When not in use, nozzles must be secured upright. Do not top-off fuel tanks.

Recycle or properly dispose of used batteries and tires.

The WPC Manager must inspect vehicle and equipment maintenance and fueling areas:

1. Daily when vehicle and equipment maintenance and fueling occurs daily
2. Weekly when vehicle and equipment maintenance and fueling does not occur daily

The WPC Manager must inspect vehicles and equipment at the job site for leaks and spills on a daily schedule. Operators must inspect vehicles and equipment each day of use.

If leaks cannot be repaired immediately, remove the vehicle or equipment from the job site.

Material and Equipment Used Over Water

Place drip pans and absorbent pads under vehicles or equipment used over water. Keep an adequate supply of spill cleanup material with the vehicle or equipment. If the vehicle or equipment will be idle for more than one hour, place drip pans or plastic sheeting under the vehicle or equipment on docks, barges, or other surfaces over water.

Furnish watertight curbs or toe boards on barges, platforms, docks, or other surfaces over water to contain material, debris, and tools. Secure material to prevent spills or discharge into water due to wind.

Structure Removal Over or Adjacent to Water

Do not allow demolished material to enter storm water systems or watercourses. Use approved covers and platforms to collect debris. Use attachments on equipment to catch debris on small demolition activities. Empty debris catching devices daily and handle debris under "Waste Management" of these special provisions.

The WPC Manager must inspect demolition sites within 50 feet of storm water systems or watercourses daily.

Paving, Sealing, Sawcutting, Grooving, and Grinding Activities

Prevent the following materials from entering storm drain systems or water courses:

1. Cementitious material
2. Asphaltic material
3. Aggregate or screenings
4. Grinding grooving, or sawcutting residue
5. Pavement chunks
6. Shoulder backing
7. Methacrylate

Cover drainage inlets and use linear sediment barriers to protect downhill watercourses until paving, sealing, sawcutting, grooving, or grinding activities are completed and excess material has been removed. Cover drainage inlets and manholes during the application of seal coat, tack coat, slurry seal, or fog seal.

If precipitation is predicted, limit paving, sawcutting, and grinding to places where runoff can be captured.

Do not start seal coat, tack coat, slurry seal, or fog seal activities if precipitation is predicted during the application or curing period. Do not excavate material from existing roadways during precipitation.

Use a vacuum to remove slurry immediately after slurry is produced. Do not allow slurry to run onto lanes open to traffic or off the pavement.

Collect residue from portland cement concrete grinding and grooving activities with a vacuum attachment on the grinding machine. Do not leave any residue on the pavement or allow the residue to flow across the pavement.

If approved, material excavated from existing roadways may be stockpiled under "Stockpile Management" of these special provisions.

Do not coat asphalt trucks and equipment with substances that contain soap, foaming agents, or toxic chemicals.

When paving equipment is not in use, park over drip pans or plastic sheeting with absorbent material to catch drips.

Thermoplastic Striping and Pavement Markers

Thermoplastic striping and preheating equipment shutoff valves must work properly at all times. Do not preheat, transfer, or load thermoplastic within 50 feet of drainage inlets or watercourses. Do not fill a preheating container above a level that is 6 inches below the top. Truck beds must be cleaned daily of scraps or melted thermoplastic.

Do not unload, transfer, or load bituminous material for pavement markers within 50 feet of drainage inlets or watercourses. Release all pressure from a melting tank before removing the lid to fill or service. Do not fill a melting tank above a level that is 6 inches below the top. Collect bituminous material from the roadway after marker removal.

Pile Driving

Keep spill kits and cleanup material at pile driving locations. Pile driving equipment must be parked over drip pans, absorbent pads, or plastic sheeting with absorbent material. If precipitation is predicted, protect pile driving equipment by parking on plywood and covering with plastic.

Store pile driving equipment when not in use. Stored pile driving equipment must be:

1. Kept on level ground
2. Protected from storm water run-on
3. If within the floodplain, at least 100 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved
4. If outside the floodplain, at least 50 feet from concentrated flows of storm water, drainage courses, watercourses, and storm drain inlets unless approved

If practicable, use vegetable oil instead of hydraulic fluid.

The WPC Manager must inspect the pile driving area for leaks and spills:

1. Daily when pile driving occurs daily
2. Weekly when pile driving does not occur daily

Concrete Curing

Do not overspray chemical curing compound. Minimize the drift by spraying as close to the concrete as possible. Cover drainage inlets before applying the curing compound. Minimize the use and discharge of water by using wet blankets or similar methods to maintain moisture while curing concrete.

Concrete Finishing

Collect and dispose of water and solid waste from high-pressure water blasting. Cover drainage inlets within 50 feet before sandblasting. Minimize drift of dust and blast material by keeping the nozzle close to the surface of the concrete. The blast residue may contain hazardous material.

Inspect concrete finishing containment structures for damage before each day of use and before predicted precipitation. Remove liquid and solid waste from containment structures after each work shift.

Sweeping

Sweeping must be done using hand or mechanical methods such as vacuuming. Monitor paved areas and roadways within the job site for sediment and debris generating activities such as:

1. Clearing and grubbing
2. Earthwork
3. Trenching
4. Roadway structural section work
5. Vehicles entering and leaving the job site
6. Soil disturbing work
7. Work that causes offsite tracking of material

If sediment or debris is observed, perform sweeping:

1. Within:
 - 1.1. 8 hours of predicted rain
 - 1.2. 24 hours unless the Engineer approves a longer period
2. On paved roads at job site entrances and exit locations
3. On paved areas within the job site that flow to storm drains or receiving waters

You may stockpile collected material at the job site. Remove collected material including sediment from paved shoulders, drain inlets, curbs and dikes, and other drainage areas. If stockpiled, dispose of collected material at least once per week.

You may dispose of sediment within the job site that you collected during sweeping activities. Protect disposal areas against erosion.

Remove and dispose of trash collected during sweeping under Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Dewatering

Dewatering consists of discharging accumulated storm water, ground water, or surface water from excavations or temporary containment facilities.

If dewatering and discharging activities are specified under a work item such as "Temporary Active Treatment System" or "Dewatering and Discharge," perform dewatering work as specified in the section involved.

If dewatering and discharging activities are not specified under a work item and you will be performing dewatering activities, you must:

1. Submit a Dewatering and Discharge Plan under Section 5-1.02, "Plans and Working Drawings," of the Standard Specifications and "Water Pollution Control, Santa Ana Region (Risk Level 1)" of these special provisions at least 10 days before starting dewatering activities. The Dewatering and Discharge Plan must include:
 - 1.1. Title sheet and table of contents
 - 1.2. Description of dewatering and discharge activities detailing locations, quantity of water, equipment, and discharge points
 - 1.3. Estimated schedule for dewatering and discharge (start and end dates, intermittent or continuous)
 - 1.4. Discharge alternatives such as dust control or percolation
 - 1.5. Visual monitoring procedures with inspection log
2. Conduct dewatering activities under the Departments' s "Field Guide for Construction Dewatering."
3. Ensure that any dewatering discharge does not cause erosion, scour, or sedimentary deposits that could impact natural bedding materials.
4. Discharge the water within the project limits. Dispose of the water in the same way as specified for material in Section 7-1.13 "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specification if it cannot be discharged within project limits due to site constraints.
5. Do not discharge storm water or non-stormwater that has an odor, discoloration other than sediment, an oily sheen, or foam on the surface. Notify the Engineer immediately upon discovering any such condition.

The WPC manager must inspect dewatering activities:

1. Daily when dewatering work occurs daily
2. Weekly when dewatering work does not occur daily

PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for Construction Site Management includes full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in spill prevention and control, material management, waste management, non-stormwater management, and dewatering and identifying, sampling, testing, handling, and disposing of hazardous waste resulting from your activities, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as ordered by the Engineer.

10-1.20 STREET SWEEPING:

Street sweeping shall be conducted where sediment is tracked from the job site onto paved roads, as described in the approved Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in accordance with "Water Pollution Control, Santa Ana Region (Risk Level 1)" of these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Street sweeping shall be one of the water pollution control practices for sediment control. The SWPPP shall include the use of street sweeping. Street sweeping shall be performed in accordance with Section 4, SC-7 in the Construction Site Best Management Practices Manual of the Caltrans Storm Water Quality Handbooks.

The number of street sweepers shall be as designated in the approved SWPPP. The Contractor shall maintain at least one sweeper on the job site at all times during the period that sweeping work is required. Sweepers shall be self-loading, motorized, and shall have spray nozzles. Sweepers may include a vacuum apparatus.

Street sweeping shall start at the beginning of clearing and grubbing and shall continue until completion of the project, or as directed by the Engineer. Street sweeping shall be performed immediately after soil disturbing activities occur or offsite tracking of material is observed. Street sweeping shall be performed so that dust is minimized. If dust generation is excessive or sediment pickup is ineffective as determined by the Engineer, the use of water or a vacuum will be required.

At the option of the Contractor, collected material may be temporarily stockpiled in accordance with the approved SWPPP. Collected material shall be disposed of at least once per week.

Material collected during street sweeping operations shall be disposed of in conformance with Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside The Highway Right Of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract lump sum price paid for Street Sweeping shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in street sweeping, including disposal of collected material, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications, these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.21 TEMPORARY COVER:

GENERAL

Summary

This work includes constructing, maintaining, and removing temporary cover.

The SWPPP must describe and include the use of temporary cover as a water pollution control practice for soil stabilization and stockpile management.

Submittals

Submit a Certificate of Compliance as specified in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance," of the Standard Specifications for:

1. Gravel-filled bag fabric
2. Temporary cover fabric

If you substitute a material in the following list, submit a sample of the alternative material for approval at least 5 business days before installation:

1. Alternative restrainer
2. Alternative linear sediment barrier

MATERIALS

Geosynthetic Fabrics

Geosynthetic fabrics must consist of one of the following:

1. Polyester
2. Polypropylene
3. Combined polyester and polypropylene

Sample under ASTM D 4354, Procedure C.

Test under ASTM D 4759. All properties are based on Minimum Average Roll Value (MARV).

Identify, store, and handle under ASTM D 4873.

Protect geosynthetics from moisture, sunlight and damage during shipping and storage. Label each unit with the manufacturer's name, identifying information and product identification.

Gravel-filled bag fabric must comply with:

Specification	Requirements
Grab breaking load 1-inch grip, lb, min. in each direction	205
Apparent elongation percent, min., in each direction	50
Water Flow Rate max. average roll value, gallons per minute/square foot	80-150
Permittivity 1/sec., min	1.2
Apparent opening size max. average roll value, U.S. Standard sieve size	40-80
Ultraviolet Degradation percent of original unexposed grab breaking load 500 hr, minimum	70

The temporary cover fabric must be geosynthetic cover fabric, plastic sheeting, or a combination of both.

Temporary cover fabric must be either:

1. Plastic sheeting consisting of a single-ply geomembrane material, 10 mils thick, that complies with ASTM D 5199
2. Geosynthetic cover fabric that complies with the following properties:

Specification	Requirements
Grab breaking load 1-inch grip, lb, min. in each direction	200
Apparent elongation percent, min., in each direction	50
Water Flow Rate max. average roll value, gallons per minute/square foot	75-120
Permittivity 1/sec., min	0.08
Apparent opening size max. average roll value, U.S. Standard sieve size	100
Ultraviolet Degradation percent of original unexposed grab breaking load 500 hr, minimum	70

Gravel

Gravel for gravel-filled bags must be:

1. From 3/8 to 3/4 inch in diameter
2. Clean and free from clay balls, organic matter, and other deleterious materials

Gravel-filled Bags

Gravel-filled bags must:

1. Be made from gravel-filled bag fabric.
2. Have inside dimensions from 24 to 32 inches in length, and from 16 to 20 inches in width.
3. Have the opening bound to retain the gravel. The opening must be sewn with yarn, bound with wire, or secured with a closure device.

4. Weigh from 30 to 50 pounds when filled with gravel.

Restrainers

Restrainers must be used to secure the cover fabric or plastic sheeting to the surface of the slope or stockpile.

Restrainers must be one of the following:

1. Made of gravel-filled bags that are roped together and spaced no more than a 6 feet apart
2. Made of wooden lath and anchor restrainers as shown on the plans and the following:
 - 2.1 Wooden lath must be 2" x 4" x 8', made from fir or pine, and comply with Section 88-2.12, "Lumber," of the Standard Specifications
 - 2.2 Anchor restrainers must be made from steel reinforcing bars and spaced no more than 4 feet apart along the wooden lath
3. An approved alternate method

Rope

Rope must be at least 3/8 inch in diameter.

Rope must be one of the following:

1. Biodegradable, such as sisal or manila
2. Nondegradable, such as polypropylene or nylon

Linear Sediment Barrier

Linear sediment barriers consist of one or more of the following:

1. Gravel bag berm
2. Earthen berm
3. Approved alternate method

CONSTRUCTION

Temporary Cover Fabric

Install temporary cover fabric by:

1. Placing the temporary cover fabric loosely on the slope or stockpile with the longitudinal edges perpendicular to the slope contours
2. Placing the temporary cover fabric on the upper portion of the slope to overlap cover fabric on the lower portion of the slope
3. Placing the temporary cover fabric on the side of the prevailing wind to overlap the cover fabric on the downwind side of the slope
4. Anchoring the perimeter edge of the temporary cover fabric in key trenches
5. Overlapping edges of the temporary cover fabric by at least 2 feet

6. Placing restrainers at the overlap area and along the toe of the slope. Between overlaps, the restrainers must be spaced a maximum of 8 feet on center.
7. Ensuring that, if anchor restraints are used, the leg of the steel reinforcing bar pierces the temporary cover fabric and holds the wooden lath firmly against the surface of the slope or stockpile.

Linear Sediment Barrier

Protect excavation and embankment slopes with linear sediment barrier by:

1. Preventing run-on and concentrated flows from damaging the slopes
2. Placing the barrier approximately parallel to the slope contour at the toe of the slope
3. Angling the last 6 feet of the barrier up-slope

Protect stockpiles with linear sediment barrier by:

1. Preventing run-on and concentrated flows from touching the stockpiled material
2. Surrounding the stockpile with a linear sediment barrier
3. Adding more linear sediment barrier within 24 hours of adding more material to the stockpile

If earthen berms are used as a linear sediment barrier, they must be:

1. At least 8 inches high and 36 inches wide
2. Compacted by hand or mechanical method

If gravel bag berms are used as a linear sediment barrier:

1. Place gravel bags as a single layer
2. Place gravel bags end-to-end to eliminate gaps

If you need to increase the height of the gravel bag berm:

1. Increase height by adding rows of gravel-filled bags
2. Stack bags in a way that the bags in the top row overlap the joints in the lower row
3. Stabilize berm by adding rows at the bottom

If you remove the temporary cover to do other work, replace and secure temporary cover within one hour.

MAINTENANCE

Maintain temporary cover to minimize exposure of the slopes or stockpile and prevent movement of the material beyond the linear sediment barrier.

Maintain temporary cover by:

1. Relocating and securing restrainers to keep the erosion control blankets in place. Temporary cover fabric that breaks free must be immediately secured.

2. Repairing or replacing the temporary cover fabric when the area covered by temporary cover becomes exposed or exhibits visible erosion.
3. Repairing or replacing the linear sediment barrier when washouts occur between joints or beneath the linear sediment barrier.
4. Repairing or replacing the temporary cover fabric when it becomes detached, torn, or unraveled.

Repair temporary cover within 24 hours of discovering damage unless the Engineer approves a longer period.

If your vehicles, equipment, or activities disturb or displace temporary cover, repair temporary cover at your expense.

REMOVAL

When the Engineer determines that temporary cover is not required, it must be removed and disposed of under Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Ground disturbance, including holes and depressions, caused by the installation and removal of the temporary cover must be backfilled and repaired under Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Temporary cover is measured by the square meter of the actual area covered excluding overlaps.

The contract price paid per square meter for Temporary Cover includes full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing temporary cover, complete in place, including restrainers and removal of temporary cover, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.22 TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY:

Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be constructed, maintained, and later removed at the locations shown on the approved Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in conformance with "Water Pollution Control, Santa Ana Region (Risk Level 1)" of these Special Provisions, and in conformance with details shown on the plans and these Special Provisions.

Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be one of the water pollution control practices for waste management and materials pollution control. The SWPPP shall include the use of temporary concrete washout facilities.

MATERIALS

Plastic Liner

Plastic liners shall be single ply, new polyethylene sheeting, a minimum of 0.25-mm thick and shall be free of holes, punctures, tears or other defects that compromise the impermeability of the material. Plastic liners shall not have seams or overlapping joints.

Gravel-Filled Bags

Gravel bag fabric shall be nonwoven polypropylene geotextile (or comparable polymer) and shall conform to the following requirements:

Specification	Requirements
Mass per unit area, grams per square meter, min. ASTM Designation: D 5261	270
Grab tensile strength (25-mm grip), kilonewtons, min. ASTM Designation: D4632*	0.89
Ultraviolet stability, percent tensile strength retained after 500 hours, ASTM Designation: D4355, xenon arc lamp method	70

* or appropriate test method for specific polymer

Gravel bags shall be between 600 mm and 800 mm in length, and between 400 mm and 500 mm in width.

Yarn used for binding gravel bags shall be as recommended by the manufacturer or bag supplier and shall be of a contrasting color.

Gravel shall be between 10 mm and 20 mm in diameter, and shall be clean and free from clay balls, organic matter, and other deleterious materials.

The opening of gravel-filled bags shall be secured to prevent gravel from escaping. Gravel-filled bags shall be between 13 kg and 22 kg in mass.

Straw Bales

Straw for straw bales shall conform to the provisions in Section 20-2.06, "Straw," of the Standard Specifications.

Straw bales shall be a minimum of 360 mm in width, 450 mm in height, 900 mm in length and shall have a minimum mass of 23 kg. The straw bale shall be composed entirely of vegetative matter, except for binding material.

Straw bales shall be bound by either wire, nylon or polypropylene string. Jute or cotton binding shall not be used. Baling wire shall be a minimum 1.57 mm in diameter. Nylon or polypropylene string shall be approximately 2 mm in diameter with 360 N of breaking strength.

Stakes

Stakes shall be wood or metal. Wood stakes shall be untreated fir, redwood, cedar, or pine and cut from sound timber. They shall be straight and free of loose or unsound knots or other defects which would render them unfit for the purpose intended. Wood stakes shall be a minimum 50 mm x 50 mm in size. Metal stakes may be used as an alternative, and shall be a minimum 13 mm in diameter. Stakes shall be a minimum 1.2 m in length. The tops of the metal stakes shall be bent at a 90-degree angle or capped with an orange or red plastic safety cap that fits snugly to the metal stake. The Contractor shall submit a sample of the metal stake and plastic cap, if used, for the Engineer's approval before installation.

Staples

Staples shall be as shown on the plans. An alternative attachment device such as geotextile pins or plastic pegs may be used instead of staples. The Contractor shall submit a sample of the alternative attachment device for the Engineer's approval before installation.

Signs

Wood posts for signs shall conform to the provisions in Section 56-2.02B, "Wood Posts," of the Standard Specifications. Lag screws shall conform to the provisions in Section 56-2.02D, "Sign Panel Fastening Hardware," of the Standard Specifications.

Plywood shall be freshly painted for each installation with not less than 2 applications of flat white paint. Sign letters shown on the plans shall be stenciled with commercial quality exterior black paint. Testing of paint will not be required.

INSTALLATION

Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be as follows:

- A. Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be installed before beginning placement of concrete and located a minimum of 15 m from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, and water courses unless determined infeasible by the Engineer. Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be located away from construction traffic or access areas at a location determined by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer.
- B. A sign shall be installed adjacent to each washout facility at a location determined by the Contractor and approved by the Engineer. Signs shall be installed in conformance with the provisions in Section 56-2.03, "Construction," and Section 56-2.04, "Sign Panel Installation," of the Standard Specifications.
- C. The length and width of a temporary concrete washout facility may be increased from the minimum dimensions shown on the plans upon approval of the Engineer.
- D. Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be constructed in sufficient quantity and size to contain liquid and concrete waste generated by washout operations for concrete wastes. These facilities shall be constructed to contain liquid and concrete waste without seepage, spills, or overflow.

- E. Berms for below grade temporary concrete washout facilities shall be constructed from compacted native material. Gravel may be used in conjunction with compacted native material.
- F. A plastic liner shall be installed in below grade temporary concrete washout facilities.

Details for an alternative temporary concrete washout facility shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least 7 days before installation.

When temporary concrete washout facilities are no longer required for the work, as determined by the Engineer, the hardened concrete and liquid residue shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-3.02, "Removal Methods," of the Standard Specifications. Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Ground disturbance, including holes and depressions, caused by the installation and removal of the temporary concrete washout facilities shall be backfilled and repaired in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

MAINTENANCE

Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be maintained to provide adequate holding capacity with a minimum freeboard of 300 mm. Maintaining temporary concrete washout facilities shall include removing and disposing of hardened concrete and returning the facilities to a functional condition. Hardened concrete materials shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-3.02, "Removal Methods," of the Standard Specifications. Holes, rips, and voids in the plastic liner shall be patched and repaired by taping or the plastic liner shall be replaced. The plastic liner shall be replaced when patches or repairs compromise the impermeability of the material as determined by the Engineer.

Gravel bags shall be replaced when the bag material is ruptured or when the yarn has failed, allowing the bag contents to spill out.

Temporary concrete washout facilities shall be repaired or replaced on the same day the damage occurs. Damage to temporary concrete washout facilities resulting from the Contractor's vehicles, equipment, or operations shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract unit price paid for Temporary Concrete Washout Facility shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in constructing a temporary concrete washout facility, complete in place, including excavation and backfill, maintenance, and removal, as shown on the plans,

as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.23 TEMPORARY CHECK DAM:

Temporary check dams shall be constructed, maintained, and later removed at the locations shown on the approved Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in conformance with "Water Pollution Control, Santa Ana Region (Risk Level 1)" of these Special Provisions, and in conformance with details shown on the plans and these Special Provisions.

Temporary check dams shall be one of the water pollution control practices for sediment control. The SWPPP shall include the use of temporary check dams.

Temporary check dams shall be either Type 1 (fiber roll) or Type 2 (gravel bag).

MATERIALS

Fiber Roll

Fiber rolls shall be one of the following:

- A. Constructed with a premanufactured blanket consisting of one material or a combination of materials consisting of wood excelsior, rice or wheat straw, or coconut fibers. The blanket shall be between 2.0 m and 2.4 m in width and between 20 m and 29 m in length. Wood excelsior shall be individual fibers, of which 80 percent shall be 150 mm or longer in length. The blanket shall have a photodegradable plastic netting or biodegradable jute, sisal, or coir fiber netting on at least one side. The blanket shall be rolled along the width and secured with jute twine spaced 2 m apart along the full length of the roll and placed 150 mm from the ends of each roll. The finished roll shall be between 200 mm and 250 mm in diameter, between 3 m and 6 m in length and shall weigh at least 0.81-kg/m. More than one blanket may be required to achieve the finished roll diameter. When more than one blanket is required, blankets shall be jointed longitudinally with an overlap of 150 mm along the length of the blanket.
- B. A premanufactured roll of rice or wheat straw, wood excelsior, or coconut fiber encapsulated within a photodegradable plastic or biodegradable jute, sisal, or coir fiber netting. Rolls shall be between 200 mm and 250 mm in diameter, between 3 m and 6 m in length and shall weigh at least 1.6 kg/m. The netting shall have a minimum durability of one year after installation. The netting shall be secured tightly at each end of the rolls.

Stakes

Wood stakes shall be a minimum of 19 mm x 38 mm x 450 mm. Wood stakes shall be untreated fir, redwood, cedar, or pine and cut from sound timber. They shall be straight and free of loose or unsound knots or other defects which would render them unfit for the purpose

intended. Metal stakes may be used as an alternative. The Contractor shall submit a sample of the metal stake for the Engineer's approval before installation. The tops of the metal stakes shall be bent at a 90-degree angle.

Rope

Rope shall be biodegradable, such as sisal or manila, with a minimum diameter of 6.35 mm.

Gravel-Filled Bag

Gravel bag fabric shall be nonwoven polypropylene geotextile (or comparable polymer) and shall conform to the following requirements:

Specification	Requirements
Mass per unit area, grams per square meter, min. ASTM Designation: D 5261	270
Grab tensile strength (25-mm grip), kilonewtons, min. ASTM Designation: D4632*	0.89
Ultraviolet stability, percent tensile strength retained after 500 hours, ASTM Designation: D4355, xenon arc lamp method	70

* or appropriate test method for specific polymer

Gravel bags shall be between 600 mm and 800 mm in length, and between 400 mm and 500 mm in width.

Yarn used in construction of the gravel bags shall be as recommended by the manufacturer or bag supplier and shall be of a contrasting color.

Gravel shall be between 10 mm and 20 mm in diameter, and shall be clean and free from clay balls, organic matter, and other deleterious materials. The opening of gravel-filled bags shall be secured to prevent gravel from escaping. Gravel-filled bags shall be between 13 kg and 22 kg in mass.

INSTALLATION

Temporary check dams shall be installed as follows:

- A. Temporary check dam (Type 1): Rope and notched stakes shall be used to restrain the fiber rolls against the surface of the unlined ditch or swale. Stakes shall be driven into the slope until the notch is even with the top of the fiber roll. Rope shall be knotted at each stake and laced between stakes. After installation of the rope, stakes shall be driven into the slope so that the rope will hold the fiber roll tightly to the slope. Furrows will not be required. If metal stakes are used, the rope may be laced and knotted on the bend at the top of the metal stakes.
- B. Temporary check dam (Type 2): A single layer of gravel bags shall be placed in lined or unlined ditches with ends abutted tightly and not overlapped.

- C. The bedding area for the temporary check dam shall be cleared of obstructions including, rocks, clods, and debris greater than 25 mm in diameter before installation.
- D. The temporary check dam shall be installed across and approximately perpendicular to the centerline of a ditch or drainage line.
- E. The temporary check dam shall be installed with sufficient spillway depth to prevent flanking of concentrated flow around the ends of the check dam.
- F. The temporary check dam shall be installed in an unlined ditch or swale before the application of other temporary erosion control or soil stabilization material in the same unlined ditch or swale.

Details for an alternative temporary check dam shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval at least 7 days before installation.

When the temporary check dam is no longer required, as determined by the Engineer, it shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications.

Ground disturbances including holes and depressions caused by the installation and removal of the temporary check dam shall be backfilled and repaired in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

MAINTENANCE

Temporary check dams shall be maintained to provide sediment holding capacity and to reduce runoff velocities. Split, torn, or unraveling rolls shall be repaired or replaced. Broken or split stakes shall be replaced. Sagging or slumping fiber rolls shall be repaired with additional stakes or replaced. Gravel bags shall be replaced when the bag material is ruptured or when the yarn has failed, allowing the bag contents to spill out. Locations where rills and other evidence of concentrated runoff have occurred beneath the check dams shall be corrected.

When sediment exceeds 1/3 of the height of the check dam above ground, or when directed by the Engineer, sediment shall be removed. The removed sediment shall be deposited within the project limits so that the sediment is not subject to erosion by wind or by water.

Temporary check dams shall be repaired or replaced the same day damage occurs. Washouts or scour beneath the temporary check dam shall be repaired. Temporary check dams damaged during the progress of work or resulting from the Contractor's vehicles, equipment, or operations shall be repaired or replaced at the Contractor's expense.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The contract price paid per meter for Temporary Check Dam shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing temporary check dams, complete in place, including maintenance,

and removal, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.24 TEMPORARY FIBER ROLL:

Temporary fiber roll shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and later removed at the locations shown on the approved Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in conformance with "Water Pollution Control, Santa Ana Region (Risk Level 1)" of these Special Provisions, and in conformance with details shown on the plans and these Special Provisions.

Temporary fiber roll shall be installed on excavation and embankment slopes and other disturbed soil areas, active or nonactive.

Temporary fiber roll shall be one of the water pollution control practices for sediment control. The SWPPP shall include the use of temporary fiber roll.

Temporary fiber roll shall be Type 1.

MATERIALS

Fiber Roll

Fiber roll shall be either:

- A. Constructed with a premanufactured blanket consisting of either wood excelsior, rice or wheat straw, or coconut fibers or a combination of these materials. The blanket shall be between 2.0 m and 2.4 m in width and between 20 m and 29 m in length. Wood excelsior shall be individual fibers, of which 80 percent shall be 150 mm or longer in length. The blanket shall have a photodegradable plastic netting or biodegradable jute, sisal, or coir fiber netting on at least one side. The blanket shall be rolled along the width and secured with jute twine spaced 2 m apart along the full length of the roll and placed 150 mm from the ends of each roll. The finished roll shall be between 200 mm and 250 mm in diameter, a minimum of 6 m in length, and shall weigh a minimum 0.81-kg/m. More than one blanket may be required to achieve the finished roll diameter. When more than one blanket is required, blankets shall be jointed longitudinally with an overlap of 150 mm along the length of the blanket.
- B. A premanufactured roll of rice or wheat straw, wood excelsior, or coconut fiber encapsulated within a photodegradable plastic or biodegradable jute, sisal, or coir fiber netting. The netting shall have a minimum durability of one year after installation. The netting shall be secured tightly at each end of the roll. Rolls shall be between 200 mm and 300 mm in diameter. Rolls between 200 mm and 250 mm in diameter shall have a minimum weight of 1.6 kg/m and a minimum length of 6 m. Rolls between 250 mm and 300 mm in diameter shall have a minimum weight of 4.5 kg/m and a minimum length of 3 m.

Stakes

Wood stakes shall be a minimum of 19 mm x 19 mm x 450 mm in size for Type 1 installation, or a minimum of 19 mm x 38 mm x 450 mm in size for Type 2 installation. Wood stakes shall be untreated fir, redwood, cedar, or pine and cut from sound timber. They shall be straight and free of loose or unsound knots and other defects which would render them unfit for the purpose intended. Metal stakes shall not be used.

Rope

Rope shall be biodegradable, such as sisal or manila, with a minimum diameter of 6.35 mm.

INSTALLATION

Temporary fiber roll shall be installed as follows:

- A. Temporary fiber roll (Type 1): Furrows shall be constructed to a depth between 50 mm and 100 mm, and to a sufficient width to hold the fiber roll. Stakes shall be installed 600 mm apart along the length of the fiber rolls and stopped at 300 mm from each end of the rolls. Stakes shall be driven to a maximum of 50 mm above, or flush with the top of the roll.
- B. Temporary fiber rolls shall be placed 3 m apart along the slope for slope inclination (vertical:horizontal) of 1:2 and steeper, 4.5 m apart along the slope for slope inclination between 1:2 and 1:4, 6 m apart along the slope for slope inclination between 1:4 and 1:10, and a maximum of 15 m apart along the slope for slope inclination of 1:10 and flatter.
- C. The bedding area for the fiber roll shall be cleared of obstructions including rocks, clods, and debris greater than 25 mm in diameter before installation.
- D. Temporary fiber rolls shall be installed approximately parallel to the slope contour.
- E. Temporary fiber rolls shall be installed before the application of other temporary erosion control or soil stabilization materials in the same area.

When no longer required, as determined by the Engineer, temporary fiber rolls shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. Temporary fiber rolls may be abandoned in place when approved in writing by the Engineer.

Ground disturbances including holes and depressions caused by the installation and removal of the temporary fiber roll shall be backfilled and repaired in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

MAINTENANCE

Temporary fiber rolls shall be maintained to disperse concentrated water runoff and to reduce runoff velocities. Split, torn, or unraveling rolls shall be repaired or replaced. Broken or split stakes shall be replaced. Sagging or slumping fiber rolls shall be repaired with additional stakes or replaced. Locations where rills and other evidence of concentrated runoff have occurred beneath the rolls shall be corrected. Temporary fiber rolls shall be repaired or replaced within 24 hours of identifying the deficiency.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Quantities of temporary fiber rolls to be paid for will be determined by the meter measured along the centerline of the installed roll. Where temporary fiber rolls are joined and overlapped, the overlap will be measured as a single installed roll.

The contract price paid per meter for Temporary Fiber Roll shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing temporary fiber rolls, complete in place, including furrow excavation and backfill, maintenance, and removal, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

Damage to temporary fiber rolls resulting from the Contractor's vehicles, equipment, or operations shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

10-1.25 TEMPORARY SILT FENCE:

Temporary silt fence shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and later removed at the locations shown on the approved Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) in conformance with "Water Pollution Control, Santa Ana Region (Risk Level 1)" of these Special Provisions, and in conformance with details shown on the plans and these Special Provisions.

Temporary silt fence shall be one of the water pollution control practices for sediment control. The SWPPP shall include the use of temporary silt fence.

MATERIALS

Temporary silt fence shall either be prefabricated or constructed with silt fence fabric, posts, and fasteners.

Silt Fence Fabric

Silt fence fabric shall be geotextile manufactured from woven polypropylene or polymer material. Silt fence fabric may be virgin, recycled, or a combination of virgin and recycled polymer materials. No virgin or recycled polymer materials shall contain biodegradable filler materials that can degrade the physical or chemical characteristics of the finished fabric. The

Engineer may order tests to confirm the absence of biodegradable filler materials in conformance to the requirements in ASTM Designation: E 204 (Fourier Transformed Infrared Spectroscopy-FTIR).

Silt fence fabric shall conform to the following requirements:

Specification	Requirements
Width, mm, min.	900
Grab tensile strength (25-mm grip), kilonewtons, min. in each direction ASTM Designation: D 4632*	0.55
Elongation, percent minimum in each direction ASTM Designation: D 4632*	15
Permittivity, l/sec., min. ASTM Designation: D 4491	0.05
Flow rate, liters per minute per square meter, min. ASTM Designation: D 4491	400
Ultraviolet stability, percent tensile strength retained after 500 hours, min. ASTM Designation: D 4355 (xenon-arc lamp and water spray weathering method)	70

* or appropriate test method for specific polymer

Posts

Posts for temporary silt fence shall be one of the following:

- A. Untreated fir or pine, a minimum of 34 mm x 40 mm in size, and 1.2 m in length. One end of the post shall be pointed.
- B. Steel and have a "U," "T," "L," or other cross sectional shape that can resist failure from lateral loads. The steel posts shall have a minimum mass per length of 1.1 kg/m and a minimum length of 1.2 m. One end of the steel posts shall be pointed and the other end shall be capped with an orange or red plastic safety cap which fits snugly to the steel post. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval a sample of the capped steel post before installation.

Fasteners

Fasteners for attaching silt fence fabric to posts shall be as follows:

- A. When prefabricated silt fence is used, posts shall be inserted into sewn pockets.
- B. Silt fence fabric shall be attached to wooden posts with nails or staples as shown on the plans or as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier. Tie wire or locking plastic fasteners shall be used to fasten the silt fence fabric to steel posts. Maximum spacing of fasteners shall be 200 mm along the length of the steel post.

INSTALLATION

Temporary silt fence shall be installed parallel with the slope contour in reaches not to exceed 150 m. A reach is considered a continuous run of temporary silt fence from end to end or from an end to an opening, including joined panels. Each reach shall be constructed so that the

elevation at the base of the fence does not deviate from the contour more than 1/3 of the fence height.

The silt fence fabric shall be installed on the side of the posts facing the slope. The silt fence fabric shall be anchored in a trench as shown on the plans. The trench shall be backfilled and mechanically or hand tamped to secure the silt fence fabric in the bottom of the trench.

Mechanically pushing 300 mm of the silt fence fabric vertically through the soil may be allowed if the Contractor can demonstrate to the Engineer that the silt fence fabric will not be damaged and will not slip out of the soil resulting in sediment passing under the silt fence fabric.

The maximum post spacing may be increased to 3 m if the fence is reinforced by a wire or plastic material by prefabrication or by field installation. The field-assembled reinforced temporary silt fence shall be able to retain saturated sediment without collapsing.

Temporary silt fence shall be joined as shown on the plans. The tops of the posts shall be tied together by minimum of 2 wraps of tie wire of a minimum 1.5-mm diameter. The silt fence fabric shall be attached to the posts at the joint as specified in these Special Provisions.

When no longer required as determined by the Engineer, temporary silt fence shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications. Trimming the silt fence fabric and leaving it in place will not be allowed.

Ground disturbance, including holes and depressions, caused by the installation and removal of the temporary silt fence shall be backfilled and repaired in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

MAINTENANCE

Temporary silt fence shall be maintained to provide a sediment holding capacity of approximately 1/3 the height of the silt fence fabric above ground. When sediment exceeds this height or when directed by the Engineer, sediment shall be removed. The removed sediment shall be deposited within the project limits so that the sediment is not subject to erosion by wind or by water.

Temporary silt fence shall be repaired or replaced the same day the damage occurs. Damage to the temporary silt fence resulting from the Contractor's vehicles, equipment, or operations shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Quantities of temporary silt fence to be paid for will be determined by the meter, measured parallel with the ground slope along the line of the installed temporary silt fence, deducting the widths of openings.

The contract price paid per meter for Temporary Silt Fence shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the

work involved in installing temporary silt fence, complete in place, including trench excavation and backfill, maintenance, and removal, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.26 TEMPORARY FENCE (TYPE ESA):

Temporary fence (Type ESA) shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and later removed in conformance with the details shown on the plans, as specified in these Special Provisions and as directed by the Engineer.

MATERIALS

Used materials may be installed provided the used materials conform to these Special Provisions. Materials for temporary fence (Type ESA) shall conform to the following:

High Visibility Fabric

High visibility fabric shall be machine produced, orange colored mesh manufactured from polypropylene or polyethylene. High visibility fabric may be made of recycled materials. Materials shall not contain biodegradable filler materials that can degrade the physical or chemical characteristics of the finished fabric. High visibility fabric shall be fully stabilized ultraviolet resistant, shall be a minimum of 1.22 m in width with a maximum mesh opening of 50 mm x 50 mm. High visibility fabric shall be furnished in one continuous width and shall not be spliced to conform to the specified width dimension.

Posts

Posts for temporary fence (Type ESA) shall be of one of the following:

- A. Wood posts shall be fir or pine, shall have a minimum cross section of 50 mm x 50 mm, and a minimum length of 1.6 m. The end of the post to be embedded in the soil shall be pointed. Wood posts shall not be treated with wood preservative.
- B. Steel posts shall have a "U", "T", "L" or other cross sectional shape that resists failure by lateral loads. Steel posts shall have a minimum mass per length of 1.1 kg/m and a minimum length of 1.6 m. One end of the steel post shall be pointed and the other end shall have a high visibility colored top.

Fasteners

Fasteners for attaching high visibility fabric to the posts shall be as follows:

- A. The high visibility fabric shall be attached to wooden posts with commercial quality nails or staples, or as recommended by the manufacturer or supplier.

- B. Tie wire or locking plastic fasteners shall be used for attaching the high visibility fabric to steel posts. Maximum spacing of tie wire or fasteners shall be 600 mm along the length of the steel post.

INSTALLATION

Temporary fence (Type ESA) shall be installed as follows:

- A. All fence construction activities shall be conducted from outside the ESA as shown on the plans or as staked.
- B. Posts shall be embedded in the soil a minimum of 380 mm. Post spacing shall be 2.5 meter maximum from center to center and shall at all times support the fence in a vertical position.
- C. Temporary fence (Type ESA) shall be constructed prior to clearing and grubbing work, shall enclose the foliage canopy (drip line) of protected plants, and shall not encroach upon visible roots of the plants.

When Type ESA temporary fence is no longer required, as determined by the Engineer, the temporary fence shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed and disposed of in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way," of the Standard Specifications, except when reused as provided in this section.

Holes caused by the removal of temporary fence (Type ESA) shall be backfilled in conformance with the provisions in Section 15-1.02, "Preservation of Property," of the Standard Specifications.

MAINTENANCE

Temporary fence (Type ESA) that is damaged during the progress of the work shall be repaired or replaced by the Contractor the same day the damage occurs.

MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

Temporary fence (Type ESA) shall be measured and paid for in the same manner specified for permanent fence as provided in Section 80, "Fences," of the Standard Specifications.

The contract price paid per meter for Temporary Fence (Type ESA) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in installing complete in place, maintaining, removing, and disposing of temporary fence (Type ESA) as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.26A PRESERVATION OF NATIVE PLANTS:

Attention is directed to Section 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property" of the Standard Specifications.

The term "native plant," and "native tree" in these Special Provisions, refers to as any tree, shrub, cacti, or other plant that is native and endemic to the region or project site, as determined by the Engineer.

Native trees, and native shrubs, cacti, and other native plants (native plants) located outside of the Temporary Fence (Type ESA), that are not to be removed as shown on the plans or specified in these Special Provisions, that are injured or damaged by reason of the Contractor's operations, shall be replaced by the Contractor in accordance with Section 7-1.11 "Preservation of Property" of the Standard Specifications. Native trees shall be planted at a ratio of five new trees for each tree injured or damaged. Native plants shall be planted at a ratio of ten new native plants for each native plant injured or damaged. The minimum size of native tree replacement shall be No. 5 container. The minimum size of native plant replacement shall be 100 mm pot.

Replacement planting shall conform to the requirements in Section 20-4.07, "Replacement" of the Standard Specifications. The Contractor shall water replacement plants in conformance with the provisions in Section 20-4.06, "Watering" of the Standard Specifications.

Replacement trees shall be installed with 25 grams of polyacrylamide crystals for each No. 5 tree. Replacement shrubs, cacti, and other plants shall be installed with 5 grams of polyacrylamide crystals for each 100 mm pot. Polyacrylamide crystals shall be mixed thoroughly into the backfill mix for each plant.

Damaged or injured native plants shall be reduced to chips. The chipped material shall be spread within the highway right of way at locations designated by the Engineer.

Replacement planting of native plants and trees shall be performed within 30 days of injury or damage but not less than 20 working days prior to acceptance of the contract. Replacement plants shall be watered sufficiently, but no more than necessary, to maintain the plants in a healthy condition.

NONNATIVE PLANT PRECLUSION

Nonnative Plant Preclusion shall consist of protecting construction sites and adjacent natural habitats against contamination from non-native seeds and plants. The Contractor shall guard against the contamination of construction site soil from the unplanned importation of non-native seeds and plant material.

Attention is directed to "Construction Site Management" of these Special Provisions regarding vehicle and equipment cleaning.

Attention is directed to "Control of Materials" in the standard specifications regarding the source of supply, inspection of materials, certificates of compliance, and local materials.