

Contractors responsibilities for the control of fugitive dust and the other requirements of this Section may not be waived.

A completion notice will not be filed, and the final payment will not be made to the Contractor until the areas of disturbed soil on the construction site, including roadway shoulders, are suitably stabilized for long term control of fugitive dust.

**The successful Contractor shall attend an AQMD PM10 Dust Control Program training session, and furnish evidence of attendance to the Engineer.** Attendance at AQMD training seminars can be scheduled through AQMD at 1-866-861-DUST (1-866-861-3878) or by email to dustcontrol@aqmd.gov. Current AQMD certification of previous attendance will be accepted.

At that training session, the successful Contractor will be furnished with the AQMD prepared Rule 403 and Rule 403.1 implementation handbooks, which include the "Best Available Control Measures" and "Reasonably Available Control Measures", and other associated information, including a listing of suggested dust control related devices, materials and chemicals.

The signature of the Contractor on the Bid constitutes acknowledgement by the Contractor of the dust control requirements established by law and described herein, and the enforceability of those requirements.

Payment

When the contract includes a bid item for Dust Abatement, full compensation for conformance with these dust abatement requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, developing water supply and incidentals, shall be paid at the lump sum price for Dust Abatement, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

When the contract does not include a bid item for Dust Abatement, full compensation for conformance with these dust abatement requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, developing water supply and incidentals, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

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## DIVISION 0 COUNTY PROVISIONS

### 00 COUNTY MISCELLANEOUS

#### 00-1.01 PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Attention is directed to Section 4 "SCOPE OF WORK" of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor must keep one clean set of bond originals to note any changes which take place during construction.

In general this project proposes to modify the existing traffic signal at the intersection of Cajalco Road and Clark Street in the Mead Valley community.

Construction will include modifying the existing traffic signal with new underground conduit, conductors, adding video detection and various other minor traffic signal hardware.

#### 00-1.02 NOTICE:

The "Proposal and Contract" book has been re-titled and is now the "Bid" book. These terms shall be considered as equivalent.

The "Contractor's Proposal" has been re-titled as is now the "Bid". These terms shall be considered as equivalent.

The "Notice to Contractors" has been re-titled and is now the "Notice to Bidders". These terms shall be considered as equivalent.

#### 00-1.03 TIME OF COMPLETION:

The Contractor shall diligently prosecute the work to completion before the expiration of 25 working days from the date stated in the "Notice to Proceed".

#### 00-1.04 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

The Contractor shall pay to the County the sum of \$800.00 per day, for each and every calendar day's delay in finishing the work in excess of the number of working days prescribed in Time of Completion Special Provision.

Equipment Orders:

In addition to the liquidated damages set forth above, refer to Special Provisions Section "Signal and Lighting", sub-section "Equipment Orders".

Project Appearance:

In addition to the Liquidated damages set forth above, if the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of Special Provisions entitled "PROJECT APPEARANCE" the Contractor shall pay to the County of Riverside the sum of \$500.00 per day for each calendar day's delay after the expiration of 48 hours notification from the Engineer.

**00-1.05 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS:**

Attention is directed to the provisions in Section 8-1.04, "Start of Job Site Activities", section 8-1.05 "Time" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Standard Specification Section 8-1.04B, "Standard Start" is modified to read as follows:

The Contractor shall begin work within fifteen (15) calendar days, or as revised in the Special Provisions, of the date stated within the written "Notice to Proceed".

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, of the Contractor's intent to begin work at least 72 hours before work is begun. If the project has more than one (1) location of work, Contractor shall submit a separate notice for each location. The notice shall be delivered to the Transportation Department's Construction Engineer and shall specify the date the Contractor intends to start at said location.

Should the Contractor begin work in advance of receiving a written "Notice to Proceed", any work performed by the Contractor in advance of the date stated in the "Notice to Proceed" shall be considered as having been done by the Contractor at his own risk and as a volunteer and subject to the following:

- A. The Contractor shall, on commencing operations, take all precautions required for public safety and shall observe all the provisions in the Specifications and the Special Provisions.
- B. All work done according to the Contract, prior to the issuance of the "Notice to Proceed", will be considered authorized work and will be paid for as provided in the contract.
- C. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any additional compensation or an extension of time for any delay, hindrance or interference caused by or attributable to commencement of work prior to the issuance of the "Notice to Proceed".

**00-1.06 PROGRESS PAYMENT RESTRICTIONS:**

Attention is directed to Sections 9-1.16, "Progress Payments" and 9-1.17, "Payment After Contract Acceptance" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

For the purpose of making progress payments pursuant to Section 9-1.16, "Progress Payments" of the Standard Specifications, the amount set forth for the contract items of work hereinafter listed shall be deemed to be the maximum value of the contract item of work, which will be recognized for progress payment purposes.

- A. Clearing and Grubbing \$ 1,000.00

After acceptance of the contract pursuant to the provisions in Section 5-1.46, "Final Inspection and Contract Acceptance" of the Standard Specifications, the amount, if any, payable for a contract item of work in excess of the maximum value for progress payment purposes hereinabove listed for the item, will be included for payment in the first estimate made after acceptance of the contract.

No progress payment will be made for any materials ordered, furnished, delivered and/or stored that are not incorporated in the construction project.

**00-1.07 RECORD DRAWINGS:**

The Contractor shall keep one clean set of bond originals to note any changes which take place during construction. These changes to the original plans and/or specifications shall be noted at the appropriate locations with the appropriate changes indicated in red pencil or ink. The Contractor shall note in large letters "RECORD DRAWINGS" on the Title Sheet of the plans. The project will not be accepted as finalized by the Engineer until these record drawings have been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The changes shall be noted on the plans as the changes occur. The record drawings shall be submitted to the Resident Engineer, and become the property of the County at the conclusion of this project.

Payment

Full compensation for maintaining and compiling the Record Drawings shall be considered as included in the various items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.08 COOPERATION:**

Attention is directed to Section 5-1.20 "Coordination with Other Entities" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Attention is directed to Section 5-1.36D, "Non-highway Facilities," of the Standard Specifications.

Should construction be under way by other forces, or by other Contractors, adjacent to the work specified, the Contractor shall cooperate to avoid delay or hindrance to such construction.

The Contractor shall communicate on a regular basis with the other Contractors and agencies responsible for the other near vicinity interchanges.

Contractor is required to attend all construction progress meetings for this project.

Should construction be under way by other forces or by other Contractors within or adjacent to the limits of the work specified or should work of any other nature be under way by other forces within or adjacent to those limits, the Contractor shall cooperate with all the other Contractors or other forces to the end that any delay or hindrance to their work will be avoided. The right is reserved to perform other or additional work at or near the site (including material sources) at any time, by the use of other forces.

When two or more Contractors are employed on related or adjacent work, or obtain materials from the same material source, as provided in Section 6-2.02, "Possible Local Material Sources" or Section 6-2.03, "Mandatory Local Material Sources", each shall conduct their operations in such a manner as not to cause any unnecessary delay or hindrance to the other.

Each Contractor shall be responsible to the other for all damage to work, to persons or property caused to the other by their operations, and for loss caused the other due to unnecessary delays or failure to finish the work within the time specified for completion.

A Traffic Safety Team will be required for this project. The Contractor shall plan on having no less than a Superintendent attend two of these meetings a month for a minimum of one hour. The Engineer will set up meetings as determined necessary. The cost of attending these meetings shall be included in the cost of performing traffic control and no additional compensation will be provided therefor.

Payment

Full compliance with the requirements of this item including cooperating and coordinating with other Contractors, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.09 NOTICE TO PROPERTY OWNERS:**

The Contractor shall be responsible to distribute an information letter pertaining to the planned work to all affected residences and businesses, at least one week prior to commencing work adjacent to those residences and businesses. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to design the information letter, obtain design approval from the Engineer, print sufficient copies, and distribute the letter. The Transportation Department logo shall be included on the letter. A computer file of the logo may be obtained from the Engineer. The letter shall be similar to a sample to be provided by the Engineer, and shall include a project description, the scope of work, the anticipated construction schedule, and other information as appropriate.

The Contractor shall post temporary no parking signs on affected streets 24 hours prior to work on those streets. The temporary no parking signs shall state the anticipated dates and hours of work on those streets.

Payment

Full compensation for preparing and distributing Notice to Property Owners shall be considered as included in the Lump Sum price bid paid for Traffic Control System and no additional compensation will be allowed.

**00-1.10 JOB SITE POSTERS:**

Contractor shall obtain, furnish, post, preserve and maintain notices and posters in areas readily accessible to all personnel. Areas include, but are not limited to, jobsite trailer common area, material staging area, designated area where employees meet to take shift breaks, and /or equipment storage area. The designated location(s) of posters must be approved by the Engineer.

If posters are placed outside, they will need to be weatherproofed.

Copies of the posters may be obtained at the Caltrans Division of Construction Website:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/LaborCompliance/posters.htm>

The Contractor shall check the website periodically for poster updates, additions, and changes. Contact information for various government agencies associated with poster information are provided at this website with links.

The following is a list of required posters:

Document number	Poster Name	Note/ Comment
-	Notice of Labor Compliance Program Approval	Required in English and Spanish and for all projects.
DFEH 162	Discrimination and Harassment in Employment are Prohibited by Law	Required in English and Spanish and for all projects.
DSLE 8	Payday Notice	Required for all projects.

Though not posters, but included in the listing above, are the California State prevailing wage rates, which are applicable to this specific contract, and also to be posted at the job site.

Payment

Full compensation for obtaining, furnishing, posting, preserving and maintaining all notices and job site posters shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.11 OBSTRUCTIONS**

Attention is directed to General Condition's item 27, "Obstructions".

Attention is directed to Sections 5-1.36, "Property and Facility Preservation", 15, "Existing Facilities" 7-1.05 "Indemnification" and 7-1.06 "Insurance" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Existing utility and privately owned facilities shall be protected in accordance with Section 5-1.36, "Property and Facility Preservation" and these Special Provisions. The Contractor is also responsible to protect those facilities that are to be relocated by others prior to or during construction, and shall protect those facilities in both their existing and their ultimate locations. The Contractor shall cooperate with

owners and their Contractors of utility and privately owned facilities, for the relocation of said facilities, in accordance with Section 5-1.20, "Coordination with other Entities" of the Standard Specifications.

All water valves and covers, gas valves and covers, sewer manholes, survey monuments, survey markers and any other utility appurtenances shall be protected in place.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the existence of certain underground facilities that may require special precautions be taken by the Contractor to protect the health, safety and welfare of workmen and the public. Facilities requiring special precautions include, but are not limited to: conductors of petroleum products, oxygen, chlorine, and toxic or flammable gases; natural gas in pipe lines greater than 6 inches in diameter or pipe lines operating at pressures greater than 60 psi (gage); underground electric supply system conductors or cables either directly buried or in duct or conduit which do not have concentric neutral conductors or other effectively grounded metal shields or sheaths; and underground electrical conductors with potential to ground of more than 300 volts. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least twenty-four hours prior to performing any work in the vicinity of such facilities.

Attention is directed to the requirements of Government Code Sections 4216-4216.9 pertaining to existing utility facilities.

The Contractor shall assume that every house, building and lot within the project limits has utility service pipes and conductors (laterals), and that utility main and trunk facilities exist within the project limits. The Contractor shall determine if it is warranted to determine the exact location of these utility service laterals and existing main lines, unless directed by the Engineer to pot-hole at specific locations, or as otherwise required herein. The Contractor will not be directly reimbursed for determining the exact location of the utility main lines or services laterals but shall include any compensation for this work in the contract price paid for the various items of work. Any damage to existing main lines or service laterals for which pot-holing was not performed shall be considered damage due to not using reasonable care and the damage shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall conduct his operations with the assumption that underground utility facilities exist within the project limits. The Contractor shall exercise caution and best construction practices for safety and for protection of underground facilities. The approximate locations of underground utility facilities, as shown on the plans, are based on information provided by the respective owners, listed below. The Contractor shall also utilize the markings of the regional notification center (Underground Service Alert), and above-ground utility appurtenances to determine the existence and approximate location of underground utilities.

No excavation shall be made within 4 feet of any underground utilities, as shown on the plans and/or marked by Underground Service Alert, unless and until such utilities have been positively located as to horizontal and vertical position. This requirement applies to all underground electric, natural gas, toxic or flammable gas, chlorine, oxygen or petroleum facilities.

The Contractor is advised that abandoned or active utility facilities may exist within the project limits, which were not known to the design engineer and which are not shown on the plans. The Contractor shall immediately inform the Engineer if any such utility facilities are encountered within the project limits so that resolution can be initiated if a conflict exists. Any utility facilities that have been encountered, and which have been determined by the Engineer to be abandoned, shall be cut and capped and disposed-of as directed by the Engineer. Removal, capping and disposal of abandoned utility conduits, conductors, pipe and other facilities shall be considered as incidental excavation, and shall be included in the contract unit price for Clearing and Grubbing or Excavation, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

In the event that the Contractor encounters abandoned or active Asbestos Cement pipe, or any other utility facility containing or suspected of containing asbestos, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer, and will cease work in the vicinity of the encountered material. The Engineer will endeavor to have any such conflicting facilities removed or relocated by the owner of the facilities. If so ordered by the Engineer, the Contractor or his sub-contractor will remove and dispose of abandoned utility facilities containing or suspected of containing asbestos accordance with the health and safety requirements for



handling the material, using properly trained and licensed personnel. Said work shall be considered as extra work.

Forty-eight hours prior to beginning construction, the Contractor shall notify the following agencies:

Underground Service Alert	800-227-2600
Southern California Edison Company	951-928-8318
Southern California Gas Company	818-701-4546
Southern California Gas Company	909-335-7561
Sprint Communication	909-873-8022
Verizon Communications	951-925-5319
Level 3	720-888-3813
Sunesys, LLC	951-278-0400
MCI network Services	972-729-6016
Santa Ana Watershed	951-354-4220
Time Warner Cable	951-634-1189
Eastern Municipal Water District	951-928-6107

Payment

Full compensation for all costs, including labor, equipment, materials and incidentals, required to comply with the requirements of this section above, including protection of water valves and covers, gas valves and covers, sewer manholes, survey monuments, survey markers and any other utility appurtenances, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**Adjustments to Grade for Obstructions**

The Contractor shall adjust to finish grade any valve covers encountered within the project limits, as required, for those utility valves that are provided with slip cans and are adjustable without the replacement of parts or the removal of concrete collars. In cases where the owning utility company insists upon upgrades in the standards, or when additional parts or the removal of concrete collars are required for the adjustment, said adjustment will be the responsibility of the owning utility company.

Communication and coordination with the owning utility company shall be the responsibility of the contractor.

For public safety, traffic shall not be allowed on temporary or permanent pavement until all manholes are either adjusted to grade or otherwise protected, as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall adjust to grade manholes and valves when and as necessary for the protection of the traveling public during construction, and shall coordinate all work on said facilities with the owning utility companies. This requirement is intended for traffic that is to be allowed on temporary surfaces during the course of construction. Final adjustment to grade will be the responsibility of the owning utility company, except as provided herein.

Said work shall be performed in accordance with Section 15-2.10B, "Adjust Frames, Covers, Grates, and Manholes" of the Standard Specifications. Full compensation for adjustment of valve covers shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for asphalt concrete or applicable items of work in the event that there is no asphalt concrete bid item, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

All existing utility facilities shall be protected from damage by the Contractor's operations.

Unless otherwise provided herein, the owning utility companies will not be obligated to lower their surface utilities (manholes and valve covers) for Contractor's grading, grinding and/or paving operations. The contractor shall lower surface facilities, including manholes and valve covers, to facilitate construction, and the following shall apply:

1. Contractor shall coordinate all work with the utility owner.
2. Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and shall be responsible for any damage caused to the owner's facilities. If the Contractor observes any pre-existing damage to the utility facilities, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the utility owner of that damage prior to performing additional work on the facility.
3. Contractor shall, after removing grade rings and covers, arrange for pickup by, or delivery to, the owner's yard. Any and all concrete collars removed by the Contractor shall become the property of the Contractor, and shall be disposed of as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.
4. The Contractor is advised that he is responsible for ensuring that construction materials do not enter the utility owner's facilities. The Contractor shall install traffic bearing steel plates for this purpose, and provide all coordination and transportation necessary. It is recommended that the Contractor request the utility owner to provide such steel plates. If the Contractor provides steel plates, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the utility owner for the return of the steel plates to the Contractor after final adjustment to grade. If the Contractor utilizes utility owner's steel plates, and if the Contract items of work include adjustment to final grade, the Contractor shall return the steel plates to the Utility owner's yard, or as otherwise arranged with the Utility owner.
5. Prior to paving or covering the plated utility facility, the Contractor shall tie-out the facility utilizing a method acceptable to the utility owner and provide notes and data of all covered facilities to both the utility owner and the Engineer.
6. The Contractor shall notify the utility owner, upon completion of the Contractor's work, when the utility owner may move in to make the final adjustments to grade.
7. The requirements for lowering of surface facilities shall not apply to vaults. The Contractor shall notify the utility owner of the need to make adjustments to such major facilities.
8. The Contractor is reminded that the utility facilities are owned by public and private utility companies that operate their facilities within public rights of way. The utility owner's preferences with regards to the handling of its facilities shall be complied with to the greatest extent possible.
9. Contractor shall repair damaged signals detector loops

Payment

Full compensation for initial lowering of surface utilities facilities shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for Hot Mix Asphalt, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.12 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS EXCAVATION OR MATERIALS:**

Attention is directed to Section 16-1.03D, "Disposal of Materials", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Excess earth excavation, pavement grindings and other excess materials resulting from construction operations shall be disposed of by the Contractor outside of the highway right of way.

When any material is to be disposed of outside the highway right of way, and the County has not made arrangements for the disposal of such material, the Contractor shall first obtain written authorization from the property owner on whose property the disposal is to be made, and obtain all required permits from the jurisdictional agency(s) for said work, and Contractor shall file with the Engineer said authorization or a certified copy thereof together with a written release from the property owner absolving the County from any and all responsibility in connection with the disposal of material on said property. If the disposal of materials is to be made at an established disposal facility that is available for public use, the Contractor shall retain all authorizations and receipts from said disposal facility and shall provide copies to the Engineer upon request.

Payment

Full compensation for all costs involved in disposing of materials as specified in this section, including all costs of hauling, shall be considered as included in the various contract items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.13 GRAFFITI REMOVAL AND CLEANING:**

The Contractor shall remove existing graffiti within the project limits and any new graffiti produced during the construction period of the project.

Contractor shall submit a method of graffiti removal plan to the Engineer for approval. Sand blasting will not be allowed. Methods may include but not limited to power washing, solvent washing, and painting over graffiti, as appropriate for the surface to be cleaned.

All graffiti shall be completely removed or obliterated and the area feathered out to hide any imperfections.

Graffiti shall be removed from, but not limited to, the surfaces listed as follows: bricks, cinder blocks, concrete sidewalks, pavement, bridge under passes, overhead structures, drainage channels, roadside signs, temporary construction signs, barricades, k-railing, traffic control devices, all types of poles, and other objects within the project limits as directed by the Engineer. Painting of k-railing for the purposes of graffiti removal shall not be considered as repainting as outlined in paragraph one of Section 12-3.08 and shall not be paid for as extra work.

Graffiti to be removed may include, but shall not be limited to: paint, signs, wood, metal, plastic, decals, gum, markers, crayons, ropes, chains, strings, wires, and tapes of any kind on an as needed basis.

All painting over graffiti must be done with exact color matches, so as not to show any blocking or shadowing of colors. Painting over graffiti is the preferred option on previously painted surfaces, and where solvents are unsuccessful at removing graffiti. Painting services shall be done on an as needed basis on the following types of surfaces, but not limited to: walls, hardscapes, poles, fences, bollards, railings, and buildings.

Paint shall be exact color match. Paint types may include oil base, water base and enamels as approved by the Engineer. Graffiti cover-up by paint will be allowed with appropriate type of paint at locations where graffiti cannot be removed only upon direction by the Engineer. All paint applications shall adhere to the manufacturer's recommendations. All material and solutions shall be safe and biodegradable and approved by the Engineer.

Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB) and Air Quality Management District (AQMD) regulations, as well as all NPDES required best management practices shall be complied with and followed.

The Contractor shall so conduct his operation as to cause the least possible obstruction and inconvenience to public traffic. The Contractor shall provide, erect and maintain barricades, lights, danger signals, and warning signs as deemed appropriate by the Engineer.

When necessary, the Contractor shall provide and erect safe and adequate scaffolding and equipment, barriers, and masking, required for the proper execution of the work. All scaffolding shall be properly braced and erected to insure the safety of the workmen and meet all appropriate OSHA regulations.

The Contractor shall respond and provide manpower for any urgent graffiti removal and cleaning notifications within two (2) working days.

Payment

When the contract includes a bid item for Construction Site Management, full compensation for conformance with these Graffiti Removal and Cleaning requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, necessary traffic control, and incidentals, shall be paid at the lump sum price for Construction Site Management, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

When the contract does not include a bid item for Construction Site Management, full compensation for conformance with these Graffiti Removal and Cleaning requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, necessary traffic control, and incidentals, shall be paid at the lump sum price for Traffic Control System, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.14 PROJECT APPEARANCE:**

Attention is directed to General Condition 26, "Use, Care and Protection of Premises."

The Contractor shall maintain a neat appearance to the worksite. The parkway between the pavement and property line is generally maintained free of trash and debris by the adjacent property owners. The Contractor shall inform all workers to be respectful of the property owners and maintaining the parkways and street adjacent to their homes.

The Contractor must maintain a neat appearance to the work.

In areas visible to the public, the following shall apply:

- A. When practicable, broken concrete and debris developed during clearing and grubbing shall be disposed of concurrently with its removal. If stockpiling is necessary, the material shall be removed or disposed of weekly.
- B. Trash bins shall be furnished for debris from structure construction. Debris shall be placed in trash bins daily.
- C. Forms or falsework that are to be re-used shall be stacked neatly concurrently with their removal. Forms and falsework that are not to be re-used shall be disposed of concurrently with their removal.

Prior to the leaving the project site daily, the Contractor shall collect and dispose of any trash or debris within the project area.

See "Liquidated Damages" Special Provisions for penalties associated with non-compliance.

Payment

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this section, Project Appearance, shall be considered as included in the various items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

**00-1.15 SURVEY STAKING:**

Section 5-1.26, "Construction Surveys" of the Standard Specifications is deleted and replaced with the following provisions.

County surveyors will establish external primary survey control monuments and/or marks to be used throughout the construction period. These control monuments and marks are to be protected by Contractor and will be used to set construction stakes and/or marks. The control marks will also be used to make verification surveys at various stages of work.

Survey monuments, stakes and marks are set per the County's Survey Manual.

Contractor must submit a written request for County furnished construction staking before, or immediately after, area to receive staking is ready for the installation of the construction stakes.

The County will provide Contractor with a survey request form. Survey staking requests must be received from Contractor a minimum of two (2) Business Days prior to the installation of the requested construction staking. The County shall receive written survey request on operating Business Day, Monday through Thursday, and prior to 4:00 p.m. Requests received after 4:00 p.m. or on any other day, shall be considered as submitted at 7:30 a.m. the next Business Day.

Contractor must preserve primary survey control monuments and marks, construction stakes and construction marks placed by the County. Survey costs are incurred by the County; however, if the Contractor fails to protect and/or destroys these survey items, the County shall replace them at the County's earliest convenience and deduct the cost of replacement from payment due to the Contractor.

**00-1.16 DE-MOBILIZATION:**

De-mobilization shall consist of the completion of all final construction, cleanup work, incidentals to the project site(s), and administrative work required to secure the project for termination and acceptance by the Engineer, including, but not limited to the following:

1. Satisfactory completion of Finishing Roadway in accordance with Section 22 "Finishing Roadway" of the Standard Specifications.
2. Removal of all temporary facilities, temporary utilities, temporary BMPs, plant, equipment, surplus material, construction debris and similar from project limits and adjacent property, as required and as directed by the Engineer.
3. Restoration of all temporary roads and haul routes and construction storage and office areas, etc. to original or better condition.
4. Completion of record of drawings (as-builts), to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
5. Submission of final Disadvantaged Business Enterprise report to the Engineer.
6. Submission of final certified payroll documents to the Engineer.
7. Submission of property owner releases, as required by the Engineer.
8. Completion of the requirements of permits issued by other agencies.
9. Satisfactory completion of punch list items, all construction and administrative items of work.

De-Mobilization shall include the satisfactory completion of all items of work, but shall not be interpreted as being a separate payment for work that is paid under separate contract items. The contract item for De-Mobilization is intended for project close-out activities.

Payment

Payment for De-Mobilization will be made on a lump-sum basis in the amount of the fixed bid price after satisfactory completion of the above listed items. Payment for De-Mobilization will be included in the final pay estimate and payment. No progress payments will be made for De-Mobilization.

**00-1.17 MISCELLANEOUS WORK AS DIRECTED:**

Miscellaneous directed work shall consist of necessary work that is not included in other contract bid items, as determined by the Engineer. Miscellaneous directed work shall be performed as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with the applicable standards and specifications.

Payment:

Payment for implementing miscellaneous directed work will be paid for on a force account basis, in accordance with Section 9-1.04 of the Standard Specifications, up to the fixed bid price, for the work performed.

**DIVISION I GENERAL PROVISIONS**

**1 GENERAL**

**Add to section 1-1.01:**

**Bid Items and Applicable Sections**

Item code	Item description	Applicable section
074020	<u>WATER POLLUTION CONTROL</u>	13
066102	<u>DUST ABATEMENT</u>	32 of <u>General Conditions</u>
010602	<u>MISCELLANEOUS WORK (AS DIRECTED)</u>	00-1.17
019901	<u>DE-MOBILIZATION</u>	00-1.16

**DIVISION II GENERAL CONSTRUCTION**

AA

**12 TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL**

**Add to Section 12-1.01 General:**

**TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM/ PUBLIC CONVENIENCE/ PUBLIC SAFETY:**

Contractor shall prepare construction staging, and traffic control plans for review and approval by the Transportation Department.

Proposed plans shall be submitted by the Contractor for review and approval by the Transportation Department at least two weeks prior to the start of construction. The construction staging, and traffic control plans shall be prepared, signed and stamped by a Civil Engineer or Traffic Engineer who is registered as such in the State of California, unless otherwise specifically allowed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall revise and implement the plans as directed by the Engineer. Construction shall not begin until the Engineer provides Contractor with County approval of the plans.

Construction staging, and traffic control plans shall be in accordance with the appropriate standards and specifications for construction staging, detour roads, traffic control, including the State of California Highway Design Manual, the manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices 2012 Edition, the corresponding California Supplement, and subsequent modifications as adopted by the State of California Department of Transportation, Standard Plans and Standard Specifications, and the Work Area Traffic Control Handbook (WATCH), as published by Building News, Inc. Any requests for deviation from the established design standards or specifications are to be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval prior to submission of the required plans.

With regard to the preparation and implementation of the plans, attention is especially directed to Sections 7-1.02K(6), 7-1.03, 7-1.04, 5-1.36, 7-1.05, 7-1.06, and Section 12 of the State of California Standard Specifications. Section 12-1.03 "Flagging Cost" of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Maintaining traffic shall conform to the provisions in 5-1.37B "Load Limits", 7-1.02K(6) "Occupational Safety and Health Standards", 7-1.03 "Public Convenience", 7-1.04 "Public Safety", and 12-3.04 "Portable Delineators" of the Standard Specifications, the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices 2012 Edition, the corresponding California Supplement, and subsequent modifications as adopted by the State of California Department of Transportation, the Section of these contract documents entitled "Insurance - Hold Harmless", and these Special Provisions.

All existing traffic control signs and street name signs shall be maintained in visible locations as directed by the Engineer.

A minimum of two (2) portable Changeable Message Signs (CMS) shall be furnished, placed, operated and maintained at those locations shown on the approved Traffic Control Plans or where designated by the Engineer in conformance with the provisions in Section 12, "Temporary Traffic Control" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

All warning lights, signs, flares, barricades and other facilities for the sole convenience and direction of public traffic shall be furnished and maintained by the Contractor.

All construction signs shall be either covered or removed when not required by the nature of the work or if no present hazard to the motorist exists.

The Contractor shall notify the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to commencing excavation for construction area sign posts. The regional notification centers include, but not limited to, the following:

Notification Center	Telephone Number
Underground Service Alert-Southern California (USA)	1-800-422-4133 1-800-227-2600 or 811

Excavations required to install construction area signs shall be performed by hand methods without the use of power equipment, except that power equipment may be used if it is determined there are no utility facilities in the area of the proposed post holes.

No payment for extra work will be allowed for work performed as specified in Section 12-2.03 (Flagging Costs) of the Standard Specifications. Flagging costs will be borne entirely by the Contractor.

No extra work will be allowed when the Engineer orders the application of water for the purpose of controlling dust caused by public traffic.

The Contractor shall be responsible to distribute an information letter pertaining to the planned work to all affected residences and businesses, at least one week prior to commencing work adjacent to those residences and businesses. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to prepare, print sufficient copies, and distribute the letter. The Transportation Department logo shall be included on the letter. A computer file of the logo may be obtained from the Engineer in .WPG, .DXF, .DGN or .DWG format. The

letter shall be similar to the sample provided by the Engineer, and shall include a project description, the scope of work, the anticipated construction schedule, and other information as appropriate.

The information letter shall be approved by the Engineer prior to distribution.

The Contractor shall post temporary no parking signs on affected streets 24 hours prior to work on those streets. The temporary no parking signs shall state the anticipated dates and hours of work on those streets.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article, including furnishing, installing and maintaining all traffic control devices including or not including portable Changeable Message Sign shown on the construction staging, and traffic control plans, shall be paid for on a lump sum basis, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor. Portable Changeable message signs will be paid separately or could be included in Traffic Control System (ask PM).

**Add to Section 12-4.01 General:**

**MAINTAINING TRAFFIC:**

Maintaining traffic shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.03, "Public Convenience", Section 7-1.04, "Public Safety" and Section 12, "Temporary Traffic Control" of the Standard Specifications and "Public Safety" of these Special Provisions.

Daily working hours shall be between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, except legal holidays, as approved by the Engineer. Exceptions and specific work schedules shall be submitted to the Engineer for consideration.

Closure is defined as the closure of a traffic lane or lanes, including shoulder, ramp or connector lanes, within a single traffic control system. Lane closure is allowed only during contractor's work hours. All traveled lanes must be opened to traffic during non-working hours excluding reconstruction area.

Closure shall conform to the provisions in "Traffic Control System" of these Special Provisions.

Local authorities shall be notified at least five (5) business days before work begins. The Contractor shall cooperate with local authorities to handle traffic through the work area and shall make arrangements to keep the work area clear of parked vehicles.

Personal vehicles of the Contractor's employees shall not be parked on the traveled way or shoulders including sections closed to public traffic.

When work vehicles or equipment are parked on the shoulder within six (6) feet of a traffic lane, the shoulder area shall be closed.





The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the Municipal Permit, and all other applicable federal, state and local laws, ordinances, statutes, rules, and regulations concerning water pollution control.

Contractor's Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) shall be prepared by a Qualified SWPPP Developer in accordance with Section 3, "Preparing a Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP)", of the *Caltrans Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) Preparation Manual (June 2011)*, which is available as a free download from:

<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater/manuals.htm>

## WATER POLLUTION CONTROL MEASURES

- A. Work having the potential to cause water pollution shall not commence until the Contractor's WPCP has been reviewed and approved by the Engineer. The Engineer's review and approval of the Contractor's WPCP shall not waive any contractual requirements and shall not relieve the Contractor from achieving and maintaining compliance with all federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, statutes, rules, and regulations. A copy of Contractor's WPCP shall be maintained onsite. When the WPCP or access to the construction site is requested by a representative of a federal, state, or local regulatory agency, Contractor shall make the WPCP available and Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer. Requests from the public for the Contractor's WPCP shall be directed to the Engineer.
- B. Contractor's WPCP shall describe the Contractor's plan for managing runoff during each construction phase. Contractor's WPCP shall describe the Best Management Practices (BMPs) that will be implemented to control erosion, sediment, tracking, construction materials, construction wastes, and non-stormwater flows. BMP details shall be based upon California Stormwater Quality Association's (CASQA) California Stormwater Quality BMP Handbook Subscription Portal (<http://www.cabmphandbooks.com>) or the Caltrans Construction Site BMP Manual (<http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater/manuals.htm>). Contractor's WPCP shall describe installation, operation, inspection, maintenance, and monitoring activities that will be implemented for compliance with the Municipal Permit and all applicable federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, statutes, rules, and regulations related to the protection of water quality.
- C. The Contractor's WPCP preparer shall have been trained to prepare WPCPs or SWPPPs and shall have previous experience with preparing SWPPP or WPCP requirements on a previous project.

The Contractor shall designate a Water Pollution Control Manager that shall have been trained to implement WPCP or SWPPP requirements. Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall:

1. Be responsible for all water pollution control work.
2. Be the Engineer's primary contact for all water pollution control work.
3. Have the authority to mobilize resources (crews, supplies, equipment, etc.) to make immediate repairs of water pollution control measures or to supplement water pollution control measures to maintain compliance with all federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, and regulations related to the protection of water quality, including the Municipal Permit.

The WPCP shall contain all required and applicable certifications and evidence of training for the Water Pollution Control Manager, WPCP Developer, and all other employees working on the project receiving formal training or certification.

- D. Water Pollution Control Training: Contractor shall provide water pollution control training to Contractor's employees and subcontractors prior to their performing work on the work site. The water pollution control training shall be appropriate to the employee or subcontractor function and area of responsibility and shall address (as applicable):
1. Erosion Control (water and wind)
  2. Sediment Control
  3. Tracking Control
  4. Materials & Waste Management
  5. Non-Stormwater Discharge Management
  6. Run-on and Run-off Control
- E. Monitoring and Reporting: Observations and inspections conducted by the Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall be documented on the Construction Site Inspection Checklist included in Contractor's WPCP. A copy of each completed Construction Site Inspection Checklist shall be submitted to the Engineer within 24 hours of conducting the inspection

**General Requirements:**

In the event the County incurs any Administrative Civil Liability (fine) imposed by the CRWQCB – Santa Ana Region, the State Water Resources Control Board, or EPA, as a result of Contractor's failure to fully implement the provisions of "Stormwater and Non-Stormwater Pollution Control", the Engineer, may, in the exercise of his sole judgment and discretion, withhold from payments otherwise due Contractor a sufficient amount to cover the Administrative Civil Liability including County staff time, legal counsel, consultant support costs and all other associated cost.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and for any liability imposed by law as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements set forth in "Water Pollution Control", including but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Caltrans Handbooks, Municipal Permit, Federal, State, and local regulations. For the purpose of this paragraph, costs and liabilities include, but not limited to, fines, penalties, damages, and costs associated with defending against enforcement actions whether taken against the County or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter-Cologne Water Quality Act.

Within fifteen (15) working days after the award of the contract, the Contractor shall submit two (2) copies and one pdf file of the WPCP to the Engineer for review and approval. The Contractor shall allow ten (10) working days for the Engineer to review the WPCP. If revisions are required as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within three (3) working days of receipt of the Engineer's comments and shall allow ten (10) working days for the Engineer to review the revisions. The Contractor shall submit four (4) copies of the approved WPCP and one pdf. file to the Engineer prior to notice to proceed. The Contractor must have an approved WPCP prior to the notice to proceed.

Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer or specified in these Special Provisions, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work

ordered in accordance with Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of the Work", of the Standard Specifications. The Engineer may withhold progress payments or order the suspension of construction operations without an extension of the contract time, if the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

All BMP repairs shall be implemented by the Contractor within 72 hrs.

Payment:

Payment for Water Pollution Control shall be on a lump sum basis and shall include full compensation for the work performed, including, developing, preparing, revising, obtaining approval of, and amending the WPCP, implementing, installing, constructing, operating, maintaining, and removing and disposing of temporary BMPs, performing the observations, inspections, sampling, analysis, reporting, and street sweeping, and as specified in the Caltrans Handbooks, Municipal Permit and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

**STREET SWEEPING:**

**GENERAL**

**Summary**

This work includes street sweeping.

The WPCP shall describe and include the use of street sweeping as a Water Pollution Control practice for sediment control and tracking control. Street sweeping shall also conform to all applicable AQMD requirements.

**Submittals**

At least 5 working days before starting clearing and grubbing, or other activities with the potential for tracking sediment or debris, submit:

- A. The number of street sweepers that will be used as described in the WPCP.
- B. Type of sweeper technology (or technologies).

**Quality Control and Assurance**

Retain the following records related to street sweeping and submit weekly to Engineer:

- A. Tracking Inspection Log
- B. Sweeping times and locations.
- C. Quantity of sweeping waste disposal.

## **CONSTRUCTION**

### **Street Sweepers**

Sweepers must use one of these technologies:

- A. Mechanical sweeper followed by a vacuum-assisted sweeper.
  - B. Vacuum-assisted dry (waterless) sweeper.
  - C. Regenerative-air sweeper.
- or
- D. Sweeping by hand is acceptable in lieu of A, B, and C above.

### **Operation**

Street sweeping shall be conducted at:

- A. Paved roads at job site entrance and exit locations.
- B. Paved areas within the job site that flow to storm drains or water bodies.

Street sweeping shall be conducted, and sweeper(s) shall be available to operate at all times, for the following:

- A. During clearing and grubbing activities.
- B. During earthwork activities.
- C. During trenching activities.
- D. During roadway structural section activities.
- E. When vehicles are entering and leaving the job site.
- F. After soil disturbing activities.
- G. After observing offsite tracking of material.

Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall inspect adjacent paved areas at job site entrances and exits and paved roadways within the job site on a minimum daily basis, and more frequently when activities that require street sweeping are being performed. Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall maintain a "Tracking Inspection Log." Street sweeping shall be conducted:

- A. Within 1 hour, if sediment or debris is observed on paved areas or paved roadways.

At least one sweeper, in good working order, must be on the job site at all times when sweeping work may be required.

Perform street sweeping to minimize dust. If dust generation is excessive or sediment pickup is ineffective, water may be used but shall be contained, collected (e.g. vacuum), and properly disposed.

Material collected during street sweeping must be removed and disposed of under Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way" of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

Full compensation to conform with the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for Water Pollution Control including furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in street sweeping, including disposal of collected material, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications, these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer. Therefore, no additional compensation will be allowed for street sweeping.

## DIVISION III GRADING

AA

### 16 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

#### Add to Section 16-1.01 General:

#### CLEARING AND GRUBBING:

Clearing and grubbing shall conform to the provisions in Sections 15 "Existing Facilities" and 16 "Clearing and Grubbing" of the Standard Specifications and as directed by the Engineer.

Activities controlled by the Contractor, except cleanup or other required work, shall be confined within the graded areas of the roadway.

Before final inspection of the work, the Contractor shall clean the highway, material sites and all ground occupied by the contractor in connection with work of all rubbish, excess materials, falsework, temporary structures and equipment. All parts of the work site shall be left in a neat and presentable condition.

Nothing herein, however, shall require the Contractor to remove warning, regulatory and guide signs prior to formal acceptance by the director.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article shall be paid for on a lump sum basis and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

# DIVISION IX TRAFFIC CONTROL FACILITIES

AA

## 86 ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Add to section 86-1:

### SIGNAL AND LIGHTING

#### A. General

Furnishing and installing traffic signal and highway lighting systems, and payment shall conform to the provisions in Section 86, "Electrical Systems", of the latest edition Standard Specifications, amendments to the Standard Specifications, and these Special Provisions.

#### B. Start of Work

Location where signalization and highway lighting work is to be performed:

	Location	Area
1.	Cajalco Road & Clark Street	Mead Valley

#### C. Equipment Orders

The Contractor shall furnish all equipments and materials specified in the plans and these special provisions that are not furnished by the County. All equipment shall be new and purchased by the Contractor for this project only.

#### **Submittals and issuance of Notice to Proceed**

Within twenty one (21) calendar days after the award of the contract, the Contractor shall submit equipment and materials submittals to the Engineer for review and approval. The Contractor shall allow fourteen (14) calendar days for the Engineer to review the equipment and materials submittals. If revisions are required as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the equipment and materials submittals within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of the Engineer's comments and shall allow seven (7) working days for the Engineer to review the revisions. Once the submittals are approved by the Engineer, the Contractor must order equipment and materials and then submit a copy of each vendor Equipment and Material Purchase Order within (7) calendar days to the Engineer.

The Contractor must have copies of approved Equipment and Material submittal(s) and Purchase Order(s) prior to the coordination and issuance of the Notice to Proceed. Delay in equipment delivery shall not be considered as justification for the suspension of the construction contract.

#### **Additional Liquidated Damages**

In addition to the liquidated damages set forth in Special Provision section "Liquidated Damages" of these contract documents, the Contractor shall pay to the County of Riverside the sum of \$800.00 per day for each and every calendar day delay in receiving all of the below listed equipment furnished by the

Contractor, onto the job site or the Contractor's storage facility, and available for installation, within sixty (60) calendar days of the contract award date:

1. Traffic Signal and Pedestrian Signal heads
3. LED Modules
4. LED Luminaire

**D. Equipment List and Drawings**

Equipment list and drawings shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-1.04, "Equipment List and Drawings", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall furnish four complete cabinet wiring diagrams for each furnished controller assembly, battery backup system, video detection system, and emergency vehicle preemption system. The cabinet wiring diagram shall include an approximately 6 inches x 8 inches or larger schematic drawing of the project intersection on a separate 8 ½" x 11" sheet of paper, which shall include the following information, at a minimum:

1. North arrow
2. Street names
3. Pavement delineation and markings
4. Signal poles
5. Traffic signal heads with phase designations
6. Pedestrian signal heads with phase designations
7. Loop detectors with input file designations

**E. Warranties, Guaranties, Instruction Sheets, and Manuals**

Warranties, guaranties and instruction sheets shall conform to these Special Provisions.

1. LED modules shall have five (5) years of manufacturer warranty.
2. Video Detection System shall have three (3) years of manufacturer warranty. During the warranty period, technical support from factory-certified personnel or factory-certified installers shall be available via telephone within four (4) hours of the time when a service call is made.
3. LED Luminaire shall have five (5) year minimum warranty for the replacement or repair of the luminaire due to any electrical failure (including light source and or power supplies/drivers).
4. All other equipment and systems shall have at least one (1) year of manufacturer warranty.

Furnish the manufacturer's standard written warranty pertaining to defects in materials and workmanship for all equipment, and two (2) sets of user, operation, and maintenance manuals, written in English, on all equipments and components for the traffic signal and highway lighting system to the Engineer.

**F. Maintaining Existing and Temporary Electrical Systems**

Maintaining existing and temporary electrical systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-1.06 "Maintaining Existing and Temporary Electrical Systems", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Authorization and coordination from the Engineer is required for each traffic signal system shutdown. Traffic signal system shutdowns shall be limited to periods between the hours of 9:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M.



The Contractor may request authorization from the Engineer to use temporary overhead conductors for temporary traffic signal operation.

Equip existing flashing beacons with portable flashing beacons during flashing beacon shutdown. Portable flashing beacons shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.05, "Portable Flashing Beacons" of the Standard Specifications or as directed by the Engineer.

If directed by the Engineer, a generator shall be furnished, connected, and maintained to keep traffic signal or flashing beacon system running in normal operation. All matters pertaining to the operation of existing traffic signal equipment shall be coordinated and cooperated with Riverside County's traffic signal operation division.

Temporary "Stop" signs furnished and installed shall be 48 inches in size.

Temporary "Stop Ahead" signs furnished and installed shall be equipped with portable flashing beacons.

***Contractor shall install wireless video detection during construction to avoid disruption of vehicle detection.***

#### **G. Remove, Reinstalling or Salvaging Electrical Equipment**

Removing, reinstalling or salvaging shall conform to provisions in Section 86-7 "Removing, Reinstalling or Salvaging Electrical Equipment", of the Standard Specifications.

#### **H. Conduits**

Conduit shall conform to the provisions in Section 86 2.05, "Conduit", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Conduits shall be Type 3, Schedule 80 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to UL Publication 651 requirements for Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit, for underground installation only.

Conduit depth shall not exceed 60 inches below finish grade.

Conduit size shall be 2 inches minimum unless otherwise specified. New conduit shall not pass through foundations or standards.

Conduit bends shall be factory bends. Bend radius for signal interconnect conduits shall be 3 feet minimum.

A pull rope and a bare #12 AWG wire shall be installed in conduits intended for future use.

Bell bushings are required for all conduit ends. The ends of conduits terminating in pull boxes and controller cabinets shall be sealed with sealing compound approved by the Engineer after conductors have been installed.

Conduits shall be installed via jacking or drilling method per Section 86-2.05C, "Installation", of the Standard Specifications.

#### ***Trenching Installation***

The Engineer shall approve trenching installation on a case-by-case basis where conduit cannot be installed by jacking or drilling. Jacking or Drilling shall be attempted a minimum of three times prior to requesting trenching installation.

If ordered by the Engineer, all pavements shall be cut to a depth of 3 inches with an abrasive type saw or with a rock cutting excavator specifically designed for this purpose. Cuts shall be neat and true with no shatter surface outside the removal area.

Trench shall be 2 inches wider than the outside diameter of the conduit being installed however not exceeding 6 inches in total width. The conduit shall be placed in the bottom of the trench. Conduit depth shall be at a minimum of 30 inches below finished grade, with a minimum of 26 inches cover over the conduit.

The trench shall be backfilled with two-sack slurry to the finish grade before final paving. Prior to final paving, grind pavement centered along the length of the trench a minimum width of 3 feet and depth of 0.10 feet, and excavate backfilled to a depth of 0.30 feet below the final pavement surface. Final paving with commercial Type A ½" PG64-10 asphalt concrete.

If directed by the Engineer, the two-sack slurry backfill can be installed to a depth of 0.30 feet below the final pavement surface and cured for a minimum of two days prior to final paving if the trench area is not open to traffic.

#### **I. Pull Boxes**

Pull boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.06, "Pull Boxes", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Traffic pull boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.06, "Traffic Pull Boxes", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Pull boxes shall have a "Fibrelyte" or equivalent cover and bolt down design. Cover shall have a non-skid surface.

Pull box covers shall be marked in accordance with Standard Plans ES-8 without the word "CALTRANS" unless the project is on State of California right of way.

Pull boxes shall be placed with their tops flush with surrounding finish grade or as directed by the Engineer.

Pull boxes shall be installed behind the curb or as shown on the plans and shall be spaced at no more than 500 feet intervals. The Engineer shall determine the exact locations.

Pull boxes installed in unimproved areas, locations not protected by concrete curb and gutter, shall be traffic pull box and marked with Type L markers.

#### **J. Conductors, Cables and Wiring**

Conductors and Cables shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.08, "Conductors and Cables", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Wiring shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.09, "Wiring", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Specific cabling and wiring requirements for various systems or components shall be in accordance with the Special Provisions entitled to each herein.

Signal cable shall be installed continuously without splicing from the controller cabinet to each traffic signal pole. Traffic signal conductors, multiple circuit conductors, and signal cable conductors shall not be spliced unless otherwise shown

All outer cable jacket for 12 conductor cable shall be removed from the traffic signal standard hand hole to the terminal block located at the side mount traffic signal head.

Where splice is required, Type C or Type T splice shall be used and insulated as shown in the Standard Plans, ES-13A.

Where splice is required, "Liquid Electrical Tape" or equivalent in black color shall be used to provide a watertight electrical insulating coating with "Method B" as shown in the Standard Plans, ES-13A.

Minimum luminaire wiring shall be No. 10 AWG, including wiring within poles and mast arms.

#### **K. Bonding and Grounding**

Bonding and grounding shall conform to the provisions in Section 86 2.10, "Bonding and Grounding", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Grounding jumper shall be attached by a 3/16 inch or larger brass bolt in the signal standard or controller pedestal and shall be run to the conduit, ground rod or bonding wire in the adjacent pull box.

Grounding jumper shall be visible after cap has been poured on foundation.

For equipment grounding jumper a No. 8 bare copper wire shall run continuously in all circuits except a No. 12 bare copper wire shall run continuously in conduits that contain only signal interconnect cable and/or loop detector cable.

#### **L. Controller Assembly**

Controller assembly shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-3, "Controller Assemblies", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Controller assembly shall be Model 170 controller assembly consisting of the additional features:

1. Model 332L controller cabinet:
  - Anodic coating for both interior and exterior finish
  - A Corbin No. 2 door lock
2. An interior fluorescent lamp with an on/off switch and a door switch that will automatically turn on the lamp when cabinet door is opened.
3. An interior thermostatically controlled, 24 volt electric fan with ball or roller bearing that has capacity rating of 100 cubic feet per minute minimum.
4. Rack mounted push buttons for manual actuation of the following:
  - 8 vehicular phases,
  - 4 pedestrian phases,
  - 4 Emergency Vehicle Preemption (EVP) phases; and,
  - 2 Railroad preemption phases.
5. Model 170E local controller unit:
  - Dual Asynchronous Communications Interface Adaptor (ACIA) capability. ACIA shall be integral to the controller unit. Horizontal printed circuit board controllers will not be accepted.
  - A Model 412F Program Module with 32K 27256 EPROM, 16K RAM, and 8K zero power RAM (memory method two, memory select four).
  - Bi Trans Systems, Inc. 233RV2.5 or latest version firmware, test program and a loopback cable.

- If required, provide a Model 170E field master controller unit that has the same features as the 170E local controller except the firmware shall be Bi Tran Systems, Inc. No. 245 FM. It shall be mounted above the local controller unit.
6. A pullout shelf/drawer assembly made of aluminum with telescoping drawer guides for full extension installed below the local controller unit. The top shall have a non-slip plastic laminate permanently attached. The non-slip laminate shall not be attached with silicon adhesive.
  7. Load Switches: Switching circuit shall be contained in a replacement module (cube type) sealed in epoxy and rated at 15 amperes load (25 Amp triac). Pin 11 on all load switch sockets shall be wired to AC. Input and output indicators shall be installed on all load switches.
- All load switch sockets shall have individual wire terminals. Printed circuit boards will not be allowed.
8. Flasher units: Switching circuit shall be contained in a replacement module (cube type) sealed in epoxy and rated at 15 amperes load (25 Amps triac).
  9. Conflict monitor shall be EDI Model 2010ECL or equivalent with a red monitor assembly circuit board and capable of monitoring green, amber and red indications.
  10. Loop detector sensor unit shall be Model 222:
    - Detector unit shall have delay timers adjustable from zero to a minimum of 30 seconds and extension timers adjustable from zero to a minimum of 7 seconds.
    - Delay timers shall delay calls only during display of the associated red or yellow indications. If a vehicle departs the area of detection prior to expiration of the assigned delay period, the timer shall reset and no call shall be placed upon the controller. During display of the associated green indication, detectors shall operate in the present mode and calls shall not be delayed.
  11. Power Distribution Assembly shall be Model PDA-2.
  12. A twelve-position interconnect terminal strip.

The contractor shall furnish the following spare equipments / components:

Description	Model	Quantity
Cabinet	332	0
Controller Unit (local)	170E	0
Controller Unit (master)	170E	0
Switch Pack	200	0
Flasher Unit	204	0
Conflict Monitor Unit	2010	0
2-Channel Loop Detector	222	0
2-Channel DC Isolator	242	0
Modem Module	400	0
Program Module	412F	0

Spare equipments or components shall be delivered to the following location or as directed by the Engineer:

Traffic Signal Shop  
Riverside County Transportation Department  
McKenzie Highway Operations Center  
2950 Washington Street  
Riverside, California 92504  
Telephone (951) 955-6894

The controller unit and controller cabinet shall be manufactured and furnished by the same manufacturer to form a complete functional controller system capable of providing the traffic signal operation specified. All traffic control equipment to be furnished shall be listed on the California Department of Transportation Qualified Products List.

The controller unit and controller cabinet manufacturer or supplier shall perform operational and functional testing of the supplied controller assembly and additional supplied equipment in accordance with the State of California Department of Transportation's Transportation Electrical Equipment specifications (TEES), and a Certificate of Compliance shall be issued for each successfully tested controller assembly and additional supplied equipment.

Modify traffic signal controller assembly if necessary and provide any necessary auxiliary equipment and cabling to achieve the intended traffic signal operation as shown on the plans. The Contractor shall make all field wiring connections to the terminal blocks inside the controller cabinet.

A technician who is qualified to work on the controller assembly from the controller manufacturer or their representative shall install the program module and program the signal controller in accordance with the Engineer provided signal timing sheets, and to be present when the equipment is turned on.

**M. Vehicle Signal Assemblies**

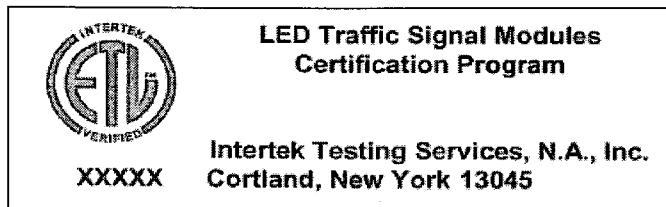
Vehicle signal assemblies and auxiliary equipment shall conform to the provisions in Section 86 4, "Traffic Signal Faces and Fittings", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Signal sections, backplates, visors and signal mounting assemblies shall be the metal type and shall be made from the same manufacturer. The section assemblies shall be uniform in appearance and alignment.

Backplates shall be louvered. Visors shall be the "tunnel" type. Top opening of signal sections shall be sealed with neoprene gaskets.

Vehicle signal indications shall be 12-inch diameter Light Emitting Diode (LED) modules in accordance with the following:

1. All circular LED modules shall comply with Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads (VETCH) - LED Circular Supplement, Adopted June 27, 2005.
2. All arrow LED modules shall comply with ITE VETCH - LED Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement, Adopted July 1, 2007.
3. All modules shall fit in existing signal housings without the use of special tools.
4. All modules shall be certified in the Intertek LED Traffic Signal Modules Certification Program and be labeled with the ETL Verified Label as follows:



5. Luminous intensity requirements of the VTCSH must be met across the entire temperature range from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+74^{\circ}\text{C}$ , ( $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $+165^{\circ}\text{F}$ ).
6. The following cable colors shall be used for the AC power leads on all modules: white for common, red for the red module line, yellow for the yellow module line, and brown for the green module line.
7. The AC power leads shall exit the module via a rubber grommet strain relief, and shall be terminated with quick connect terminals with spade tab adapters. The leads shall be separate at the point at which they leave the module.
8. All external wiring used in the module shall be anti-capillary type cable to prevent the wicking of moisture to the interior of the module.
9. All power supplies shall be coated for additional moisture and thermal protection.
10. The module shall have an incandescent, non-pixelated appearance when illuminated.
11. Nominal power usage is measured at  $25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , 120 VAC. For the 8 inch modules, it shall not exceed 8 watts for Red, 8 watts for Yellow, and 8 watts for Green modules. For the 12 inch modules, it shall not exceed 8 watts for Red, 13 watts for Yellow, and 10 watts for Green modules. For the arrows, it shall not exceed 8 watts for Red, 13 watts for Yellow, and 8 watts for Green modules.
12. All modules shall use LEDs that have been manufactured with materials that have industry acceptance as being suitable for uses in outdoor applications. At no time is the use of LEDs that utilize AlGaAs technology acceptable.
13. The external lens shall have a smooth outer surface to prevent the buildup of dirt and dust and shall be designed to minimize the potential for sun phantom signals.
14. The circular LED module lens material must be tinted . A tinted transparent film or coating is not permitted.
15. A module shall be sealed against dust and moisture intrusion, including rain and blowing rain per Mil-Std-810F Method 506.4, Procedure 1.
16. Arrow modules shall be clearly marked with the phrase "Suitable for mounting in any orientation".
17. Modules shall be repaired or replaced if the module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within warranty period.
18. Modules shall be repaired or replaced if the module exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum specified values within 60 months of the date of delivery.
19. The Manufacturer shall clearly disclose the country in which the factory of module origin is located, the name of the company or organization that owns the factory including all of its parent companies and/or organizations, and their respective country of corporate citizenship.

**N. Pedestrian Signal Assemblies**

Pedestrian signals assemblies shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-4.03, "Pedestrian Signal Faces", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Pedestrian Signal Mounting Assemblies and Pedestrian Signal Housings shall be made from the same manufacturer and the section assemblies shall be uniform in appearance and alignment.

Pedestrian signals shall be provided with a polycarbonate egg crate or Z-crate screen.

Pedestrian signals shall be equipped with light emitting diode countdown pedestrian module in accordance to the following:

1. It shall comply with ITE specification: Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications (PTCSI) Part 2: LED Pedestrian Traffic Signal Modules, Adopted March 19, 2004.
2. All modules shall fit in existing signal housings without the use of special tools.
3. All modules shall be certified in the Intertek LED Traffic Signal Modules Certification Program and be labeled with the ETL Verified Label as follows:



The PTCSI does not cover the countdown features of countdown pedestrian signal LED modules. The countdown features shall incorporate the following:

1. Fully compliant to NEMA TS-1, NEMA TS-2, Type 170, and Type 2070 traffic signal controller specifications.
2. The countdown portion of the pedestrian (ped) module shall have a high off-state input impedance so as not to provide a load indication to conflict monitors and interfere with the monitoring of the pedestrian signal. The input impedance of the countdown circuitry shall maintain a voltage reading above 25 VAC to the conflict monitor for up to four units connected on the same channel.
3. The countdown drive circuitry shall not be damaged when subjected to defective load switches providing a half wave signal input.
4. The countdown ped module shall have an internal conflict monitor circuit preventing any possible conflicts between the Hand, Person, and Countdown signal indications. It shall be impossible for the display to countdown during a solid Hand indication.
5. Per CA MUTCD Manual section 4E.07: "The countdown pedestrian signal shall display the number of seconds remaining until the termination of the pedestrian change interval. Countdown displays shall not be used during the walk interval or during the red clearance interval of a concurrent vehicular phase".
6. The countdown ped module shall have a micro-processor capable of recording its own time when connected to a traffic controller. It shall be capable of displaying the digits 0 through 99.
7. When power is first applied or restored to the ped module, the countdown display will be blank during the initial cycle while it records the countdown time using the walk (person) and don't walk

(flashing hand) signal indications. The normal hand and person icons shall be displayed during this cycle.

8. The countdown ped module shall continuously monitor the traffic controller for any changes to the pedestrian phase time and re-program itself automatically if needed.
9. The countdown ped module shall register the time for the walk and clearance intervals individually and shall begin counting down at the beginning of the pedestrian clearance interval. The digits shall not flash during the countdown.
10. When the flashing hand becomes solid, the ped module shall display 0 for one second and then blank-out. The display shall remain dark until the beginning of the next countdown.
11. In the event of a pre-emption, the countdown ped module shall skip the remaining time, reach 0 at the same time as the flashing Hand becomes solid, and remain dark until the next cycle.
12. In the cycle following preemption call, the signal shall display the correct time and not be affected by the reduced previous cycle. The countdown shall remain synchronized with the signal indications and always reach 0 at the same time as the flashing Hand becomes solid.
13. If a pedestrian button is activated during the clearance interval, some controllers can change to a second walk cycle without a don't walk phase. The countdown module shall also be capable of consecutive walk cycles. The display digits will be blank during the second walk and countdown properly during the second flashing hand.
14. The countdown ped module shall not display an erroneous or conflicting time when subjected to defective load switches. Should there be a short power interruption during the ped clearance interval or if voltage is applied to both the hand and person simultaneously the display will go to "0" then blank.
15. The countdown ped module shall have accessible dip-switches for the user selectable options. The unit shall have a removable plug on the rear allowing easy access to control the user selectable functions. The countdown is disabled when all the switches are in the "ON" position. The unit shall be shipped from the factory with the specified default setting.
16. Switch 1 – Blank Cycle Following a Timing Change – Factory default is "OFF". When this switch is "OFF" the unit will allow the time to be displayed normally during the cycle following a truncated timing such as a preemption call. The countdown shall be capable of displaying the correct time and not affected by the previous reduced cycle. The unit will require 2 consecutive reduced cycles of identical value to validate and record a new time setting. If the timing is extended, the unit will record it immediately. In the "ON" position when a change in timing is detected the unit will blank out during the following cycle while the new cycle time is measured and recorded if confirmed.
17. Switch 2 – Disables Auto-sync Mode- Factory default setting is "OFF". When this switch is in the "OFF" position the auto-sync is enabled. When the clearance interval begins and the initial flash of the hand is not in sync with the walk signal the unit will measure the offset and reduce the duration of the first second by the value of the offset. This will ensure the countdown reached zero at the same time as the flashing hand becomes solid. In the "ON" position there is no time correction when the flashing hand is in offset with the walk signal. The duration of the first second will not be reduced and the hand will appear solid shortly before the countdown reaches zero.
18. Switch 3 – Countdown Starts with Flashing Hand Signal – Factory default setting is "ON". When this switch is "ON" the countdown begins when the hand signal is turned on. With this switch "ON" and the auto-sync mode enabled a short power interruption will have no effect on the countdown display. With switch 3 in the "OFF" position the countdown begins when the walk signal is turned off. This eliminates the effect of an offset hand signal. When switch 3 is in the "OFF" position the auto-sync switch 2 has no effect on the countdown. In this mode if the power



to the walk signal is interrupted, the unit will interpret this as the start of the clearance interval and will display the countdown time for 2 seconds before the operation is cancelled. The countdown will resume with the normal ending of the walk signal.

19. Switch 4 – Stores Time Value in Memory, Immediate. Restart. - Factory default setting is “OFF”. When this switch is in the “OFF” position and power is removed from the unit, the time value stored in the unit is erased. The unit will need to run a dark cycle before it can display the countdown again. In the “ON” position the countdown timing is stored in memory. Following a power interruption, the unit will restart with the stored value and not remain dark during the learning cycle. If the value is different after restart, it will be recorded and displayed correctly at the following cycle.
20. Switch 5 – All LEDs “ON”, Test Mode – Factory default setting is “OFF”. With this switch in the “ON” position all LEDs are turned on simultaneously. With both switches 4 and 5 in the “ON” position the LED test mode will also scan the 7 individual segments of both digits.
21. The countdown shall be disabled when all switches are placed in the “ON” position.
22. Nominal power usage for Ped Modules at 25°C (77°F), 120 VAC input shall not exceed the values shown in Table 1.

**Table 1 -- Nominal Power of Pedestrian Signals**

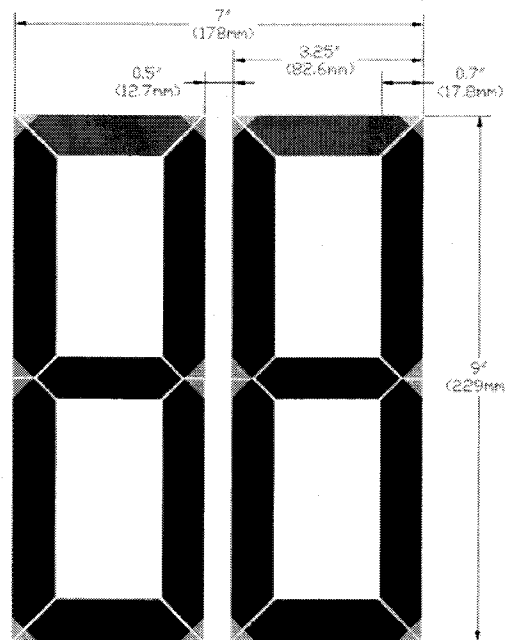
Size	Description	Wattage @ 25°C		
		Hand	Person	Countdown <sup>1</sup>
16"x18"	Side by Side Hand & Person	8	7	N/A
16"x18"	Hand & Person Overlay with Countdown	9	7	5

<sup>1</sup> Wattage for the countdown is measured when the digits 18 are displayed.

23. All wiring shall meet the requirements of Section 13.02 of the VTCSH standard. Secured, color coded, 600V, 18 AWG jacketed wires, 1 meter (39 in) in length, conforming to the NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, and rated for service at +105°C, shall be provided.
24. The following color scheme shall be used for the ped module’s AC power leads: Orange for the upraised hand, Blue for the walking person, and White for common. The countdown portion of the LED ped module shall be internally wired to the hand and walking person power.
25. The AC power leads shall exit the ped module via a rubber grommited strain relief, and shall be terminated with insulated female quick connect terminals with spade / tab adapters. The leads shall be separate at the point at which they leave the ped module.
26. All external wiring utilized in the ped modules shall be anti-capillary type wire to prevent the wicking of moisture to the interior of the ped module.
27. The Hand and Person Icons shall utilize separate power supplies. On countdown products, the countdown ped module must have its own power supply but may take the incoming AC power from the hand / person AC signal lines. All power supplies shall be located inside the ped module.
28. All power supplies shall be conformally coated for additional protection.
29. Off State Voltage Decay: When the hand or person icon is switched from the On state to the Off state the terminal voltage shall decay to a value less than 10 VAC RMS in less than 100

milliseconds when driven by a maximum allowed load switch leakage current of 10 milliamps peak (7.1 milliamps AC).

30. For a minimum period of 60 months, measured at 80 to 135 VAC RMS and over the ambient temperatures of  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+74^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $+165^{\circ}\text{F}$ ), the minimum maintained luminance values for the ped modules, when measured normal to the plane of the icon surface, shall not be less than:
  - Walking Person, White: 2,200 cd/m<sup>2</sup>
  - Upraised Hand, Portland Orange: 1,400 cd/m<sup>2</sup>
  - Countdown Digits, Portland Orange: 1,400 cd/m<sup>2</sup>
31. The external lens shall have a textured outer surface to reduce glare.
32. Icons that are printed on the lens shall be on the interior surfaces in order to prevent scratching and abrasion to the icons.
33. All icons and numbers shall have a uniform incandescent non-pixelated appearance.
34. All exposed components of a ped module shall be suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance. As a minimum, selected materials shall be rated for service for a period of a minimum of 60 months in a south-facing Arizona Desert installation.
35. All LEDs used to illuminate the ped module shall use material that has industry acceptance for use in outdoor applications. At no time is the use of LEDs that utilize AlGaAs technology acceptable.
36. The countdown display shall consist of two 7 segment digits as shown below. All countdown display digits shall be 9 inches in height for use in all size crosswalks in compliance with MUTCD recommendations.



**Figure 2: Countdown Display**

37. Ped modules shall be repaired or replaced if the ped module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within warranty period.
38. Ped modules shall be repaired or replaced if the ped module exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum specified values within 60 months of the date of delivery.

39. The manufacturer shall clearly disclose the country in which the factory of ped module origin is located, the name of the company or organization that owns the factory including all of its parent companies and organizations, and their respective country of corporate citizenship.

**O. Pedestrian, Bicycle and Equestrian Push Buttons**

Pedestrian, bicycle, and equestrian push buttons shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-5.02, "Pedestrian Push Button Assemblies", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Push button assembly shall be Type B per Standard Plans ES-5C.

Push button housing shall be die-cast or permanent mold cast aluminum powder coated frame with stainless steel inserts and sign screws.

Push button sign shall be white powder coat base with black heat cured ink. Right and left arrow signs shall be doubled sided.

Push button shall be Polara Engineering, Inc. model BDLM2-Y or approved equal.

Push button shall utilize solid-state Piezo switch technology, pressure activated, two-tone audible, visual LED confirmation of actuation and shall be ADA compliant.

The equestrian push buttons (EPB) shall be installed at 6 feet above finish grade or as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer shall approve the EPB placement on each pole prior to installation.

**P. Detectors**

Detectors shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-5, "Detectors", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Delay timers shall delay calls only during display of the associated red or yellow indications. If a vehicle departs the area of detection prior to expiration of the assigned delay period, the timer shall reset and no call shall be placed upon the controller. During display of the associated green indication, detectors shall operate in the present mode and calls shall not be delayed.

***Inductive Loops***

Detector loop configuration shall be Type E per Standard Plans ES-5B unless otherwise shown on the construction plan, in the Special Provisions, or as directed by the Engineer.

Limit Line detector loop configuration shall be modified Type E with diagonal saw cuts and wire winding conforming to Type D loop configuration.

Detector loop wire shall be Type 2.

Detector loop lead in cable shall be Type B.

Detector loop curb terminations shall be Type A in accordance with Standard Plans ES-5D.

Loop sealant shall be the Hot-Melt Rubberized Asphalt sealant type, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Loop conductors and sealant shall be installed on the same day the loop slots are cut.

All detector loops shall be tested sequentially by the following methods:

- impedance (measured by megohms)
- resistance (measured by ohms)
- inductance (measured in microhenries)

### ***Video Detection***

The contractor shall furnish and install video detection cameras (VDC), video detection processors (VDP), extension modules (EM), access module (AM), an industry standard 3-button USB mouse, a drawer mounted 17 inch LCD monitor, surge suppressors, and all necessary cabling and auxiliary equipment to make the video detection systems fully functional for the intended operation. The Contractor shall furnish an advanced lens adjustment module (LAM), a spare VDC, a spare EM, and a spare VDP to the Engineer.

All equipment supplied shall come from and qualified by the VDP supplier to ensure proper system operation.

The VDC shall attach to the top of luminaire mast arm using mounting bracket provided by manufacturer, or the backside of signal mast arm using Pelco Astrobrac with 6' extension or approved equal. The Engineer shall approve the final camera placements.

The video detection systems shall be installed by supplier factory certified installers per recommended method provided in the supplier's installation manuals. Proof of factory certification shall be provided.

#### **Video Detection Zones:**

Placement of detection zones shall be done by using the supplied USB mouse connected to the VDP. Detection zones are drawn on the video image from the video camera displayed on a video monitor using the menu and graphical interface built into the VDP. The menu shall facilitate placement of detection zones and setting of zone parameters or to view system parameters.

Detection zone setup shall not require site-specific information such as latitude, longitude, date and time to be entered into the system. No separate computer shall be required to program the detection zones.

Each detection zone shall be user definable in size and shape to suit the site and the desired vehicle detection region. A detection zone shall be approximately the width and length of one car.

A single detection zone shall be able to replace multiple inductive loops and the detection zones shall be OR'ed as the default or may be AND'ed together to indicate vehicle presence on a single phase of traffic movement.

The VDP shall provide a minimum of 24 channels of vehicle presence detection/detection zones per camera through a standard detector rack edge connector and one or more EMs.

The Video Detection System shall be in compliance with California State Assembly Bill 1581. The system will be able to discriminate between bicycles and automobiles and be able to send bicycle and vehicle actuations from the same lanes to different detection outputs. Additionally the system shall allow an extension time for bicycles that will not apply to vehicular traffic.

#### **Functional Capabilities:**

System must have a single point access to multiple rack-mounted video detection units. The access device shall provide interface capabilities to enable multiple rack-mounted video detection processors to be locally and remotely accessed from a single point via one set of user interface devices.

The camera shall be able to transmit the composite video signal, with minimal signal degradation, up to 1000 feet under ideal conditions.

The EM shall be plugged into the appropriate slot in the detector rack to avoid the need of rewiring the detector rack. The extension module shall be connected to the VDP by an 8-wire cable with modular connectors.

The EM and VDP communications shall be accommodated by methods using differential signals to reject electrically coupled noise. The EM shall be available in both 2 and 4 channel configurations programmable from the VDP.

The VDP shall have video input in NTSC composite video format and shall be digitized and analyzed in real time.

The VDP shall have a nine-pin RS232 port that is multi-drop compatible for communications with an external computer. The VDP shall be able to accept new detector patterns from and send its detection patterns to an external computer through this RS-232 port. A Windows™ based software designed for local or remote connection for uploading and downloading data, and providing video capture, real-time detection indication and detection zone modification capability shall be provided with the system.

The VDP shall store up to three different detection zone patterns within the VDP memory. The VDP's memory shall be non-volatile to prevent data loss during power outages. The VDP shall continue to operate (e.g. detect vehicles) using the existing zone configurations even when the operator is defining/modifying a zone pattern. The new zone configuration shall not go into effect until the operator saves the configuration. Each configuration can be uniquely labeled for identification and the current configuration letter is displayed on the monitor. The selection of the detection zone pattern for current use shall be done through a local menu selection or remote computer via RS-232 port. It shall be possible to activate a detection zone pattern for a camera from VDP memory and have that detection zone pattern displayed within 1 second of activation.

The VDP shall provide dynamic zone reconfiguration to enable normal detector operation of existing channels except the one where a zone is being added or modified during the setup process. The VDP shall output a constant call on any detection channel corresponding to a zone being modified.

The VDP shall detect vehicles in real time as they travel across each detector zone.

The VDP shall output a constant call for each enabled detector output channel if a loss of video signal occurs. The VDP shall output a constant call during the background learning period. The background learning period shall be not more than three minutes.

The VDP shall be capable of detecting a low-visibility condition automatically, such as fog, and place all defined detection zones in a constant call mode. The VDP shall automatically revert to normal detection mode when the low-visibility condition no longer exists. A user-selected output shall be active during the low-visibility condition that can be used to modify the controller operation if connected to the appropriate controller input modifier(s).

Detection shall be at least 98% accurate in good weather conditions and at least 96% accurate under adverse weather conditions (rain, snow, or fog). Detection accuracy is dependent upon site geometry; camera placement, camera quality and detection zone location, and these accuracy levels do not include allowances for occlusion or poor video due to camera location or quality.

Detection zone outputs shall be configurable to allow the selection of presence, pulse, extend, and delay outputs. Timing parameters of pulse, extend, and delay outputs shall be user definable between 0.1 to 25.0 seconds.

Up to six detection zones shall be capable to count the number of vehicles detected. The count value shall be internally stored for later retrieval through the RS-232 port. The data collection interval shall be user definable in periods of 5, 15, 30 or 60 minutes.

System software shall

- Utilize a dual redundant hybrid tracking algorithm to enhance vehicle presence detection and data collection.
- Include a moving shadow and occlusion rejection algorithm that is activated by selection of a drop down menu tab.
- Include a menu selectable zone type labeled "Bike" that is specifically designed to detect bicycles.
- Include a virtual QWERTY keyboard that is present when performing any labeling functions for the detection zones and cameras.
- Include the ability to copy completed zones with one mouse click, drag and drop single zones, rows of zones together and entire detection configurations.

VDP & EM Hardware:

The VDP and EM shall be specifically designed to mount in a standard NEMA TS-1, TS-2, 2070 ATC, 170 type detector rack, using the edge connector to obtain power and provide contact closure outputs. No adapters shall be required to mount the VDP or EM in a standard detector rack. Detector rack rewiring shall not be required or shall be minimized.

Both VDP and EM shall operate in a temperature range from -34°C to +74°C and a humidity range from 0% RH to 95% RH, non-condensing.

Both VDP and EM shall be powered by 12 or 24 volts DC. These modules shall automatically compensate for the different input voltages.

Both VDP and EM shall include detector output pin out compatibility with industry standard detector racks.

Both VDP and EM shall have a detector test switch on the front panel to allow the user to place calls on each channel. The test switch shall be able to place either a constant call or a momentary call depending on the position of the switch.

The VDP power consumption shall not exceed 300 milliamps at 24 VDC. The EM power consumption shall not exceed 120 milliamps at 24 VDC.

The VDP shall utilize flash memory technology to enable the loading of modified or enhanced software through the RS232 port without modifying the VDP hardware.

The VDP shall include the following on the front panel:

- A multi-drop compatible RS232 port, a 9-pin "D" subminiature connector, for serial communications with a remote computer.
- Detection indication such as LED for each channel of detection that display detector outputs in real time when the system is operational.
- One or two BNC video input connection suitable for RS170 video inputs as required. The video input shall include a switch selectable 75-ohm or high impedance termination to allow camera video to be routed to other devices, as well as input to the VDP for vehicle detection. Video must be inputted via a BNC connector on the front face of the processor. RCA type connectors/jacks for video input are not allowed. Video shall not be routed via the edge connectors of the processor.
- One BNC video output providing real time video output that can be routed to other devices. A RCA type connector/jack for video output is not allowed.

Video Detection Camera:

The camera shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure consists of the following:

1. The enclosure shall be made of 6061 anodized aluminum.
2. The enclosure shall be field rotatable to allow proper alignment between the camera and the traveled road surface.
3. The enclosure shall be equipped with a sunshield. The sunshield shall include a provision for water diversion to prevent water from flowing in the camera's field of view. The camera enclosure with sunshield shall be less than 6" diameter, less than 18" long, and shall weigh less than 6 pounds when the camera and lens are mounted inside the enclosure.
4. The enclosure shall be design so that the pan, tilt and rotation of the camera assembly can be accomplished independently without affecting the other settings.
5. The enclosure shall include a proportionally controlled Indium Tin Oxide heater design that maximizes heat transfer to the lens. The output power of the heater shall vary with temperature, to assure proper operation of the lens functions at low temperatures and prevent moisture condensation on the optical faceplate of the enclosure.
6. The glass face on the front of the enclosure shall have:
  - a. An anti-reflective coating to minimize light and image reflections.
  - b. A special coating to minimize the buildup of environmental debris such as dirt and water.

The camera shall produce a useable video image of the bodies of vehicles under all roadway lighting conditions, regardless of time of day. The minimum range of scene luminance over which the camera shall produce a useable video image shall be the minimum range from nighttime to daytime, but not less than the range 1.0 lux to 10,000 lux.

The imager luminance signal to noise ratio shall be more than 50 dB. In harsh backlit conditions, vehicles can be detected flawlessly with >100dB of dynamic range.

The camera shall be digital signal processor based and shall use a CCD sensing element and shall output color video with resolution of not less than 540 TV lines. The CCD imager shall have a minimum effective area of 811(h) x 508(v) pixels.

The camera shall include an electronic shutter control based upon average scene luminance and shall be equipped with an auto-iris lens that operates in tandem with the electronic shutter.

The camera shall utilize automatic white balance.

The camera shall include a variable focal length lens with variable focus that can be adjusted, without opening up the camera housing, to suit the site geometry by means of a portable interface device designed for that purpose and manufactured by the detection system supplier.

The horizontal field of view shall be adjustable from 5.4 to 50.7 degrees. This camera configuration may be used for the majority of detection approaches in order to minimize the setup time and spares required by the user. The lens shall have a 27x zoom.

The lens shall also have an auto-focus feature with a manual override to facilitate ease of setup.

The camera shall incorporate the use of preset positioning that store zoom and focus positioning information. The camera shall have the capability to recall the previously stored preset upon application of power.

The camera electronics shall include automatic gain control to produce a satisfactory image at night.

When mounted outdoors in the enclosure, the camera shall operate satisfactorily in a temperature range from -34 °C to +60 °C and a humidity range from 0% RH to 100% RH. Measurement of satisfactory video shall be based upon VDP system operation.

The camera shall be powered by 120-240 VAC 50/60 Hz. Power consumption shall be 30 watts or less under all conditions.

The camera shall view approaching vehicles at a distance not to exceed 350 feet for reliable detection (height to distance ratio of 1:10). Camera placement and field of view shall be unobstructed and as noted in the installation documentation provided by the supplier.

There shall be at least 2 options for camera set up, diagnostic testing, and viewing video when it is mounted on mast arm or pole using lens adjustment module supplied by the VDP supplier:

1. Connected directly to the camera.
2. Connected to the coaxial cable from the cabinet.

The video signal shall be fully isolated from the camera enclosure and power. Cable terminations at the camera for video and power shall not require crimping tools.

No BNC or other connector shall be used for the coaxial video cable termination at the camera.

The power connection at the camera shall use connector terminations that only require the use of wire strippers and a standard screwdriver. No special crimping tools or other types of terminations shall be used.

A weather-proof protective cover shall be provided to protect all terminations at the camera. No special tooling shall be required to remove or install the protective cap.

#### Cabling and Cable Connections:

The coaxial cable to be used between the camera and the VDP in the traffic cabinet shall be Belden 8281. The coax cable shall be a continuous unbroken run from the camera to the VDP. This cable shall be suitable for installation in conduit or overhead with appropriate span wire. A BNC plug connector shall be used at the cabinet end. The coaxial video cable shall be stripped and terminated at the camera and cabinet per manufacturers' instructions (no BNC or other connector shall be used at the camera). The coaxial cable, BNC connector used at the cabinet termination, and crimping tool shall be approved by the supplier of the video detection system and the manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

The power cable shall be three 16 AWG conductor cable with a minimum outside diameter of 0.325 inch and a maximum diameter of 0.490 inch. The power cable shall be terminated at the camera per manufacturers' instructions and shall only require standard wire strippers and a screw driver for installation (no special connectors or crimping tools shall be used for installation). The cabling shall comply with the National Electric Code, as well as local electrical codes. Cameras shall not acquire power from the luminaire.

A Din Rail mounted AC power panel assembly shall be supplied by the video detection manufacturer that will include a minimum of one convenience receptacle, four camera chassis ground connections, four camera AC neutral (AC-) connections, four 2 amp camera circuit breakers for hot (AC+) connections, and one AC source connection for Line, Neutral and Ground wires. A Din Rail video surge suppression protection panel assembly shall also be supplied by the video detection manufacturer. One panel shall accommodate up to six EDCO surge suppressors. This equipment shall be installed, including termination of all necessary wiring, per the video detection manufacturer requirements for the intended use.



Maintenance and Support:

The supplier shall maintain an adequate inventory of parts to support maintenance and repair of the system. These parts shall be available for delivery within 30 days of placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale for said parts.

The supplier shall maintain an ongoing program of technical support for the access unit and video detection system. This technical support shall be available via telephone, or via personnel sent to the installation site upon placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale for on-site technical support services.

Installation or training support shall be provided by factory-authorized representative.

All product documentation shall be written in the English language.

**Q. LED Luminaires**

Luminaires shall conform to the following Standards and Special Provisions:

**Standards**

- ANSI/NFPA 70, National Electrical Code
- FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Federal Code Of Regulation (CFR) testing standard for electronic equipment
- IEEE C62.41, Guide on the Surge Environment in Low-Voltage (1000 V and Less) AC Power Circuits
- IESNA LM-79, Electrical and Photometric Measurements of Solid-State Lighting Products
- IESNA LM-80, Approved Method for Measuring Lumen Maintenance of LED Light Sources
- IESNA TM-15, Luminaire Classification System for Outdoor Luminaires
- NEMA SSL 3-2010, High-Power White LED Binning for General Illumination
- UL1598, Standard for Safety of Luminaires

**Led Luminaires**

Material and specifications for each luminaire are as follows:

- Each luminaire shall consist of an assembly that utilizes LEDs as the light source. The complete luminaire shall consist of a housing, LED array, and electronic driver (power supply).
- Each luminaire shall be rated for a minimum operational life of 50,000 hours at an average operating time of 11.5 hours per night at 40°C (104°F).
- The rated operating temperature range shall be -30°C (-22°F) to +40°C (104°F).
- Each luminaire is capable of operating above 40°C (104°F), but not expected to comply with photometric requirements at elevated temperatures.
- Photometry must be compliant with IESNA LM-79.
- Each luminaire shall meet all parameters of this specification throughout the minimum operational life when operated at the average nighttime temperature.
- The individual LEDs shall be constructed such that a catastrophic loss or the failure of one LED will not result in the loss of the entire luminaire.
- Luminaire shall be constructed such that LED modules may be replaced or repaired without replacement of whole luminaire.
- Each luminaire shall be listed with Underwriters Laboratory, Inc. under UL1598 for luminaires in wet locations.

## **Technical Requirements**

### **1. Electrical**

- a. Luminaire shall have a minimum efficacy of 70 lumens per watt and shall consume no more than 160 watts. The luminaire shall not consume power in the off state.
- b. Operation Voltage: The luminaire shall operate from a 60 HZ  $\pm$ 3 HZ AC line over a voltage ranging from 108 VAC to 305 VAC. The fluctuations of line voltage shall have no visible effect on the luminous output.
- c. Power Factor: The luminaire shall have a power factor of 0.9 or greater.
- d. THD: Total harmonic distortion (current and voltage) induced into an AC power line by a luminaire shall not exceed 20 percent.
- e. Surge Suppression: The luminaire onboard circuitry shall include surge protection devices (SPD) to withstand high repetition noise transients as a result of utility line switching, nearby lightning strikes, and other interference. The SPD protects the luminaire from damage and failure for common (Line-to-Ground) and differential (Line-to-Line) mode transient peak currents up to 10 kA (minimum). SPD conforms to UL 1449. SPD performance has been tested per procedures in ANSI/IEEE C62.41-2:2002 category C high exposure and ANSI C136.2 10kV BIL. The SPD shall fail in such a way as the Luminaire will no longer operate. The SPD shall be field replaceable.
- f. Operational Performance: The LED circuitry shall prevent visible flicker to the unaided eye over the voltage range specified above.
- g. RF Interference: LED Drivers must meet Class A emission limits referred in Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Title 47, Subpart B, Section 15 regulations concerning the emission of electronic noise.

### **2. Photometric Requirements**

- a. Optical Assemblies: LEDs shall be provided with discreet over optical elements to provide an IESNA Type III distribution. Additional distributions for glare control shall be utilized when direct source must be mitigated. Mitigation must take place without external shielding elements. Optical assemblies shall have a minimum efficiency of 85% regardless of distribution type. All LEDs and optical assemblies shall be mounted parallel to the ground. All LEDs shall provide the same optical pattern such that catastrophic failures of individual LEDs will not constitute a loss in the distribution pattern.
- b. No more than 3% of the total luminaire lumens shall be in the 80° to 90° range and no lumens will be emitted above 90°. BUG rating shall not exceed B3-U0-G3.
- c. Light Color/Quality: The luminaire shall have a correlated color temperature (CCT) of 4,000K +/- 275K. The color rendition index (CRI) shall be a nominal 70.
- d. 75% or more of the total luminaire lumens shall be to the street side of the luminaire.
- e. The optical assembly of the luminaire shall be protected against dust and moisture intrusion per the requirements of IP-66 (minimum) to protect all optical components.
- f. Luminaire manufacturer shall provide the LED manufacturers LM-80 report.
  - LM-80 report shall be at a drive current of 1000mA or less
  - LM-80 report shall be a minimum of 10,000 hours
  - LM-80 report shall show lumen depreciation of 1% or less for all LED case temperatures on the report including 55°C, 85°C, 105°C

### 3. Thermal Management

- a. The thermal management (of the heat generated by the LEDs) shall be of sufficient capacity to assure proper operation of the luminaire over the expected useful life.
- b. The LED manufacturer's maximum thermal pad temperature for the expected life shall not be exceeded.
- c. Thermal management shall be passive by design. The use of fans or other mechanical devices shall not be allowed.
- d. The luminaire shall have a minimum heat sink surface such that LED manufacturer's maximum junction temperature is not exceeded at maximum rated ambient temperature.
- e. The heat sink material shall be aluminum.

### 4. Physical and Mechanical Requirements

- a. Thermally conductive extruded aluminum heat sinks shall be secured to a clear anodized extruded aluminum door frame with a cast aluminum end cap for optimum cooling. The cast aluminum electrical compartment shall be separate from the LED array to ensure cooler operating temperatures of the driver. Access to the electrical compartment shall be tool-less by use of stainless steel latches. Driver and surge module shall be secured to the swing down door which can easily be removed and exchanged without the use of tools by separating a quick disconnect electrical connection. Housing shall be designed to prevent the buildup of water on the top of the housing. Each optical assembly shall be field rotatable and shall have "street side" and "house side" cast into the optics to indicate beam pattern. Each optic shall be electrically connected with a quick disconnect plug and secured to the housing with four stainless steel screws.
- b. Luminaire shall include cast in pipe stops, leveling steps and a four bolt mounting system capable of accommodating 1¼" to 2" ID pipe (1 5/8" to 2 3/8" OD).
- c. The maximum weight of the luminaire shall be 30 lbs and the maximum effective projected area shall not exceed 1.4 sq ft.
- d. The housing shall meet the requirements for NEMA/UL wet location, be UL listed and gray in color with a flat or semi-gloss sheen.
- e. Luminaire options to include a NEMA photocontrol receptacle and dimming driver.
- f. The power supply shall be contained inside the luminaire and a minimum IP rating of IP-65.
- g. The assembly and manufacturing process for the LED luminaire shall be designed to assure all internal components are adequately supported to withstand mechanical shock and vibration. Luminaire shall withstand vibration, meeting ANSI C136.31 American Standard for Roadway and Area Lighting Equipment – Luminaire Vibration for normal and bridge operation (3G minimum).

### 5. Materials

- a. Housing and door frame shall be aluminum with a nominal 2.5 mil thick paint finish able to withstand a 3000 hour salt spray test as specified in ASTM Designation: B117. Housing shall have a minimum IP rating of IP-65.
- b. Each refractor or lens shall be made from UV inhibited high impact optical grade material and be resistant to scratching.
- c. All aluminum used in housing and brackets shall be a marine grade alloy with less than 2% copper. All exposed aluminum shall be anodized.

- d. Polymeric materials (if used) of enclosures containing either the power supply or electronic components of the luminaire shall be made of UL94VO flame retardant materials. The len(s) of the luminaire are excluded from this requirement.
- e. Paint or powder coating of the housing shall conform to the requirement of the Caltrans Standard Specifications.

### ***Identification***

Each LED luminaire shall have the manufacture's name, trademark, model number, serial number, date of manufacture (month-year), and lot number as identification permanently marked inside each unit and the outside of each packaging box.

The operation characteristics such as rated voltage and rated power in watts and Volt-Ampere shall be permanently marked inside each LED luminaire unit.

### ***Quality Assurance***

LED luminaire manufacturer shall provide 5-year warranty on LED luminaires that includes LEDs, housing, drivers and finish.

LED luminaire manufacturer shall not use IESNA LM-80 data to predict luminaire lifetime and shall demonstrate a suitable testing program incorporating high heat, high humidity and thermal shock test regimens to ensure system reliability and to substantiate lifetime claims.

Electrical and light technical properties shall be recorded for each LED luminaire during manufacture. This should include lumen output, CCT, and CRI at a minimum. Each luminaire shall utilize a unique serial numbering scheme. Technical properties must be made available for a minimum of 5 years after the date of manufacture.

Luminaires shall be fully assembled and individually electrically tested prior to shipment.

### ***Submittals***

Product data submitted for approvals shall include, but not limited to materials, finishes, photometric performance, photometric layouts, dimensional information and LM-79 report for each luminaire conducted by National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), accredited photometric laboratory.

### ***Delivery, Storage and Handling***

Deliver luminaires and components carefully to avoid breakage, bending and scoring finishes. Do not install damaged equipment.

Store luminaires and accessories in original cartons and in clean dry space; protect from weather and construction traffic.

## **R. Emergency Vehicle Preemption System**

Furnish and install complete and functioning emergency vehicle preemption (EVP) system as intended per plans, the manufacturer, and these special provisions.

### ***Cable***

Optical detector cable shall meet the requirements of IPCEA-S-61-402/NEMA WC 5, Section 7.4, 600 V Control cable, 75 degrees C, Type B, and the following:

1. The cable shall contain 3 conductors, each of which shall be AWG# 20 (7 x 28) stranded, tinned copper. Insulation of individual conductors shall be color-coded: 1-Yellow, 1-Orange, and 1-Blue.
2. The shield shall be either tinned copper braid or aluminized polyester film with a nominal 20% overlap. When film is used, an AWG# 20 (7 x 28) stranded, tinned, bare drain wire shall be placed between the insulated conductors and the shield and in contact with the conductive surface of the shield.
3. The jacket shall be marked as required by IPCEA/NEMA.

The cable run between each detector and the Traffic Controller cabinet shall be continuous without splices.

### **Cabinet Wiring**

Wiring for a Model 332 cabinet shall conform to the following:

1. Slots 12 and 13 of input file "J" shall be wired to accept either a 2 channel or a 4 channel module.
2. Field wiring for the primary detectors, except the 24 VDC power, shall terminate on either terminal block TB-9 in the controller cabinet or on the rear of input file "J", depending on cabinet configuration. Where TB-9 is used, position assignments shall be as follows:
  - a. TB-9 - 1 = Not Used
  - b. TB-9 - 2 = + 24 VDC Out (Orange)
  - c. TB-9 - 3 = + 24 VDC Out (Orange)
  - d. TB-9 - 4 = EVA Detector (Yellow)
  - e. TB-9 - 5 = EVC Detector (Yellow)
  - f. TB-9 - 6 = DC Common Out (Blue)
  - g. TB-9 - 7 = EVB Detector (Yellow)
  - h. TB-9 - 8 = EVD Detector (Yellow)
  - i. TB-9 - 9 = DC Common Out (Blue)

Assuming TB9 - 2 and TB9 - 3 are unused on the "J" File, move wires on J11-J & J11-K (Twisted Pair) to J12-E & J13-E, respectively.

Field wiring for auxiliary detectors may terminate on terminal board TB-0 (If unused) in the controller cabinet. Use manufactures recommended wiring for these connections.

### **System Operation**

The contractor shall demonstrate that the components of each system are compatible and will perform satisfactorily as a system. Satisfactorily performance shall be determined using the following test procedure during the functional test period:

1. Each system to be used for testing shall consist of an optical detector, an optical detector cable and a phase selector module.
2. The phase selector shall be installed in the proper input file slot of the Model 332 or 333 controller cabinet assembly.
3. Two tests shall be conducted; one using a Class I signal emitter and a distance of 1000 feet between the emitter and the detector, the other using a Class II signal emitter and a distance

of 1800 feet between the emitter and the detector. Range adjustments on the phase selector shall be set to "Maximum" for each test.

4. During the tests of the Class I and Class II emitters, the proper response from the Model 170E and 2070 controller unit during the "ON" interval and there shall be no improper operation of the Model 170E or 2070 controller unit or the monitor during the "OFF" interval.

Arrange for a technician from the EVP manufacturer, to be present for the first day of the traffic signal and lighting function test to insure proper installation and functioning of the EVP equipment.

Arrange for a technician from the controller assembly manufacturer to perform any controller modifications required for the installation, or operation, of the EVP equipment.

#### **S. GPS Universal Time Sources**

The GPS Universal Time Source shall be a McCain model M44342 or approved equal. The Engineer shall approve any alternate GPS time source prior to installation.

The GPS Universal Time Source shall incorporate a precision GPS receiver and a microprocessor to decode the time signals received from the GPS satellite network. The Universal Time Source shall interface this time signal to a model 170E controller (using Bi-Tran local software) to provide an accurate clock update to the traffic signal controller.

The GPS Universal Time Source shall meet or exceed the following criteria:

- Operate in temperatures from  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- Receive power through 170E controller's ACIA port.
- Provide 170E controller with the time, date, and day of the week data.
- Software configured time zone and daylight savings operations.
- Support RS-232C serial data rates at 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 48000, 9600 and 19200 bps.
- Provide LED indicators for communication status to a satellite.
- Provide a weatherproof disc antenna no greater than 3" diameter x 1" height to be mounted directly to the top of the traffic signal controller cabinet.
- Provide all cabling and connectors with the correct pin assignments to interface the GPS unit to antenna and to 170E controller.

Proper gaskets or other weatherproofing materials for the antenna shall be supplied and installed to prevent water or moisture from entering the traffic signal controller cabinet.

#### **T. Payment Method**

The contract price paid per Lump Sum for Signal and Lighting shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, foundations, pole and mast arm mounted regulatory signs, documents, programming, testing, potholing required for utility verification prior to all conduit installation, temporary overhead wiring, temporary wireless video detection and incidents and for doing all the work specified herein, elsewhere in these Special Provisions, and plans including the complete installation of an operational traffic signal and lighting system and no additional compensation shall be allowed therefor.

# **Appendix A**

## **AQMD Recommendations**

## Dust Abatement Attachments

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**AQMD SIGNAGE RECOMMENDATIONS****November, 2001**

Plan holder shall post signage at specified locations on the subject property in accordance with the standards specified below. The exception to the standards is that all letters shall be 4 inches high, with the names and telephone numbers of appropriate contacts and services in bold print, as indicated in the standards. These signs shall also include the SCAQMD toll free complaint line 1-800-CUT-SMOG (1-800-288-7664) and the telephone number for the Environmental Observer. These signs shall be posted within 50 feet of the curb on all four (4) corners of the subject property.

For each Dust Control Plan aggregating less than, or equal to, ten (10) acres:

1. The applicant shall install a sign on such property which is visible to the public that meets the following requirements:
  - (a) Such sign shall measure at least four (4) feet wide by four (4) feet high and conform to the specifications in 1 (a) below.

For each Dust Control Plan aggregating over ten (10) acres:

2. The applicant shall install a sign on such property which is visible to the public that meets the following requirements:
  - (a) Such sign shall measure at least eight (8) feet wide by four (4) feet high and conform to the specifications in 1 (b) below.

**THE SIGN SHALL CONFORM TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:**

1. **The sign boards shall be constructed with materials capable of withstanding the environment in which they are placed.**

(a) For 4' x 4' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. 3/4" A/C laminated plywood board
- II. Two 4" x 4" posts
- III. The posts should be attached to the edges of the plywood board with at least 2 carriage bolts on each post.
- IV. The front surface of the sign board should be painted in the contrasting color of a white background with black lettering.

(b) For 4' x 8' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. 1" A/C laminated plywood board
- II. Two 5" x 6" posts
- III. The posts should be attached to the 4' edges of the plywood board with at least 2 carriage bolts on each post.
- IV. The front surface of the sign board should be painted in the contrasting color of a white background with black lettering.

**2. The sign board shall be installed and maintained in a condition such that members of the public can easily view, access, and read the sign at all times until the expiration date of the Dust Control plan.**

(a) For 4' x 4' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. The lower edge of the sign board should be mounted at least 2' above the existing ground surface to facilitate ease of viewing.
- II. The posts should be set in a hole at least 3' deep with concrete footings to preclude downing by high winds.
- III. On the construction site, the sign should be positioned such that nothing obstructs the public's view from the primary street access point.
- IV. For construction projects that are developed in phases, the sign should be moved to the area that is under active construction.
- V. In situations where all phases of the construction project are completed on a property prior to expiration of the Dust Control Plan, a written request for cancellation of the Dust Control Plan must be submitted to the Engineer.

(b) For 4' x 8' signs, the District recommends the following:

- I. The lower edge of the sign board should be mounted at least 2' above the existing ground surface to facilitate ease of viewing.
- II. The posts should be set in a hole at least 4' deep with concrete footings to preclude downing by high winds.
- III. On the construction site, the sign should be positioned such that nothing obstructs the public's view from the primary street access point.
- IV. For construction projects that are developed in phases, the sign should be moved to the area that is under active construction.
- V. In situations where all phases of the construction project are completed on a property prior to expiration of the Dust Control Plan, a written request for cancellation of the Dust Control Plan must be submitted to the Engineer.

**3. The sign board shall contain the following information:**

- (a) Project Name
- (b) Name of Prime Contractor
- (c) Phone Number of Contractor's Employee Responsible for Dust Control Matters
- (d) County designated phone number (to be provided by the Engineer)
- (e) South Coast Air Quality Management District Phone Number

4. The sign board shall be designed to the following alpha and numeric text dimensions (sign boards written in longhand are unacceptable).

(a) For a permittee subject to the 4' x 4' sign requirement, the District provides the following example: (as modified by the County of Riverside for use on County Public Works projects)

1" UPPERCASE Letters →	PROJECT NAME:		3 ½ " Title Case Bold Letters ←
1" UPPERCASE Letters →	CONTRACTOR		3 ½ " Title Case Bold Letters ←
1" Title Case Letters →	Contractor's Dust Control Phone #		3" Bold Numbers ←
1" Title Case Letters →	County of Riverside Phone #		3" Bold Numbers ←
1" Title Case Letters →	Phone Number:	<b>SCAQMD</b> <b>1-800-CUT-SMOG</b>	3 ½ " Bold Numbers ←

"Title Case" means the first letter of a word is capitalized and subsequent letters are lower case.

AQMD Recommendations

(b) For a permittee subject to the 4' x 8' sign requirement, the District provides the following example: (as modified by the County of Riverside)

2" UPPERCASE Letters	PROJECT NAME:	4" Title Case Bold Letters
2" UPPERCASE Letters	CONTRACTOR	4" Title Case Bold Letters
2" Title Case Letters	Contractor's Dust Control Phone #	4" Bold Numbers
2" Title Case Letters	County of Riverside Phone #	4" Bold Numbers
2" Title Case Letters	Phone Number:	4 1/2" Bold Numbers
2" Title Case Letters	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>SCAQMD</b> <b>1-800-CUT-SMOG</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE</b> <b>TRANSPORTATION DEPARTMENT</b></p>	

Section 1

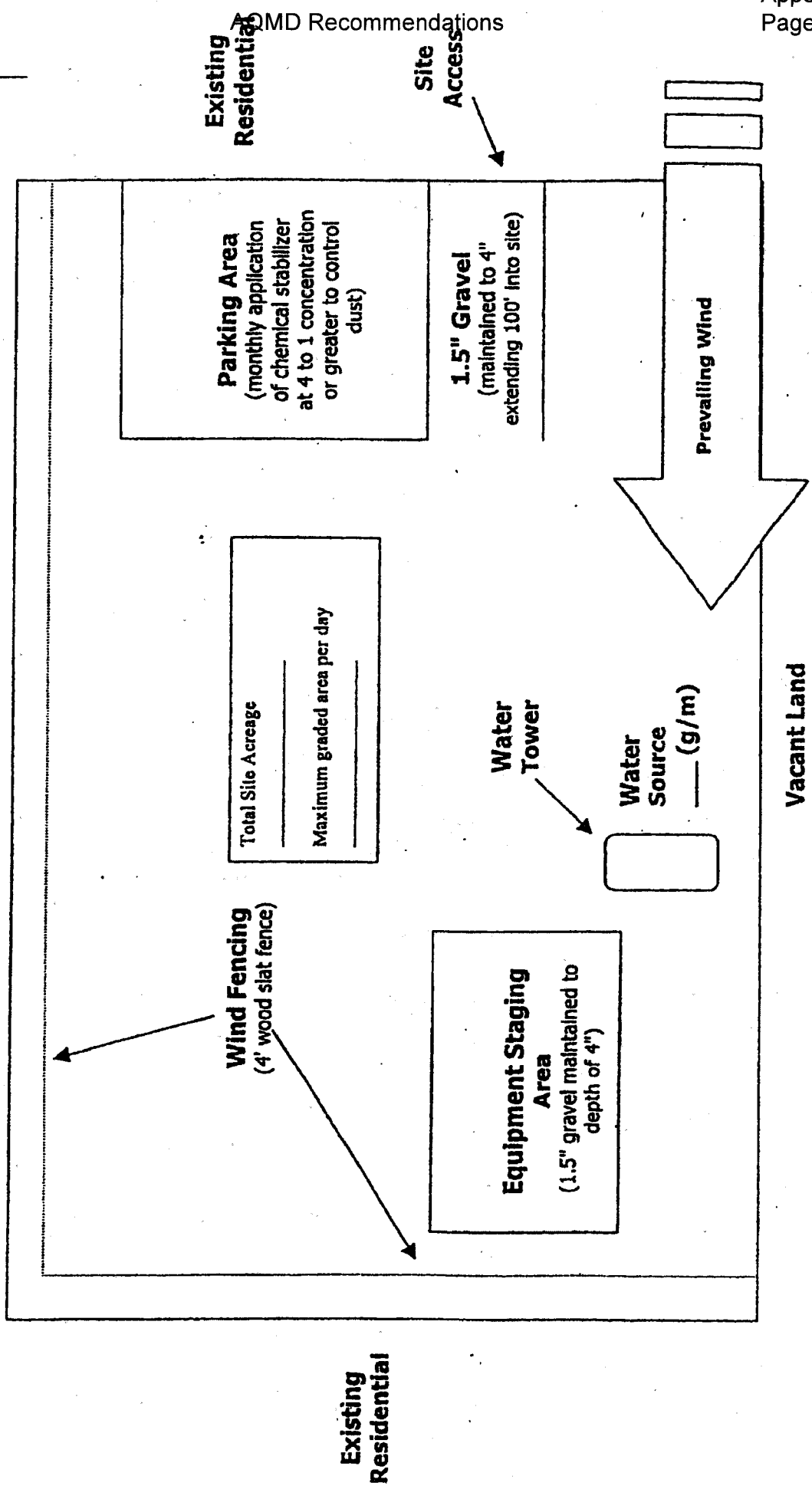
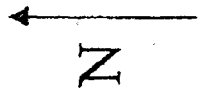
Simplified Sample Site Plan

Existing Residential

Distance and location of nearest:

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

Business \_\_\_\_\_



Existing Residential  
APMD Recommendations  
Site Access

**Parking Area**  
(monthly application of chemical stabilizer at 4 to 1 concentration or greater to control dust)

**1.5" Gravel**  
(maintained to 4" extending 100' into site)

Prevaling Wind

Total Site Acreage \_\_\_\_\_

Maximum graded area per day \_\_\_\_\_

Water Tower

Water Source  
\_\_\_\_\_ (g/m)

**Wind Fencing**  
(4' wood slat fence)

**Equipment Staging Area**  
(1.5" gravel maintained to depth of 4")

Vacant Land

Existing Residential

Remember...  
**DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK, REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**

### Plan Review Checklist Clearing/Grubbing/Mass Grading Phase

- If feasible, use grading permit conditions to break the project into phases so that only a portion of the site is disturbed at any given time to ensure control of fugitive dust. This technique is critical for project sites with greater than 100 acres.
  
- Prior to initiating activity, pre-water site through use of portable irrigation lines. At least 72 hours of pre-watering is recommended for each area prior to initiating earth-movement. Require the Applicant to specify water source and available flow rate (g/m).
  
- Water applied continuously to all disturbed portions of the site by means of water truck/water pull as necessary to maintain sufficient visible moisture on the soil surface. For reference, one 2,000 gallon water truck can treat approximately 4 acres of active construction per hour. Also, for cut and fill activities, one 10,000 gallon water pull is estimated to be necessary for each 7,000 cubic yards of daily earth-movement. Multiple 4,000-gallon water trucks may be used in place of one 10,000-gallon water pull. Touch and visual contrast are reasonably good indicators of soil moisture. Surface areas that are dry to the touch and appear lighter-colored require the application of additional water to prevent visible or fugitive dust. Require the Applicant to specify the number of watering vehicles available for dust control during mass grading and during off-hours as well as availability of back-up water trucks if the site experiences dust control problems.
  
- Water towers are necessary for projects with more than 10 acres of active construction. Without a water tower, it can take up to 30 minutes to fill a 2,000 gallon water truck. Also, multiple water towers are necessary for projects that use water pulls as filling one 10,000 gallon water pull can drain a water tower which takes up to 40 minutes to refill.
  
- Wind fencing is necessary between the site and nearby residences or businesses. Off-site upwind fencing and on-site wind fencing for larger projects can also keep blowsand from being deposited onto the site or traveling through the site.
  
- A perimeter watering system consisting of portable irrigation equipment may be an effective mitigation system to protect surrounding residences and businesses. The portable watering system may be used in place of or in conjunction with watering trucks. The local jurisdiction may also be provided access to this equipment.

**Remember...**

**DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,  
REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**

Construction site accesses are to be improved with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4" , at least 20' wide, and extending 100 feet into the site. If the project site is not balanced, a wheel washing system and/or ribbed steel plates should be placed in the roadway before the vehicle enters the graveled area to clean the tires and prevent trackout.

Equipment staging areas are to be treated with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4".

Employee parking areas are to be covered with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4" or treated with chemical dust suppressants at a 4 to 1 ratio on at least a monthly basis to prevent fugitive dust.

Chemical dust suppressants are to be mixed at a ratio of 20 to 1 and applied to all disturbed surfaces that are proposed to remain inactive for a period of at least 10 consecutive days. These products are effective in preventing and controlling dust. Recordkeeping is necessary to demonstrate compliance.

All project sites greater than 100 acres shall monitor daily wind speeds and AQMD forecasted wind events (call 1.800.CUT.SMOG, press one for air quality information, and then press five for Coachella Valley wind forecasts). Operators shall maintain these records for review by any local code enforcement officer or AQMD inspector.

An environmental observer whose primary duty is to oversee dust control at the site is to be used for construction projects greater than 100 acres and/or sites with more than 50 acres of active construction. The environmental observer is tasked with monitoring dust abatement measures and authorized to deploy additional water trucks and other dust control actions (i.e., wind fencing, street sweepers, chemical dust suppressants, etc.) as necessary to prevent or control fugitive dust.

Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Remember...**  
**DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,**  
**REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**

**Plan Review Checklist  
Finish Grading Phase**

- Water applied continuously to all disturbed portions of the site by means of water truck/water pull as necessary to maintain sufficient visible moisture on the soil surface. For reference, one 2,000 gallon water truck can treat approximately 4 acres of active construction per hour. Also, for cut and fill activities, one 10,000 gallon water pull is estimated to be necessary for each 7,000 cubic yards of daily earth-movement. Multiple 4,000-gallon water trucks may be used in place of a 10,000-gallon water pull. Touch and visual contrast are reasonably good indicators of soil moisture. Surface areas that are dry to the touch and appear lighter-colored require the application of additional water to prevent visible or fugitive dust. Require the Applicant to specify the number of watering vehicles available for dust control during finish grading and during off-hours as well as availability of back-up water trucks if the site experiences dust control problems.
- Water towers are necessary for projects with more than 10 acres of active construction. Without a water tower, it can take up to 30 minutes to fill a 2,000 gallon water truck. Also, multiple water towers are necessary for projects that use water pulls as filling one 10,000 gallon water pull can drain a water tower which takes up to 40 minutes to refill.
- Wind fencing is necessary between the site and nearby residences or businesses to reduce fugitive dust. Off-site upwind fencing and on-site wind fencing for larger projects can also keep blowsand from being deposited onto the site or traveling through a site.
- Chemical dust suppressants are to be applied at a concentration of at least 10 to 1 to finish graded areas once final elevations have been reached. For areas that will remain inactive for longer periods, vegetation can be a cost-effective alternative to chemical stabilization. Wind fencing or other obstructions can keep the stabilized area free from future disturbances.
- Construction site access(es) are to be improved with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of at least 4" with a minimum width of at least 20', extending 100 feet into the project site.
- Equipment staging areas are to be treated with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4".
- Internal roadway networks are to be treated with chemical dust suppressants at a minimum rate of at least 4 to 1 and retreated on a monthly basis once final roadway elevations have been reached.
- Employee parking areas are to be treated with chemical dust suppressants at a mix ratio of at least 4 to 1 and retreated on at least a monthly basis or covered with 1.5" gravel maintained to a depth of 4" to prevent fugitive dust.
- Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Remember...  
DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,  
REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**



### Plan Review Checklist Construction Phase

Water applied continuously to all disturbed portions of the site by means of water truck/water pull is necessary to maintain sufficient visible moisture on the soil surface. For reference, one 2,000 gallon water truck can treat approximately 4 acres of active construction per hour. Touch and visual contrast are reasonably good indicators of soil moisture. Surface areas that are dry to the touch and appear lighter-colored require the application of additional water to prevent visible or fugitive dust. Require the Applicant to specify the number of watering vehicles available for dust control during the construction phase and during off-hours as well as availability of back-up water trucks if the site experiences dust control problems.

Wind fencing is necessary between the site and nearby residences or businesses. Off-site upwind fencing and on-site wind fencing for larger projects can also keep blowsand from being deposited onto the site or traveling through the site. Block walls, if part of the final project, can replace wind fencing during the construction phase.

Chemical dust suppressants are to be applied at a concentration of at least 20 to 1 to finish graded areas once final elevations have been reached. For areas that will remain inactive for longer periods, vegetation can be a cost-effective alternative to chemical stabilization. Wind fencing or other obstructions can keep the stabilized area free from future disturbances.

Construction site accesses are to be improved with 1.5" gravel, maintained to a depth of 4", with a width of at least 20', extending 100' into the project site. Paving internal roadways can substitute for gravel.

Internal roadway networks are to be paved as early as feasible in the construction phase. Street sweeping of internal and/or external access roads will likely be required to control entrained road dust.

Employee parking areas are to be treated with chemical dust suppressants at a mix ratio of no less than 4 to 1 and retreated on a monthly basis, or more frequently if fugitive dust is observed. If internal roadway is complete, employees are to be instructed to park on paved roads.

Other (specify): \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Remember...**  
**DUST CONTROL IS REQUIRED 24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK,**  
**REGARDLESS OF CONSTRUCTION STATUS**

**RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK**

---

**REASONABLY AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES**

Paragraph (d)(3) of Rule 403 allows activities outside the South Coast Air Basin (see Figure 2-1) to implement reasonably available control measures in lieu of best available control measures. Additionally, as specified by subparagraph (f)(3)(D) of Rule 403, any person seeking approval of a fugitive dust emissions control plan for projects outside the South Coast Air Basin must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the District that the given activity is employing all reasonably available fugitive dust control measures.

The District has prepared the attached listing of reasonably available fugitive dust control measures for a variety of source categories. This list is based on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's reference document entitled, "Control of Open Fugitive Dust Sources," Midwest Research Institute, September 1988.

The District encourages the use of those dust control measures that minimize the use of potable water. When water is needed, reclaimed water should be utilized to the greatest extent feasible.

**RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK**

**REASONABLY AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES**

The left column contains a listing of the sources of fugitive dust which are intended for emission control under District Rule 403 and a listing of control measures and high-wind measures. The right column contains a description of the reasonably available fugitive dust control measures for each of the sources.

Source: (1) Land Clearing/Earth-Moving

**CONTROL MEASURES**

**DESCRIPTION**

- |                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| (A) Watering                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Application of water by means of trucks, hoses and/or sprinklers prior to conducting any land clearing. This will increase the moisture content of the soils; thereby increasing its stability.</li> <li>(2) Pre-application of water to depths of proposed cuts.</li> <li>(3) Once the land clearing/earth moving activities are complete, a second application of water can generate a thin crust that stabilizes the disturbed surface area provided that it is not disturbed. (Security fencing can be used to prevent unwanted future disturbances of sites where a surface crust has been created).</li> </ul> |
| (B) Chemical stabilizers       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Only effective in areas which are not subject to daily disturbances.</li> <li>(2) Vendors can supply information on product application and required concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule.</li> </ul>   |
| (C) Wind fencing               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity located adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of windblown material leaving a site.</li> <li>(2) Would likely be used in conjunction with other measures (e.g., watering, chemical stabilization, etc.) to ensure that visible emissions do not cross a property line.</li> </ul>   |
| (D) Cover haul vehicles        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Entire surface area of hauled earth should be covered once vehicle is full.</li> </ul>   |
| (E) Bedliners in haul vehicles | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) When feasible, use in bottom-dumping haul vehicles.</li> </ul>   |

**HIGH WIND MEASURE**

- (a) Cease all active operations; or
- (b) Apply water within 15 minutes to any soil surface which is being moved or otherwise disturbed.

Source: (2) Unpaved Roads

**CONTROL MEASURES**

**DESCRIPTION**

- |                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| (F) Paving                 | (1) Requires street sweeping/cleaning if subject to material accumulation.  |
| (G) Chemical stabilization | (1) Vendors can supply information as to application methods and concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule<br>(2) Not recommended for high volume or heavy equipment traffic use. |
| (H) Watering               | (1) In sufficient quantities to keep surface moist.<br>(2) Required application frequency will vary according to soil type, weather conditions, and vehicular use.  |
| (I) Reduce speed limits    | (1) 15 mile per hour maximum. May need to be used in conjunction with watering or chemical stabilization to prevent visible emissions from crossing the property line.                                    |
| (J) Reduce vehicular trips | (1) Access restriction or redirecting traffic to reduce vehicle trips by a minimum of 60 percent.   |
| (K) Gravel                 | (1) Gravel maintained to a depth of four inches can be an effective measure.<br>(2) Should only be used in areas where paving, chemical stabilization or frequent watering is not feasible.               |

**HIGH WIND MEASURE**

- (c) Apply a chemical stabilizer (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or
- (d) Apply water once each hour; or
- (e) Stop all vehicular traffic.

January 1999

# RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (3) Storage Piles

## CONTROL MEASURES

### DESCRIPTION

- (L) Wind sheltering
  - (1) Enclose in silos.
  - (2) Install three-sided barriers equal to height of material, with no more than 50 percent porosity.
- (M) Watering
  - (1) Application methods include: spray bars, hoses and water trucks.
  - (2) Frequency of application will vary on site-specific conditions.
- (N) Chemical stabilizers
  - (1) Best for use on storage piles subject to infrequent disturbances.
- (O) Altering load-in/load-out procedures
  - (1) Confine load-in/load-out procedures to leeward (downwind) side of the material.
  - (2) May need to be used in conjunction with wind sheltering to prevent visible emissions from crossing the property line.
- (P) Coverings
  - (1) Tarps, plastic, or other material can be used as a temporary covering.
  - (2) When used, these should be anchored to prevent wind from removing coverings.

## HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (f) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or
- (g) Apply water once per hour; or
- (h) Install temporary covers.

Source: (4) Paved Road Track-Out

**CONTROL MEASURES**

**DESCRIPTION**

- |                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| (Q) Chemical stabilization     | (1) Most effective when used on areas where active operations have ceased.<br>(2) Vendors can supply information on methods for application and required concentrations. |
| (R) Sweep/clean roadways       | (1) Either sweeping or water flushing may be used.   |
| (S) Cover haul vehicles        | (1) Entire surface area should be covered once vehicle is full.  |
| (T) Bedliners in haul vehicles | (1) When feasible, use in bottom dumping vehicles.   |
| (U) Site access improvement    | (1) Pave internal roadway system.<br>(2) Most important segment, last 100 yards from the connection with paved public roads  |

**HIGH WIND MEASURE**

- (i) Cover all haul vehicles; and
- (j) Clean streets with water flushing, unless prohibited by the Regional Water Quality Control Board.

RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (S) Disturbed Surface Areas/ Inactive Construction Sites

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

- (Q) Chemical stabilization
  - (1) Most effective when used on areas where active operations have ceased.
  - (2) Vendors can supply information on methods for application and required concentrations.
- (R) Watering
  - (1) Requires frequent applications unless a surface crust can be developed.
- (S) Wind fencing
  - (1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of wind blown material leaving a site.
- (T) Vegetation
  - (1) Establish as quickly as possible when active operations have ceased.
  - (2) Use of drought tolerant, native vegetation is encouraged.

HIGH WIND MEASURES

- (k) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule); or
- (l) Apply water to all disturbed surface areas 3 times per day.

**RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK**

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**BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES**

Rule 403, paragraph (d)(2) requires active operations [defined in Rule 403, paragraph (c)(1)] within the South Coast Air Basin (see Figure 2-1) to implement at least one best available control measure for each fugitive dust source type on site. Additionally, as specified by subparagraph (f)(3)(D) of Rule 403, any person seeking approval of a fugitive dust emissions control plan for projects within the South Coast Air Basin must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the AQMD that the given activity is employing all best available fugitive dust control measures.

The AQMD has prepared the attached listing of best available fugitive dust control measures for a variety of source categories. This list is based on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's reference document entitled, "Fugitive Dust Background Document and Technical Information Document for Best Available Control Measures," Office of Air and Radiation, September 1992.

The AQMD encourages the use of those dust control measures that minimize the use of potable water. When water is needed, reclaimed water should be utilized to the greatest extent feasible.



# RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

## BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES

The left column contains a listing of the sources of fugitive dust which are intended for emission control under District Rule 403 and a listing of control measures and high-wind measures. The right column contains a description of the best available fugitive dust control measures for each of the sources.

Source: (1) Land Clearing/Earth-Moving

### CONTROL MEASURES

#### DESCRIPTION

- |                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| (A) Watering (pre-grading)     | (1) Application of water by means of trucks, hoses and/or sprinklers prior to conducting any land clearing. This will increase the moisture content of the soils; thereby increasing its stability.<br>(2) Pre-application of water to depths of proposed cuts. |
| (A-1) Watering (post-grading)  | (1) In active earth-moving areas water should be applied at sufficient frequency and quantity to prevent visible emissions from extending more than 100 feet from the point of origin.  |
| (A-2) Pre-grading planning     | (1) Grade each phase separately, timed to coincide with construction phase; or<br>(2) Grade entire project, but apply chemical stabilizers or ground cover to graded areas where construction phase begins more than 60 days after grading phase ends.          |
| (B) Chemical stabilizers       | (1) Only effective in areas which are not subject to daily disturbances.<br>(2) Vendors can supply information on product application and required concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule.   |
| (C) Wind fencing               | (1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity located adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of windblown material leaving a site. Must be implemented in conjunction with either measure (A-1) or (B).       |
| (D) Cover haul vehicles        | (1) Entire surface area of hauled earth should be covered once vehicle is full.   |
| (E) Bedliners in haul vehicles | (1) When feasible, use in bottom-dumping haul vehicles.   |

### HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (a) Cease all active operations; or  
(b) Apply water within 15 minutes to any soil surface which is being moved or otherwise disturbed.

# RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (2) Unpaved Roads

## CONTROL MEASURES

## DESCRIPTION

- |                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| (F) Paving                 | (1) Requires street sweeping/cleaning if subject to material accumulation.  |
| (G) Chemical stabilization | (1) Vendors can supply information as to application methods and concentrations to meet the specifications established by the Rule<br>(2) Not recommended for high volume or heavy equipment traffic use. |
| (H) Watering               | (1) In sufficient quantities to keep surface moist.<br>(2) Required application frequency will vary according to soil type, weather conditions, and vehicular use.  |
| (I) Reduce speed limits    | (1) 15 mile per hour maximum. May need to be used in conjunction with watering or chemical stabilization to prevent visible emissions from crossing the property line.                                    |
| (J) Reduce vehicular trips | (1) Access restriction or redirecting traffic to reduce vehicle trips by a minimum of 60 percent.   |
| (K) Gravel                 | (1) Gravel maintained to a depth of four inches can be an effective measure.<br>(2) Should only be used in areas where paving, chemical stabilization or frequent watering is not feasible.               |

## HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (a) Apply a chemical stabilizer (to meet the specifications established by the Rule ) prior to wind events; or
- (b) Apply water once each hour; or
- (c) Stop all vehicular traffic.

# RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK

Source: (3) Storage Piles

## CONTROL MEASURES

### DESCRIPTION

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| (L) Wind sheltering                      | (1) Enclose in silos.<br>(2) Install three-sided barriers equal to height of material, with no more than 50 percent porosity.                                  |
| (M) Watering                             | (1) Application methods include: spray bars, hoses and water trucks.<br>(2) Frequency of application will vary on site-specific conditions.                    |
| (N) Chemical stabilizers                 | (1) Best for use on storage piles subject to infrequent disturbances.  |
| (O) Altering load-in/load-out procedures | (1) Confine load-in/load-out procedures to leeward (downwind) side of the material.<br>Must be used in conjunction with either measure (L), (M), (N), or (P).  |
| (P) Coverings                            | (1) Tarps, plastic, or other material can be used as a temporary covering.<br>(2) When used, these should be anchored to prevent wind from removing coverings. |

## HIGH WIND MEASURE

- (a) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule) prior to wind events; or  
(b) Apply water once per hour; or  
(c) Install temporary covers.

**RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK**

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Source: (4) Paved Road Track-Out

CONTROL MEASURES

DESCRIPTION

Compliance with District Rule 403.

Paragraph (d)(5).

January 1999

**RULE 403 IMPLEMENTATION HANDBOOK**

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**Source: (S) Disturbed Surface Areas/ Inactive Construction Sites**

**CONTROL MEASURES**

**DESCRIPTION**

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <p>(Q) Chemical stabilization</p> <p>(R) Watering</p> <p>(S) Wind fencing</p> <p>(T) Vegetation</p> | <p>(1) Most effective when used on areas where active operations have ceased.</p> <p>(2) Vendors can supply information on methods for application and required concentrations.</p> <p>(1) Requires frequent applications unless a surface crust can be developed.</p> <p>(1) Three- to five-foot barriers with 50% or less porosity adjacent to roadways or urban areas can be effective in reducing the amount of wind blown material leaving a site. Must be used in conjunction with either measure (Q), (R), or (T).</p> <p>(1) Establish as quickly as possible when active operations have ceased.*</p> |
|---|--|

**HIGH WIND MEASURES**

- (a) Apply chemical stabilizers (to meet the specifications established by the Rule); or  
 (b) Apply water to all disturbed surface areas 3 times per day.

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\* Use of drought tolerant, native vegetation is encouraged.

TABLE 1

## BEST [REASONABLY]\* AVAILABLE CONTROL MEASURES FOR HIGH WIND CONDITIONS

<b>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</b>	<b><u>CONTROL MEASURES</u></b>
<b>Earth-moving</b>	(1A) Cease all active operations; OR (2A) Apply water to soil not more than 15 minutes prior to moving such soil.
<b>Disturbed surface areas</b>	(0B) On the last day of active operations prior to a weekend, holiday, or any other period when active operations will not occur for not more than four consecutive days: apply water with a mixture of chemical stabilizer diluted to not less than 1/20 of the concentration required to maintain a stabilized surface for a period of six months; OR (1B) Apply chemical stabilizers prior to wind event; OR (2B) Apply water to all unstabilized disturbed areas 3 times per day. If there is any evidence of wind driven fugitive dust, watering frequency is increased to a minimum of four times per day; OR (3B) Take the actions specified in Table 2, Item (3c); OR (4B) Utilize any combination of control actions (1B), (2B), and (3B) such that, in total, these actions apply to all disturbed surface areas.
<b>Unpaved roads</b>	(1C) Apply chemical stabilizers prior to wind event; OR (2C) Apply water twice [once] per hour during active operation; OR (3C) Stop all vehicular traffic.
<b>Open storage piles</b>	(1D) Apply water twice [once] per hour; OR (2D) Install temporary coverings.
<b>Paved road track-out</b>	(1E) Cover all haul vehicles; OR (2E) Comply with the vehicle freeboard requirements of Section 23114 of the California Vehicle Code for both public and private roads.
<b>All Categories</b>	(1F) Any other control measures approved by the Executive Officer and the U.S. EPA as equivalent to the methods specified in Table 1 may be used.

\* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

**TABLE 2**  
**DUST CONTROL ACTIONS FOR EXEMPTION FROM PARAGRAPH (d)(4)\***

<b><u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u></b>	<b><u>CONTROL ACTIONS</u></b>
<b>Earth-moving (except construction cutting and filling areas, and mining operations)</b>	<p>(1a) Maintain soil moisture content at a minimum of 12 percent, as determined by ASTM method D-2216, or other equivalent method approved by the Executive Officer, the California Air Resources Board, and the U.S. EPA. Two soil moisture evaluations must be conducted during the first three hours of active operations during a calendar day, and two such evaluations each subsequent four-hour period of active operations; OR</p> <p>(1a-1) For any earth-moving which is more than 100 feet from all property lines, conduct watering as necessary to prevent visible dust emissions from exceeding 100 feet in length in any direction.</p>
<b>Earth-moving: Construction fill areas:</b>	<p>(1b) Maintain soil moisture content at a minimum of 12 percent, as determined by ASTM method D-2216, or other equivalent method approved by the Executive Officer, the California Air Resources Board, and the U.S. EPA. For areas which have an optimum moisture content for compaction of less than 12 percent, as determined by ASTM Method 1557 or other equivalent method approved by the Executive Officer and the California Air Resources Board and the U.S. EPA, complete the compaction process as expeditiously as possible after achieving at least 70 percent of the optimum soil moisture content. Two soil moisture evaluations must be conducted during the first three hours of active operations during a calendar day, and two such evaluations during each subsequent four-hour period of active operations.</p>

\* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

TABLE 2 (Continued)

<b><u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u></b>	<b><u>CONTROL ACTIONS</u></b>
<b>Earth-moving: Construction cut areas and mining operations:</b>	(1c) Conduct watering as necessary to prevent visible emissions from extending more than 100 feet beyond the active cut or mining area unless the area is inaccessible to watering vehicles due to slope conditions or other safety factors.
<b>Disturbed surface areas (except completed grading areas)</b>	(2a/b) Apply dust suppression in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface. Any areas which cannot be stabilized, as evidenced by wind driven fugitive dust must have an application of water at least twice per day to at least 80 [70] percent of the unstabilized area.
<b>Disturbed surface areas: Completed grading areas</b>	(2c) Apply chemical stabilizers within five working days of grading completion; OR  (2d) Take actions (3a) or (3c) specified for inactive disturbed surface areas.
<b>Inactive disturbed surface areas</b>	(3a). Apply water to at least 80 [70] percent of all inactive disturbed surface areas on a daily basis when there is evidence of wind driven fugitive dust, excluding any areas which are inaccessible to watering vehicles due to excessive slope or other safety conditions; OR  (3b) Apply dust suppressants in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface; OR  (3c) Establish a vegetative ground cover within 21 [30] days after active operations have ceased. Ground cover must be of sufficient density to expose less than 30 percent of unstabilized ground within 90 days of planting, and at all times thereafter; OR  (3d) Utilize any combination of control actions (3a), (3b), and (3c) such that, in total, these actions apply to all inactive disturbed surface areas.

\* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.



TABLE 2 (Continued)\*

<b><u>FUGITIVE DUST SOURCE CATEGORY</u></b>	<b><u>CONTROL ACTIONS</u></b>
<b>Unpaved Roads</b>	(4a) Water all roads used for any vehicular traffic at least once per every two hours of active operations [3 times per normal 8 hour work day]; OR (4b) Water all roads used for any vehicular traffic once daily and restrict vehicle speeds to 15 miles per hour; OR (4c) Apply a chemical stabilizer to all unpaved road surfaces in sufficient quantity and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface.
<b>Open storage piles</b>	(5a) Apply chemical stabilizers; OR (5b) Apply water to at least 80 [70] percent of the surface area of all open storage piles on a daily basis when there is evidence of wind driven fugitive dust; OR (5c) Install temporary coverings; OR (5d) Install a three-sided enclosure with walls with no more than 50 percent porosity which extend, at a minimum, to the top of the pile.
<b><u>All Categories</u></b>	(6a) Any other control measures approved by the Executive Officer and the U.S. EPA as equivalent to the methods specified in Table 2 may be used.

\* Measures in [brackets] are reasonably available control measures and only apply to sources not within the South Coast Air Basin.

January 1999

AQMD Recommendations

**TABLE 3**

**TRACK-OUT CONTROL OPTIONS**

**PARAGRAPH (d)(5)(B)**

**CONTROL OPTIONS**

(1)	Pave or apply chemical stabilization at sufficient concentration and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface starting from the point of intersection with the public paved surface, and extending for a centerline distance of at least 100 feet and a width of at least 20 feet.
(2)	Pave from the point of intersection with the public paved road surface, and extending for a centerline distance of at least 25 feet and a width of at least 20 feet, and install a track-out control device immediately adjacent to the paved surface such that exiting vehicles do not travel on any unpaved road surface after passing through the track-out control device.
(3)	Any other control measures approved by the Executive Officer and the U.S. EPA as equivalent to the methods specified in Table 3 may be used.







OFFICE OF  
CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
1st FLOOR, COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER  
P.O. BOX 1147, 4080 LEMON STREET  
RIVERSIDE, CA 92502-1147  
PHONE: (951) 955-1060  
FAX: (951) 955-1071

KECIA HARPER-IHEM  
Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

KIMBERLY A. RECTOR  
Assistant Clerk of the Board

April 10, 2014

THE PRESS ENTERPRISE  
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PO BOX 792  
RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

FAX (951) 368-9018  
E-MAIL: [legals@pe.com](mailto:legals@pe.com)

**RE: NOTICE INVITING BIDS: CAJALCO ROAD and CLARK STREET C3-0093**

To Whom It May Concern:

Attached is a copy for publication in your newspaper for **TEN (10) TIMES:**

Monday	- April 14, 2014	Saturday	- April 19, 2014
Tuesday	- April 15, 2014	Sunday	- April 20, 2014
Wednesday	- April 16, 2014	Monday	- April 21, 2014
Thursday	- April 17, 2014	Tuesday	- April 22, 2014
Friday	- April 18, 2014	Wednesday	- April 23, 2014

We require your affidavit of publication immediately upon completion of the last publication.

Your invoice must be submitted to this office in duplicate, WITH TWO CLIPPINGS OF THE PUBLICATION.

**NOTE: PLEASE COMPOSE THIS PUBLICATION INTO A SINGLE COLUMN FORMAT.**

Thank you in advance for your assistance and expertise.

Sincerely,

*Cecilia Gil*

Board Assistant to:  
KECIA HARPER-IHEM, CLERK OF THE BOARD

**Gil, Cecilia**

---

**From:** mtinajero@pe.com on behalf of Master, PEC Legals <legalsmaster@pe.com>  
**Sent:** Thursday, April 10, 2014 9:46 AM  
**To:** Gil, Cecilia  
**Subject:** Re: [Legals] FOR PUBLICATION: Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-0093

Received for publication from April 14 - 23. Proof with cost to follow.

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Legal Advertising

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Please Note: Deadline is 10:30 AM two (2) business days prior to the date you would like to publish.

\*\*Additional days required for larger ad sizes\*\*

On Thu, Apr 10, 2014 at 9:23 AM, Gil, Cecilia <[CCGIL@rcbos.org](mailto:CCGIL@rcbos.org)> wrote:

Notice Inviting Bids for publication from April 14 to April 23, 2014. Please confirm. THANK YOU!

*Cecilia Gil*

Board Assistant

Clerk of the Board

951-955-8464

MS# 1010

## **NOTICE TO BIDDERS**

County of Riverside, herein called Owner, invites sealed proposals for:

### **Cajalco Road and Clark Street**

#### **Traffic Signal Modification Project Mead Valley Area Project No. C3-0093**

Bid shall be delivered to the County of Riverside Transportation Department, 14<sup>th</sup> Street Annex, 3525 14<sup>th</sup> Street, Riverside, California 92501, telephone (951) 955-6780 not later than 2:00 p.m., on Wednesday, **April 30, 2014** to be promptly opened in public at said address. Each bid shall be in accordance with plans, specifications and other contract documents, dated **March 2014**, and prepared by County of Riverside, whose address is same as the above, from whom they may be obtained upon deposit of **\$30.00** per set with 24" x 36" plans, plus mailing costs. No refund. Prospective bidders may preview the plans, specifications and other contract documents at no charge prior to purchase at the above noted location.

The Contractor is required to have a Class "A" or C10 license at the time of bid submission.

Engineering Estimate	\$100,800 - \$117,600	(Base Bid)
Bid Bond	10%	
Performance Bond	100%	
Payment Bond	100%	
Working Days	25 Working Days	

Website: [http://www.rctlma.org/trans/con\\_bid\\_advertisements.html](http://www.rctlma.org/trans/con_bid_advertisements.html)

Dated: April 10, 2014

Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board  
By: Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant



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**WEEKLY**



**HS**

**8-MEDIA waves**

**LANDSOCAL**

10	11	12	13	15	16	17	18	19	20
DATE	REFERENCE NUMBER	DESCRIPTION - OTHER COMMENTS/CHARGES	PRODUCT/ZONE	SIZE	BILLED UNITS	TIMES RUN	RATE	GROSS AMOUNT	NET AMOUNT
04/14/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.30	127.40	127.40
04/15/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/16/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/17/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/18/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/19/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/20/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/21/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/22/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60
04/23/2014	I01260615-04142014	PO# Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-00, f	Press-Enterprise	2 x 49 LI	98	1	1.20	117.60	117.60

Order Placed by: Cecilia Gil

RECEIVED RIVERSIDE COUNTY  
 CLERK / BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
 2014 APR 28 PM 12:33

*Transp.  
3-33 of 04/08/14*

### Legal Advertising Invoice

<b>BALANCE</b>
\$1,185.80

SALES CONTACT INFORMATION		ADVERTISER INFORMATION			
25	1	6	7	2	
BILLING PERIOD	BILLED ACCOUNT NUMBER	ADVERTISER/CLIENT NUMBER	ADVERTISER/CLIENT NAME		
Maria Tinajero 951-368-9225	100141323	100141323	BOARD OF SUPERVISORS		
04/23/2014 - 04/23/2014					

PLEASE DETACH AND RETURN THIS PORTION WITH YOUR REMITTANCE

ADVERTISER/CLIENT NAME			
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS			
1	6	7	
BILLING PERIOD	BILLED ACCOUNT NUMBER	ADVERTISER/CLIENT NUMBER	
04/23/2014 - 04/23/2014	100141323	100141323	
23	24	3	
BALANCE	INVOICE NUMBER	TERMS OF PAYMENT	
\$1,185.80	I01260615-04142014	DUE UPON RECEIPT	



Legal Advertising Invoice

8 BILLING ACCOUNT NAME AND ADDRESS

9 REMITTANCE ADDRESS

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE  
P.O. BOX 1147  
RIVERSIDE, CA 92502

Enterprise Media  
POST OFFICE BOX 12009  
RIVERSIDE, CA 92502-2209



# THE PRESS-ENTERPRISE

3450 Fourteenth Street  
Riverside, CA 92501-3878  
951-684-1200  
951-368-9018 FAX

## PROOF OF PUBLICATION (2010, 2015.5 C.C.P)

Publication(s): The Press-Enterprise

### PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF

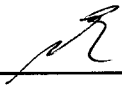
Ad Desc.: / Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-0093

I am a citizen of the United States. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to or interested in the above entitled matter. I am an authorized representative of THE PRESS-ENTERPRISE, a newspaper in general circulation, printed and published daily in the County of Riverside, and which newspaper has been adjudicated a newspaper of general circulation by the Superior Court of the County of Riverside, State of California, under date of April 25, 1952, Case Number 54446, under date of March 29, 1957, Case Number 65673, under date of August 25, 1995, Case Number 267864, under date of February 4, 2013, Case Number RIC 1215735, under date of July 25, 2013, Case Number RIC 1305730, and under date of September 16, 2013, Case Number RIC 1309013; that the notice, of which the annexed is a printed copy, has been published in said newspaper in accordance with the instructions of the person(s) requesting publication, and not in any supplement thereof on the following dates, to wit:

**04/19, 04/20, 04/21, 04/22, 04/23, 04/14, 04/15, 04/16, 04/17,  
04/18/2014**

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: April 23, 2014  
At: Riverside, California



BOARD OF SUPERVISORS  
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE  
P.O. BOX 1147  
RIVERSIDE, CA 92502

Ad Number: 0001260615-01

P.O. Number: Cajalco Road and Clark St. C3-0093

## Ad Copy:

### NOTICE TO BIDDERS

County of Riverside, herein called Owner, invites sealed proposals for:

**Cajalco Road and Clark Street**

**Traffic Signal Modification Project  
Mead Valley Area  
Project No. C3-0093**

Bid shall be delivered to the County of Riverside Transportation Department, 14th Street Annex, 3525 14th Street, Riverside, California 92501, telephone (951) 955-6780 not later than 2:00 p.m., on Wednesday, April 30, 2014 to be promptly opened in public at said address. Each bid shall be in accordance with plans, specifications and other contract documents, dated March 2014, and prepared by County of Riverside, whose address is same as the above, from whom they may be obtained upon deposit of \$30.00 per set with 24" x 36" plans, plus mailing costs. No refund. Prospective bidders may preview the plans, specifications and other contract documents at no charge prior to purchase at the above noted location.

The Contractor is required to have a Class "A" or C10 license at the time of bid submission.

Engineering Estimate	\$100,800 - \$117,600 (Base Bid)
Bid Bond	10%
Performance Bond	100%
Payment Bond	100%
Working Days	25 Working Days

Website:  
[http://www.rctlma.org/trans/con\\_bid\\_advertisements.html](http://www.rctlma.org/trans/con_bid_advertisements.html)

Dated: April 10, 2014  
Kecla Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board  
By: Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant 4/14 - 4/23