in the roadway. The replacement or repair of any facilities which the County deems necessary as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be done by the Contractor at his own expense and to the satisfaction of the County Transportation Department.

Payment

Full compensation for conforming to the requirements of this Section, Use, Care and Protection of Premises, shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

7-1.08 OBSTRUCTIONS:

Attention is directed to Sections 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities" and 15, "Existing Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

In the event that the utility facilities mentioned within the referenced Standard Specifications and/or Special Provisions are not removed or relocated by the times specified and, if in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's operations are delayed or interfered with by reason of the utility facilities not being removed or relocated by said times, the County will compensate the Contractor for such delays to the extent provided in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays" of the Standard Specifications, except as provided in Section 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications.

7-1.09 REMOVAL OF ASBESTOS AND HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES:

When the presence of asbestos or hazardous substances are not shown on the plans or indicated in the specifications and the Contractor encounters materials which the Contractor reasonably believes to be asbestos or a hazardous substance as defined in Section 25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, and the asbestos or hazardous substance has not been rendered harmless, the Contractor may continue work in unaffected areas reasonably believed to be safe. The Contractor shall immediately cease work in the affected area and report the condition to the Engineer in writing.

In conformance with §25914.1 of the Health and Safety Code, removal of asbestos or hazardous substances including exploratory work to identify and determine the extent of the asbestos or hazardous substance will be performed by separate contract.

If delay of work in the area delays the current controlling operation, the delay will be considered a right of way delay and the Contractor will be compensated for the delay in

conformance with the provisions in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays" of the Standard Specifications.

7-1.10 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS EXCAVATION OR MATERIALS:

Excess earth excavation, pavement grindings and other excess materials resulting from construction operations shall be disposed of by the Contractor outside of the highway right of way, as provided in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

The second paragraph of Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications is modified to read as follows:

When any material is to be disposed of outside the highway right of way, and the County of Riverside has not made arrangements for the disposal of such material, the Contractor shall first obtain written authorization from the property owner on whose property the disposal is to be made, and obtain all required permits from the jurisdictional agency(s) for said work, and he shall file with the Engineer said authorization or a certified copy thereof together with a written release from the property owner absolving the County of Riverside from any and all responsibility in connection with the disposal of material on said property. If the disposal of materials is to be made at an established disposal facility that is available for public use, the Contractor shall retain all authorizations and receipts from said disposal facility and shall provide copies to the Engineer upon request.

Payment

Full compensation for all costs involved in disposing of materials as specified in this section, including all costs of hauling, shall be considered as included in the various contract items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

7-1.11 RECORD DRAWING:

The Contractor shall keep one clean set of bond originals to note any changes which take place during construction. These changes to the original plans and/or specifications shall be noted at the appropriate locations with the appropriate changes indicated in red pencil or ink. The Contractor shall note in large letters "RECORD DRAWINGS" on the Title Sheet of the plans. The project will not be accepted as finalized by the Engineer until these record drawings have been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. The changes shall be noted on the plans as the changes occur. The record drawings shall be submitted to the Resident Engineer, and become the property of the County at the conclusion of this project.

Payment

Full compensation for maintaining and compiling the Record Drawings shall be considered as included in the various items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

7-1.12 DOCUMENTS OF CONTRACTOR:

Upon demand, Contractor shall make available to County all documents in its possession relevant to the work accomplished or to be accomplished or any demand or claim of Contractor as to County. This includes copies of documents sent by Contractor or others in its possession. Contractor shall further make available to County conformed copies of all documents submitted to the sureties who executed the Bid Bond, Performance Bond, or Payment Bond for the purpose of obtaining the sureties' signature, including any guarantee or indemnification made to such surety by others for such purpose. Contractor shall maintain in his possession all documents relative to the work for three years after Notice of Completion.

7-1.13 SURVEY STAKING:

County surveyors will establish external primary survey control monuments and/or marks to be used throughout the construction period. These control monuments and marks are to be protected by Contractor and will be used to set construction stakes and/or marks. The control marks will also be used to make verification surveys at various stages of work.

Survey monuments, stakes and marks are set per the County's Survey Manual.

Contractor must submit a written request for County furnished construction staking before, or immediately after, area to receive staking is ready for the installation of the construction stakes.

The County will provide Contractor with a survey request form. Survey staking requests must be received from Contractor a minimum of two (2) Business Days prior to the installation of the requested construction staking. The County shall receive written survey request on operating Business Day, Monday through Thursday, and prior to 4:00 p.m. Requests received after 4:00 p.m. or on any other day, shall be considered as submitted at 7:30 a.m. the next Business Day.

Contractor must preserve primary survey control monuments and marks, construction stakes and construction marks placed by the County. Survey costs are incurred by the County; however, if the Contractor fails to protect and/or destroys these survey items, the

County shall replace them at the County's earliest convenience and deduct the cost of replacement from payment due to the Contractor.

7-1.14 RESPONSIBILITY OF CONTRACT TO ACT IN AN EMERGENCY:

In case of an emergency which threatens loss or injury to property or life, Contractor shall act without previous instructions as the situation may warrant. Contractor shall notify Director of TLMA immediately thereafter. Any compensation claimed by Contractor, together with substantiating documentation shall be submitted to County via Director of TLMA.

7-1.15 JOB SITE POSTERS:

Contractor shall obtain, furnish, post, preserve and maintain notices and posters in areas readily accessible to all personnel. Areas include, but are not limited to, jobsite trailer common area, material staging area, designated area where employees meet to take shift breaks, and /or equipment storage area. The designated location(s) of posters must be approved by the Engineer.

If posters are placed outside, they will need to be weatherproofed.

Copies of the posters may be obtained at the Caltrans Division of Construction Website:

http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/LaborCompliance/posters.htm

The Contractor shall check the website periodically for poster updates, additions, and changes. Contact information for various government agencies associated with poster information are provided at this website with links.

The following is a list of required posters:

Document number	Poster Name	Note/ Comment
-	Notice of Labor Compliance Program Approval	Required in English and Spanish and for all projects.
DFEH 162	Discrimination and Harassment in Employment are Prohibited by Law	Required in English and Spanish and for all projects.
DSLE 8	Payday Notice	Required for all projects.

WH Publication 1321	Davis-Bacon Act Poster (Notice to All Workers Working on Federally Financed Construction Projects)	Required in English and Spanish and for Federally funded projects.
FHWA 1495	Wage Rate Information Federal-Aid Highway Project	Required in English and Spanish and for Federally funded projects.
EEOC P/E-1	Equal Employment Opportunity is THE LAW (Revised 11/09)	Required in English and Spanish and for Federally funded projects.
FHWA 1022	False Statement Notice	Required for Federally funded projects.
OSHA 3165 (3167-Spanish)	Job Safety and Health – It's the law!	Required in English and Spanish and for Federally funded projects.
WHD Publication 1088	Employee Rights Under the Fair Labor Standards Act (Revised July 2009)	Required for Federally funded projects.
WHD Publication 1420	Employee Rights And Responsibilities Under The Family And Medical Leave Act (Revised January 2009)	Required for Federally funded projects.
WH Publication 1462	NOTICE Employee Polygraph Protection Act (June 2003)	Required for Federally funded projects.
-	Whistleblower Poster	Required for ARRA funded projects.

Though not posters, but included in the listing above, are the Federal (Davis-Bacon) wage rates and the California State prevailing wage rates, which are applicable to this specific contract, and also to be posted at the job site. See Section 5-2 "Federal Prevailing Wage Decision" or see correlated addendum that updates this referenced section.

Additionally, copies of the U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) posters may be obtained at the FHWA Website:

http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/programadmin/contracts/poster.cfm

The revision dates shown in this listing were current as of April 20, 2010.

Payment

Full compensation for obtaining, furnishing, posting, preserving and maintaining all notices and job site posters shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the various contract items of work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

7-1.16 FINAL INSPECTION – NOTICE OF COMPLETION:

When the work is ready for final inspection, County shall cause the work to be inspected and subjected to such tests as seem to it to be required for the purpose of determining if the work is complete in every respect.

At a meeting of the governing body of County held within ten (10) days after final inspection, the governing body shall consider the facts developed at the inspection. If it is found that the work is apparently complete in every respect, County will accept the work and a Notice of Completion will be recorded.

As between the parties, the recordation of the Notice of Completion, unless recorded because of a cessation of labor, means only that the time for final payment and the commencement of the guarantee period commences to run.

7-2.01 DUST ABATEMENT:

Dust control shall conform to Section 10, "Dust Control", Section 7-1.01F, "Air Pollution Control", Section 17, "Watering", and Section 18, "Dust Palliative" of the Standard Specifications, Rules no. 401, 402, 403 and 403.1 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD), Riverside County Code, Chapter 8.52, "Fugitive Dust Reduction Program For Coachella Valley" (if project location is within the Coachella Valley), all other applicable Federal and State laws, and the requirements set forth herein.

The Contractor is cautioned that failure to control fugitive dust may result in fines being levied by the South Coast Air Quality Management District to both the Contractor and the County, as Owner. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for payment of all fines pertaining to air pollution control violations, resulting from Contractor's operations related to the construction contract, which may be levied against both the Contractor and the County by the AQMD or other regulatory agencies. The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 7-1.01, "Laws to be Observed" of the Standard Specifications. The cost of all fines levied against the County will be deducted from any moneys due or which may become due to the Contractor, unless other payment arrangements are made by the Contractor.

Dust control of all of the Contractor's operations is required 24 hours per day, 7 days a week for the duration of the contract, and until the disturbed soil is permanently stabilized. The Contractor shall take every precaution to prevent emissions of fugitive dust from the project site, from locations of stockpiled materials, from unpaved driving surfaces, from haul vehicles, from inactive construction areas, and from all other operations of the Contractor. The Contractor shall plan for and carry out proper and efficient measures to prevent their operations from producing dust in amounts damaging to property or which constitute a public nuisance, or which cause harm to persons living or working in the vicinity of the work. Particular concern of emissions is PM10 particles.

PM10 particles are fine particulate matter of 10 microns or less which are associated with sickness and death from respiratory disease.

The Contractor shall furnish and post dust mitigation signs, which shall be, at a minimum, in accordance with the "AQMD Recommendations", attached hereto (See Appendix). Additional copies are available upon request from the Engineer. The sign shall include the Contractor's phone number which shall be maintained on a 24 hour basis. The sign message, size and design, including any deviations from the signage recommendations, shall be approved by the Engineer prior to fabrication.

The Contractor shall respond to complaints by mobilizing equipment and personnel at the construction site within 2 hours of each complaint to control fugitive dust.

Attention is directed to AQMD Rule 403.1, which applies to all contracts within the Coachella Valley Area of Riverside County. That AQMD Rule requires the Contractor to take specified dust control actions when prevailing wind speeds exceed 25 miles per hour. Wind forecasts, AQMD Rules and other related information are provided by AQMD at 1-800-CUT-SMOG and at www.aqmd.gov.

Any days on which the Contractor is prevented from working, due to the requirements of AQMD Rules, will be considered as non-working days, in accordance with Section 8-1.06, "Time of Completion" of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall utilize the "Best Available Control Measures" of controlling fugitive dust, as prepared by the AQMD. For projects within the Coachella Valley, the "Reasonably Available Control Measures" may be employed, if effective within the context of the AQMD rules. However, if fugitive dust crosses the project boundary, more effective control measures, including the "Best Available Control Measures" shall be implemented.

A site-specific fugitive dust control plan shall be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval at least 10 days prior to the start of construction. Additionally, for projects outside of the Coachella Valley which meet the criteria for AQMD plan approval, the Contractor shall submit the dust control plan to AQMD for approval. AQMD plan submittal criteria is defined in AQMD Rule 403 as being for projects that will have disturbed surface area in excess of 100 acres, or for projects with a scope of work which requires the movement of more than 10,000 cubic yards of soil on each of any three working days.

A sample plan and other pertinent information is attached, and additional copies are available from the Engineer upon request. The fugitive dust control plan shall include the "Reasonably Available Control Measures" and "Best Available Control Measures" of controlling fugitive dust, as may be appropriate and necessary, including but not limited to watering, application of chemical dust suppressants, wind fencing, covering of haul vehicles, haul vehicle bed-liners, covering or chemically stabilizing stored materials, phased grading, planting of vegetation, the use of a 24 hour environmental observer, and

track-out controls at locations where unpaved construction accesses intersect with paved roads. The use of chemical stabilizers, which are approved by all environmental regulatory agencies, and the use of reclaimed water is encouraged. If water is intended as a primary dust control tool, the dust control plan shall provide for at least one 2,000 gallon water truck for every 4 acres of disturbed soil, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

If the Construction Engineer determines that the project scope and the forecasted weather conditions are such that the Contractor's work is unlikely to be a source of dust emissions, the Construction Engineer has the authority to waive the requirements for submittal of a dust control plan and for placement of the dust control signs described herein. However, the Contractors responsibilities for the control of fugitive dust and the other requirements of this Section may not be waived.

A completion notice will not be filed, and the final payment will not be made to the Contractor until the areas of disturbed soil on the construction site, including roadway shoulders, are suitably stabilized for long term control of fugitive dust.

The successful Contractor shall attend an AQMD PM10 Dust Control Program training session, and furnish evidence of attendance to the Engineer. Attendance at AQMD training seminars can be scheduled through AQMD at 1-866-861-DUST (1-866-861-3878) or by email to dustcontrol@aqmd.gov. Current AQMD certification of previous attendance will be accepted.

At that training session, the successful Contractor will be furnished with the AQMD prepared Rule 403 and Rule 403.1 implementation handbooks, which include the "Best Available Control Measures" and "Reasonably Available Control Measures", and other associated information, including a listing of suggested dust control related devices, materials and chemicals.

The signature of the Contractor on the Bid constitutes acknowledgement by the Contractor of the dust control requirements established by law and described herein, and the enforceability of those requirements.

Payment

When the contract includes a bid item for Dust Abatement, full compensation for conformance with these dust abatement requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, developing water supply and incidentals, shall be paid at the lump sum price for Dust Abatement, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

When the contract does not include a bid item for Dust Abatement, full compensation for conformance with these dust abatement requirements, including labor, equipment, materials, developing water supply and incidentals, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 8 (MATERIALS)

SECTION 8-1.MISCELLANEOUS

8-1.01 BUY AMERICA REQUIREMENTS:

Attention is directed to the "Buy America" requirements of the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 (Section 165) and the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991 (ISTEA) Sections 1041(a) and 1048(a), and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto. In conformance with the law and regulations, all manufacturing processes for steel and iron materials furnished for incorporation into the work on this project shall occur in the United States; with the exception that pig iron and processed, pelletized and reduced iron ore manufactured outside of the United States may be used in the domestic manufacturing process for such steel and iron materials. The application of coatings, such as epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting, and other coating that protects or enhances the value of steel or iron materials shall be considered a manufacturing process subject to the "Buy America" requirements.

A Certificate of Compliance, conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance" of the Standard Specifications, shall be furnished for steel and iron materials. The certificates, in addition to certifying that the materials comply with the specifications, shall specifically certify that all manufacturing processes for the materials occurred in the United States, except for the above exceptions.

The requirements imposed by the law and regulations do not prevent a minimal use of foreign steel and iron materials if the total combined cost of the materials used does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (0.1 percent) of the total contract cost or $2,500, whichever is greater. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer acceptable documentation of the quantity and value of the foreign steel and iron prior to incorporating the materials into the work.

8-1.02 BRAND OR TRADE NAME – SUBSTITUTE OF EQUALS:

Reference is made to §3400 of the Public Contracts Code, which is by this reference incorporated herein with like effect as if here set forth in full.

If a potential Bidder believes he knows of an equal to a specified brand or trade name which is not mentioned in the Contract Documents, then such potential bidder may so advise Director of TLMA of such fact, giving all relevant information. If appropriate, an addendum will be issued as to the alleged equal provided that such issuance may be accomplished at least 5 business days before the time fixed for opening bids.

Unless the subject article or product is expressly designated for matching others in use in a particular public improvement either completed or in the course of completion, any bidder may, as part of its bid proposal, include a request for substitution of an item equal to any specified by brand or trade name.

Within 35 calendar days after award of the contract, Contractor may submit to Director of TLMA data substantiating such a request, and the difference, if any, in cost. Director of TLMA shall promptly investigate the request and make a recommendation to County as to equality. The governing body of County shall promptly determine whether the substitute is equal in every respect to the item specified, and approve or deny the request accordingly, and shall notify Director of TLMA of the determination made, who shall advise Contractor in writing of the decision. Unless the request is granted, substitution will not be permitted.

Nothing herein shall authorize a change in the contract price or prevent the use of change orders in the manner provided elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

8-1.03 TESTING:

Whenever a reference is made in the specifications to any of the California Test numbers specified below the corresponding ASTM Designation or AASHTO Designation test numbers may be used to determine the quality of materials:

California Test	ASTM Designation	AASHTO Designation
216	D 1557	T 180
231	D 2922	T 238
203	D 422	T 88
204	D 4318	T 89 (a)
--	--	T 90 (b)
504	C 231	T 152
518	C 138	T 121
521	C 39	T 22
523	C 293 (c)	T 177 (c)
--	C 78 (d)	T 97 (d)
533	C 360	--
211	C 131 (e)	T 96 (f)
--	C 535 (g)	--

Notes:

a) Determining the Liquid Limit of Soils.
b) Determining the Plastic Limit and Plasticity Index of Soils.
c) Flex Strength of Concrete (Using Simple Beam with Center Point Loading).
d) Flexural Strength of Concrete (Using the Simple Beam with Third Point Loading).
e) Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact on the Los Angeles Machine.
f) Resistance to Degradation of Small- Size Coarse Aggregate by Use of the Los Angeles Machine.
g) Resistance to Degradation of Large-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine.

8-1.04 PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE CLASS:

Requirements on the construction plans for Portland Cement Concrete are modified to the PCC Class designations, as described in Section 90-1.01 of the 2006 Standard Specifications, as follows:

Class "A" shall mean Class "2"
Class "B" shall mean Class "3"
Class "C" shall mean Class "4"
Class "D" shall mean Class "1"

8-1.05 SLAG AGGREGATE:

Steel slag shall not be used on this project. Iron blast furnace slag will be allowed.

AGUA MANSA ROAD AND MARKET STREET
TRAFFIC SIGNAL AND STREET IMPROVEMENT PROJECT
CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY

Project Nos. B6-0459
Federal Aid No. HSIPL – 5956(190)

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION 9 SPECIAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 9-1 GENERAL

9-1.01 DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

The work to be performed for the Agua Mansa Road and Market Street Traffic Signal and Street Improvement Project generally includes: installation of a new traffic signal and intersection lighting; construction of curb, curb ramps, cross gutter, colored stamped concrete; pavement reconstruction; placing thermoplastic crosswalk, pavement markings and pavement markers; traffic striping; installing/relocating roadside signs; and other work as may be required.

9-1.02 ADDITIONAL INSURANCE AND HOLD HARMLESS:

In addition to the requirements of Section 3-1.05, "Insurance and Hold Harmless" of the contract documents, the Contractor's Certificate of Insurance and endorsements for the project shall name the following listed entities as additional insured under the Contractor's general liability, excess liability, and auto liability insurance policies, and each listed entity shall be named on the Waiver of Subrogation for the Contractor's Workers Compensation policy.

1. Riverside County Flood Control District, its officers directors, agents and employees.
2. Rubidoux Community Services District, its officers directors, agents and employees

Each of the above listed entities shall also be held harmless, in accordance with the requirements of subsection IV, "Hold Harmless" of Section 3-1.01B, "Insurance – Hold Harmless" of these contract documents.

Payment:

Full compensation for compliance with the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

9-1.03 IRAN CONTRACTING ACT:

The Department of General Services has published a list of companies who are prohibited from contracting with public entities in California as required by Public Contract Code section § 2200-2208.

The Iran Contracting Act Certification/Exemption form is included in this contract document and must be completely filled in, dated, signed and submitted with Proposal bid documents. The bidding Contractor is required to submit the appropriate form with the bid.

SECTION 9-2 COOPERATION, UTILITIES AND SCHEDULING

9-2.01 COOPERATION WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS AND UTILITIES:

The Contractor is hereby advised to cooperate with utility companies (Rubidoux Community Services District (RCSD), Southern California Edison Company (SCE), Southern California Gas Company, AT&T Communications, Charter Communications and/or others) for adjustment of water valves, manholes and other facilities to grade and for any work being performed by the utility companies' own forces. Should construction be under way by other forces or by other contractors within or adjacent to those limits, the Contractor shall cooperate with all other contractors or other forces to the end that any delay or hindrance to work will be avoided. The right is reserved to perform other or additional work at or the near site (including material sources) at any time, by the use of other forces. Attention is directed to any utility windows that have been designated for work during construction.

RCSD will not lower their surface facilities within the paved areas for the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible to lower RCSD surface utilities, under the inspection of RCSD, prior to paving. The Contractor is responsible to fully protect all utility facilities during the course of construction, in accordance with the Contract Documents, the Standard Specifications, and as directed by the Engineer. Attention is directed to the Section 9-2.03 "Obstructions" of these Special Provisions.

Relocation of Conflicting Utilities by Owners

The Contractor's attention is directed to Section 8-1.10 "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications.

Working days allowed shall be in accordance with the executed agreement. Part of the working days allowed include 10 working days for access to a portion of the construction site by the affected utility companies to perform utility relocation work. No on-site work by the Contractor will be allowed in the utility relocation areas unless specifically agreed to by both the utility company and the Engineer. This requirement does not preclude work being performed by the Contractor in areas not being utilized by the utility owner. The utility company days are anticipated to not be sequential, and will be assigned by the Engineer in coordination with the scheduling needs of the affected utility companies.

The utility relocation work that is anticipated to be performed during the course of construction is generally described as follows:

> Rubidoux Community Services District (RCSD) - final adjustment to grade of sewer manhole covers

If necessary, removal and disposal of abandoned utility conduits, conductors and other facilities shall be considered as incidental excavation, and shall be included in the contract unit price for Roadway Excavation.

The Contractor shall provide traffic control as required to support the above described work.

It is anticipated that some or all of the utility relocation work to be performed by the utility companies will be completed prior to the start of construction. However, the Contractor shall cooperate with any utility forces that have a need to perform work within the project limits.

Payment:

Full compensation for the provisions of this Special Provision shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

9-2.02 ORDER OF WORK:

Order of work shall conform to the provisions in section 5-1.05, "Order of Work" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Attention is directed to "Public Convenience" of these Special Provisions regarding access to the homes and business with driveways on Agua Mansa Road and Market Street. The Contractor shall coordinate with these occupants to make accommodations to provide continual access available.

Attention is directed to "Clearing and Grubbing" of these Special Provisions regarding private improvements within the project vicinity. The Contractor shall work directly with the property owners to minimize the disturbance to the private improvements including driveways and decorative features. The contractor must provide to the Engineer proof that coordination and arrangements are made with the various property owners before the clearing and grubbing of private improvements.

Attention is directed to "Obstruction" of these Special Provisions regarding the presence of existing utility facilities and potholing within the project area. The contractor is responsible to ascertain the exact locations of existing underground facilities, shown or not shown in the plans. No additional compensation is allowed for determining such locations of existing facilities.

Attention is directed to sub-section H "Foundation" of section "Signal and Lighting" of these Special Provisions. The signal pole foundation must conform to 2010 Standard Specifications and Plans.

Payment:

Full compensation for complying with requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for the items involved, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

9-2.03 **OBSTRUCTIONS:**

Attention is directed to Sections 8-1.10, "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities", and 15, "Existing Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Existing utility and privately owned facilities shall be protected in accordance with Section 7-1.11, "Preservation of Property" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions. The Contractor is also responsible to protect those facilities that are to be relocated by others prior to or during construction, and shall protect those facilities in both their existing and their ultimate locations. The Contractor shall cooperate with owners and their contractors of utility and privately owned facilities, for the relocation of said facilities, in accordance with Section 7-1.14, "Cooperation" of the Standard Specifications.

All water valves and covers, gas valves and covers, sewer manholes, survey monuments, survey markers and any other utility appurtenances shall be protected in place.

The Contractor's attention is directed to the existence of certain underground facilities that may require special precautions be taken by the Contractor to protect the health, safety and welfare of workmen and the public. Facilities requiring special precautions include, but are not limited to: conductors of petroleum products, oxygen, chlorine, and toxic or flammable gases; natural gas in pipe lines greater than 6 inches in diameter or pipe lines operating at pressures greater than 60 psi (gage); underground electric supply system conductors or cables either directly buried or in duct or conduit which do not have concentric neutral conductors or other effectively grounded metal shields or sheaths; and underground electrical conductors with potential to ground of more than 300 volts. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least twenty-four hours prior to performing any work in the vicinity of such facilities.

Attention is directed to the requirements of Government Code Sections 4216-4216.9 pertaining to existing utility facilities.

The Contractor shall assume that every house, building and lot within the project limits has utility service pipes and conductors (laterals), and that utility main and trunk facilities exist within the project limits. The Contractor shall determine if it is warranted to determine the exact location of these utility service laterals and existing main lines, unless directed by the Engineer to pot-hole at specific locations, or as otherwise required herein. The Contractor will not be directly reimbursed for determining the exact location of the utility main lines or services laterals but shall include any compensation for this work in the contract price paid for the various items of work. Any damage to existing main lines or service laterals for which pot-holing was not performed shall be considered damage due to not using reasonable care and the damage shall be repaired at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall conduct his operations with the assumption that underground utility facilities exist within the project limits. The Contractor shall exercise caution and best

construction practices for safety and for protection of underground facilities. The approximate locations of underground utility facilities, as shown on the plans, are based on information provided by the respective owners, listed below. The Contractor shall also utilize the markings of the regional notification center (Underground Service Alert), and above-ground utility appurtenances to determine the existence and approximate location of underground utilities.

The Contractor is hereby notified that existing underground utilities may be near or within the excavation grading plane. Contractor is responsible to protect utilities in place.

No excavation shall be made within 4 feet of any underground utilities, as shown on the plans and/or marked by Underground Service Alert, unless and until such utilities have been positively located as to horizontal and vertical position. This requirement applies to all underground electric, natural gas, toxic or flammable gas, chlorine, oxygen or petroleum facilities.

Forty-eight hours prior to beginning construction, the Contractor shall notify the following agencies:

Underground Service Alert	800-227-2600 or 811
Southern California Gas Company	909-335-7561
Southern California Edison Company	909-357-6109
Sprint Communication	909-873-8022
Verizon Communications	951-925-6253
Charter Communication	951-343-5100
MCI network Services	972-729-6016
Santa Ana Watershed	951-354-4220
AT & T California	714-666-5692
Time Warner Telecom	925-953-7093
Rubidoux Community Services District	951-684-7580
Charter Communications	951-830-8267

Payment:

Full compensation for all costs, including labor, equipment, materials and incidentals, required to comply with the requirements of this section above, including protection of all utilities, utility appurtenances, survey monuments and survey markers, shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Adjustments to Grade for Obstructions

The Contractor shall adjust to finish grade any valve covers encountered within the project limits, as required, for those utility valves that are provided with slip cans and are adjustable without the replacement of parts or the removal of concrete collars. In cases where the owning utility company insists upon upgrades in the standards, or when

additional parts or the removal of concrete collars are required for the adjustment, said adjustment will be the responsibility of the owning utility company.

Communication and coordination with the owning utility company shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

For public safety, traffic shall not be allowed on temporary or permanent pavement until all manholes are either adjusted to grade or otherwise protected, as approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall adjust to grade manholes and valves when and as necessary for the protection of the traveling public during construction, and shall coordinate all work on said facilities with the owning utility companies. This requirement is intended for traffic that is to be allowed on temporary surfaces during the course of construction. Final adjustment to grade will be the responsibility of the owning utility company, except as provided herein.

Said work shall be performed in accordance with Section 15-2.05A, "Frames, Covers, Grates, and Manholes" of the Standard Specifications. Full compensation for adjustment of valve covers shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for asphalt concrete, or applicable items of work in the event that there is no asphalt concrete bid item, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

All existing utility facilities shall be protected from damage by the Contractor's operations.

Unless otherwise provided herein, the owning utility companies will not be obligated to lower their surface utilities (manholes and valve covers) for Contractor's grading, grinding and/or paving operations. The Contractor shall lower surface facilities, including manholes and valve covers, to facilitate construction, and the following shall apply:

1. Contractor shall coordinate all work with the utility owner.

2. Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and shall be responsible for any damage caused to the owner's facilities. If the Contractor observes any pre-existing damage to the utility facilities, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer and the utility owner of that damage prior to performing additional work on the facility.

3. Contractor shall, after removing grade rings and covers, arrange for pickup by, or delivery to, the owner's yard. Any and all concrete collars removed by the Contractor shall become the property of the Contractor, and shall be disposed of as specified elsewhere in these special provisions.

4. The Contractor is advised that he is responsible for ensuring that construction materials do not enter the utility owner's facilities. The Contractor shall install traffic bearing steel plates for this purpose, and provide all coordination and transportation necessary. It is recommended that the Contractor request the utility

owner to provide such steel plates. If the Contractor provides steel plates, it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to coordinate with the utility owner for the return of the steel plates to the Contractor after final adjustment to grade. If the Contractor utilizes utility owner's steel plates, and if the Contract items of work include adjustment to final grade, the Contractor shall return the steel plates to the Utility owner's yard, or as otherwise arranged with the Utility owner.

5. Prior to paving or covering the plated utility facility, the Contractor shall tie-out the facility utilizing a method acceptable to the utility owner and provide notes and data of all covered facilities to both the utility owner and the Engineer.

6. Final Adjustment to Grade.

    a. The Contractor shall adjust to finish grade all manhole and valve covers that are not designated on the construction plans to be adjusted to grade by the utility owner.
    b. The utility owner is expected to adjust to finish grade all manhole and valve covers that are designated on the construction plans to be adjusted to grade by the utility owner, unless there is a contract item for that work.
    c. The Contractor shall notify the utility owner, upon completion of the Contractor's work, when the utility owner may move in to make the final adjustments to grade. The utility owner shall be given adequate notice and allowed sufficient time for that work, as directed by the Engineer.

7. The requirements for lowering of surface facilities shall not apply to vaults. The Contractor shall notify the utility owner of the need to make adjustments to such major facilities.

8. The Contractor is reminded that the utility facilities are owned by public and private utility companies that operate their facilities within public rights of way. The utility owner's preferences with regards to the handling of its facilities shall be complied with to the greatest extent feasible.

Payment:

Full compensation for initial lowering of surface utilities facilities shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for asphalt concrete, or applicable items of work in the event that there is no asphalt concrete bid item, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

SECTION 9-3 ENVIRONMENTAL

9-3.01 AIR QUALITY – BASIC NESHAP ASBESTOS NOTIFICATION:

In addition to the requirements of Section 5-1.18, "Removal of Asbestos and Hazardous Substances" of these contract documents and Section 7-1.01F of the Standard Specifications, the Contractor shall notify the air pollution control district or air quality management district identified below as required by the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) at 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M, and California Health and Safety Code section 39658(b)(1). A copy of the notification form and attachments shall be provided to the Engineer prior to submittal. Notification shall take place a minimum of 10 working days prior to starting demolition or renovation activities as defined in the NESHAP regulations.

The Contractor shall also notify the South Coast Air Quality Management District, (21865 E. Copley Drive, Diamond Bar, California 91765-4182, E-Mail: bwallerstein@aqmd.gov, Phone: (909) 396-2000) other local permit agencies and utility companies prior to starting any demolition activities.

Payment:

Full compensation for complying with requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for the items involved, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

9-3.02 CULTURAL RESOURCES:

Contractor shall protect all known and identified historic or prehistoric sites, buildings, objects, and properties related to American history, architecture, archaeology, and culture against destruction, obliteration, removal, or damage during Contractor's operations. Measures needed to protect such areas shall be approved by the Engineer prior to implementation. Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer if disturbance occurs to any known site and shall immediately halt operations in the vicinity of the site until the Engineer authorizes Contractor to proceed.

If human remains are found at the project site during excavation of the project, work shall be suspended in the immediate area of the find and the Engineer will notify the Riverside County Coroner's Office. Standard guidelines set by California law for the treatment of human remains shall be followed (Public Resources Code § 5097.98 et seq., Health and Safety Code § 7050.5, and others).

Payment:

In the event that any damage occurs to any cultural resource, the Contractor shall bear the full cost of resource damage evaluation and restoration, and such payment shall not relieve Contractor from civil or criminal remedies otherwise provided by law.

Full compensation for compliance with this section shall be considered as included in the various items of work, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

9-3.03 WATER CONSERVATION:

Attention is directed to the various sections of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions which require the use of water for the construction of this project. Attention is directed to Section 7, "Legal Relations and Responsibility" of the Standard Specifications with regards to the Contractor's responsibilities for public convenience, public safety, preservation of property, indemnification, and insurance.

Nothing in this section "Water Conservation" shall relieve the Contractor from furnishing an adequate supply of water required for the proper construction of this project in conformance with the provisions in the Standard Specifications or these Special Provisions or relieve the Contractor from the legal responsibilities defined in Section 7 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall, whenever possible and not in conflict with the above requirements, minimize the use of water during construction of the project. Watering equipment shall be kept in good working order; water leaks shall be repaired promptly; and washing of equipment, except when necessary for safety or for the protection of equipment, shall be discouraged.

Concrete slope protection, minor structures, and miscellaneous concrete construction shall not be cured by using water. The water cure for bridge decks shall be accomplished with the use of a moisture retaining medium in conformance with the provisions in Section 90-7.01A, "Water Method" of the Standard Specifications.

When ordered by the Engineer, a dust palliative conforming to the provisions in Section 18, "Dust Palliative" of the Standard Specifications shall be used to control dust on this project. Dust palliative ordered by the Engineer will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Attention is directed to Section 17-1.025, "Chemical Additives" of the Standard Specifications. When ordered by the Engineer, a chemical additive shall be added to water used for compaction. The additive shall be approved by the Engineer and shall be used in conformance with instructions issued by the Engineer. Chemical additive ordered by the Engineer will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

9-3.04 NON-NATIVE PLANT PRECLUSION:

Non-native Plant Preclusion shall consist of protecting construction sites and adjacent natural habitats against contamination from non-native seeds and plants. The Contractor shall guard against the contamination of construction site soil from the unplanned importation of non-native seeds and plant material.

Attention is directed to "Control of Materials" in the standard specifications regarding the source of supply, inspection of materials, certificates of compliance, and local materials.

The Contractor shall clean all equipment and vehicles with water to remove dirt, seeds, vegetative material, or other debris that could contain or hold seeds of noxious weeds before or upon arriving to, and leaving the project site.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer a minimum of 14 days prior to obtaining material from a commercial or state-furnished borrow site. The Engineer will inspect the site or stockpile for the presence of noxious weeds or invasive plants.

As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall chemically or mechanically treat the borrow material to kill existing non-native weeds and invasive plants.

As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove 6 inches of the surface material at the borrow site prior to transporting borrow site soil to the project. As directed by the Engineer, material removed from the surface of the borrow site will be disposed of in accordance with Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

The treatment, removal, and disposal of rejected borrow site material will be paid for as extra work in accordance with Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Soil from the borrow site shall not be transported to the project until approved in writing by the Engineer.

Killing and Disposal of Non-Native Weeds from the Project Site

As directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall kill and dispose of non-native weeds from the project site. Weeds shall be disposed of in accordance with Section 7-1.13 "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way" of the Standard Specifications.

The killing and disposal of non-native weeds from the project site will be paid for as extra work in accordance with Section 4-1.03D of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided in these Special Provisions, for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be considered included in the various items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

9-3.05 BIOLOGICAL MONITORING:

The County will have available a qualified biologist as specified in these Special Provisions for a pre-construction survey of the project site, on site monitoring, if required, and all Endangered species handling that may be required. "Biologist" or "Monitor" referenced in these specifications refers to the biologist provided by the County. The Contractor shall request this service from the Engineer at least 10 days prior to the initial performance of work activities.

SECTION 10 SPECIAL PROVISIONS – ITEMS OF WORK

SECTION 10-1 ROADWAY

10-1.01 MOBILIZATION, DE-MOBILIZATION AND FINAL CLEAN UP:

Mobilization shall consist of preparatory work and operations, including, but not limited to those necessary for the movement of personnel, equipments, supplies and incidentals to the project site and for all other work and operations which must be performed or costs incurred prior to beginning work on the various contract items on the project site.

De-mobilization shall consist of the completion of all final construction and administrative work required to secure the project for termination and acceptance by the Engineer, including, but not limited to the following:

1. Satisfactory completion of Finishing Roadway in accordance with Section 22, "Finishing Roadway" of the Standard Specifications;

2. Removal of all temporary facilities, temporary utilities, temporary BMPs, plant, equipment, surplus material, construction debris and similar from project limits and adjacent property, as required and as directed by the Engineer;

3. Restoration of all temporary roads and haul routes and construction storage and office areas, etc. to original or better condition;

4. Completion of record of drawings (as-built), to the satisfaction of the Engineer;

5. Submission of final certified payroll documents to the Engineer;

6. Submission of property owner releases, as required by the Engineer;

7. Completion of the requirements of permits issued by other agencies;

8. Satisfactory completion of all other contractually and legally required construction and administrative items of work.

De-Mobilization shall include the satisfactory completion of all items of work, but shall not be construed as being a separate payment for work that is paid under separate contract items. The De-Mobilization is intended for proper close-out activities.

Method of Payment

A. The following schedule will be used to determine measurement of mobilization, demobilization and final cleanup and disbursement of the bid price for mobilization, demobilization and final cleanup:

Percent of Contract work Completed ($ Expended/ $ Total Contract Price)	Percent of Mobilization, Demobilization, and Final Cleanup Considered to be Complete (Compensated for)
10% - 50%	30%
51% - 79%	40%
More Than 80%	50%
Upon Demobilization and Final Cleanup	100%

B. Payment of Mobilization, Demobilization and Final Cleanup work shall be based upon the fixed bid price for Bid item-1, "**Mobilization, Demobilization and Final Cleanup.**" Payment shall constitute full compensation for all labor, material, equipment, and all other items necessary and incidental for completion of this item of work. The deletion for work or the addition of extra work, as provided for herein, shall not affect the price paid for Mobilization, Demobilization, and Final Cleanup.

10-1.02 DUST ABATEMENT:

Dust control shall conform to the provisions of Section 5-1.19 "Dust Abatement" of these contract documents.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article shall be paid for on a lump sum basis for Dust Abatement and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.03 DEVELOP WATER SUPPLY:

Develop water supply shall conform to the provisions of Section 17 of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Attention is directed to the requirements of Section 10, "Dust Abatement" of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

Full compensation for developing water supply and furnishing watering equipment shall be considered as included in the lump sum price paid for Develop Water Supply and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.04 WATER POLLUTION CONTROL (SANTA ANA REGION):

Throughout the term of this contract, the total land disturbance area of the project site shall be less than 1 acre. The Contractor shall comply with the Area-Wide Municipal Stormwater Permit NPDES No. CAS 618033, hereafter referred to in this section as the "Municipal Permit", issued by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board (CRWQCB) – Santa Ana Region. This Permit regulates both stormwater and non-stormwater discharges associated with Contractor's construction activities. A copy of the Permit may be obtained at the office of the County of Riverside Transportation Department, 14th Street Transportation Annex, 3525 14th Street, Riverside, California. (951) 955-6780, or may be obtained on the internet at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/santaana/

The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the Municipal Permit, and all other applicable federal, state and local laws, ordinances, statues, rules, and regulations concerning water pollution control.

Contractor's Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) shall be prepared by a Qualified SWPPP Developer in accordance with Section 3, "Preparing a Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP)", of the Caltrans Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) and Water Pollution Control Program (WPCP) Preparation Manual (June 2011), which is available as a free download from:
http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater/manuals.htm

Water Pollution Control Measures

A. Work having the potential to cause water pollution shall not commence until the Contractor's WPCP has been reviewed and approved by the Engineer. The Engineer's review and approval of the Contractor's WPCP shall not waive any contractual requirements and shall not relieve the Contractor from achieving and maintaining compliance with all federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, statues, rules, and regulations. A copy of Contractor's WPCP shall be maintained onsite. When the WPCP or access to the construction site is requested by a representative of a federal, state, or local regulatory agency, Contractor shall make the WPCP available and Contractor shall immediately contact the Engineer. Requests from the public for the Contractor's WPCP shall be directed to the Engineer.

B. Contractor's WPCP shall describe the Contractor's plan for managing runoff during each construction phase. Contractor's WPCP shall describe the Best Management Practices (BMPs) that will be implemented to control erosion, sediment, tracking, construction materials, construction wastes, and non-stormwater flows. BMP details shall be based upon California Stormwater Quality Association's (CASQA) California Stormwater Quality BMP Handbook Subscription Portal (http://www.cabmphandbooks.com) or the Caltrans Construction Site BMP Manual (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/stormwater/manuals.htm). Contractor's WPCP shall describe installation, operation, inspection, maintenance, and monitoring activities that will be implemented for compliance with the Municipal Permit and all

applicable federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, statutes, rules, and regulations related to the protection of water quality.

C. The Contractor's WPCP preparer shall have been trained to prepare WPCPs or SWPPPs and shall have previous experience with preparing SWPPP or WPCP requirements on a previous project.

The Contractor shall designate a Water Pollution Control Manager that shall have been trained to implement WPCP or SWPPP requirements. Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall:

1. Be responsible for all water pollution control work.
2. Be the Engineer's primary contact for all water pollution control work.
3. Have the authority to mobilize resources (crews, supplies, equipment, etc.) to make immediate repairs of water pollution control measures or to supplement water pollution control measures to maintain compliance with all federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, and regulations related to the protection of water quality, including the Municipal Permit.

The WPCP shall contain all required and applicable certifications and evidence of training for the Water Pollution Control Manager, WPCP Developer, and all other employees working on the project receiving formal training or certification.

Water Pollution Control Training: Contractor shall provide water pollution control training to Contractor's employees and subcontractors prior to their performing work on the work site. The water pollution control training shall be appropriate to the employee or subcontractor function and area of responsibility and shall address (as applicable):

1. Erosion Control (water and wind)
2. Sediment Control
3. Tracking Control
4. Materials & Waste Management
5. Non-Stormwater Discharge Management
6. Run-on and Run-off Control

Monitoring and Reporting: Observations and inspections conducted by the Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall be documented on the Construction Site Inspection Checklist included in Contractor's WPCP. A copy of each completed Construction Site Inspection Checklist shall be submitted to the Engineer within 24 hours of conducting the inspection.

General Requirements

In the event the County incurs any Administrative Civil Liability (fine) imposed by the CRWQCB – Santa Ana Region, the State Water Resources Control Board, or EPA, as a result of Contractor's failure to fully implement the provisions of "Stormwater and Non-Stormwater Pollution Control", the Engineer, may, in the exercise of his sole judgment

and discretion, withhold from payments otherwise due Contractor a sufficient amount to cover the Administrative Civil Liability including County staff time, legal counsel, consultant support costs and all other associated cost.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs and for any liability imposed by law as a result of the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements set forth in "Water Pollution Control", including but not limited to, compliance with the applicable provisions of the Caltrans Handbooks, Municipal Permit, Federal, State, and local regulations. For the purpose of this paragraph, costs and liabilities include, but not limited to, fines, penalties, damages, and costs associated with defending against enforcement actions whether taken against the County or the Contractor, including those levied under the Federal Clean Water Act and the State Porter-Cologne Water Quality Act.

Within fifteen (15) working days after the award of the contract, the Contractor shall submit two (2) copies and one pdf. file of the WPCP to the Engineer for review and approval. The Contractor shall allow ten (10) working days for the Engineer to review the WPCP. If revisions are required as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the WPCP within three (3) working days of receipt of the Engineer's comments and shall allow ten (10) working days for the Engineer to review the revisions. The Contractor shall submit four (4) copies of the approved WPCP and one pdf file to the Engineer prior to notice to proceed. The Contractor must have an approved WPCP prior to the notice to proceed.

Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer or specified in these Special Provisions, the Contractor's responsibility for WPCP implementation shall continue throughout any temporary suspension of work ordered in accordance with Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of the Work", of the Standard Specifications. The Engineer may withhold progress payments or order the suspension of construction operations without an extension of the contract time, if the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of "Water Pollution Control" as determined by the Engineer.

All BMP repairs shall be implemented by the Contractor within 72 hrs.

Payment

Payment for Water Pollution Control shall be on a lump sum basis and shall include full compensation for the work performed, including, developing, preparing, revising, obtaining approval of, and amending the WPCP, implementing, installing, constructing, operating, maintaining, and removing and disposing of temporary BMPs, performing the observations, inspections, sampling, analysis, reporting, and street sweeping, and as specified in the Caltrans Handbooks, Municipal Permit and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.05 STREET SWEEPING:

GENERAL

Summary
This work includes street sweeping.

The WPCP shall describe and include the use of street sweeping as a Water Pollution Control practice for sediment control and tracking control. Street sweeping shall also conform to all applicable AQMD requirements.

Submittals

At least 5 working days before starting clearing and grubbing, or other activities with the potential for tracking sediment or debris, submit:

A. The number of street sweepers that will be used as described in the WPCP.
B. Type of sweeper technology (or technologies).

Quality Control and Assurance
Retain the following records related to street sweeping and submit weekly to Engineer:

A. Tracking Inspection Log
B. Sweeping times and locations.
C. Quantity of sweeping waste disposal.

CONSTRUCTION

Street Sweepers

Sweepers must use one of these technologies:

A. Mechanical sweeper followed by a vacuum-assisted sweeper.
B. Vacuum-assisted dry (waterless) sweeper.
C. Regenerative-air sweeper.

Operation
Street sweeping shall be conducted at:

A. Paved roads at job site entrance and exit locations.
B. Paved areas within the job site that flow to storm drains or water bodies.

Street sweeping shall be conducted, and sweeper(s) shall be available to operate at all times, for the following:

A. During clearing and grubbing activities.
B. During earthwork activities.

C. During trenching activities.
D. During roadway structural section activities.
E. When vehicles are entering and leaving the job site.
F. After soil disturbing activities.
G. After observing offsite tracking of material.

Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall inspect adjacent paved areas at job site entrances and exits and paved roadways within the job site on a minimum daily basis, and more frequently when activities that require street sweeping are being performed. Contractor's Water Pollution Control Manager shall maintain a "Tracking Inspection Log." Street sweeping shall be conducted:

A. Within 1 hour, if sediment or debris is observed on paved areas or paved roadways.

At least one sweeper, in good working order, must be on the job site at all times when sweeping work may be required.

Perform street sweeping to minimize dust. If dust generation is excessive or sediment pickup is ineffective, water may be used but shall be contained, collected (e.g. vacuum), and properly disposed.

Material collected during street sweeping must be removed and disposed of under Section 7-1.13, "Disposal of Material Outside the Highway Right of Way" of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

Full compensation to conform with the requirements of this section shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for Water Pollution Control including furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work involved in street sweeping, including disposal of collected material, as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications, these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer. Therefore, no additional compensation will be allowed for street sweeping.

10-1.06 TRAFFIC CONTROL SYSTEM/PUBLIC CONVENIENCE/PUBLIC SAFETY:

Contractor shall prepare detailed construction staging and traffic control plans for review and approval by the Riverside County Transportation Department.

Proposed plans shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Engineer for review and approval by the County at least two weeks prior to the start of construction. The construction staging and traffic control plans shall be prepared, signed and stamped by a Civil Engineer or Traffic Engineer who is registered as such in the State of California, unless otherwise specifically allowed by the Engineer. The Contractor shall revise and

implement the plans as directed by the Engineer. Construction shall not begin until the Engineer provides Contractor with County approval of the plans.

Construction staging and traffic control plans shall be in accordance with the appropriate standards and specifications for construction staging, detour roads, traffic control, including the State of California Highway Design Manual, the 2012 California Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), the May 2006 Standard Plans and Standard Specifications, and the Work Area Traffic Control Handbook (WATCH), as published by Building News, Inc. Any requests for deviation from the established design standards or specifications are to be submitted to the Engineer for review and approval prior to submission of the required plans.

With regard to the preparation and implementation of the plans, attention is especially directed to Sections 7-1.06, 7-1.08, 7-1.09, 7-1.11, 7-1.12 and Section 12 of the Standard Specifications. Section 12-2.02 of the Standard Specifications is deleted.

Maintaining traffic shall conform to the provisions in 7-1.02 "Load Limitations", 7-1.06 "Safety and Health Provisions", 7-1.08 "Public Convenience", 7-1.09 "Public Safety", and 12-3.04 "Portable Delineators" of the Standard Specifications, the 2012 California Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), the Section of these contract documents entitled "Insurance - Hold Harmless", and these Special Provisions.

All existing traffic control signs and street name signs shall be maintained in visible locations as directed by the Engineer.

No detours will be allowed, unless specifically allowed herein. The Contractor will be required to conduct his operations in such a manner that traffic will be permitted to pass through the work area with as little delay as possible.

All warning lights, signs, flares, barricades and other facilities for the sole convenience and direction of public traffic shall be furnished and maintained by the Contractor. All traffic control devices shall conform to and be placed in accordance with the 2012 California Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), the corresponding California Supplement, and subsequent modifications as adopted by the State of California Department of Transportation.

All construction signs shall be either covered or removed when not required by the nature of the work or if no present hazard to the motorist exists.

The Contractor shall notify the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 working days, but not more than 14 calendar days, prior to commencing excavation for construction area sign posts. The regional notification centers include, but not limited to, the following:

Notification Center	Telephone Number
Underground Service Alert- Southern California (USA)	1-800-422-4133 1-800-227-2600 or 811

Excavations required to install construction area signs shall be performed by hand methods without the use of power equipment, except that power equipment may be used if it is determined there are no utility facilities in the area of the proposed post holes.

No payment for extra work will be allowed for work performed as specified in Section 12-2.02 (Flagging Costs) of the Standard Specifications. Flagging costs will be borne entirely by the Contractor.

Dust control shall conform to the provision of Section 10 of the Standard Specifications except that no extra work will be allowed when the Engineer orders the application of water for the purpose of controlling dust caused by public traffic as provided for in the last paragraph of Section 10 of the Standard Specifications.

The Contractor shall be responsible to distribute an information letter pertaining to the planned work to all affected residences and businesses, at least one week prior to commencing work adjacent to those residences and businesses. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to design the information letter, obtain design approval from the Engineer, print sufficient copies, and distribute the letter. The Riverside County Transportation Department logo shall be included on the letter. A computer file of the logo may be obtained from the Engineer in .WPG, .DXF, .DGN or .DWG format. The letter shall be similar to the sample provided by the Engineer, and shall include a project description, the scope of work, the anticipated construction schedule, and other information as appropriate.

The Contractor shall post temporary no parking signs on affected streets 24 hours prior to work on those streets. The temporary no parking signs shall state the anticipated dates and hours of work on those streets.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article, including furnishing, installing and maintaining all traffic control devices shown on the construction staging and traffic control plans, including construction area signs, channelizers, portable changeable message signs, temporary pavement markers, temporary traffic stripes, graffiti removal, shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for Traffic Control System, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.07 MAINTAINING TRAFFIC:

Maintaining traffic shall conform to the provisions in Section 7-1.08, "Public Convenience", Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety" and Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices" of the Standard Specifications and "Public Safety" of these Special Provisions.

Closure is defined as the closure of a traffic lane or lanes, including shoulder, ramp or connector lanes, within a single traffic control system.

Closure shall conform to the provisions in "Traffic Control System" of these Special Provisions.

Local authorities shall be notified at least five (5) business days before work begins. The Contractor shall cooperate with local authorities to handle traffic through the work area and shall make arrangements to keep the work area clear of parked vehicles.

Personal vehicles of the Contractor's employees shall not be parked on the traveled way or shoulders including sections closed to public traffic.

When work vehicles or equipment are parked on the shoulder within six (6) feet of a traffic lane, the shoulder area shall be closed.

When work vehicles or equipment are parked on the shoulder within six (6) feet of a traffic lane, the shoulder area shall be closed with fluorescent orange traffic cones or portable delineators placed on a taper in advance of the parked vehicles or equipment and along the edge of the pavement at 25-foot intervals to a point not less than 25 feet past the last vehicle or piece of equipment. A minimum of 9 traffic cones or portable delineators shall be used for the taper. A W20-1 (ROAD WORK AHEAD) or W21-5b (RIGHT/LEFT SHOULDER CLOSED AHEAD) or C24 (CA) (SHOULDER WORK AHEAD) sign shall be mounted on a crashworthy portable sign support with flags. The sign shall be placed where designated by the Engineer. The sign shall be a minimum of 48" x 48" in size. The Contractor shall immediately restore to the original position and location a traffic cone or delineator that is displaced or overturned, during the progress of work.

If minor deviations are required on traffic control plan, a written request shall be submitted to the Engineer at least 15 days before the proposed date of the closure. The Engineer may approve the deviations if there is no significant increase in the cost to the County and if the work can be expedited and better serve the public traffic.

Designated County legal holidays are January 1st, the third Monday in January, February 12th, the third Monday in February, the last Monday in May, July 4th, the first Monday in September, the second Monday in October, November 11th, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday following Thanksgiving Day, December 24th and 31st when they fall on Monday, December 25th, December 26th and January 2nd when they fall on Friday, When a designated legal holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be a designated

legal holiday. When January 1st, February 12th, July 4th, November 11th, or December 25th fall on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a designated legal holiday.

Payment:

Full compensation for furnishing, erecting, maintaining, removing and disposing of the signs shall be considered as included in the contract lump sum price paid for Traffic Control System and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.08 CONSTRUCTION AREA SIGNS:

Construction area signs for temporary traffic control shall be furnished, installed, maintained, and removed when no longer required in conformance with the provisions in Section 12, "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Attention is directed to "Furnish Sign" of these Special Provisions.

Attention is directed to the provisions in "Prequalified and Tested Signing and Delineation Materials" of these Special Provisions. Type II retroreflective sheeting shall not be used on construction area sign panels. Type III, IV, VII, VIII, or IX retroreflective sheeting shall be used for stationary mounted construction area sign panels.

Attention is directed to "Construction Project Information Signs" of these Special Provisions regarding the number and type of construction project information signs to be furnished, erected, maintained, and removed and disposed of.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans or specified in these Special Provisions, the color of construction area warning and guide signs shall have black legend and border on orange background. Orange background on construction area signs shall be fluorescent orange.

Repair to construction area sign panels will not be allowed, except when approved by the Engineer. At nighttime under vehicular headlight illumination, sign panels that exhibit irregular luminance, shadowing or dark blotches shall be immediately replaced at the Contractor's expense.

The Contractor shall notify the appropriate regional notification center for operators of subsurface installations at least 2 business days, but not more than 14 days, prior to commencing excavation for construction area sign posts. The regional notification centers include, but are not limited to, the following:

Notification Center	Telephone Number
Underground Service Alert	811

Excavations required to install construction area signs shall be performed by hand methods without the use of power equipment, except that power equipment may be used if it is determined there are no utility facilities in the area of the proposed post holes. The post hole diameter, if backfilled with Portland Cement Concrete, shall be at least 4-inches greater than the longer dimension of the post cross-section.

Construction area signs placed within 15 feet from the edge of the travel way shall be mounted on stationary mounted sign supports as specified in "Construction Area Traffic Control Devices" of these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall maintain accurate information on construction area signs. Signs that are no longer required shall be immediately covered or removed. Signs that convey inaccurate information shall be immediately replaced or the information shall be corrected. Covers shall be replaced when they no longer cover the signs properly. The Contractor shall immediately restore to the original position and location any sign that is displaced or overturned, from any cause, during the progress of work.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article shall be considered as included in the lump sum price paid for "Traffic Control System" and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.09 CLEARING AND GRUBBING:

Clearing and grubbing (including but not limited to removal/disposal of existing vegetation, tree, miscellaneous grading, removal of concrete bollards, removal of median nose as called out on the plan construction note 8, relocation of existing commercial/utility/private property signs including electrical equipment and/or metal structure) shall conform to the provisions in Section 16 of the Standard Specifications and to these Special Provisions.

Nothing in this section shall relieve the Contractor from providing for public safety in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety" of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this section shall be paid for on a lump sum basis for Clearing and Grubbing, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor. All additional miscellaneous work as described above shall be considered as included in the payment for Clearing and Grubbing.

10-1.10 FUNDING AWARENESS SIGN:

Before any major physical construction work readily visible to roadway users is started on this contract, the Contractor shall furnish and install one (1) Construction Project Funding Awareness Sign (4' X 8'). The sign shall be installed at a location to be determined by the Engineer, within or near the project limits, in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section 56-2 of the Standard Specifications and the appropriate details of Standard Plans RS1 through RS4 for two post installation of signs, and as directed by the Engineer.

A reference exhibit displaying the text and colors of the sign will be provided to the Contractor prior to construction. The Contractor shall submit a copy of the final sign design for approval by the resident Engineer prior to fabrication.

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer the final sign design in the form of an editable picture file in .eps format – Encapsulated PostScript file.

The sign shall be maintained and kept clean and in good repair by the Contractor through the duration of the construction project. Signs damaged, stolen, or knocked out shall be re-installed or replaced at the request of the Engineer by the Contractor at no additional cost to the County.

At the completion of the project, the signs will become property of the County. When directed by the Engineer, the Contractor shall remove all hardware from the signs. Posts and hardware shall become the property of the Contractor. The Contractor shall deliver and off-load the signs to the address listed below or as directed by the Engineer:

Riverside County Transportation Department
McKenzie Highway Operations Center
2950 Washington Street
Riverside, California 92504
Telephone (951) 955-6894

Payment:

The contract unit price paid per each for Funding Awareness Sign and shall include full compensation for furnishing, transporting, installing/erecting, maintaining, removal, delivery to County shop, and for doing all work involved to completion including furnishing posts, and excavation and backfill as directed by the Engineer and no additional compensation will allowed therefor.

10-1.11 ROADWAY EXCAVATION:

Roadway excavation shall conform to the provisions of Section 19 of the Standard Specifications, and these Special Provisions.

At road connections and at limits of asphalt paving, existing pavement shall be header cut as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer.

Full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools and doing all the work necessary, including grinding and sawcutting, shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid for the various asphalt concrete items and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Existing pavement including any base material shall be cut back to neat lines and removed as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Excess material will become the property of the Contractor and will be disposed of as provided in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

Disposal of Excess Excavation or Materials:

Excess earth excavation, pavement grindings and other excess materials resulting from construction operations shall be disposed of by the Contractor outside of the highway right of way, as provided in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

The second paragraph of Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications is modified to read as follows:

> When any material is to be disposed of outside the highway right of way, and the County of Riverside has not made arrangements for the disposal of such material, the Contractor shall first obtain written authorization from the property owner on whose property the disposal is to be made and he shall file with the Engineer said authorization or a certified copy thereof together with a written release from the property owner absolving the County of Riverside from any and all responsibility in connection with the disposal of material on said property. If the disposal of materials is to be made at an established disposal facility that is available for public use, the Contractor shall retain all authorizations and receipts from said disposal facility and shall provide copies to the Engineer upon request.

Relative Compaction:

Whenever relative compaction is specified to be determined by Test Method No. Calif. 216, the in-place density may be determined by Test Method No. Calif. 231. The in-place density required by Test Method No. Calif. 312 may be determined by Test Method No. 231. The wet weight or dry weight basis and English Units of Measurement may be used at the option of the County's Materials Engineer.

Payment:

The unit bid price paid per cubic yard for Roadway Excavation shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all work involved including compaction and removal of asphalt concrete berm, as directed by the Engineer and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor. No

adjustment in the bid price per cubic yard for overages or underages from the stated quantity will be allowed. Sections 4-1.03B(1) and 4-1.03B(2) of the Standard Specifications do not apply for increases and decreases of pay quantity of more than 25% from the stated quantity.

10-1.12 HOT MIX ASPHALT:

The asphalt concrete shall be Type "A" and Type "C" in conformance with the plans to the requirements of Section 39 of the Standard Specifications and its amendments and the following:

Aggregate grading shall be three-quarter inch (3/4") for HMA Type "A".

Aggregate grading shall be one inch (1") for HMA Type "C".

The grade of asphalt binder mixed with aggregate for HMA Type "A" and "C" must be PG 64-10.

The aggregate for HMA Type "C" must comply with the 1-inch grading as presented in the following table.

Aggregate Gradation
(Percentage Passing)
HMA Type C

1–inch HMA Type C

Sieve Sizes	Target Value Limits	Allowable Tolerance
1"	100	—
3/4"	88 - 93	TV ±5
1/2"	72 - 85	TV ±6
3/8"	55 - 70	TV ±6
No. 4	35 - 52	TV ±7
No. 8	22 - 40	TV ±5
No. 30	8 - 24	TV ±4
No. 50	5 - 18	TV ±4
No. 200	3 - 7	TV ±2

The aggregate shall conform to the following quality requirements prior to the addition of asphalt binder.

Aggregate Quality

Quality Characteristic	Test Method	Requirement
Percent of crushed particles [a]	CT 205	
Coarse aggregate (% min.)		
Two fractured faces		95
Fine aggregate (Passing No. 4 sieve and retained on No. 8 sieve.) (% min)		
One fractured face		90
Los Angeles Rattler (% Max.) [a]	CT 211	
Loss at 100 rev.		12
Loss at 500 rev.		40
Sand equivalent [a, b] (min.)	CT 217	47
Fine aggregate angularity (% min.) [a]	AASHTO T 304 Method A	45
Flat and elongated particles (% max. by weight @ 5:1).) [a]	ASTM D 4791	10

Note:
[a] Combine aggregate in the JMF proportions.
[b] Reported value must be the average of 3 tests from a single sample.

During mix design, determine the optimum binder content (OBC) at 5 percent air voids content. Determine the proposed JMF from a mix design that complies with the following table:

Hot Mix Asphalt Mix Design Requirements

Quality Characteristic	Test Method or Lab Procedure	Requirement	
Design air voids content (%)		4.0	5.0
Air voids content [a] (%)	CT 367	4.0	5.0
Voids in mineral aggregate (% min.) [b]	LP-2		
1" grading			
with NMAS = 1"		12	13
with NMAS = 3/4"		13	14
Voids filled with asphalt (%)	LP-3		
1" grading		65.0 – 75.0	60.0 – 70.0
Dust proportion [c] (P200/Pbe)	LP-4	0.6 – 1.3	0.6 – 1.3
Stabilometer value (min.)	CT 366	37 [d]	37 [d]

Notes:
[a] Calculate the air voids content of each specimen using CT 309 and LP-1. Modify CT 367, Paragraph C5, to use the exact air voids content specified in the selection of OBC.
[b] Minimum VMA is dependent upon NMAS of JMF. NMAS is defined as one sieve size larger than the first sieve to retain more than 10 percent.
[c] Asphalt content based on dry weight of aggregate
[d] Follow CT 366: 150 tamps at 500 psi tamping pressure and 230 °F compaction temperature; cool specimens to 140 °F; apply 12,600 lb leveling load; and perform stabilometer test at 140 °F.

The asphalt lift thickness table, as shown in Section 39-6.01, "General Requirements" of the Standard Specifications, is revised as follows:

Total Thickness Shown on Plans	Minimum No. of Layers	Top Layer Thickness (foot)		Next Lower Layer Thickness (foot)		All Other Lower Layer Thickness (foot)	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
0.24-foot or less[a]	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.25-foot	2[b]	2	0.13	0.12	0.13	-	-
0.26 - 0.46 foot	2	0.12	0.21	0.14	0.25	-	-
0.47-foot or more	3 or more	0.15	0.21	0.15	0.25	0.17	0.25

Footnotes to asphalt thickness table are revised as follows:

a. No Change.

b. One layer of 0.25 foot thick may be placed as approved by the Engineer. When the Traffic Index specified is 5.5 or below, two layers shall be placed.

Asphalts:

Asphalt shall conform to the provisions in this Section, "Asphalts". Section 92, "Asphalts" of the Standard Specifications shall not apply.

Asphalt shall consist of refined petroleum or a mixture of refined liquid asphalt and refined solid asphalt, prepared from crude petroleum. Asphalt shall be:

1. Free from residues caused by the artificial distillation of coal, coal tar, or paraffin;
2. Free from water;
3. Homogeneous.

General:

The Contractor shall furnish asphalt in conformance with the State of California Department of Transportation's Certification Program for Suppliers of Asphalt". The Department maintains the program requirements, procedures, and a list of approved suppliers at http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/esc/Translab/fpmcoc.htm.

The Contractor shall ensure the safe transportation, storage, use, and disposal of asphalt.

The Contractor shall prevent the formation of carbonized particles caused by overheating asphalt during manufacturing or construction.

Grade:

Performance graded (PG) asphalt binder shall conform to the following:

Property	AASHTO Test Method	Specification Grade		
		PG 64-10	PG 64-16	PG 70-10
Original Binder				
Flash Point, Minimum °C	T48	230	230	230
Solubility, Minimum %[b]	T44	99	99	99
Viscosity at 135 °C, Maximum, Pa·s	T316	3.0	3.0	3.0
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Minimum G*/sin(delta), kPa	T315	64 1.00	64 1.00	70 1.00
RTFO Test[e], Mass Loss, Maximum, %	T240	1.00	1.00	1.00
RTFO Test Aged Binder				
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Minimum G*/sin(delta), kPa	T315	64 2.20	64 2.20	70 2.20
Ductility at 25 °C Minimum, cm	T51	75	75	7 5
PAV[f] Aging, Temperature, °C	R28	100	100	110
RTFO Test and PAV Aged Binder				
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Maximum G*/sin(delta), kPa	T315	31[d] 5000	28[d] 5000	34[d] 5000
Creep Stiffness, Test Temperature, °C Maximum S-value, Mpa Minimum M-value	T313	0 300 0.300	-6 300 0.300	0 300 0.30 0

Notes:

a. Not used.

b. The Engineer will waive this specification if the supplier is a Quality Supplier as defined by County's "Certification Program for Suppliers of Asphalt".

c. The Engineer will waive this specification if the supplier certifies the asphalt binder can be adequately pumped and mixed at temperatures meeting applicable safety standards.

d. Test the sample at 3 °C higher if it fails at the specified test temperature. G*sin(delta) shall remain 5000 kPa maximum.

e. "RTFO Test" means the asphaltic residue obtained using the Rolling Thin Film Oven Test, AASHTO Test Method T240 or ASTM Designation: D2827.

f. "PAV" means Pressurized Aging Vessel.

Performance graded polymer modified asphalt binder (PG Polymer Modified) is:

Performance Graded Polymer Modified Asphalt Binder [a]

Property	AASHTO Test Method	Specification Grade		
		PG 58-34 PM	PG 64-28 PM	PG 76-22 PM
Original Binder				
Flash Point, Minimum °C	T 48	230	230	230
Solubility, Minimum % [b]	T 44[c]	98.5	98.5	98.5
Viscosity at 135°C, [d] Maximum, Pa·s	T 316	3.0	3.0	3.0
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Minimum G*/sin(delta), kPa	T 315	58 1.00	64 1.00	76 1.00
RTFO Test , Mass Loss, Maximum, %	T 240	1.00	1.00	1.00
RTFO Test Aged Binder				
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Minimum G*/sin(delta), kPa	T 315	58 2.20	64 2.20	76 2.20
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Maximum (delta), %	T 315	Note e 80	Note e 80	Note e 80
Elastic Recovery[f], Test Temp., °C Minimum recovery, %	T 301	25 75	25 75	25 65
PAV[g] Aging, Temperature, °C	R 28	100	100	110
RTFO Test and PAV Aged Binder				
Dynamic Shear, Test Temp. at 10 rad/s, °C Maximum G*sin(delta), kPa	T 315	16 5000	22 5000	31 5000
Creep Stiffness, Test Temperature, °C Maximum S-value, MPa Minimum M-value	T 313	-24 300 0.300	-18 300 0.300	-12 300 0.300

Notes:

a. Do not modify PG Polymer Modifier using acid modification.
b. The Engineer waives this specification if the supplier is a Quality Supplier as defined by the County's "Certification Program for Suppliers of Asphalt".
c. The County allows ASTM D5546 instead of AASHTO T44.
d. The Engineer waives this specification if the supplier certifies the asphalt binder can be adequately pumped and mixed at temperatures meeting applicable safety standards.
e. Test temperature is the temperature at which G*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa. A graph of log G*/sin(delta) plotted against temperature may be used to determine the test temperature when G*/sin(delta) is 2.2 Kpa. A graph of (delta) versus temperature may be used to determine delta at the temperature when G*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa. The Engineer also accepts direct measurement of (delta) at the temperature when G*/sin(delta) is 2.2 kPa.
f. Test without a force ductility clamp may be performed.
g. "PAV" means Pressurized Aging Vessel.

Sampling:

The Contractor shall provide a sampling device in the asphalt feed line connecting the plant storage tanks to the asphalt weighing system or spray bar. The sampling device shall be accessible between 24 and 30 inches above the platform. The Contractor shall provide a receptacle for flushing the sampling device.

The sampling device shall include a valve:

1. With a diameter between 1/2 and 3/4 inches;

2. Manufactured in a manner that a one-quart sample may be taken slowly at any time during plant operations;

3. Maintained in good condition.

Replace Failed Valves

The Contractor shall replace failed valves.

In the presence of the Engineer, the Contractor shall take 2 one-quart samples per operating day. The Contractor shall provide round friction top containers with one-quart capacity for storing samples.

Applying Asphalt:

Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall heat and apply asphalt in conformance with the provisions in Section 93, "Liquid Asphalts" of the Standard Specifications.

Section 39-2.01, "Asphalts" is replaced in its entirety with the following:

Asphalt binder to be mixed with aggregate shall conform to the provisions in "Asphalts" of these Special Provisions.

The grade of asphalt binder shall be 64-10

Liquid asphalt for prime coat shall conform to the provisions in Section 93, "Liquid Asphalts" of the Standard Specifications and shall be Grade 64-10 unless otherwise designated by the contract item or otherwise specified in the Special Provisions.

Asphaltic emulsion for paint binder (tack coat) shall conform to the provisions in Section 94, "Asphaltic Emulsion" of the Standard Specifications for the rapid-setting or slow-setting type and grade approved by the Engineer.

Section 39-3.01B of the Standard Specifications shall be amended to include:

Aggregate of the 3/4 inch or 1/2 inch maximum size and aggregate for asphalt concrete base shall be separated into 3 or more sizes and each size shall be stored in separate bins. If 3 sizes are used, one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass the maximum size specified and be retained on a 3/8 inch sieve; one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass a 3/8 inch sieve and be retained on a No. 8 sieve; and one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass a No. 8 sieve.

Aggregate of 3/8 inch maximum size shall be separated into 2 sizes and each size shall be stored in separate bins. One bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass the maximum size specified and be retained on a No. 8 sieve and one bin shall contain that portion of the material which will pass a No. 8 sieve.

The bin containing the fine material shall not contain more than 15 percent of material retained on the No. 8 sieve. The material in any of the other bins shall not contain more than 15 percent of material passing a No. 8 sieve. Failure to comply with this requirement shall be corrected immediately, and the material in the bins not meeting these requirements shall be re-screened or wasted.

All asphalt concrete for this project shall be supplied from one source unless approved by the Engineer. Said source shall be listed on the Contractor's Source of Materials List as required in Section 6 of the Standard Specifications.

Asphaltic emulsion shall be furnished and applied as provided in Section 39-4.02 of the Standard Specifications.

Asphalt concrete driveway approaches shall be reconstructed to match existing as directed by the Engineer.

In addition to the provisions in Section 39-5.01, "Spreading Equipment" of the Standard Specifications, asphalt paving equipment shall be equipped with automatic screed controls and a sensing device or devices.

When placing asphalt concrete to the lines and grades established by the Engineer, the automatic controls shall control the longitudinal grade and transverse slope of the screed. Grade and slope references shall be furnished, installed, and maintained by the Contractor. Should the Contractor elect to use a ski device, the minimum length of the ski device shall be 30 feet. The ski device shall be a rigid one piece unit and the entire length shall be utilized in activating the sensor.

When placing the initial mat of asphalt concrete on existing pavement, the end of the screed nearest the centerline shall be controlled by a sensor activated by a ski device not less than 30 feet. The end of the screed farthest from centerline shall be controlled by an automatic transverse slope device set to reproduce the cross slope designated by the Engineer, by a sensor activated by a similar ski device or as directed by the Engineer.

When paving contiguously with previously placed mats, the end of the screed adjacent to the previously placed mat shall be controlled by a sensor that responds to the grade of the

previously placed mat and will reproduce the grade in the new mat within a 0.12 inch tolerance. The end of the screed farthest from the previously placed mat shall be controlled in the same way it was controlled when placing the initial mat.

Should the methods and equipment furnished by the Contractor fail to produce a layer of asphalt concrete conforming to the provisions, including straightedge tolerance, of Section 39-6.03, "Compacting" of the Standard Specifications or elsewhere in these Special Provisions, the paving operations shall be discontinued and the Contractor shall modify the equipment or methods, or furnish substitute equipment.

Should the automatic screed controls fail to operate properly during a day's work, the Contractor may manually control the spreading equipment for the remainder of that day. However, the equipment shall be corrected or replaced with alternative automatically controlled equipment conforming to the provisions in this section before starting another day's work.

General Criteria For Profiling:

In addition to the straightedge provisions in Section 39-6.03, "Compacting" of the Standard Specifications, asphalt concrete pavement shall conform to the surface tolerances specified herein.

The uppermost layer of asphalt concrete surfacing shall be profiled in the presence of the Engineer using a California Profilograph or equivalent in conformance with California Test 526 and as specified in these Special Provisions.

The California Profilograph or equivalent will not be required for the following areas of the pavement surface but shall conform to the straightedge requirements in Section 39-6.03, "Compacting" of the Standard Specifications:

1. Pavement with a total thickness less than 0.24 foot;

2. Pavement on horizontal curves with a centerline curve radius of less than 1,000 feet and the pavement within the superelevation transition on those curves;

3. Pavement placed in a single lift when required by the Special Provisions;

4. Pavement with extensive grade or cross slope correction which does not receive advance leveling operations in conformance with the provisions in Section 39-6.02, "Spreading" of the Standard Specifications;

5. Pavement for ramps and connectors with steep grades and high rates of superelevation, as determined by the Engineer;

6. Shoulders and miscellaneous areas.

The Contractor shall conform to California Test 526, except a zero (null) blanking band shall be used for determining the Profile Index. Prior to beginning profiles, the profilograph shall be calibrated in the presence of the Engineer. Two profiles shall be obtained within each traffic lane, 3 feet from and parallel with the edges of the lane.

Pavements profiled shall conform to the following Profile Index requirements:

1. Pavement on tangent alignment and pavement on horizontal curves having a centerline curve radius of 2,000 feet or more shall have a Profile Index of 0.16 foot or less for each 330 feet section profiled;

2. Pavement on horizontal curves having a centerline curve radius of 1,000 feet or more but less than 2,000 feet, including the pavement within the superelevation transition of these curves, shall have a Profile Index of 0.32 foot or less for each 330 feet section profile;

3. Pavement within any 330 feet section, containing high point areas with deviations in excess of 0.025 foot in a length of 25 feet or less, when tested in conformance with the requirements in California Test 526, shall be corrected by the Contractor regardless of the Profile Index.

The Contractor shall complete initial runs of the profilograph prior to opening the pavement to public traffic. If initial profiles cannot made prior to opening the pavement to public traffic, the initial runs of the profilograph shall be made the next day that traffic control is permitted for the area to be profiled.

Areas of the top surface of the uppermost layer of asphalt concrete pavement that do not meet the specified surface tolerances shall be brought within tolerance by abrasive grinding.

Abrasive grinding shall be performed to reduce individual deviations in excess of 0.025 foot, and to reduce the Profile Index of the pavement to be within the specified tolerance. Areas which have been subjected to abrasive grinding shall receive a seal coat. Deviations in excess of 0.025 foot which cannot be brought into specified tolerance by abrasive grinding shall be corrected by either (1) removal and replacement or (2) placing an overlay of asphalt concrete. The corrective method for each area shall be selected by the Contractor and shall be approved by the Engineer prior to beginning the corrective work. Replacement or overlay pavement not meeting the specified tolerances shall be corrected by the methods specified above. Corrective work shall be at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall run profilograms on the areas that have received abrasive grinding or corrective work until the final profilograms indicate the Profile Index of the area is within the specified tolerance.

When abrasive grinding is used to bring the top surface of the uppermost layer of asphalt concrete surfacing within the specified surface tolerances, additional abrasive grinding shall be performed as necessary to extend the area ground in each lateral direction so that the lateral limits of grinding are at a constant offset from, and parallel with, the nearest

lane line or pavement edge, and in each longitudinal direction so that the grinding begins and ends at lines normal to the pavement centerline, within a ground area. Ground areas shall be neat rectangular areas of uniform surface appearance.

The original of the final profilograms that indicate the pavement surface is within the Profile Index specified shall become the property of the County and shall be delivered to the Engineer prior to acceptance of the contract.

Payment:

The contract bid price paid per ton for Hot Mix Asphalt for the type shown in bid proposal shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, materials, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved including the furnishing and applying asphaltic emulsion (paint binder/tack coat).

At road connections and at limits of asphalt paving, existing pavement shall be header cut as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer. Full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools and doing all the work necessary including grinding, and sawcutting shall be considered as included in the contract prices paid per ton for the various asphalt concrete items and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Full compensation for furnishing and applying asphaltic emulsion (paint binder/tack coat) shall be considered as included in the contract price paid for Asphalt Concrete.

The quantity of Asphalt Concrete for driveway, driveway tie-ins, asphalt concrete (miscellaneous area), AC Dike will be paid for at a unit price per ton as a combined item, including mineral aggregate and asphalt binder in place on the roadbed.

The placing of Asphalt Concrete AC Dike and shall be paid for at the separate contract unit shown in the bid proposal in addition to the price paid for the materials other than Asphalt concrete involved.

10-1.13 PAYMENT ADJUSTMENTS FOR PRICE INDEX FLUCTUATIONS:

GENERAL

Summary

This section applies to asphalt contained in materials for pavement structural sections and surface treatments such as hot mix asphalt (HMA), tack coat, asphaltic emulsions, bituminous seals, asphalt binders, and modified asphalt binders placed in the work. This section does not apply if you opted out of payment adjustment for price index fluctuations at the time of bid.

The Engineer adjusts payment if the California Statewide Crude Oil Price Index for the month the material is placed is more than 5 percent higher or lower than the price index at the time of bid.

The California Statewide Crude Oil Price Index is determined each month on or about the 1st business day of the month by the County using the average of the posted prices in effect for the previous month as posted by Chevron, ExxonMobil, and ConocoPhillips for the Buena Vista, Huntington Beach, and Midway Sunset fields.

If a company discontinues posting its prices for a field, the County determines the index from the remaining posted prices. The County may include additional fields to determine the index.

For the California Statewide Crude Oil Price Index, go to: http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/construc/crudeoilindex/

If the adjustment is a decrease in payment, the County deducts the amount from the monthly progress payment.

The County includes payment adjustments for price index fluctuations when making adjustments under Section 4-1.03B, "Increased or Decreased Quantities" of the Standard Specifications.

If the Contractor does not complete the work within the contract time, payment adjustments during the overrun period are determined using the California Statewide Crude Oil Price Index in effect for the month in which the overrun period began.

If the price index at the time of placement increases:

A. 50 percent or more over the price index at bid opening, notify the Engineer.
B. 100 percent or more over the price index at bid opening, do not furnish material containing asphalt until the Engineer authorizes you to proceed with that work. The County may decrease Bid item quantities, eliminate Bid items, or terminate the contract.

Submittals

Before placing material containing asphalt, submit the current sales and use tax rate in effect in the tax jurisdiction where the material is to be placed.

Submit certified weight slips for HMA, tack coat, asphaltic emulsions, and modified asphalt binders, including those materials not paid for by weight, as specified in Section 9-1.01, "Measurement of Quantities" of the Standard Specifications. For slurry seals, submit certified weight slips separately for the asphaltic emulsion.

ASPHALT QUANTITIES

Hot Mix Asphalt

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in HMA using the following formula:

$$Qh = HMATT \times [Xa / (100 + Xa)]$$

Where:

Qh =	quantity in tons of asphalt used in HMA
HMATT =	HMA total tons placed
Xa =	theoretical asphalt content from job mix formula expressed as percentage of the weight of dry aggregate

Rubberized Hot Mix Asphalt

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in rubberized HMA (RHMA) using the following formula:

$$Qrh = RHMATT \times 0.80 \times [Xarb / (100 + Xarb)]$$

where:

Qrh =	quantity in tons of asphalt in asphalt rubber binder used in RHMA
RHMATT =	RHMA total tons placed
Xarb =	theoretical asphalt rubber binder content from the job mix formula expressed as percentage of the weight of dry aggregate

Modified Asphalt Binder in Hot Mix Asphalt

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in modified asphalt binder using the following formula:

$$Qmh = MHMATT \times [(100 - Xam) / 100] \times [Xmab / (100 + Xmab)]$$

where:

Qmh =	quantity in tons of asphalt in modified asphalt binder used in HMA
MHMATT =	modified asphalt binder HMA total tons placed
Xam =	specified percentage of asphalt modifier
Xmab =	theoretical modified asphalt binder content from the job mix formula expressed as percentage of the weight of dry aggregate

Hot Mix Asphalt Containing Reclaimed Asphalt Pavement (RAP)

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in HMA containing RAP using the following formulas:

$$Qrap = HMATT \times [Xma / (100 + Xma)]$$

where:

$$Xma = Xta - [(100 - Xnew) \times (Xra / 100)]$$

and

Qrap = quantity in tons of asphalt used in HMA containing RAP
HMATT = HMA total tons placed
Xma = asphalt content of HMA adjusted to account for the asphalt content in RAP expressed as percentage of the weight of dry aggregate
Xta = total asphalt content of HMA expressed as percentage of the weight of dry aggregate
Xnew = theoretical percentage of new aggregate in the HMA containing RAP determined from RAP percentage in the job mix formula
Xra = asphalt content of RAP expressed as percentage

Tack Coat

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in tack coat (Qtc) as either:

A. Asphalt binder using the asphalt binder total tons placed as tack coat.
B. Asphaltic emulsion by applying the formula in "Asphaltic Emulsion" to the asphaltic emulsion total tons placed as tack coat.

Asphaltic Emulsion

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in asphaltic emulsions, including fog seals and tack coat, using the following formula:

$$Qe = AETT \times Xe$$

where:

Qe = quantity in tons of asphalt used in asphaltic emulsions
AETT = undiluted asphaltic emulsions total tons placed
Xe = minimum percent residue specified in Section 94, "Asphaltic Emulsions," of the Standard Specifications based on the type of emulsion used

The Contractor may, as an option, determine "Xe" by submitting actual daily test results for asphalt residue for the asphaltic emulsion used. If the Contractor chooses this option, the Contractor must:

A. Take 1 sample every 200 tons but not less than 1 sample per day in the presence of the Engineer from the delivery truck, at midload from a sampling tap or thief, and in the following order:

1. Draw and discard the 1st gallon.
2. Take two separate 1/2-gallon samples.

B. Submit 1st sample at the time of sampling.
C. Provide 2nd sample within 3 business days of sampling to an independent testing laboratory that participates in the AASHTO Proficiency Sample Program.
D. Submit test results from independent testing laboratory within 10 business days of sample date.

Slurry Seal

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in slurry seals (Qss) by applying the formula in "Asphaltic Emulsion" to the actual quantity of asphaltic emulsion used in producing the slurry seal mix.

Modified Asphalt Binder

The Engineer calculates the quantity of asphalt in modified asphalt binder using the following formula:

$$Qmab = MABTT \times [(100 - Xam) / 100]$$

where:

Qmab = quantity in tons of asphalt used in modified asphalt binder
MABTT = modified asphalt binder total tons placed
Xam = specified percentage of asphalt modifier

Other Materials

For other materials containing asphalt not covered above, the Engineer determines the quantity of asphalt (Qo).

PAYMENT ADJUSTMENTS

The Engineer includes payment adjustments for price index fluctuations in progress pay estimates. If material containing asphalt is placed within 2 months during 1 estimate period, the Engineer calculates 2 separate adjustments. Each adjustment is calculated using the price index for the month in which the quantity of material containing asphalt subject to adjustment is placed in the work. The sum of the 2 adjustments is used for increasing or decreasing payment in the progress pay estimate.

The Engineer calculates each payment adjustment as follows:

$$PA = Qt \times A$$

where:

PA = Payment adjustment in dollars for asphalt contained in materials placed in the work for a given month.

Qt = Sum of all quantities of asphalt-contained materials in pavement structural sections and pavement surface treatments placed (Qh + Qrh + Qmh + Qrap + Qtc + Qe + Qss + Qmab + Qo).

A = Adjustment in dollars per ton of asphalt used to produce materials placed in the work rounded to the nearest $0.01.

For US Customary projects, use:

A = [(Iu / Ib) - 1.05] x Ib x [1 + (T / 100)] for an increase in the crude oil price index exceeding 5 percent

A = [(Iu / Ib) - 0.95] x Ib x [1 + (T / 100)] for a decrease in the crude oil price index exceeding 5 percent

T = Sales and use tax rate, expressed as a percent, currently in effect in the tax jurisdiction where the material is placed. If the tax rate information is not submitted timely, the statewide sales and use tax rate is used in the payment adjustment calculations until the tax rate information is submitted.

10-1.14 AGGREGATE BASE:

Aggregate base must comply with Section 26, "Aggregate Bases" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Aggregate base must be Class 2.

Do not store reclaimed asphalt concrete or aggregate base with reclaimed asphalt concrete within 100-feet measured horizontally of any culvert, watercourse, or bridge.

The first paragraph of Section 26-1.02A, "Class 2 Aggregate Base" shall be modified to read:

Aggregate for Class 2 aggregate base shall be free from organic matter and other deleterious matter, and shall be of such nature that it can be compacted readily under watering and rolling to form a firm and stable base. Aggregate may consist of broken and crushed asphalt concrete or Portland cement concrete and may contain crushed aggregate base or other rock materials. The material may contain no more than 3 percent brick by weight as determined by California Test Method 202 as modified: Brick material retained

on a No.4 sieve shall be identified visually and separated manually. Brick quantification shall be based on total weight of dry sample. Also, material retained on the 4.75 mm (No.4) sieve shall contain no more than 15 percent of particles (gravel) that have no more than one fractured face.

The Quality Requirements contained in Section 26-1.02A shall be modified to read:

QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

Test	Contract Compliance
Resistance (R-Value) Virgin Rock Crushed Miscellaneous	 78 Minimum 80 Minimum
Sand Equivalent Virgin Rock Crushed Miscellaneous	 25 Minimum 35 Minimum
Durability Index	35 Minimum
Percentage Wear 100 Revolutions 500 Revolutions	. 15 Maximum 52 Maximum

Payment:

The contract unit bid price paid per cubic yard for Class 2 Aggregate Base shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, materials, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved and complete in place and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.15 ASPHALT CONCRETE DIKE:

Asphalt concrete dikes shall conform to the County Road Improvement Standards and Specifications, Caltrans Standard Plans as specified and as directed by the Engineer.

The pay quantity of asphalt concrete dikes shall be for placement, and shall be paid for as a separate item of work in addition to the price paid for the asphalt concrete material.

Asphalt binder to be mixed with the aggregate shall be PG 64-10 in accordance with the Special Provision for Asphalt, or as directed by the Engineer.

Payment:

The contract unit prices paid per lineal foot for dikes and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials(other than asphalt concrete), tools, and equipment and for doing all work involved in placing and compacting the dikes and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.16 CONCRETE CURB, CROSS GUTTER, AND CURB RAMPS:

Concrete curb, cross gutter and curb ramps shall be constructed in accordance with the County Road Improvement Standards And Specifications, Construction Drawings, or as directed by the Engineer and in conformance with Section 51, 73 and 90 of Standard Specifications.

Construction of concrete improvements shall include all removal and restoration of the affected irrigation and landscaping, and related work, to return the area adjacent to the new improvements to its original condition and to conform the area to the new improvements.

The area behind and along the concrete improvements shall be filled and compacted with native or select material and graded to match and provide a smooth transition from the edge of the new improvements, to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Preparation of subgrade for the concrete structures shall be done in conformance with the requirements of Section 73-1.02 of the Standard Specifications. Unless otherwise specified, all curbs and gutters will be backfilled as shown on the plans.

Excess material resulting from the excavation and/or removal of existing concrete curb, gutter, sidewalk, driveway, or ramp including the subgrade, as shown on the plans or as directed by the Engineer, shall be disposed of as elsewhere provided in these Special Provisions.

Full compensation for all costs involved in removal and disposing of materials as specified in this section, including all costs of hauling, shall be considered as included in the various Minor Concrete contract items of work and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

The Contractor is responsible for meeting all requirements of the Americans with Disability Act (ADA).

Construction of curb, cross gutter and curb ramps shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

1) Removal and disposal of existing sidewalk, driveway, curb, curb and gutter, median curb/gutter, soil, aggregate and ac pavement as required;
2) Establishing grades, and assuring that all grades are met;

3) Performing all grading and compaction in accordance with County Standard 403 and/or details on the construction plans;
4) Construction of new curb, cross gutter and curb ramps;
5) All scoring/grooving and required saw cutting;
6) Repair of existing asphalt and PCC surfacing;
7) Installing 1/2" wide expansion joints;
8) All landscaping, and related work, to return the area adjacent to the curb ramp to its original condition and to conform the area to the new improvements;

At a minimum, the area from the BCR to ECR shall meet all required Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) standards. Therefore, to conform to existing conditions and/or to achieve the required four-foot level area (maximum of 2.0% crossfall) at the top portion of the curb ramp, it may be necessary to extend the work beyond the BCR/ECR in certain instances.

Payment:

The contract unit bid prices will be paid per linear foot for Curb; square foot for Cross Gutter; and per each for Curb Ramps; and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment, materials and tools, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in the construction and complete in place including, but not limited to, the furnishing and placing of expansion joints within the right of way/private property and construction of curb/gutter transitions as shown on the plans as directed by the Engineer and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.17 STAMPED COLORED CONCRETE:

Decorative colored stamped concrete shall be constructed as shown on the construction plans and in accordance with Sections 51, 73 and 90 of the Standard Specifications, the recommendations of the tool and admixture manufacturers, and as directed by the Engineer. Preparation of subgrade for the decorative colored stamped concrete shall be performed in conformance with the requirements of Section 73-1.02 of the Standard Specifications.

Median Islands: Concrete shall be 4 inches thick.

The maximum size aggregate in the top 2 inches shall be 3/8 inch. Stamped concrete shall be imprinted with special tools while in the plastic stage to provide the pattern specific herein.

Colored concrete shall be produced by the integral color method as follows:

a. Color conditioning admixture shall be added to the concrete in accordance with approved manufacturer's printed instructions. No calcium chloride shall be added to the concrete. Other non-chloride admixtures may be added subject to the approval of the Engineer. **No fly ash admixture shall be added.**

b. Pure mineral pigments shall be added to the concrete in accordance with approved manufacturer's printed instructions. Other admixtures specified or approved by the Engineer shall be added to the concrete in accordance with Section 90-4, "Admixtures" of the Standard Specifications except that no calcium chloride, or other admixture containing ions, and no fly ash shall be used.

Pattern and Finish:

The color and pattern of decorative colored stamped concrete shall be as shown below.

Color:

Integral color shall be "5059 Sorrento Red" by L.M. Schofield Co., or close approximation as approved by the Engineer. The listed product is intended as a guideline, and products from alternate manufacturers will be accepted provided that the product and color are close approximations as determined by the Engineer.

Pattern:

The stamped concrete pattern shall be Lithotex Pavecrafters "300 Cobblestone – Random Interlocking", or close approximation as approved by the Engineer. The listed product is intended as a guideline, and products from alternate manufacturers will be accepted provided that the product provides a pattern of the size and texture that is a close approximation to the guideline product.

The pattern shall be implanted, indented, imprinted or stamped into the surface by means of forms, molds, or other approved devices. The impressions shall be approximately 3/8 inch in width, and shall be ungrouted unless otherwise specified.

The Contractor shall install at least one test panel, in an area not to be incorporated into the work, for the specified color and pattern. The sample shall be a minimum of 20 square feet, which shall be subject to inspection and approval by the Engineer. If ordered by the Engineer, additional test panels shall be constructed and finished until a satisfactory representation is obtained. The approved test panel shall then be the standard of comparison for enhanced concrete paving. The Contractor shall dispose of the test panel when work is completed, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with Certificates of Compliance for all materials used in the imprinting, texturing, coloring, curing, and sealing of decorative colored stamped concrete paving installation, including: Product Name, Supplier, Product Type, and Date of Delivery.

All concrete shall slope to drain. Depressions in the slab surface that hold water will not be accepted.

Expansion joints, joints fillers and joint sealants shall conform to Section 51-1.12 of the Standard Specifications. Joint filler shall be ½ inch wide, premolded, polyethylene expansion foam with a perforated removable top. Remove top of perforated foam filled expansion joint and apply uniform bead of sealant into the joint assuring complete wetting of the bonding surfaces. Thoroughly clean all joint surfaces and apply masking tape to all surfaces adjacent to joints to protect them from primer and sealant residue. Prime all expansion joints carefully. Do not apply primer to any adjacent surfaces.

The decorative colored stamped concrete shall be protected against rapid drying and damage by rain. Keep moist for at least 7 days after placing and protect by wet burlap, canvas covering or liquid-curing compound. If weather is hot or surface has dried out, spray surface with fine mist of water, starting no later than 2 hours after final troweling. Wetting is considered emergency work and shall be performed on weekends and holidays if necessary.

A clear concrete sealer shall be applied between 14 days and 28 days after concrete placement, per manufacturer's written instructions and specifications. The sealed surface shall be finished using a fine brush, which removes residual dust from the surface.

No cutting removal or patching of work will be permitted to correct damaged or defective work; defective sections shall be removed and replaced. Repair of damaged facilities shall be performed by the Contractor within a reasonable amount of time. No extensions of time will be allowed for correcting defective work.

All decorative colored stamped concrete construction shall be performed by qualified personnel. The Contractor shall provide written evidence demonstrating to the satisfaction of the Engineer that the installer has successfully performed concrete placement and finishing work similar to that specified herein. Such evidence shall include past project documentation and references.

Payment for the construction of decorative colored stamped concrete shall include, but not be limited to, the following, which shall be considered as included in the unit price for Minor Concrete (Stamped Concrete):

1. Removal and disposal of existing surfacing, and existing soil and aggregate as required;
2. Establishing grades, and assuring that all grades are met;
3. Performing all grading and compaction;
4. All scoring/grooving, required saw cutting, and specified decorative pattern stamping;
5. Installing ½" wide expansion joints;
6. Construction of stamped concrete improvement, including furnishing and incorporating color admixtures, furnishing and applying color hardeners, furnishing and applying stamp devices and other work as required herein.

Payment:

The contract bid price paid per square foot for Minor Concrete (Decorative Stamped Colored Concrete - Median Island) including Removal and disposal of existing surfacing, and existing soil and aggregate as required shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, material, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved and complete in place and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.18 REMOVE TRAFFIC STRIPE AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS:

Where blast cleaning/grinding is used for the removal of painted/thermoplastic traffic stripes and pavement markings or for removal of objectionable material, and such removal operation is being performed within 10 feet of a lane occupied by public traffic, the residue including dust shall be removed immediately after contact between the sand and the surface being treated. Such removal shall be by wet abrasive blasting hydro-blasting or vacuum blasting, and shall comply with AQMD regulations.

Blast to cleaning/grinding for removal of traffic stripe shall be feathered out to irregular and varying widths.

Pavement marking shall be removed by blast cleaning/grinding a rectangular area, rather than just lettering or markings, so the old message cannot be identified.

After removal of traffic stripes and pavement markings, a fog seal coat shall be applied in conformance with the provisions in Section 37, "Bituminous Seals," of the Standard Specifications and the following:

If removal of exiting striping is performed more than 24 hours prior to final striping, the Contractor shall place reflective temporary striping tape throughout the limits of sandblasting, to provide channelization of traffic, for all lanes of travel.

Temporary striping tape shall be removed subsequent to final striping.

Nothing in these Special Provisions shall relieve the Contractor from his responsibilities as provide in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety," of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

The price paid per square foot for Remove Traffic Stripe and Pavement Markings shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, materials, and equipment and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.19 THERMOPLASTIC CROSSWALK AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS:

Thermoplastic pavement markings shall be applied in conformance with the provisions in Section 84, "Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Thermoplastic pavement markings shall be free of runs, bubbles, craters, drag marks, stretch marks, and debris.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to this article shall be paid per square foot for Thermoplastic Pavement Marking and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment and incidentals, and for doing all work involved and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.20 PAINT TRAFFIC STRIPE (2 COAT):

Painting traffic stripe shall conform to the provisions in Sections 84-1, "General" and 84-3, "Painted Traffic Stripes and Pavement Markings" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Traffic striping shall be applied in two coats with airless equipment and shall be performed with a roadliner truck mounted striping machine. Where the configuration or location of a traffic stripe is such that the use of a roadliner truck mounted striping machine is unsuitable, traffic striping and glass spheres may be applied by other methods and equipment approved by the Engineer.

Newly painted traffic striping shall be protected from damage by public traffic or other causes until the paint is thoroughly dry. Any newly painted traffic striping which are damaged as a result of the construction, including wheel markings by public traffic and the construction equipment, shall be repainted by the Contractor and any associated removals shall be performed as called for in these Special Provisions.

Payment:

The contract price paid per linear foot for Paint Traffic Stripe (2 Coats) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved in painting traffic stripe (regardless of the number, widths, and types of individual stripes involved in each traffic stripe) including any necessary cat tracks, dribble lines any layout work, complete in place as shown on the plans, as specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.21 PAVEMENT MARKERS (REFLECTIVE):

Pavement Markers (Reflective) shall conform to the provisions in Section 85, "Pavement Markers" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Pavement markers shall be placed to the line established by the Engineer. All additional work necessary to establish satisfactory lines for markers shall be performed by the Contractor.

Pavement markers (blue reflective) shall be installed where required in the roadway for all existing fire hydrants per Rubidoux Community Service District (RCSD) Standards and per County Standards and Specifications as directed by the Engineer.

Markers and adhesive removal shall be performed by a method approved by the Engineer. Any pavement scarring resulting from the markers removal shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Payment:

Payment for furnishing and placing pavement markers will be at the unit price bid per each and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.22 ROADSIDE SIGNS (REMOVE/SALVAGE):

Existing Roadside Signs at the locations shown on the plans to be removed and salvage, shall be removed and salvaged.

Salvage signs including posts shall be removed and delivered to the County Maintenance Yard, 2950 Washington Street, Riverside, California 92504 as directed by the Engineer.

Payment:

The unit price paid per each for remove and salvage roadside sign shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all work involved in removing and salvaging including backfilling of resulting holes, delivering to the location shown above and as directed by the Engineer and no additional compensation will be allowed therefore.

10-1.23 ROADSIDE SIGNS (INSTALL/RELOCATE):

Roadside signs (install/relocate) shall conform to the provisions in Section 56-2, "Roadside Signs" of the Standard Specifications, and in accordance with Standard Plans RS2 and as directed by the Engineer.

Roadside signs shall be installed at the locations shown on the construction plans or where directed by the Engineer.

Roadside signs furnished by the Contractor shall be of the standard size specified in the State of California Department of Transportation Sign Specification Sheets, unless otherwise indicated on the construction plans.

Sheeting shall be guaranteed against defects for a period of ten years from the date of fabrication.

The base metal shall be new aluminum, 0.08 gauge, of alloys 6061-T6 or 5052-H38 conforming to the requirements of ASTM Designation: B209.

Any reflective sheeting supplied as a part of this contract, whether as a legend or background, shall be FHWA FP-85 Type IIA or AASHTO M268 Type III.

Reflective sheeting shall be applied to the sign by a method approved by the manufacturer of the sheeting and shall produce a durable bond equal to or greater than the strength of the reflective sheeting. No air pockets or bubbles shall exist between the sheeting and aluminum backing.

The reflective material and screening inks or overlay film shall be graffiti proof. The graffiti proofing method shall be supplied by and/or approved by the sheeting manufacturer. Neither the color nor the reflective intensity of the finished sign shall be significantly diminished by the use of graffiti remover when used in a manner approved by the Transportation Department in conjunction with the sheeting manufacturer. Any signs graffitied by over the counter spray paint or marking pens, which fail to be restored, shall be replaced by the sign sheeting manufacturer.

All letters and numerals shall be in accordance with the "Standard Alphabet of Highway Signs" as used by the State of California, Department of Transportation.

All signs shall be installed using hex head bolts, washers, nuts and jam nuts in accordance with Standard Plans RS2 or as directed by the Engineer.

Payment:

The contract unit prices paid per each for Roadside Signs (Install/Relocate) shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals and for doing all the work including all necessary concrete, excavation and backfill as

specified in the Standard Specification and these Special Provisions or as directed by the Engineer and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.24 REMOVE TREES:

Trees and bushes shall be removed as shown on the plan and/or as directed by the Engineer.

Removed trees and trimmings shall be the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of by the Contractor, as provided in Section 7-1.13 of the Standard Specifications.

Regulatory Requirements

Attention is directed to the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (15 USC 703-711) 50 CFR Part 21 and 50 CFR Part 10, and the California Department of Fish and Game Code Sections 3503, 3513 and 3800, that protect migratory birds, their occupied nests, and their eggs from disturbance or destruction.

Construction

Ground disturbance, tree, shrub and/or vegetation removal that occurs between March 1st and September 15th will not commence until a preconstruction survey for nesting birds has verified that no active nests have been located or the Engineer has approved the beginning of work. If an active nest is located, construction within 500 feet of the nest must be avoided until the nest has been vacated and the young are independent of their parents.

Between February 1st and September 1st, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer 15 working days prior to beginning work disturbing structures, the ground or vegetation. The Engineer will approve the beginning of work disturbing the ground or vegetation between February 1 and September 1.

The Contractor shall use exclusion techniques directed by the Engineer to prevent migratory birds from nesting on the ground, on structures or in trees, shrubs or other vegetation within the project limits.

If evidence of bird nesting is discovered, the Contractor shall not disturb the nesting birds or nests until the birds have naturally left the nests. If evidence of migratory bird nesting is discovered after beginning work, the Contractor shall immediately stop work within 500 feet of the nests and notify the Engineer. Work shall not resume until the Engineer provides a written notification that work may begin at or adjacent areas of the discovered bird nest locations.

Attention is directed to Section 8-1.05, "Temporary Suspension of Work" of the Standard Specifications.

Nothing in this section shall relieve the Contractor from providing for public safety in conformance with the provisions in Section 7-1.09, "Public Safety" of the Standard Specifications.

Method of Payment and Penalties

If, in the opinion of the Engineer, completion of the work is delayed or interfered with by reason of the Engineer's delay in approving the disturbance structures, ground or vegetation, the Contractor will be compensated for resulting losses, and an extension of time will be granted, in the same manner as provided for in Section 8-1.09, "Right of Way Delays" of the Standard Specifications.

Preventing nesting by using appropriate exclusion techniques will be paid for as extra work as provided in Section 4-1.03D,"Extra Work" of the Standard Specifications.

Notwithstanding any other remedies authorized by law, the Department may retain or withhold monies due the Contractor under the contract, in an amount determined by the Department, up to and including the entire amount of penalties proposed, assessed, or levied as a result of the Contractor's violation of Federal or State law, regulations or requirements. Funds may be retained by the Department until final disposition has been made as to the penalties. The Contractor shall remain liable for the full amount of penalties until such time as they are finally resolved with the entity seeking the penalties. Upon final disposition, the Department shall inform the Contractor or the withheld amount.

Penalties as used in this section, "General Migratory Bird Protection" shall include fines, penalties, and damages whether proposed, assessed, or levied against the Department or the Contractor. Penalties shall also include payments or costs incurred in settlement for alleged violations of applicable laws, regulations, or requirements. Costs incurred could include sums spent instead of penalties, in mitigation or to remediate or correct violations.

Exclusion devices, nesting prevention measures, and nest removal that are ordered by the Engineer shall be compensated per Section 11 "Payment for Extra work (Force Account Basis)" of the General Provisions.

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article, including all labor, equipment, materials and incidentals, to remove trees and bushes as shown on the plans or as directed by the engineer, shall be considered as included in lump sum bid price paid for **Clearing and Grubbing** and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.25 FINISHING ROADWAY:

Finishing Roadway shall conform to Section 22 of the Standard Specifications.

Payment:

Full compensation, except as otherwise provided herein, for conforming to the requirements of this article shall be considered as included in the contract bid prices paid for Mobilization, De-mobilization and final Clean Up, and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

10-1.26 ADJUST MANHOLE TO GRADE:

Existing Storm drain and sewer manholes shall be adjusted to finish grade with materials similar in quality to those in the original structure in accordance with the applicable provisions of Sections 15-2 and 71 of the Standard Specifications, the requirements of the owning utility company and these Special Provisions.

After the manhole frame has been removed, the top of the structure shall be carefully trimmed to provide a suitable foundation for the new material.

Steel plates shall be used to prevent asphalt and debris from entering the storm drain system.

Additionally, a "False Bottom" shall be fabricated and placed in the manhole cone as a second barrier to prohibit foreign objects from entering the sewer system. Said "false bottom" shall be made from plywood of suitable thickness (3/4" minimum) or stronger material to prohibit heavy objects from breaking the barrier. "False Bottom" shall be fabricated and installed in accordance with the requirements and standards of RCSD, and/or as otherwise approved by the Engineer.

RCSD shall furnish replacement manhole covers as required for ones that are damaged. The Contractor shall be responsible for transporting the new manhole lids from the District Yard to the construction site, off-loading and installing the new covers, and disposal of the damaged manhole covers.

Coordination and communication shall be maintained between the Contractor and the owning utility company:

Rubidoux Community Services District
3590 Rubidoux Blvd.
Rubidoux, CA 92509
(951) 684-7550

If the alternate bid schedule for the adjustment of sewer manhole covers is awarded by the County of Riverside, those facilities will be adjusted to grade as provided herein.

If the alternate bid schedule is chosen for award, the Contractor's Certificate of Insurance and endorsements for the project shall name the sewer system owner, its officers, directors, agents and employees as additionally insured under the Contractor's general liability, excess liability, and auto liability insurance policies, and the sewer system owner shall be named on the Waiver of Subrogation for the Contractor's Workers Compensation policy.

If the alternate bid schedule is not chosen for award, the Contractor shall coordinate with the owner of the sewer facilities and provide access and sufficient time for the sewer owner to adjust the facilities. Attention is directed to Section 8-1.10 "Utility and Non-Highway Facilities" of the Standard Specifications.

The adjustment to grade of other manhole covers, such as those owned by phone and electric companies, will be performed by the utility owner.

Water and gas valve covers shall be adjusted by the Contractor as provided elsewhere in these Special Provisions.

Payment:

Payment shall be on a unit price basis per manhole (Storm Drain and Sewer) and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, equipment, materials except as provided herein, and doing all work required to adjust the manholes to grade and no additional compensation shall be allowed therefor.

10-1.27 REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE:

Reinforced concrete pipe shall conform to the provisions in Section 65, "Reinforced Concrete Pipe" of the Standard Specifications, the plans, as directed by Engineer, and these Special Provisions.

GENERAL

Pipe shall be placed under existing paving in a trench 12" minimum wider than the outside diameter of the pipe being installed. Trenching shall be 6" minimum in width on each side of the pipe.

Pavement shall be cut to a depth of 3" with an abrasive type saw or with a rock cutting excavator specifically designed for this purpose. Cuts shall be neat and true with no shatter outside the removal area.

The pipe shall be placed in the bottom of the trench and the trench shall be backfilled with two sack slurry to finish grade.

Temporary road steel plates shall be installed over the trench and recessed to the existing pavement along the edges of the plates to allow traffic movements until the new asphalt concrete is installed or as directed by the Engineer.

Prior to final paving, the top of the slurry backfill shall be pulverized with existing pavement section to allow the final pavement surface or as directed by the Engineer.

If so directed by the Engineer, the two sack slurry backfill shall be installed to a depth of 0.30' below the final pavement surface.

The D- loading for the proposed reinforced concrete pipes is 2000D.

The slurry shall be allowed to cure a minimum of two days prior to final paving.

Slurry cement backfill shall conform to Section 19-3.062 of the Standard Specifications, except for full compensation therefor shall be considered as included in the prices paid for the contract unit bid paid per linear foot for the different sizes of Reinforced Concrete Pipe specified in the bid list and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Full compensation for providing, installing and maintaining temporay road steel plates shall be considered as included in the prices paid per linear foot for Reinforced Concrete Pipe of the types specified in the bid list and no additional compensation will be allowed therefor.

Except as otherwise designated by classification on the plans or in the specifications, joints for culvert and drainage pipes shall conform to the plans or specifications for standard joints.

MATERIALS

The concrete for reinforced concrete pipe shall contain not less than 470 pounds of cementitious material per cubic yard and have a water–cementitious material ratio that does not exceed 0.40 by weight. Supplementary cementitious material is optional. Reinforcement shall have a minimum cover of 1 inch.

Special reinforced concrete pipe, having concrete cover over the steel reinforcement greater than the cover specified in AASHTO Designation: M 170, shall conform to the provisions in Section 65-1.02, "Materials" and Section 65-1.02A, "Circular Reinforced Concrete Pipe" of the Standard Specifications, except the width of crack produced by the D-load test specified in AASHTO Designation: M 170 shall be the width determined by the following formula:

$$b = \frac{t - 3/8d}{t - 3/8d - C} \times 0.00 \text{ inch}$$

Where:

b = Width of crack to be produced in lieu of the 0.01-inch crack specified in AASHTO Designation: M 170
t = Wall thickness of pipe, inches
d = Effective depth of the section to be tested, feet
C = Concrete cover over steel reinforcement in excess of cover specified in AASHTO Designation: M 170

Reinforced concrete pipe that is to be hydrostatically tested shall be strength tested by the 3-edge bearing method to a maximum D-load of 10 percent greater than the 0.01-inch cracking D-load specified in AASHTO Designation: M 170 or to the actual D-load required to produce a 0.01-inch crack, whichever is the lesser.

Special oval shaped reinforced concrete pipe, having concrete cover over the steel reinforcement greater than the cover specified in AASHTO Designation: M 207, shall conform to the provisions in Section 65-1.02, "Materials" and Section 65-1.02B, "Oval Shaped Reinforced Concrete Pipe" of the Standard Specifications, except the width of crack produced by the D-load test specified in AASHTO Designation: M 207 shall be the width determined by the following formula:

$$b = \frac{t - 3/8d}{t - 3/8d - C} \times 0.01 \text{ inch}$$

Where:

b = Width of crack to be produced in lieu of the 0.01-inch crack specified in AASHTO Designation: M 207
t = Wall thickness of pipe, inches
d = Effective depth of the section to be tested, feet
C = Concrete cover over steel reinforcement in excess of cover specified in AASHTO Designation: M 207

Oval shaped reinforced concrete pipe that is to be hydrostatically tested shall be strength tested by the 3-edge bearing method to a maximum D-load of 10 percent greater than the 0.01-inch cracking D-load specified in AASHTO Designation: M 207 or to the actual D-load required to produce a 0.01-inch crack, whichever is the lesser.

Payment:

The County does not pay any additional cost for excess concrete cover over steel reinforcement.

The contract unit bid price for the different sizes of Reinforced Concrete Pipe is paid per linear foot and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and incidentals, and for doing all the work involved including removal of existing concrete bulkheads, structures excavation, backfill, and slurry cement backfill as

specified in the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions, and as directed by the Engineer.

10-1.28 MINOR CONCRETE STRUCTURES):

Minor concrete structures shall conform to the applicable portions of Section 51, 52, 75 and 90 of the Standard Specifications, the County of Riverside Road Improvement Standards and Specifications and as specified and directed by the Engineer.

Minor concrete structures for this project shall consist of:

- Catch Basins
- Local Depressions
- Concrete Collars

Concrete to be used in the construction of minor concrete structures shall be Class "2" concrete.

All exposed metal shall be galvanized in conformance with Section 75-1.05 of the Standard Specifications.

Removal of existing bulkhead shall be considered as included in the unit price paid for Concrete Collar.

Payment:

The contract unit price for each minor structure will not be adjusted if the constructed height of said minor structure, including revisions by Engineer, is within +/- 0.5 foot of the vertical dimension shown on the plans.

Payment for all work involved in the construction of minor structures will be on a unit price per each and shall include full compensation for furnishing all labor, materials, tools and equipment, and doing all work involved in the complete structure, including structure excavation and backfill, removal of bulkhead, furnishing and placing reinforcement, and metal frames, covers and grates and no further allowances shall be allowed.

10-1.29 MISCELLANEOUS DIRECTED WORK:

Miscellaneous directed work shall consist of necessary work that is not included in other contract bid items, as determined by the Engineer. Miscellaneous directed work shall be performed as directed by the Engineer and in accordance with the applicable standards and specifications. Payment for implementing miscellaneous directed work will be paid for on a force account basis, with an allowable 15% maximum mark up for labor, equipment, and material and no other applicable mark ups will be allowed, in accordance

with Caltrans Labor Surcharge and Equipment Rental Rates, latest edition, up to the fixed bid price, for the work performed.

Payment:

Payment for implementing miscellaneous directed work will be paid for on a force account basis, in accordance with Section 9-1.03 of the Standard Specifications, up to the fixed bid price, for the work performed.

10-2 SIGNALS AND LIGHTING

10-2.01 SIGNALS AND LIGHTING:

A. General

Furnishing and installing traffic signal and highway lighting systems, and payment shall conform to the provisions in Section 86, "Signals, Lighting and Electrical Systems", of the latest edition Standard Specifications, amendments to the Standard Specifications, and these Special Provisions.

B. Start of Work

Location where signalization and highway lighting work is to be performed:

	Location	Area
1.	Agua Mansa Road and Market Street	City of Jurupa Valley

C. County Furnished Equipment

County furnished equipment shall conform to the provisions in Section 6-1.02, "State Furnished Materials", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

The County of Riverside will furnish the following equipment and materials to the Contractor for installation:

1. Signal and Lighting Standards and Anchor Bolts
2. 10' Galvanized Steel IISNS Mast Arms

The Contractor shall pick up County furnished equipment and materials from the following location(s), or as directed by the Engineer, and transport them to the project site(s):

Traffic Signal Shop
Riverside County Transportation Department
McKenzie Highway Operations Center
2950 Washington Street
Riverside, California 92504
Telephone (951) 955-6894

Any County furnished equipment that is damaged after the Contractor has taken possession of the items shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer. If the damaged equipment is

considered irreparable, it shall be replaced meeting the requirements stated in the Standard Specifications and these special provisions at the Contractor's cost.

D. Equipment Orders

The Contractor shall furnish all equipment and materials specified in plans and these special provisions that are not furnished by the County. All equipment shall be new and purchased by the Contractor for this project only.

Submittals and issuance of Notice to Proceed
Within twenty one (21) calendar days after the award of the contract, the Contractor shall submit equipment and materials submittals to the Engineer for review and approval. The Contractor shall allow fourteen (14) calendar days for the Engineer to review the equipment and materials submittals. If revisions are required as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit the equipment and materials submittals within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of the Engineer's comments and shall allow seven (7) working days for the Engineer to review the revisions. Once the submittals are approved by the Engineer, the Contractor must order equipment and materials and then submit a copy of each vendor Equipment and Material Purchase Order within (7) calendar days to the Engineer.

The Contractor must have copies of approved Equipment and Material submittal(s) and Purchase Order(s) prior to the coordination and issuance of the Notice to Proceed. Delay in equipment delivery shall not be considered as justification for the suspension of the construction contract.

Additional Liquidated Damages
In addition to the liquidated damages set forth in section 4 of these Special Provision, the Contractor shall pay to the County of Riverside the sum of **$800.00 per day** for each and every calendar day delay in receiving all of the below listed equipment furnished by the Contractor, onto the job site or the Contractor's storage facility, and available for installation, within sixty (60) calendar days of the contract award date:

1. Traffic Signal Controller Assemblies
2. Service Equipment Enclosures
3. Traffic Signal and Pedestrian Signal Heads
4. LED Modules
5. Edge-Lit Internally Illuminated Street Name Signs and mounting brackets

E. Equipment List and Drawings

Equipment list and drawings shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-1.04, "Equipment List and Drawings", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

The Contractor shall furnish four complete cabinet wiring diagrams for each furnished controller assembly, battery backup system, video detection system, and emergency vehicle preemption system. The cabinet wiring diagram shall include an approximately 6 inches x 8 inches or larger schematic drawing of the project intersection and on a separate 8 ½" x 11" sheet of paper, which shall include the following information, at a minimum:

1. North arrow
2. Street names
3. Pavement delineation and markings
4. Signal poles
5. Traffic signal heads with phase designations
6. Pedestrian signal heads with phase designations
7. Loop detectors with input file designations

F. Warranties, Guaranties, Instruction Sheets, and Manuals

Warranties, guaranties and instruction sheets shall conform to these Special Provisions.

a. LED modules shall have five (5) years of manufacturer warranty.

b. Battery Backup System (BBS) shall have five (5) years of manufacturer warranty. The first three (3) years shall be termed the "Advanced Replacement Program". Under this program, the manufacturer will send out a replacement within two business days of the call notifying them of an issue. The replacement unit may be either a new unit or a re-manufactured unit that is up to the latest revision. The last two years of the warranty will be factory-repair warranty for parts and labor on the BBS.

c. Video Detection System shall have three (3) years of manufacturer warranty. During the warranty period, technical support from factory-certified personnel or factory-certified installers shall be available via telephone within four (4) hours of the time when a service call is made.

d. Edge Lit LED internally illuminated street name sign shall have two (2) year of manufacturer warranty.

e. All other equipment and systems shall have at least one (1) year of manufacturer warranty.

Furnish the manufacturer's standard written warranty pertaining to defects in materials and workmanship for all equipment, and two (2) sets of user, operation, and maintenance manuals, written in English, on all equipments and components for the traffic signal and highway lighting system to the Engineer.

G. Maintaining Existing and Temporary Electrical Systems

Maintaining existing and temporary electrical systems shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-1.06 "Maintaining Existing and Temporary Electrical Systems", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Authorization and coordination from the Engineer is required for each traffic signal system shutdown. Traffic signal system shutdowns shall be limited to periods between the hours of 9:00 A.M. and 3:00 P.M.

The Contractor may request authorization from the Engineer to use temporary overhead conductors for temporary traffic signal operation.

Equip existing flashing beacons with portable flashing beacons during flashing beacon shutdown. Portable flashing beacons shall conform to the provisions in Section 12-3.05, "Portable Flashing Beacons" of the Standard Specifications or as directed by the Engineer.

If directed by the Engineer, a generator shall be furnished, connected, and maintained to keep traffic signal or flashing beacon system running in normal operation. All matters pertaining to the operation of existing traffic signal equipment shall be coordinated and cooperated with Riverside County's traffic signal operation division.

Temporary "Stop" signs furnished and installed shall be 48 inches in size.

Temporary "Stop Ahead" signs furnished and installed shall be equipped with portable flashing beacons.

H. Foundations

Foundations shall conform to the provisions in Section 51, "Concrete Structures", and Section 86-2.03, "Foundations", of the **2010 Standard** Specifications and these Special Provisions.

*Note: Pole foundation is the only concrete structure that must conform to **2010 Standard Specifications and Plans** for this project. Contractor shall install County Furnished pole and anchor bolts on the foundation in conformance with the 2010 Standard Specifications and Plan, and as shown on the construction plans.*

Portland cement concrete shall conform to Section 90-10, "Minor Concrete", of the May 2006 Standard Specifications and shall be Class 3 except pole foundations shall be Class 2.

Construct Type 332 controller cabinet foundation per Standard Plans ES-3C.

Vibrate all foundation concrete to eliminate air pockets.

I. Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts

Standards, steel pedestals, and posts shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.04, "Standards, Steel Pedestals and Posts", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Type 1A pole material shall be spun aluminum unless otherwise specified.

Poles installed at the near-right approach of each intersection shall be banded conforming to the strap and saddle method per Standard Plans RS4 for the emergency installation of stop signs.

Signal mast arms shall be installed in accordance with the "Signal Arm Connection Details" of the Standard Plans unless otherwise specified.

Internally Illuminated Street name sign (IISNS) mast arm shall be 10 foot long galvanized steel mast arm constructed to prevent deformation or failure when subjected to 100 mph wind loads. IISNS mast arm shall extend from the shaft of the pole above and parallel to the signal mast arm in accordance with County Standard No. 1200. Two set-bolt /set-screw shall be used to assure the mast arm will not change position after it is installed and aligned.

If required by the serving electric utility, and confirmed by the Engineer, State Certified Electric Workers shall be utilized for the installation of standards, steel pedestals, and posts in accordance with State of California High Voltage Safety Orders.

J. Conduits

Conduit shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.05, "Conduit", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Conduits shall be Type 3, Schedule 80 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) conforming to requirements in UL Publication 651 for Rigid Non-Metallic Conduit, for underground installation only.

Conduit depth shall not exceed 60 inches below finish grade.

Conduit size shall be 2 inches minimum unless otherwise. New conduit shall not pass through foundations or standards.

Conduit bends shall be factory bends. Bend radius for signal interconnect conduits shall be 3 feet minimum.

A pull rope and a bare #12 AWG wire shall be installed in conduits intended for future use.

Bell bushings are required for all conduit ends. The ends of conduits terminating in pull boxes and controller cabinets shall be sealed with sealing compound approved by the Engineer after conductors have been installed.

Conduits shall be installed via jacking or drilling method per Section 86-2.05C, "Installation", of the Standard Specifications.

Pot-holing shall be performed prior to all conduit installation to determine utility underground location, including service laterals, to avoid damage to utility owner facilities.

Trenching Installation

The Engineer shall approve trenching installation on a case-by-case basis where conduit cannot be installed by jacking or drilling. Jacking or Drilling shall be attempted a minimum of three times prior to requesting trenching installation.

If ordered by the Engineer, all pavements shall be cut to a depth of 3 inches with an abrasive type saw or with a rock cutting excavator specifically designed for this purpose. Cuts shall be neat and true with no shatter surface outside the removal area.

Trench shall be 2 inches wider than the outside diameter of the conduit being installed however not exceeding 6 inches in total width. The conduit shall be placed in the bottom of the trench. Conduit depth shall be at a minimum of 30 inches below finished grade, with a minimum of 26 inches cover over the conduit.

The trench shall be backfilled with two-sack slurry to the finish grade before final paving. Prior to final paving, grind pavement centered along the length of the trench a minimum width of 3 feet and depth of 0.10 feet, and excavate backfilled to a depth of 0.30 feet below the final pavement surface. Final paving with commercial Type A ½" PG64-10 asphalt concrete.

If directed by the Engineer, the two-sack slurry backfill can be installed to a depth of 0.30 feet below the final pavement surface and cured for a minimum of two days prior to final paving if the trench area is not open to traffic.

K. Pull Boxes

Pull boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.06, "Pull Boxes", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Traffic pull boxes shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.07, "Traffic Pull Boxes", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Pull boxes shall have a "Fibrelyte" or equivalent cover and bolt down design. Cover shall have a non-skid surface.

Pull box covers shall be marked in accordance with Standard Plans ES-8 without the word "CALTRANS" unless the project is on State of California right of way.

Pull boxes shall be placed with their tops flush with surrounding finish grade or as directed by the Engineer.

Pull boxes shall be installed behind the curb or as shown on the plans and shall be spaced at no more than 500 feet intervals. The Engineer shall determine the exact locations.

Pull boxes installed in unimproved areas, locations not protected by concrete curb and gutter, shall be traffic pull box and marked with Type L markers.

L. Conductors and Wiring

Conductors shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.08, "Conductors", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Wiring shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.09, "Wiring", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Specific cabling and wiring requirements for various systems or components shall be in accordance with the Special Provisions entitled to each herein.

Signal cable shall be installed continuously without splicing from the controller cabinet to each traffic signal pole. Traffic signal conductors, multiple circuit conductors, and signal cable conductors shall not be spliced unless otherwise shown.

All outer cable jacket for 12 conductor cable shall be removed from the traffic signal standard hand hole to the terminal block located at the side mount traffic signal head.

Where splice is required, Type C or Type T splice shall be used and insulated as shown in the Standard Plans, ES-13A.

Where splice is required, "Liquid Electrical Tape" or equivalent in black color shall be used to provide a watertight electrical insulating coating with "Method B" as shown in the Standard Plans, ES-13A.

Minimum luminaire wiring shall be No. 10 AWG, including wiring within poles and mast arms.

M. Bonding and Grounding

Bonding and grounding shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.10, "Bonding and Grounding", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Grounding jumper shall be attached by a 3/16 inch or larger brass bolt in the signal standard or controller pedestal and shall be run to the conduit, ground rod or bonding wire in the adjacent pull box.

Grounding jumper shall be visible after cap has been poured on foundation.

For equipment grounding jumper a No. 8 bare copper wire shall run continuously in all circuits except a No. 12 bare copper wire shall run continuously in conduits that contain only signal interconnect cable and/or loop detector cable.

N. Service

Service shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.11, "Service", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Service equipment enclosure shall be Type III-CF, as shown on the Standard Plans, ES-2F, and shall conform to the following:

1. 120 / 240 volt, 2 meter service unless otherwise shown on the plans.
2. Circuit breakers required:

- 2 - 100 Amp 2 pole (signal main and lighting main)
- 1 - 30 Amp 1 pole (luminaires)
- 1 - 20 Amp 1 pole (illuminated street name signs)
- 1 - 30 Amp 1 pole (signals)
- 1 - 15 Amp 1 pole (luminaire photoelectric control)
- 1 - 15 Amp 1 pole (street name sign photoelectric control)
- 1 - 20 Amp 1 pole (for each beacon, if applicable)

3. Cabinet shall be fabricated from aluminum sheeting and finish shall be anodic coating in accordance with Section 86-3.04A "Cabinet Construction".
4. Circuit breakers shall be marked with identifying labels for each circuit breaker.

Type V photoelectric control contactor and test switch assembly shall be installed in the service cabinet. Photoelectric control contactors shall be as follows:

1. Luminaires - 60 Amp electrically held contact
2. Street name signs - 30 Amp electrically held contact

A GFCI outlet shall be installed on the interior side of service cabinet door.

Photo Electric Control assembly shall be installed within the circuit breaker compartment of the service equipment enclosure, and accessible to the County after installation of electrical meters.

Direct burial service conductors are not allowed.

The Contractor shall be responsible for contacting the power company, arranging and providing for the electrical service connection, and ensuring that adequate notice is provided to the serving electric company in advance of need. *The County of Riverside will pay all electric company fees required.*

The service equipment enclosure shall be a minimum of 15 feet from the controller cabinet, and a minimum of 10 feet from all utility poles, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.

Service Identification

The service address shall be shown on the front upper panel of the service equipment enclosure, and the meters shall be labeled "LS3" (lighting meter) and "TC1" (signal meter) by lettering applied to the exterior of the enclosure in accordance with these special provisions, or as directed by the Engineer.

Lettering markings shall be black with a two-inch minimum size in block letter form. Markings shall be applied to a brushed aluminum, stainless steel, or other non-corroding metallic plate, as approved by the Engineer. Plate shall be white in color. All paint and markings shall conform in all respects to Federal Specification TT-E-489, latest revision, Class A, Air Drying. Said plate shall be affixed in a permanent manner by riveting or with stainless steel bolts and nuts. Bolts shall be peened after tightening. All materials used for affixing address plate shall be non-corroding. The Engineer shall approve all alternate materials and methods prior to installation.

O. Testing

Testing and Field Testing shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-2.14, "Testing", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Specific testing requirements for various systems and components shall be in accordance with the Special Provisions entitled to each herein.

The complete controller assembly and Battery Backup System shall be delivered to the following location or location as directed by the Engineer for testing:

Traffic Signal Shop
Riverside County Transportation Department
McKenzie Highway Operations Center
2950 Washington Street
Riverside, California 92504
Telephone (951) 955-6894

A minimum of 15 working days for operational testing and adjustment is required. An additional 15 working days period shall be allowed for retesting should the equipment fail.

The conflict monitor unit shall be tested in the field before signal turn on.

P. Controller Assembly

Controller assembly shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-3, "Controller Assemblies", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Controller assembly shall be Model 170 controller assembly consisting of the additional features:

1. Model 332L controller cabinet:
   - Anodic coating for both interior and exterior finish
   - A Corbin No. 2 door lock

2. An interior fluorescent lamp with an on/off switch and a door switch that will automatically turn on the lamp when cabinet door is opened.

3. An interior thermostatically controlled, 24 volt electric fan with ball or roller bearing that has capacity rating of 100 cubic feet per minute minimum.

4. Rack mounted push buttons for manual actuation of the following:
   - 8 vehicular phases,
   - 4 pedestrian phases,
   - 4 Emergency Vehicle Preemption (EVP) phases; and,
   - 2 Railroad preemption phases.

5. Model 170E local controller unit:
    - Dual Asynchronous Communications Interface Adaptor (ACIA) capability. ACIA shall be integral to the controller unit. Horizontal printed circuit board controllers will not be accepted.
    - A Model 412F Program Module with 32K 27256 EPROM, 16K RAM, and 8K zero power RAM (memory method two, memory select four).
    - Bitrans Systems, Inc. 233RV2.5 or latest version firmware, test program and a loopback cable.
    - If required, provide a Model 170E field master controller unit that has the same features as the 170E local controller except the firmware shall be Bitrans Systems, Inc. No. 245 FM. It shall be mounted above the local controller unit.

6. A pullout shelf/drawer assembly made of aluminum with telescoping drawer guides for full extension installed below the local controller unit. The top shall have a non-slip plastic laminate permanently attached. The non-slip laminate shall not be attached with silicon adhesive.

7. Load Switches:

    Switching circuit shall be contained in a replacement module (cube type) sealed in epoxy and rated at 15 amperes load (25 Amp triac). Pin 11 on all load switch sockets shall be wired to AC. Input and output indicators shall be installed on all load switches.

    All load switch sockets shall have individual wire terminals. Printed circuit boards will not be allowed.

8. Flasher units:

    Switching circuit shall be contained in a replacement module (cube type) sealed in epoxy and rated at 15 amperes load (25 Amps triac).

9. Conflict monitor shall be EDI Model 2010ECL or equivalent with a red monitor assembly circuit board and capable of monitoring green, amber and red indications.

10. Loop detector sensor unit shall be Model 222:
    - Detector unit shall have delay timers adjustable from zero to a minimum of 30 seconds and extension timers adjustable from zero to a minimum of 7 seconds.
    - Delay timers shall delay calls only during display of the associated red or yellow indications. If a vehicle departs the area of detection prior to expiration of the assigned delay period, the timer shall reset and no call shall be placed upon the controller. During display of the associated green indication, detectors shall operate in the present mode and calls shall not be delayed.

11. Power Distribution Assembly shall be Model PDA-2.

12. A twelve-position interconnect terminal strip.

The contractor shall furnish the following spare equipments / components:

Description	Model	Quantity
Cabinet	332	0
Controller Unit (local)	170E	0
Controller Unit (master)	170E	0
Switch Pack	200	0
Flasher Unit	204	0
Conflict Monitor Unit	2010	0
2-Channel Loop Detector	222	0
2-Channel DC Isolator	242	0
Modem Module	400	0
Program Module	412F	0
Nema /170 Cabinet Display	McCain M52981 or equivalent	1

Spare equipments or components shall be delivered to the following location or as directed by the Engineer:

Traffic Signal Shop
Riverside County Transportation Department
McKenzie Highway Operations Center
2950 Washington Street
Riverside, California 92504
Telephone (951) 955-6894

The controller unit and controller cabinet shall be manufactured and furnished by the same manufacturer to form a complete functional controller system capable of providing the traffic signal operation specified. All traffic control equipment to be furnished shall be listed on the California Department of Transportation Qualified Products List.

The controller unit and controller cabinet manufacturer or supplier shall perform operational and functional testing of the supplied controller assembly and additional supplied equipment in accordance with the State of California Department of Transportation's Transportation Electrical Equipment specifications (TEES), and a Certificate of Compliance shall be issued for each successfully tested controller assembly and additional supplied equipment.

Modify traffic signal controller assembly if necessary and provide any necessary auxiliary equipment and cabling to achieve the intended traffic signal operation as shown on the plans. The Contractor shall make all field wiring connections to the terminal blocks inside the controller cabinet.

A technician who is qualified to work on the controller assembly from the controller manufacturer or their representative shall install the program module and program the signal controller in accordance with the Engineer provided signal timing sheets, and to be present when the equipment is turned on.

Q. Vehicle Signal Assemblies

Vehicle signal assemblies and auxiliary equipment shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-4.01 "Vehicle Signal Faces", Section 86-4.01B (1), "Metal Signal Sections", Section 86-4.01D "Visors", Section 86-4.04, "Backplates", and Section 86-4.08 "Signal Mounting Assemblies" of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Signal sections, backplates, visors and signal mounting assemblies shall be the metal type and shall be made from the same manufacturer. The section assemblies shall be uniform in appearance and alignment.

Backplates shall be louvered. Visors shall be the "tunnel" type. Top opening of signal sections shall be sealed with neoprene gaskets.

Vehicle signal indications shall be 12-inch diameter Light Emitting Diode (LED) modules in accordance with the following:

1. All circular LED modules shall comply with Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) Vehicle Traffic Control Signal Heads (VETCH) - LED Circular Supplement, Adopted June 27, 2005.

2. All arrow LED modules shall comply with ITE VETCH - LED Vehicle Arrow Traffic Signal Supplement, Adopted July 1, 2007.

3. All modules shall fit in existing signal housings without the use of special tools.

4. All modules shall be certified in the Intertek LED Traffic Signal Modules Certification Program and be labeled with the ETL Verified Label as follows:

5. Luminous intensity requirements of the VTCSH must be met across the entire temperature range from -40°C to + 74°C, (-40°F to +165°F).

6. The following cable colors shall be used for the AC power leads on all modules: white for common, red for the red module line, yellow for the yellow module line, and brown for the green module line.

7. The AC power leads shall exit the module via a rubber grommet strain relief, and shall be terminated with quick connect terminals with spade tab adapters. The leads shall be separate at the point at which they leave the module.

8. All external wiring used in the module shall be anti-capillary type cable to prevent the wicking of moisture to the interior of the module.

9. All power supplies shall be coated for additional moisture and thermal protection.

10. The module shall have an incandescent, non-pixilated appearance when illuminated.

11. Nominal power usage is measured at 25°C, 120 VAC. For the 8 inch modules, it shall not exceed 8 watts for Red, 10 watts for Yellow, and 8 watts for Green modules. For the 12 inch modules, it shall not exceed 8 watts for Red, 13 watts for Yellow, and 10 watts for Green modules. For the arrows, it shall not exceed 8 watts for Red ,13 watts for the Yellow, and 8 watts for Green modules.

12. All modules shall use LEDs that have been manufactured with materials that have industry acceptance as being suitable for uses in outdoor applications. At no time is the use of LEDs that utilize AlGaAs technology acceptable.

13. The external lens shall have a smooth outer surface to prevent the buildup of dirt and dust and shall be designed to minimize the potential for sun phantom signals.

14. The circular LED module lens material must be tinted. A tinted transparent film or coating is not permitted.

15. A module shall be sealed against dust and moisture intrusion, including rain and blowing rain per Mil-Std-810F Method 506.4, Procedure 1.

16. Arrow modules shall be clearly marked with the phrase "Suitable for mounting in any orientation".

17. Modules shall be repaired or replaced if the module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within warranty period.

18. Modules shall be repaired or replaced if the module exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum specified values within 60 months of the date of delivery.

19. The Manufacturer shall clearly disclose the country in which the factory of module origin is located, the name of the company or organization that owns the factory including all of

its parent companies and/or organizations, and their respective country of corporate citizenship.

R. Pedestrian Signal Assemblies

Pedestrian signals assemblies shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-4.06, "Pedestrian Signal Faces", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Pedestrian Signal Mounting Assemblies and Pedestrian Signal Housings shall be made from the same manufacturer and the section assemblies shall be uniform in appearance and alignment.

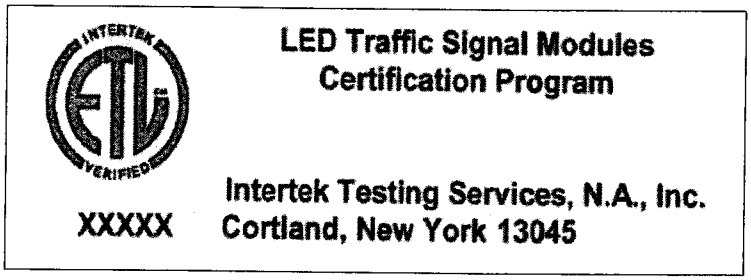
Pedestrian signals shall be provided with a polycarbonate egg crate or Z-crate screen.

Pedestrian signals shall be equipped with light emitting diode countdown pedestrian module in accordance to the following:

1. It shall comply with ITE specification: Pedestrian Traffic Control Signal Indications (PTCSI) Part 2: LED Pedestrian Traffic Signal Modules, Adopted March 19, 2004.

2. All modules shall fit in existing signal housings without the use of special tools.

3. All modules shall be certified in the Intertek LED Traffic Signal Modules Certification Program and be labeled with the ETL Verified Label as follows:



The PTCSI does not cover the countdown features of countdown pedestrian signal LED modules. The countdown features shall incorporate the following:

1. Fully compliant to NEMA TS-1, NEMA TS-2, Type 170, and Type 2070 traffic signal controller specifications.

2. The countdown portion of the pedestrian (ped) module shall have a high off-state input impedance so as not to provide a load indication to conflict monitors and interfere with the monitoring of the pedestrian signal. The input impedance of the countdown circuitry shall maintain a voltage reading above 25 VAC to the conflict monitor for up to four units connected on the same channel.

3. The countdown drive circuitry shall not be damaged when subjected to defective load switches providing a half wave signal input.

4. The countdown ped module shall have an internal conflict monitor circuit preventing any possible conflicts between the Hand, Person, and Countdown signal indications. It shall be impossible for the display to countdown during a solid Hand indication.

5. Per CA MUTCD Manual, section 4E.07: "The countdown pedestrian signal shall display the number of seconds remaining until the termination of the pedestrian change interval. Countdown displays shall not be used during the walk interval or during the red clearance interval of a concurrent vehicular phase".

6. The countdown ped module shall have a micro-processor capable of recording its own time when connected to a traffic controller. It shall be capable of displaying the digits 0 through 99.

7. When power is first applied or restored to the ped module, the countdown display will be blank during the initial cycle while it records the countdown time using the walk (person) and don't walk (flashing hand) signal indications. The normal hand and person icons shall be displayed during this cycle.

8. The countdown ped module shall continuously monitor the traffic controller for any changes to the pedestrian phase time and re-program itself automatically if needed.

9. The countdown ped module shall register the time for the walk and clearance intervals individually and shall begin counting down at the beginning of the pedestrian clearance interval. The digits shall not flash during the countdown.

10. When the flashing hand becomes solid, the ped module shall display 0 for one second and then blank-out. The display shall remain dark until the beginning of the next countdown.

11. In the event of a pre-emption, the countdown ped module shall skip the remaining time, reach 0 at the same time as the flashing Hand becomes solid, and remain dark until the next cycle.

12. In the cycle following preemption call, the signal shall display the correct time and not be affected by the reduced previous cycle. The countdown shall remain synchronized with the signal indications and always reach 0 at the same time as the flashing Hand becomes solid.

13. If a pedestrian button is activated during the clearance interval, some controllers can change to a second walk cycle without a don't walk phase. The countdown module shall also be capable of consecutive walk cycles. The display digits will be blank during the second walk and countdown properly during the second flashing hand.

14. The countdown ped module shall not display an erroneous or conflicting time when subjected to defective load switches. Should there be a short power interruption during the ped clearance interval or if voltage is applied to both the hand and person simultaneously the display will go to "0" then blank.

15. The countdown ped module shall have accessible dip-switches for the user selectable options. The unit shall have a removable plug on the rear allowing easy access to control the user selectable functions. The countdown is disabled when all the switches are in the "ON" position. The unit shall be shipped from the factory with the specified default setting.

16. Switch 1 – Blank Cycle Following a Timing Change – Factory default is "OFF". When this switch is "OFF" the unit will allow the time to be displayed normally during the cycle following a truncated timing such as a preemption call. The countdown shall be capable of displaying the correct time and not affected by the previous reduced cycle. The unit will require 2 consecutive reduced cycles of identical value to validate and record a new time setting. If the timing is extended, the unit will record it immediately. In the "ON" position when a change in timing is detected the unit will blank out during the following cycle while the new cycle time is measured and recorded if confirmed.

17. Switch 2 – Disables Auto-sync Mode- Factory default setting is "OFF". When this switch is in the "OFF" position the auto-sync is enabled. When the clearance interval begins and the initial flash of the hand is not in sync with the walk signal the unit will measure the offset and reduce the duration of the first second by the value of the offset. This will ensure the countdown reached zero at the same time as the flashing hand becomes solid. In the "ON" position there is no time correction when the flashing hand is in offset with the walk signal. The duration of the first second will not be reduced and the hand will appear solid shortly before the countdown reaches zero.

18. Switch 3 – Countdown Starts with Flashing Hand Signal – Factory default setting is "ON". When this switch is "ON" the countdown begins when the hand signal is turned on. With this switch "ON" and the auto-sync mode enabled a short power interruption will have no effect on the countdown display. With switch 3 in the "OFF" position the countdown begins when the walk signal is turned off. This eliminates the effect of an offset hand signal. When switch 3 is in the "OFF" position the auto-sync switch 2 has no effect on the countdown. In this mode if the power to the walk signal is interrupted, the unit will interpret this as the start of the clearance interval and will display the countdown time for 2 seconds before the operation is cancelled. The countdown will resume with the normal ending of the walk signal.

19. Switch 4 – Stores Time Value in Memory, Immediate. Restart. - Factory default setting is "OFF". When this switch is in the "OFF" position and power is removed from the unit, the time value stored in the unit is erased. The unit will need to run a dark cycle before it can display the countdown again. In the "ON" position the countdown timing is stored in memory. Following a power interruption, the unit will restart with the stored value and not remain dark during the learning cycle. If the value is different after restart, it will be recorded and displayed correctly at the following cycle.

20. Switch 5 – All LEDs "ON", Test Mode – Factory default setting is "OFF". With this switch in the "ON" position all LEDs are turned on simultaneously. With both switches 4 and 5 in the "ON" position the LED test mode will also scan the 7 individual segments of both digits.

21. The countdown shall be disabled when all switches are placed in the "ON" position.

22. Nominal power usage for Ped Modules at 25°C (77°F), 120 VAC input shall not exceed the values shown in Table 1.

Table 1 -- Nominal Power of Pedestrian Signals

Size	Description	Wattage @ 25°C		
		Hand	Person	Countdown[1]
16"x18"	Side by Side Hand & Person	8	7	N/A
16"x18"	Hand & Person Overlay with Countdown	9	9	8

[1] Wattage for the countdown is measured when the digits 18 are displayed.

23. All wiring shall meet the requirements of Section 13.02 of the VTCSH standard. Secured, color coded, 600V, 18 AWG jacketed wires, 1 meter (39 in) in length, conforming to the NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, and rated for service at +105°C, shall be provided.

24. The following color scheme shall be used for the ped module's AC power leads: Orange for the upraised hand, Blue for the walking person, and White for common. The countdown portion of the LED ped module shall be internally wired to the hand and walking person power.

25. The AC power leads shall exit the ped module via a rubber grommeted strain relief, and shall be terminated with insulated female quick connect terminals with spade / tab adapters. The leads shall be separate at the point at which they leave the ped module.

26. All external wiring utilized in the ped modules shall be anti-capillary type wire to prevent the wicking of moisture to the interior of the ped module.

27. The Hand and Person Icons shall utilize separate power supplies. On countdown products, the countdown ped module must have its own power supply but may take the incoming AC power from the hand / person AC signal lines. All power supplies shall be located inside the ped module.

28. All power supplies shall be conformally coated for additional protection.

29. Off State Voltage Decay: When the hand or person icon is switched from the On state to the Off state the terminal voltage shall decay to a value less than 10 VAC RMS in less than 100 milliseconds when driven by a maximum allowed load switch leakage current of 10 milliamps peak (7.1 milliamps AC).

30. For a minimum period of 60 months, measured at 80 to 135 VAC RMS and over the ambient temperatures of -40°C to +74°C (-40°F to +165°F), the minimum maintained luminance values for the ped modules, when measured normal to the plane of the icon surface, shall not be less than:
    - Walking Person, White: 2,200 cd/m^2
    - Upraised Hand, Portland Orange: 1,400 cd/m^2
    - Countdown Digits, Portland Orange: 1,400 cd/m^2

31. The external lens shall have a textured outer surface to reduce glare.

32. Icons that are printed on the lens shall be on the interior surfaces in order to prevent scratching and abrasion to the icons.

33. All icons and numbers shall have a uniform incandescent non-pixilated appearance.

34. All exposed components of a ped module shall be suitable for prolonged exposure to the environment, without appreciable degradation that would interfere with function or appearance. As a minimum, selected materials shall be rated for service for a period of a minimum of 60 months in a south-facing Arizona Desert installation.

35. All LEDs used to illuminate the ped module shall use material that has industry acceptance for use in outdoor applications. At no time is the use of LEDs that utilize AlGaAs technology acceptable.

36. The countdown display shall consist of two 7 segment digits as shown below. All countdown display digits shall be 9 inches in height for use in all size crosswalks in compliance with MUTCD recommendations.

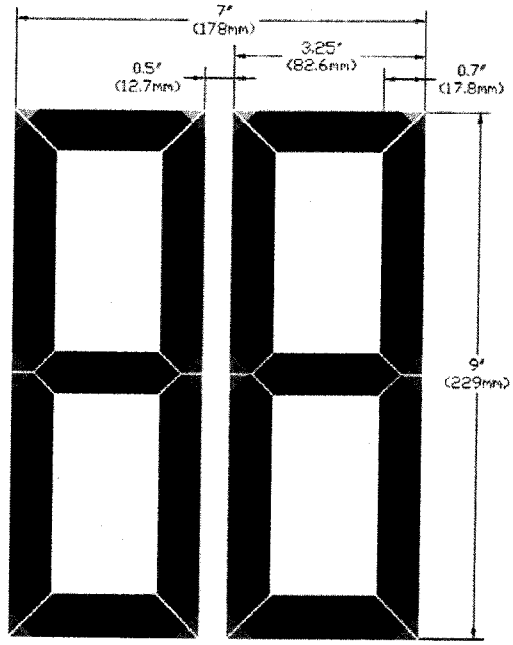


Figure 2: Countdown Display

37. Ped modules shall be repaired or replaced if the ped module fails to function as intended due to workmanship or material defects within warranty period.

38. Ped modules shall be repaired or replaced if the ped module exhibit luminous intensities less than the minimum specified values within 60 months of the date of delivery.

39. The manufacturer shall clearly disclose the country in which the factory of ped module origin is located, the name of the company or organization that owns the factory including all of its parent companies and organizations, and their respective country of corporate citizenship.

S. Pedestrian, Bicycle and Equestrian Push Buttons

Pedestrian, bicycle, and equestrian push buttons shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-5.02, "Pedestrian Push Button Assemblies", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Push button assembly shall be Type B per Standard Plans ES-5C.

Push button housing shall be die-cast or permanent mold cast aluminum powder coated frame with stainless steel inserts and sign screws.

Push button sign shall be white powder coat base with black heat cured ink. Right and left arrow signs shall be doubled sided.

Push button shall be Polara Engineering, Inc. model BDLM2-Y, or approved equal.

Push button shall utilize solid state Piezo switch technology, pressure activated, two-tone audible, visual LED confirmation of actuation and shall be ADA compliant.

The equestrian push buttons (EPB) shall be installed at 6 feet above finish grade or as directed by the Engineer. The Engineer shall approve the EPB placement on each pole prior to installation.

T. Detectors

Detectors shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-5, "Detectors", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Delay timers shall delay calls only during display of the associated red or yellow indications. If a vehicle departs the area of detection prior to expiration of the assigned delay period, the timer shall reset and no call shall be placed upon the controller. During display of the associated green indication, detectors shall operate in the present mode and calls shall not be delayed.

Inductive Loops

Detector loop configuration shall be Type E per Standard Plans ES-5B unless otherwise shown on the construction plan, in the Special Provisions, or as directed by the Engineer.

Limit Line detector loop configuration shall be modified Type E with diagonal saw cuts and wire winding conforming to Type D loop configuration.

Detector loop wire shall be Type 2.

Detector loop lead-in cable shall be Type B.

Detector loop curb terminations shall be Type A in accordance with Standard Plans ES-5D.

Loop sealant shall be the Hot-Melt Rubberized Asphalt sealant type, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Loop conductors and sealant shall be installed on the same day the loop slots are cut.

All detector loops shall be tested sequentially by the following methods:

- impedance (measured by megaohms)
- resistance (measured by ohms)
- inductance (measured in microhenries)

Video Detection

The contractor shall furnish and install video detection cameras (VDC), video detection processors (VDP), extension modules (EM), access module (AM), an industry standard 3-button USB mouse, a drawer mounted 17 inch LCD monitor, surge suppressors, and all necessary cabling and auxiliary equipment to make the video detection systems fully functional for the intended operation. The Contractor shall furnish a spare VDC, a spare EM, and a spare VDP to the Engineer.

All equipment supplied shall come from and qualified by the VDP supplier to ensure proper system operation.

The VDC shall attach to the top of luminaire mast arm using mounting bracket provided by manufacturer, or the backside of signal mast arm using Pelco Astrobrac with 6' extension or approved equal. The Engineer shall approve the final camera placements.

The video detection systems shall be installed by supplier factory certified installers per recommended method provided in the supplier's installation manuals. Proof of factory certification shall be provided.

Video Detection Zones:

Placement of detection zones shall be done by using the supplied USB mouse connected to the VDP. Detection zones are drawn on the video image from the video camera displayed on a video monitor using the menu and graphical interface built into the VDP. The menu shall facilitate placement of detection zones and setting of zone parameters or to view system parameters.

Detection zone setup shall not require site-specific information such as latitude, longitude, date and time to be entered into the system. No separate computer shall be required to program the detection zones.

Each detection zone shall be user definable in size and shape to suit the site and the desired vehicle detection region. A detection zone shall be approximately the width and length of one car.

A single detection zone shall be able to replace multiple inductive loops and the detection zones shall be OR'ed as the default or may be AND'ed together to indicate vehicle presence on a single phase of traffic movement.

The VDP shall provide a minimum of 24 channels of vehicle presence detection/detection zones per camera through a standard detector rack edge connector and one or more EMs.

The Video Detection System shall be in compliance with California State Assembly Bill 1581. The system will be able to discriminate between bicycles and automobiles and be able to send bicycle and vehicle actuations from the same lanes to different detection outputs. Additionally the system shall allow an extension time for bicycles that will not apply to vehicular traffic.

Functional Capabilities:

System must have a single point access to multiple rack-mounted video detection units. The access device shall provide interface capabilities to enable multiple rack-mounted video detection processors to be locally and remotely accessed from a single point via one set of user interface devices.

The camera shall be able to transmit the composite video signal, with minimal signal degradation, up to 1000 feet under ideal conditions.

The EM shall be plugged into the appropriate slot in the detector rack to avoid the need of rewiring the detector rack. The extension module shall be connected to the VDP by an 8-wire cable with modular connectors.

The EM and VDP communications shall be accommodated by methods using differential signals to reject electrically coupled noise. The EM shall be available in both 2 and 4 channel configurations programmable from the VDP.

The VDP shall have video input in NTSC composite video format and shall be digitized and analyzed in real time.

The VDP shall have a nine-pin RS232 port that is multi-drop compatible for communications with an external computer. The VDP shall be able to accept new detector patterns from and send its detection patterns to an external computer through this RS-232 port. A Windows™ based software designed for local or remote connection for

uploading and downloading data, and providing video capture, real-time detection indication and detection zone modification capability shall be provided with the system.

The VDP shall store up to three different detection zone patterns within the VDP memory. The VDP's memory shall be non-volatile to prevent data loss during power outages. The VDP shall continue to operate (e.g. detect vehicles) using the existing zone configurations even when the operator is defining/modifying a zone pattern. The new zone configuration shall not go into effect until the operator saves the configuration. Each configuration can be uniquely labeled for identification and the current configuration letter is displayed on the monitor. The selection of the detection zone pattern for current use shall be done through a local menu selection or remote computer via RS-232 port. It shall be possible to activate a detection zone pattern for a camera from VDP memory and have that detection zone pattern displayed within 1 second of activation.

The VDP shall provide dynamic zone reconfiguration to enable normal detector operation of existing channels except the one where a zone is being added or modified during the setup process. The VDP shall output a constant call on any detection channel corresponding to a zone being modified.

The VDP shall detect vehicles in real time as they travel across each detector zone.

The VDP shall output a constant call for each enabled detector output channel if a loss of video signal occurs. The VDP shall output a constant call during the background learning period. The background learning period shall be not more than three minutes.

The VDP shall be capable of detecting a low-visibility condition automatically, such as fog, and place all defined detection zones in a constant call mode. The VDP shall automatically revert to normal detection mode when the low-visibility condition no longer exists. A user-selected output shall be active during the low-visibility condition that can be used to modify the controller operation if connected to the appropriate controller input modifier(s).

Detection shall be at least 98% accurate in good weather conditions and at least 96% accurate under adverse weather conditions (rain, snow, or fog). Detection accuracy is dependent upon site geometry; camera placement, camera quality and detection zone location, and these accuracy levels do not include allowances for occlusion or poor video due to camera location or quality.

Detection zone outputs shall be configurable to allow the selection of presence, pulse, extend, and delay outputs. Timing parameters of pulse, extend, and delay outputs shall be user definable between 0.1 to 25.0 seconds.

Up to six detection zones shall be capable to count the number of vehicles detected. The count value shall be internally stored for later retrieval through the RS-232 port. The data collection interval shall be user definable in periods of 5, 15, 30 or 60 minutes.

System software shall

- Utilize a dual redundant hybrid tracking algorithm to enhance vehicle presence detection and data collection.

- Include a moving shadow and occlusion rejection algorithm that is activated by selection of a drop down menu tab.

- Include a menu selectable zone type labeled "Bike" that is specifically designed to detect bicycles.

- Include a virtual QWERTY keyboard that is present when performing any labeling functions for the detection zones and cameras.

- Include the ability to copy completed zones with one mouse click, drag and drop single zones, rows of zones together and entire detection configurations.

VDP & EM Hardware:

The VDP and EM shall be specifically designed to mount in a standard NEMA TS-1, TS-2, 2070 ATC, 170 type detector rack, using the edge connector to obtain power and provide contact closure outputs. No adapters shall be required to mount the VDP or EM in a standard detector rack. Detector rack rewiring shall not be required or shall be minimized.

Both VDP and EM shall operate in a temperature range from -34°C to +74°C and a humidity range from 0% RH to 95% RH, non-condensing.

Both VDP and EM shall be powered by 12 or 24 volts DC. These modules shall automatically compensate for the different input voltages.

Both VDP and EM shall include detector output pin out compatibility with industry standard detector racks.

Both VDP and EM shall have a detector test switch on the front panel to allow the user to place calls on each channel. The test switch shall be able to place either a constant call or a momentary call depending on the position of the switch.

The VDP power consumption shall not exceed 300 milliamps at 24 VDC. The EM power consumption shall not exceed 120 milliamps at 24 VDC.

The VDP shall utilize flash memory technology to enable the loading of modified or enhanced software through the RS232 port without modifying the VDP hardware.

The VDP shall include the following on the front panel:

- A multi-drop compatible RS232 port, a 9-pin "D" subminiature connector, for serial communications with a remote computer.

- Detection indication such as LED for each channel of detection that display detector outputs in real time when the system is operational.
- One or two BNC video input connection suitable for RS170 video inputs as required. The video input shall include a switch selectable 75-ohm or high impedance termination to allow camera video to be routed to other devices, as well as input to the VDP for vehicle detection. Video must be inputted via a BNC connector on the front face of the processor. RCA type connectors/jacks for video input are not allowed. Video shall not be routed via the edge connectors of the processor.
- One BNC video output providing real time video output that can be routed to other devices. A RCA type connector/jack for video output is not allowed.

Video Detection Camera:

The camera shall be housed in a weather-tight sealed enclosure consists of the following:

1. The enclosure shall be made of 6061 anodized aluminum.

2. The enclosure shall be field rotatable to allow proper alignment between the camera and the traveled road surface.

3. The enclosure shall be equipped with a sunshield. The sunshield shall include a provision for water diversion to prevent water from flowing in the camera's field of view. The camera enclosure with sunshield shall be less than 6" diameter, less than 18" long, and shall weigh less than 6 pounds when the camera and lens are mounted inside the enclosure.

4. The enclosure shall be design so that the pan, tilt and rotation of the camera assembly can be accomplished independently without affecting the other settings.

5. The enclosure shall include a proportionally controlled Indium Tin Oxide heater design that maximizes heat transfer to the lens. The output power of the heater shall vary with temperature, to assure proper operation of the lens functions at low temperatures and prevent moisture condensation on the optical faceplate of the enclosure.

6. The glass face on the front of the enclosure shall have:
    a. An anti-reflective coating to minimize light and image reflections.
b. A special coating to minimize the buildup of environmental debris such as dirt and water.

The camera shall produce a useable video image of the bodies of vehicles under all roadway lighting conditions, regardless of time of day. The minimum range of scene luminance over which the camera shall produce a useable video image shall be the minimum range from nighttime to daytime, but not less than the range 1.0 lux to 10,000 lux.

The imager luminance signal to noise ratio shall be more than 50 dB. In harsh backlit conditions, vehicles can be detected flawlessly with >100dB of dynamic range.

The camera shall be digital signal processor based and shall use a CCD sensing element and shall output color video with resolution of not less than 540 TV lines. The CCD imager shall have a minimum effective area of 811(h) x 508(v) pixels.

The camera shall include an electronic shutter control based upon average scene luminance and shall be equipped with an auto-iris lens that operates in tandem with the electronic shutter.

The camera shall utilize automatic white balance.

The camera shall include a variable focal length lens with variable focus that can be adjusted, without opening up the camera housing, to suit the site geometry by means of a portable interface device designed for that purpose and manufactured by the detection system supplier.

The horizontal field of view shall be adjustable from 5.4 to 50.7 degrees. This camera configuration may be used for the majority of detection approaches in order to minimize the setup time and spares required by the user. The lens shall have a 27x zoom.

The lens shall also have an auto-focus feature with a manual override to facilitate ease of setup.

The camera shall incorporate the use of preset positioning that store zoom and focus positioning information. The camera shall have the capability to recall the previously stored preset upon application of power.

The camera electronics shall include automatic gain control to produce a satisfactory image at night.

When mounted outdoors in the enclosure, the camera shall operate satisfactorily in a temperature range from -34 °C to +60 °C and a humidity range from 0% RH to 100% RH. Measurement of satisfactory video shall be based upon VDP system operation.

The camera shall be powered by120-240 VAC 50/60 Hz. Power consumption shall be 30 watts or less under all conditions.

The camera shall view approaching vehicles at a distance not to exceed 350 feet for reliable detection (height to distance ratio of 1:10). Camera placement and field of view shall be unobstructed and as noted in the installation documentation provided by the supplier.

There shall be at least 2 options for camera set up, diagnostic testing, and viewing video when it is mounted on mast arm or pole using lens adjustment module supplied by the VDP supplier:

1. Connected directly to the camera.
2. Connected to the coaxial cable from the cabinet.

The video signal shall be fully isolated from the camera enclosure and power
Cable terminations at the camera for video and power shall not require crimping tools.

No BNC or other connector shall be used for the coaxial video cable termination at the camera.

The power connection at the camera shall use connector terminations that only require the use of wire strippers and a standard screwdriver. No special crimping tools or other types of terminations shall be used.

A weather-proof protective cover shall be provided shall be provided to protect all terminations at the camera. No special tooling shall be required to remove or install the protective cap.

Cabling and Cable Connections:

The coaxial cable to be used between the camera and the VDP in the traffic cabinet shall be Belden 8281. The coax cable shall be a continuous unbroken run from the camera to the VDP. This cable shall be suitable for installation in conduit or overhead with appropriate span wire. A BNC plug connector shall be used at the cabinet end. The coaxial video cable shall be stripped and terminated at the camera and cabinet per manufacturers' instructions (no BNC or other connector shall be used at the camera). The coaxial cable, BNC connector used at the cabinet termination, and crimping tool shall be approved by the supplier of the video detection system and the manufacturer's instructions must be followed to ensure proper connection.

The power cable shall be three 16 AWG conductor cable with a minimum outside diameter of 0.325 inch and a maximum diameter of 0.490 inch. The power cable shall be terminated at the camera per manufacturers' instructions and shall only require standard wire strippers and a screw driver for installation (no special connectors or crimping tools shall be used for installation). The cabling shall comply with the National Electric Code, as well as local electrical codes. Cameras shall not acquire power from the luminaire.

A Din Rail mounted AC power panel assembly shall be supplied by the video detection manufacturer that will include a minimum of one convenience receptacle, four camera chassis ground connections, four camera AC neutral (AC-) connections, four 2 amp camera circuit breakers for hot (AC+) connections, and one AC source connection for Line, Neutral and Ground wires. A Din Rail video surge suppression protection panel assembly shall also be supplied by the video detection manufacture. One panel shall accommodate up to six EDCO surge suppressors. This equipment shall be installed, including termination of all necessary wiring, per the video detection manufacturer requirements for the intended use.

Maintenance and Support:

The supplier shall maintain an adequate inventory of parts to support maintenance and repair of the system. These parts shall be available for delivery within 30 days of placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale for said parts.

The supplier shall maintain an ongoing program of technical support for the access unit and video detection system. This technical support shall be available via telephone, or via personnel sent to the installation site upon placement of an acceptable order at the supplier's then current pricing and terms of sale for on-site technical support services.

Installation or training support shall be provided by factory-authorized representative.

All product documentation shall be written in the English language.

U. Luminaries

Luminaires shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-6, "Lighting", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Luminaires shall be of the cutoff type and shall be 200, 250 or 400 Watt High Pressure Sodium Vapor as shown on the plans. The fixtures shall be constructed with flat lenses, integral ballasts, and detachable power unit assemblies. The power unit assemblies shall contain the ballast, starter board, capacitors, and a heavy-duty terminal block.

Each luminaire shall be furnished without the photoelectric unit receptacle.

Each luminaire shall have a 5-amp inline fuse installed inside the standard's hand hole.

V. Internally Illuminated Street Name Sign

Internally illuminated street name signs (IISNS) shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-6.09, "Internally Illuminated Street Name Signs", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

The sign fixture, panels, and mounting assemblies shall be designed and constructed to prevent deformation, warp or failure when subjected to a minimum of 100 mph wind loads, as set forth in the latest AASHTO publication, "Standard Specifications for Structural Supports of Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals", and amendments thereto. The IISNS manufacturer shall submit a certificate of compliance conforming to the provisions in Section 6-1.07, "Certificates of Compliance", with each lot of IISNSs delivered.

The IISNS shall be double-faced Edge-lit LED sign with white translucent diamond grade reflective border, arrows, and lettering using 12" uppercase and 9" lowercase Clearview Series 5-W fonts. The background shall be green match color no. 14109 of FED-STD-595.

The standard IISNS height shall be 2' and length shall be 6', 8' or 10' attached to the 10 feet IISNS mast arm with Pelco SE-5015 mast arm sign bracket, or approved equal, per County Standard No. 1200.

W. Photoelectric Controls

Photoelectric controls shall conform to the provisions in Section 86-6.07, "Photoelectric Controls", of the Standard Specifications and these Special Provisions.

Photoelectric controls shall be a dual Type V for luminaires and internally illuminated street name signs conforming to the County Standards No. 1207.

Photoelectric units shall be the delay type.

X. Emergency Vehicle Preemption System

Furnish and install complete and functioning emergency vehicle preemption (EVP) system as intended per plans, the manufacturer, and these special provisions.

The EVP system shall consist of the following equipments or components:

- Optical detector for each approach, as shown on the plans
- Rack-mounted 4 channel phase selectors for 8-phase operation
- Detector cable

The Contractor shall furnish the following spare EVP equipments or components:

- One (1) rack-mounted 4 channel phase selector
- One (1) optical detector

The EVP system shall be designed to prevent simultaneous pre-emption by two or more emergency vehicles on separate approaches to the intersection.

The Engineer shall approve EVP sequence of operation prior to timing and turn-on of each respective traffic signal.

At locations where optical detectors are not to be installed, EVP cable shall be installed for future use. The following also apply:

1. EVP cable shall be installed, without splices, between the controller cabinet and each mast arm traffic signal pole.

2. EVP cable shall be connected to the EVP rack terminals within the controller cabinet.

3. Each mast arm EVP detector mounting shall be drilled and tapped in its ultimate location. In lieu of the detector, install approved water tight UL listed electrical box. EVP cable shall be installed to terminate within the mast arm mounted electrical box. Excess cable shall be coiled within the electrical box sufficient for future installation of the EVP system.

Optical Detector

The optical detector shall be mounted on the indicated signal mast arm per County Standard No. 1202.

Each optical detector shall be waterproof unit capable of receiving optical energy from dual directions and have an adjustable turret configuration. The reception angle for each optical detector unit shall be a minimum of eight (8) degrees in all directions about the aiming axis of the unit.

Dual detectors shall utilize only one optical cable per detector.

Internal circuitry shall be solid state and electrical power shall be provide by the associated discrimination module.

Each optical detector unit shall have a minimum of a 3/4 inch NPT opening used for mounting and for bringing the connecting cable into the terminal block located within the assembly. The housing shall be provided with weep holes to permit drainage of condensed moisture.

Each optical detector shall be installed, wired, and aimed as specified by the manufacturer.

Cable

Optical detector cable shall meet the requirements of IPCEA-S-61-402/NEMA WC 5, Section 7.4, 600 V Control cable, 75 degrees C, Type B, and the following:

1. The cable shall contain 3 conductors, each of which shall be AWG# 20 (7 x 28) stranded, tinned copper. Insulation of individual conductors shall be color-coded: 1-Yellow, 1-Orange, and 1-Blue.

2. The shield shall be either tinned copper braid or aluminized polyester film with a nominal 20% overlap. When film is used, an AWG# 20 (7 x 28) stranded, tinned, bare drain wire shall be placed between the insulated conductors and the shield and in contact with the conductive surface of the shield.

3. The jacket shall be marked as required by IPCEA/NEMA.

The cable run between each detector and the Traffic Controller cabinet shall be continuous without splices.

Phase Selector

Each phase selector shall be compatible and usable with a Model 170E or 2070 controller unit, and shall be mounted in the input file of a Model 332 or Model 333 JP controller cabinet.

Each phase selector shall be capable of operating at least two or more channels, each of which shall provide and independent output for each separate input.

Phase Selector shall be a four-channel, dual priority, Multimode encoded signal device designed for use with both infrared and GPS emitters and optical detectors.

Phase Selectors and Optical detectors shall me manufactured by a single manufacturer

Phase Selector shall recognize and discriminate among three distinct frequency rates via high priority, low priority and probe priority infrared and GPS signals.

Phase selector shall further discriminate among 254 agency ID's, 15 classes of vehicle identification codes and 10,000 individual vehicle codes per class, for more than 38 million total per priority level.

Phase selector shall be capable of operating unlimited intersections and directions.

Phase selector shall have on the front panel, USB, serial and Ethernet capabilities

Phase selector shall be capable of accepting infrared signals from LED and or strobe technologies

Phase selector shall store the following records:

Intersection name
Date and time of activity
Vehicle class and code of activating vehicle
Activating vehicle's ID number
Agency ID
Channel called
Priority of the activity
Final green activity displayed at end of call
Time spent in the final greens
Duration of the activity
Turn signal status
Relative priority level
Capability to playback up to the last 250 seconds of the 100 most recent calls

Each phase selector, when used with its associated optical detectors, shall perform as a minimum, the following:

1. Receive Class I and Class II signals.

2. Decode the signals based on optical frequency, at 9.639 Hz + or -0.119 Hz for Class I signals and 14.035 Hz + or –0.255 Hz for Class II signals.