

APPENDIX A
REPORT OF FISCAL CONSULTANT

APPENDIX B

INFORMATION REGARDING THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

GENERAL INFORMATION

Set forth below is certain information with respect to the County. Such information was prepared by the County except as otherwise indicated.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION

Population

According to the State Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, the County's population was estimated at 2,347,828 as of January 1, 2016, representing an approximately 1.0% increase over the County's population as estimated for the prior year. For the ten year period of January 1, 2006 to January 1, 2016, the County's population grew by 25.6%. During this period, the cities of Eastvale, Jurupa Valley, Menifee and Wildomar incorporated, with a total population of 274,393 as of January 1, 2014. Currently, the growth in the County has tempered due to the economy and in recent years the County's population has grown at a rate close to the statewide average.

The following table sets forth annual population figures, as of January 1 of each year, for cities located within the County for each of the years listed:

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE POPULATION OF CITIES WITHIN THE COUNTY (As of January 1)

<u>CITY</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Banning	30,051	30,177	30,306	30,659	30,834
Beaumont	38,851	39,787	40,853	43,601	45,118
Blythe	20,440	19,609	18,982	19,254	19,813
Calimesa	8,022	8,096	8,225	8,138	8,289
Canyon Lake	10,721	10,771	10,817	10,608	10,681
Cathedral City	52,108	52,350	52,571	53,859	54,261
Coachella	42,030	42,795	43,601	45,001	45,407
Corona	154,985	156,864	159,109	163,317	164,659
Desert Hot Springs	27,721	27,835	27,986	28,794	29,048
Eastvale	55,770	57,266	59,151	60,825	63,162
Hemet	80,329	80,899	81,520	79,548	80,070
Indian Wells	5,050	5,083	5,133	5,336	5,412
Indio	78,298	81,415	82,375	86,683	88,058
Jurupa Valley	96,745	97,272	97,738	96,898	98,177
Lake Elsinore	53,183	55,444	56,688	59,142	61,006
La Quinta	38,190	38,412	39,023	39,311	39,977
Menifee	80,831	82,314	83,686	87,286	89,004
Moreno Valley	197,086	198,183	199,257	203,696	205,383
Murrieta	105,300	105,860	106,393	112,576	113,795
Norco	27,123	26,632	26,566	26,392	26,896
Palm Desert	49,619	49,962	50,424	48,835	49,335
Palm Springs	45,414	45,724	46,135	46,204	46,654
Perris	70,391	70,983	72,063	72,476	73,722
Rancho Mirage	17,556	17,643	17,739	17,920	18,070
Riverside	309,407	312,035	314,221	321,655	324,696
San Jacinto	44,937	45,229	45,537	47,087	47,656
Temecula	103,403	104,907	106,256	107,794	109,064
Wildomar	<u>32,818</u>	<u>33,182</u>	<u>33,696</u>	<u>34,758</u>	<u>35,168</u>
TOTALS					
Incorporated	1,876,494	1,896,729	1,916,051	1,957,653	1,983,415
Unincorporated	<u>357,699</u>	<u>358,924</u>	<u>364,140</u>	<u>360,271</u>	<u>364,413</u>
County-Wide	<u>2,234,193</u>	<u>2,255,653</u>	<u>2,280,191</u>	<u>2,317,924</u>	<u>2,347,828</u>
California	37,668,804	37,984,138	38,357,121	38,907,642	39,255,883

Source: State Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit.

Effective Buying Income

“Effective Buying Income” is defined as personal income less personal tax and nontax payments, a number often referred to as “disposable” or “after-tax” income. Personal income is the aggregate of wages and

salaries, other than labor-related income (such as employer contributions to private pension funds), proprietor’s income, rental income (which includes imputed rental income of owner-occupants of non-farm dwellings), dividends paid by corporations, interest income from all sources and transfer payments (such as pensions and welfare assistance). Deducted from this total are personal taxes (federal, state and local, nontax payments fines, fees, penalties, etc.) and personal contributions to social security insurance and federal retirement payroll deductions. According to U.S. government definitions, the resultant figure is commonly known as “disposable personal income.”

The following table summarizes the total effective buying income for the County and the State for the period 2012 through 2016:

**RIVERSIDE COUNTY AND CALIFORNIA
TOTAL EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME,
MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD EFFECTIVE BUYING INCOME AND
PERCENT OF HOUSEHOLDS WITH INCOMES OVER \$50,000⁽¹⁾**

	<u>Total Effective Buying Income⁽²⁾</u>	<u>Median Household Effective Buying Income</u>	<u>Percent of Households with Income over \$50,000</u>
2012			
Riverside County	\$ 39,981,683	\$44,116	42.91%
California	\$814,578,458	\$47,062	46.65%
2013			
Riverside County	\$ 40,157,310	\$43,860	42.39%
California	\$864,088,828	\$47,307	46.90%
2014			
Riverside County	\$ 40,293,518	\$44,784	43.84%
California	\$858,676,636	\$48,340	48.17%
2015			
Riverside County	\$ 41,199,300	\$45,576	44.79%
California	\$901,189,699	\$50,072	50.05%
2016			
Riverside County	\$ 45,407,058	\$48,674	48.50%
California	981,231,666	53,589	52.74

⁽¹⁾ Estimated, as of January 1 of each year.

⁽²⁾ Dollars in thousands.

Source: Nielsen Solution Center.

Industry And Employment

The County is a part of the Riverside-San Bernardino Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area (“PMSA”), which includes all of Riverside and San Bernardino Counties. In addition to varied manufacturing employment, the PMSA has large and growing commercial and service sector employment, as reflected in the following table.

RIVERSIDE-SAN BERNARDINO-ONTARIO PMSA ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT BY INDUSTRY⁽¹⁾ (In Thousands)

<u>INDUSTRY</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Civilian Labor Force	\$1,897,700	\$1,927,600	\$1,961,800	
Civilian Employment	1,711,000	1,771,700	1,832,300	
Civilian Unemployment	186,700	155,900	129,500	
Civilian Unemployment Rate	9.8%	8.1%	6.6%	
Total, All Industries	1,247,800	1,303,700	1,362,400	
Total Farm	14,500	14,400	15,100	
Mining and Logging	1,200	1,300	1,300	
Construction	70,000	77,600	85,200	
Manufacturing	87,300	91,300	95,600	
Wholesale Trade	56,400	58,900	61,700	
Retail Trade	164,800	169,400	173,500	
Transportation, Warehousing & Utilities	78,400	86,600	97,300	
Information	11,500	11,300	11,300	
Financial Activities	41,300	42,300	43,200	
Professional & Business Services	132,400	139,300	144,400	
Educational & Health Services	187,600	194,800	205,000	
Leisure & Hospitality	135,900	144,800	151,500	
Other Services	41,100	43,000	44,000	
Government	225,200	228,800	233,400	

⁽¹⁾ The employment figures by industry which are shown above are not directly comparable to the “Total, All Industries” employment figures due to rounded data.

Source: State Employment Development Department, Labor Market Information Division, as of November 30, 2015.

The following table sets forth the major employers located in the County as of 2015:

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE CERTAIN MAJOR EMPLOYERS⁽¹⁾ (2015)

<u>Rank</u>	<u>Name of Business</u>	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Type of Business⁽²⁾</u>
1.	County of Riverside	20,684	County Government
2.	March Air Reserve Base	8,500	Military Reserve Base
3.	Stater Brothers Market	6,900	Supermarkets
4.	Walmart	6,550	Retail Store
5.	University of California, Riverside	5,768	University
6.	Kaiser Permanente Riverside Medical Center	5,300	Hospital
7.	Corona Norco Unified School District	4,932	School District
8.	Temecula Valley Unified School District	4,000	School District
9.	Riverside Unified School District	3,871	School District
10.	Hemet Unified School District	3,400	School District

⁽¹⁾ Certain major employers in the County may have been excluded because of the data collection methodology used by Riverside County Economic Development Agency.

⁽²⁾ Includes employees within the County; excludes, under certain circumstances, temporary, seasonal and per diem employees.

Source: County Economic Development Agency.

Unemployment statistics for the County, the State and the United States are set forth in the following table:

**COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
COUNTY, STATE AND NATIONAL UNEMPLOYMENT DATA**

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
County ⁽¹⁾	12.1%	10.3%	8.2%	6.6%	7.1% ⁽²⁾
California ⁽¹⁾	10.4	8.9	7.5	6.7	5.5 ⁽²⁾
United States ⁽³⁾	8.1	7.4	6.2	5.5	4.9 ⁽²⁾

⁽¹⁾ Data is not seasonally adjusted. The unemployment data for the County and State is calculated using unrounded data.

⁽²⁾ For July 2016.

⁽³⁾ Data is seasonally adjusted.

Source: State of California Employment Development Department Labor Market Information Division; U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Commercial Activity

Commercial activity is an important factor in the County's economy. Much of the County's commercial activity is concentrated in central business districts or small neighborhood commercial centers in cities. There are five regional shopping malls in the County: Galleria at Tyler (Riverside), Hemet Valley Mall, Westfield Palm Desert Shopping Center, Moreno Valley Mall and the Promenade at Temecula. There are also two factory outlet malls (Desert Hills Factory Stores and Lake Elsinore Outlet Center) and over 200 area centers in the County.

The following table sets forth taxable transactions in the County for the years 2010 through third quarter 2014, the most recent year for which data is currently available:

**COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
TAXABLE SALES TRANSACTIONS
(In Thousands)**

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>
Motor Vehicles and Parts Dealers	\$ 2,620,568	\$ 3,010,487	\$ 3,493,098	\$ 3,965,201	\$ 4,417,943
Furniture and Home Furnishings	412,325	436,482	441,649	486,061	520,393
Electronics and Appliances Stores	470,784	478,406	488,419	510,423	510,061
Building Materials, Garden Equipment and Supplies	1,232,145	1,303,073	1,365,513	1,535,178	1,706,183
Food and Beverage Stores	1,267,758	1,304,731	1,356,148	1,421,590	1,509,403
Health and Personal Care Stores	400,207	454,268	490,238	523,724	544,958
Gasoline Stations	2,685,840	3,300,785	3,516,040	3,456,322	3,426,830
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	1,391,174	1,505,821	1,672,482	1,771,603	1,989,623
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book and Music Stores	428,121	454,971	467,536	499,366	519,188
General Merchandise Stores	2,947,905	3,051,709	3,174,022	3,298,920	3,289,057
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	652,273	700,338	742,118	758,664	809,032
Nonstore Retailers	92,916	101,876	142,081	243,334	309,809
Food Services and Drinking Places	<u>2,317,486</u>	<u>2,473,339</u>	<u>2,668,324</u>	<u>2,836,388</u>	<u>3,093,862</u>
Total Retail and Food Services	<u>\$16,919,500</u>	<u>\$18,576,285</u>	<u>\$20,016,668</u>	<u>\$21,306,774</u>	<u>\$22,646,343</u>
All Other Outlets	<u>6,233,280</u>	<u>7,065,212</u>	<u>8,079,341</u>	<u>8,758,693</u>	<u>9,389,345</u>
Total All Outlets	<u>\$23,152,780</u>	<u>\$25,641,497</u>	<u>\$28,096,009</u>	<u>\$30,065,467</u>	<u>\$32,035,687</u>

Source: California State Board of Equalization, Research and Statistics Division.

Building and Real Estate Activity

The two tables below are a five-year summary of building permit valuations and new dwelling units authorized in the County (in both incorporated and unincorporated areas) since 2011.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE BUILDING PERMIT VALUATIONS⁽¹⁾ (In Thousands)

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Valuation (\$000):					
Residential	\$ 873,411	\$1,079,405	\$1,375,593	\$1,621,751	\$1,491,666
Non-Residential	<u>559,398</u>	<u>657,595</u>	<u>873,977</u>	<u>814,990</u>	<u>808,956</u>
Total*	\$1,432,809	\$1,737,000	\$2,249,570	\$2,436,741	\$2,300,000
Residential Units:					
Single Family	2,659	3,720	4,716	5,007	4,833
Multiple Family	<u>1,061</u>	<u>909</u>	<u>1,427</u>	<u>1,931</u>	<u>1,189</u>
Total	3,720	4,629	6,143	6,938	6,022

⁽¹⁾ Totals may not add to sums because of rounding.
Source: Construction Industry Research Board.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE NUMBER OF NEW DWELLING UNITS

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Single Family	2,676	3,455	4,671	5,007	4,833
Multi-Family	<u>1,073</u>	<u>829</u>	<u>1,415</u>	<u>1,931</u>	<u>1,189</u>
TOTAL	<u>3,749</u>	<u>4,284</u>	<u>7,886</u>	<u>6,938</u>	<u>6,022</u>

Source: Construction Industry Research Board for 2010 through 2011, California Homebuilding Foundation for 2012 through 2014.

The following table sets forth a comparison of annual median housing prices for Los Angeles County, Riverside County and Southern California for the years indicated.

COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE COMPARISON OF MEDIAN HOUSING PRICES

<u>Year</u>	<u>Los Angeles</u>	<u>Riverside</u>	<u>San Bernardino</u>	<u>Southern California⁽¹⁾</u>
2010	335,000	200,000	155,000	290,000
2011	315,000	195,000	150,000	280,000
2012	330,000	210,000	163,000	300,000
2013	411,000	259,000	205,000	370,000
2014	455,000	293,000	240,000	410,000
2015	487,500	310,000	262,000	431,000

⁽¹⁾ Southern California is comprised of Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, Riverside, San Bernardino and Ventura Counties.

Source: MDA DataQuick Information Systems.

The following table sets forth a comparison of home and condominium foreclosures recorded in Los Angeles County, Riverside County, San Bernardino County and Southern California for the years indicated.

**COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
COMPARISON OF HOME FORECLOSURES**

<u>Year</u>	<u>Los Angeles</u>	<u>Riverside</u>	<u>San Bernardino</u>	<u>Southern California⁽¹⁾</u>
2010	26,827	20,598	16,757	86,853
2011	25,597	17,383	14,181	77,105
2012	15,271	10,657	9,262	47,347
2013	6,469	4,191	4,088	19,470
2014	4,566	2,912	2,984	13,787
2015	3,970	2,463	2,616	11,959

⁽¹⁾ Southern California is comprised of Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, Riverside, San Bernardino and Ventura Counties.

Source: MDA DataQuick Information Systems.

Agriculture

Agriculture remains an important source of income in the County. Principal agricultural products are milk, eggs, table grapes, grapefruit, nursery, alfalfa, bell peppers, dates, lemons and avocados.

Four areas in the County account for the major portion of agricultural activity: the Riverside/Corona and San Jacinto/Temecula Valley Districts in the western portion of the County, the Coachella Valley in the central portion and the Palo Verde Valley near the County's eastern border.

The value of agricultural production in the County for 2011 through 2015 is presented in the following table:

**COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE
VALUE OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION**

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>
Citrus Fruits	\$ 119,942,513	\$ 125,711,000	\$ 142,404,000	\$ 170,891,000	\$ 199,772,000
Trees and Vines	232,649,262	217,214,000	232,536,000	223,593,000	234,928,000
Vegetables, Melons, Misc.	278,628,295	286,234,000	340,407,000	337,404,000	327,199,000
Field and Seed Crops	149,198,052	147,352,000	154,582,000	156,575,000	122,794,000
Nursery	200,154,964	190,878,000	191,215,000	172,910,000	158,648,000
Apiculture	4,844,400	4,983,000	4,715,000	4,819,000	4,897,000
Aquaculture Products	<u>4,808,250</u>	<u>4,205,000</u>	<u>2,262,000</u>	<u>5,078,000</u>	<u>5,397,000</u>
Total Crop Valuation	\$ 990,225,736	\$ 976,577,000	\$1,068,121,000	\$ 1,071,270	\$1,053,635,000
Livestock and Poultry Valuation	<u>292,030,380</u>	<u>276,553,000</u>	<u>259,683,000</u>	<u>290,746,000</u>	<u>260,015,000</u>
Grand Total	<u>\$1,282,256,116</u>	<u>\$1,253,130,000</u>	<u>\$1,327,804,000</u>	<u>\$1,362,016,000</u>	<u>\$1,313,650,000</u>

Source: Riverside County Agricultural Commissioner

Transportation

Several major freeways and highways provide access between the County and all parts of Southern California. State Route 91 extends southwest through Corona and connects with the Orange County freeway network in Fullerton. Interstate 10 traverses most of the width of the County, the western-most portion of which links up with major cities and freeways in Los Angeles County and the southern part of San Bernardino County, with the eastern part linking to the County's desert cities and Arizona. Interstate 15 and 215 extend north and

then east to Las Vegas, and south to San Diego. State Route 60 provides an alternate (to Interstate 10) east-west link to Los Angeles County.

Currently, Metrolink provides commuter rail service to Los Angeles, San Bernardino and Orange Counties from several stations in the County. Transcontinental passenger rail service is provided by Amtrak with stops in Riverside and Indio. Freight service to major west coast and national markets is provided by two transcontinental railroads -- Union Pacific Railroad and the BNSF Railway Company. Truck service is provided by several common carriers, making available overnight delivery service to major California cities.

Transcontinental bus service is provided by Greyhound Lines. Intercounty, intercity and local bus service is provided by the Riverside Transit Agency to western County cities and communities. There are also four municipal transit operators in the western County providing services within the cities of Banning, Beaumont, Corona and Riverside. The SunLine Transit Agency provides local bus service throughout the Coachella Valley, service the area from Desert Hot Springs to Oasis and from Palm Springs to Riverside. The Palo Verde Valley Transit Agency provides service in the far eastern portion of the County (City of Blythe and surrounding communities).

The County seat, located in the City of Riverside, is within 20 miles of the Ontario International Airport in neighboring San Bernardino County. This airport is operated by Los Angeles World Airports, a proprietary department of the City of Los Angeles. Four major airlines schedule commercial flight service at Palm Springs Regional Airport. County-operated general aviation airports include those in Thermal, Hemet, Blythe and French Valley. The cities of Riverside, Corona, and Banning also operate general aviation airports. There is a military base at March Air Reserve Base, which converted from an active duty base to a reserve-only base on April 1, 1996. The March AFB Joint Powers Authority (the "JPA"), comprised of the County and the Cities of Riverside, Moreno Valley and Perris, is responsible for planning and developing joint military and civilian use. The JPA has constructed infrastructure improvements, entered into leases with private users and initialized a major business park project.

Education

There are four elementary school districts, one high school district, eighteen unified (K-12) school districts and four community college districts in the County. Ninety-five percent of all K-12 students attend schools in the unified school districts. The three largest unified school districts are Corona-Norco Unified School District, Riverside Unified School District and Moreno Valley Unified School District.

There are seven two-year community college campuses located in the communities of Riverside, Moreno Valley, Norco, San Jacinto, Menifee, Coachella Valley and Palo Verde Valley. There are also three universities located in the City of Riverside -- the University of California, Riverside, La Sierra University and California Baptist University.

Environmental Control Services

Water Supply. The County obtains a large part of its water supply from groundwater sources, with certain areas of the County, such as the City of Riverside, relying almost entirely on groundwater. As in most areas of Southern California, this groundwater source is not sufficient to meet countywide demand and the County's water supply is supplemented by imported water. At the present time, imported water is provided by Metropolitan Water District from the Colorado River via the Colorado River Aqueduct and the State Water Project via the Edmund G. Brown California Aqueduct. In the Southwest area of the County, 80% of the water supply is imported.

At the regional and local level, there are several water districts that were formed for the primary purpose of supplying supplemental water to the cities and agencies within their areas. The Coachella Valley Water District, the Western Municipal Water District and the Eastern Municipal Water District are the largest of these water districts in terms of area served. The San Geronio Pass Water Agency, Desert Water Agency, Palo

Verde Irrigation District and Rancho California Water District also provide supplemental water to cities and agencies within the County.

The uncertainty associated with long-term water supply is a major concern of local and regional water agencies in California, especially southern California, which has been exacerbated due to the recent drought. The governor and the state legislature have been engaged in discussions to develop a comprehensive, state-wide water supply, storage and conveyance solution. However, no assurance can be made that a sustainable solution will be achieved within a reasonable timeframe.

Consequently, the Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance 859.2 -Water Efficient Landscaping Ordinance, which conforms to AB 1881. AB 1881 requires that measures be taken to assure the maintenance and protection of natural resources (water) by requiring that the resources be conserved through the implementation of water efficient landscape practices for new developments. As an added measure, the Board of Supervisors amended Policy H-25 requiring the retrofit of public buildings to conform to the requirements of Ordinance 859.2.

Flood Control. Primary responsibility for planning and construction of flood control and drainage systems within the County is provided by the Riverside County Flood Control and Water Conservation District and the Coachella Valley Water District, Storm Water Unit.

Sewage. There are 18 wastewater treatment agencies in the County's Santa Ana River region and nine in the County's Colorado River Basin region. Most residents in rural areas of the County which are unsewered rely upon septic tanks and leach fields for sewage disposal.

APPENDIX C

**SUCCESSOR AGENCY
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016**

APPENDIX D

SUMMARY OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS OF THE INDENTURE

APPENDIX E

DTC AND THE BOOK-ENTRY SYSTEM

The description that follows of the procedures and recordkeeping with respect to beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds, payment of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Bonds to Participants or Beneficial Owners, confirmation and transfer of beneficial ownership interests in the Bonds, and other related transactions by and between DTC, Participants and Beneficial Owners, is based on information furnished by DTC which the Successor Agency believes to be reliable, but the Successor Agency does not take responsibility for the completeness or accuracy thereof. The Successor Agency cannot and does not give any assurances that DTC, DTC Participants or Indirect Participants will distribute to the Beneficial Owners either (a) payments of principal, premium, if any, and interest with respect to the Bonds or (b) certificates representing ownership interests in or other confirmation of ownership interests in the Bonds, or that they will so do on a timely basis or that DTC, DTC Participants or DTC Indirect Participants will act in the manner described in this Official Statement. The current “Rules” applicable to DTC are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission and the current “Procedures” of DTC to be followed in dealing with DTC Participants are on file with DTC.

The Depository Trust Company (“DTC”), New York, NY, will act as securities depository for the Bonds. The Bonds will be issued as fully-registered securities registered in the name of Cede & Co. (DTC’s partnership nominee) or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. One fully-registered bond will be issued for each maturity (and each individual yield in the case of bifurcated maturities) of the Bonds, in the aggregate principal amount of such issue, and will be deposited with DTC.

DTC, the world’s largest securities depository, is a limited-purpose trust company organized under the New York Banking Law, a “banking organization” within the meaning of the New York Banking Law, a member of the Federal Reserve System, a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code, and a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. DTC holds and provides asset servicing for over 3.5 million issues of U.S. and non-U.S. equity issues, corporate and municipal debt issues, and money market instruments (from over 100 countries) that DTC’s participants (“Direct Participants”) deposit with DTC. DTC also facilitates the post-trade settlement among Direct Participants of sales and other securities transactions in deposited securities, through electronic computerized book-entry transfers and pledges between Direct Participants’ accounts. This eliminates the need for physical movement of securities certificates. Direct Participants include both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations, and certain other organizations. DTC is a wholly-owned subsidiary of The Depository Trust & Clearing Corporation (“DTCC”). DTCC is the holding company for DTC, National Securities Clearing Corporation and Fixed Income Clearing Corporation, all of which are registered clearing agencies. DTCC is owned by the users of its regulated subsidiaries. Access to the DTC system is also available to others such as both U.S. and non-U.S. securities brokers and dealers, banks, trust companies, and clearing corporations that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a Direct Participant, either directly or indirectly (“Indirect Participants”). DTC has a Standard & Poor’s rating of AA+. The DTC Rules applicable to its Participants are on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. More information about DTC can be found at www.dtcc.com; provided that nothing contained in such website is incorporated into this Official Statement.

Purchases of Bonds under the DTC system must be made by or through Direct Participants, which will receive a credit for the Bonds on DTC’s records. The ownership interest of each actual purchaser of each Bond (“Beneficial Owner”) is in turn to be recorded on the Direct and Indirect Participants’ records. Beneficial Owners will not receive written confirmation from DTC of their purchase. Beneficial Owners are, however, expected to receive written confirmations providing details of the transaction, as well as periodic statements of their holdings, from the Direct or Indirect Participant through which the Beneficial Owner entered into the transaction. Transfers of ownership interests in the Bonds are to be accomplished by entries made on the books of Direct and Indirect Participants acting on behalf of Beneficial Owners. Beneficial Owners will not receive certificates representing their ownership interests in Bonds, except in the event that use of the book-entry system for the Bonds is discontinued.

To facilitate subsequent transfers, all Bonds deposited by Direct Participants with DTC are registered in the name of DTC's partnership nominee, Cede & Co., or such other name as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. The deposit of Bonds with DTC and their registration in the name of Cede & Co. or such other DTC nominee do not effect any change in beneficial ownership. DTC has no knowledge of the actual Beneficial Owners of the Bonds; DTC's records reflect only the identity of the Direct Participants to whose accounts such Bonds are credited, which may or may not be the Beneficial Owners. The Direct and Indirect Participants will remain responsible for keeping account of their holdings on behalf of their customers.

Conveyance of notices and other communications by DTC to Direct Participants, by Direct Participants to Indirect Participants, and by Direct Participants and Indirect Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by arrangements among them, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to take certain steps to augment the transmission to them of notices of significant events with respect to the Bonds, such as redemptions, tenders, defaults, and proposed amendments to the Indenture. For example, Beneficial Owners of Bonds may wish to ascertain that the nominee holding the Bonds for their benefit will agree to obtain and transmit notices to Beneficial Owners. In the alternative, Beneficial Owners may wish to provide their names and addresses to the registrar and request that copies of notices be provided directly to them.

Redemption notices shall be sent to DTC. If less than all of the Bonds within an issue are being redeemed, DTC's practice is to determine by lot the amount of the interest of each Direct Participant in such issue to be redeemed.

Neither DTC nor Cede & Co. (nor any other DTC nominee) will consent or vote with respect to Bonds unless authorized by a Direct Participant in accordance with DTC's MMI Procedures. Under its usual procedures, DTC mails an Omnibus Proxy to the Successor Agency as soon as possible after the record date. The Omnibus Proxy assigns Cede & Co.'s consenting or voting rights to those Direct Participants to whose accounts Bonds are credited on the record date (identified in a listing attached to the Omnibus Proxy).

Redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments on the Bonds will be made to Cede & Co., or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC. DTC's practice is to credit Direct Participants' accounts upon DTC's receipt of funds and corresponding detail information from the Successor Agency or the Trustee, on payable date in accordance with their respective holdings shown on DTC's records. Payments by Participants to Beneficial Owners will be governed by standing instructions and customary practices, as is the case with securities held for the accounts of customers in bearer form or registered in "street name," and will be the responsibility of such Participant and not of DTC, the Trustee, or the Successor Agency, subject to any statutory or regulatory requirements as may be in effect from time to time. Payment of redemption proceeds, distributions, and dividend payments to Cede & Co. (or such other nominee as may be requested by an authorized representative of DTC) is the responsibility of the Successor Agency or the Trustee, disbursement of such payments to Direct Participants will be the responsibility of DTC, and disbursement of such payments to the Beneficial Owners will be the responsibility of Direct and Indirect Participants.

The Successor Agency may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry-only transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, bond certificates will be printed and delivered to DTC.

NEITHER THE SUCCESSOR AGENCY NOR THE TRUSTEE WILL HAVE ANY RESPONSIBILITY OR OBLIGATION TO DTC PARTICIPANTS, INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR BENEFICIAL OWNERS WITH RESPECT TO THE PAYMENTS OR THE PROVIDING OF NOTICE TO DTC PARTICIPANTS, INDIRECT PARTICIPANTS OR BENEFICIAL OWNERS OR THE SELECTION OF BONDS FOR REDEMPTION.

DTC (or a successor securities depository) may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Successor Agency. The Successor Agency, in its sole discretion and without the consent of any other person, may terminate the services of DTC (or a successor securities depository) with respect to the Bonds. The Successor Agency undertakes no

obligation to investigate matters that would enable the Successor Agency to make such a determination. In the event that the book-entry system is discontinued as described above, the requirements of the Indenture will apply.

THE SUCCESSOR AGENCY AND THE UNDERWRITER CANNOT AND DO NOT GIVE ANY ASSURANCES THAT DTC, THE PARTICIPANTS OR OTHERS WILL DISTRIBUTE PAYMENTS OF PRINCIPAL, INTEREST OR PREMIUM, IF ANY, WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS PAID TO DTC OR ITS NOMINEE AS THE REGISTERED OWNER, OR WILL DISTRIBUTE ANY REDEMPTION NOTICES OR OTHER NOTICES, TO THE BENEFICIAL OWNERS, OR THAT THEY WILL DO SO ON A TIMELY BASIS OR WILL SERVE AND ACT IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN THIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT. THE SUCCESSOR AGENCY AND THE UNDERWRITER ARE NOT RESPONSIBLE OR LIABLE FOR THE FAILURE OF DTC OR ANY PARTICIPANT TO MAKE ANY PAYMENT OR GIVE ANY NOTICE TO A BENEFICIAL OWNER WITH RESPECT TO THE BONDS OR AN ERROR OR DELAY RELATING THERETO.

The information in this section concerning DTC and DTC's book-entry system has been obtained from sources that the Successor Agency deems reliable, but the Successor Agency takes no responsibility for the accuracy thereof.

DTC may discontinue providing its services as securities depository with respect to the Bonds at any time by giving reasonable notice to the Successor Agency or the Trustee. Under such circumstances, in the event that a successor securities depository is not obtained, Bonds are required to be printed and delivered as described in the Indenture.

The Successor Agency may decide to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfers through DTC (or a successor securities depository). In that event, Bonds will be printed and delivered as described in the Indenture and payment of interest to each Owner who owns of record \$1,000,000 or more in aggregate principal amount of Bonds may be made to such Owner by wire transfer to such wire address within the United States that such Owner may request in writing for all Interest Payment Dates following the 15th day after the Trustee's receipt of such request.

APPENDIX F
FORM OF OPINION OF BOND COUNSEL

[Closing Date]

APPENDIX G

FORM OF CONTINUING DISCLOSURE CERTIFICATE

This Continuing Disclosure Certificate (the “Disclosure Certificate”) is executed and delivered by the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency for the County of Riverside (the “Agency”) in connection with the issuance of \$_____ aggregate principal amount of Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency for the County of Riverside Mid-County Redevelopment Project Area 2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series C (the “Bonds”). The Bonds are being issued pursuant to an Indenture of Trust, dated as of _____, 2017, between the Agency and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as trustee (the “Trustee”), (the “Indenture”). The Agency covenants and agrees as follows:

SECTION 1. Purpose of the Disclosure Certificate. This Disclosure Certificate is being executed and delivered by the Agency for the benefit of the Holders and Beneficial Owners of the Bonds and in order to assist the Participating Underwriter in complying with Securities and Exchange Commission (“S.E.C.”) Rule 15c2-12(b)(5).

SECTION 2. Definitions. In addition to the definitions set forth in the Indenture, which apply to any capitalized term used in this Disclosure Certificate unless otherwise defined in this Section, the following capitalized terms shall have the following meanings:

“Annual Report” shall mean any Annual Report provided by the Agency pursuant to, and as described in, Sections 3 and 4 of this Disclosure Certificate.

“Beneficial Owner” shall mean any person which has or shares the power, directly or indirectly, to make investment decisions concerning ownership of any Bonds (including persons holding Bonds through nominees, depositories or other intermediaries).

“County” means the County of Riverside.

“Dissemination Agent” shall mean the Agency, or any successor Dissemination Agent designated in writing by the Agency and which has filed with the Agency a written acceptance of such designation.

“Holder” shall mean the person in whose name any Bond shall be registered.

“Listed Events” shall mean any of the events listed in Section 5(a) or 5(b) of this Disclosure Certificate.

“MSRB” shall mean the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board or any other entity designated or authorized by the Securities and Exchange Commission to receive reports pursuant to the Rule. Until otherwise designated by the MSRB or the Securities and Exchange Commission, filings with the MSRB are to be made through the Electronic Municipal Market Access (EMMA) website of the MSRB, currently located at <http://emma.msrb.org>.

“Participating Underwriter” shall mean the original underwriter of the Bonds required to comply with the Rule in connection with offering of the Bonds.

“Rule” shall mean Rule 15c2-12(b)(5) adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as the same may be amended from time to time.

SECTION 3. Provision of Annual Reports.

(a) The Agency shall, or shall cause the Dissemination Agent to, on December 31, 2017, and each December 31 thereafter, commencing with the report for the 2016-17 Fiscal Year, provide to the MSRB an Annual Report which is consistent with the requirements of Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate. The Annual Report may cross-reference other information as provided in Section 4 of this Disclosure Certificate; provided, that the audited financial statements of the Agency may be submitted separately from the balance of the Annual

Report and later than the date required above for the filing of the Annual Report if they are not available by that date. If the Agency's fiscal year changes, it shall give notice of such change in a filing with the MSRB. The Annual Report shall be submitted on a standard form in use by industry participants or other appropriate form and shall identify the Bonds by name and CUSIP number.

(b) Not later than fifteen (15) Business Days prior to said date, the Agency shall provide the Annual Report to the Dissemination Agent (if other than the Agency). If the Agency is unable to provide to the MSRB an Annual Report by the date required in subsection (a), the Agency shall send or cause to be sent to the MSRB a notice in substantially the form attached as Exhibit A or such other form as prescribed or acceptable to the MSRB.

(c) The Dissemination Agent shall (if the Dissemination Agent is other than the Agency), file a report with the Agency certifying that the Annual Report has been provided pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate, stating the date it was provided to the MSRB.

SECTION 4. Content of Annual Reports. The Agency's Annual Report shall contain or include by reference the following:

(a) Audited financial statements of the Agency for the preceding fiscal year either as a separate audit of the Agency or as a combined statement with the County's comprehensive audited financial report, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the laws of the state of California, including all statements and information prescribed for inclusion therein by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. If the audited financial statements are not available by the time the Annual Report is required to be filed pursuant to Section 3(a), the Annual Report shall contain unaudited financial statements in a format similar to the financial statements contained in the final Official Statement, and the audited financial statements shall be provided to the MSRB in the same manner as the Annual Report when they become available.

To the extent not included in the audited financial statement of the Agency, the Annual Report shall also include the following:

(b) Principal amount of Bonds outstanding.

(c) Outstanding debt of the Project Area, including without limitation any Parity Debt and subordinate debt (including a description of date, amount, term, rating, insurance in the Fiscal Year to which the Annual Report pertains), and the principal amount of all Agency debt outstanding and payable with Tax Revenues.

(d) Information regarding total historic assessed values and tax increment within the Project Area, as set forth in Table 4 of the Official Statement of the Agency, dated _____, 2017 (the "Official Statement"), together with "Net Tax Increment" and "Total Debt Service Coverage," including debt service payable for Housing Bonds, as shown in Table 9 of the Official Statement, if and to the extent provided to the Agency by the County.

(e) Information regarding the top ten (10) tax payers within the Project Area, as set forth in Table 2 of the Official Statement, if and to the extent provided to the Agency by the County.

(f) Information regarding assessment appeals for the ten largest taxpayers as shown in Table 5 of the Official Statement, if and to the extent provided to the Agency by the County.

(g) Information regarding assessment appeals for the Project Area as shown in Table 6 of the Official Statement if and to the extent provided to the Agency by the County.

(h) An annual statement regarding the status of Riverside County's most recent policy regarding the advancement of annual tax delinquencies to the Riverside County Successor Agency's five redevelopment project areas otherwise referred to as the County's version of a "Teeter Plan."

Any or all of the items listed above may be set forth in one or a set of documents or may be included by specific reference to other documents, including official statements of debt issues of the Agency or related public entities, which have been available to the public on the MSRB's website. The Agency shall clearly identify each such other document so included by reference.

SECTION 5. Reporting of Significant Events.

(a) Pursuant to the provisions of this Section 5, the Agency shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds in a timely manner not later than ten business days after the occurrence of the event:

1. Principal and interest payment delinquencies;
2. Unscheduled draws on debt service reserves reflecting financial difficulties;
3. Unscheduled draws on credit enhancements reflecting financial difficulties;
4. Substitution of credit or liquidity providers, or their failure to perform;
5. Adverse tax opinions or issuance by the Internal Revenue Service of proposed or final determination of taxability or of a Notice of Proposed Issue (IRS Form 5701 TEB);
6. Tender offers;
7. Defeasances;
8. Rating changes; or
9. Bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar event of the obligated person.

Note: for the purposes of the event identified in subparagraph (9), the event is considered to occur when any of the following occur: the appointment of a receiver, fiscal agent or similar officer for an obligated person in a proceeding under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code or in any other proceeding under state or federal law, in which a court or governmental authority has assumed jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person, or if such jurisdiction has been assumed by leaving the existing governmental body and officials or officers in possession but subject to the supervision and orders of a court or governmental authority, or the entry of an order confirming a plan of reorganization, arrangement or liquidation by a court or governmental authority having supervision or jurisdiction over substantially all of the assets or business of the obligated person.

(b) The Agency shall give, or cause to be given, notice of the occurrence of any of the following events with respect to the Bonds, if material, in a timely manner not later than ten business days after the occurrence of the event:

1. Unless described in paragraph 5(a)(5), other material notices or determinations by the Internal Revenue Service with respect to the tax status of the Bonds or other material events affecting the tax status of the Bonds;
2. Modifications to rights of Bondholders;
3. Optional, unscheduled or contingent Bond calls;
4. Release, substitution, or sale of property securing repayment of the Bonds;
5. Non-payment related defaults;

6. The consummation of a merger, consolidation, or acquisition involving an obligated person or the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of the obligated person, other than in the ordinary course of business, the entry into a definitive agreement to undertake such an action or the termination of a definitive agreement relating to any such actions, other than pursuant to its terms; or

7. Appointment of a successor or additional trustee or the change of name of a trustee.

(c) Upon the occurrence of a Listed Event described in Section 5(a), or upon the occurrence of a Listed Event described in Section 5(b) which the Issuer determines would be material under applicable federal securities laws, the Agency shall within ten (10) Business Days of occurrence file a notice of such occurrence with the MSRB. Notwithstanding the foregoing, notice of the Listed Event described in subsection (b)(3) need not be given under this subsection any earlier than the notice (if any) of the underlying event is given to Holders of affected Bonds pursuant to the Indenture.

SECTION 6. Format for Filings with MSRB. Any report or filing with the MSRB pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate must be submitted in electronic format, accompanied by such identifying information as is prescribed by the MSRB.

SECTION 7. Termination of Reporting Obligation. The Agency's obligations under this Disclosure Certificate shall terminate upon the legal defeasance, prior redemption or payment in full of all of the Bonds. If such termination occurs prior to the final maturity of the Bonds, the Agency shall give notice of such termination in the same manner as for a Listed Event under Section 5(c).

SECTION 8. Dissemination Agent. The Agency may, from time to time, appoint or engage a Dissemination Agent to assist it in carrying out its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate, and may discharge any such Dissemination Agent, with or without appointing a successor Dissemination Agent. The Dissemination Agent shall not be responsible in any manner for the content of any notice or report prepared by the Agency pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate. The initial Dissemination Agent shall be the Agency.

SECTION 9. Amendment; Waiver. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Disclosure Certificate, the Agency may amend this Disclosure Certificate, and any provision of this Disclosure Certificate may be waived, provided that the following conditions are satisfied:

(a) If the amendment or waiver relates to the provisions of Sections 3(a), 4, 5(a) or 5(b), it may only be made in connection with a change in circumstances that arises from a change in legal requirements, change in law, or change in the identity, nature or status of an obligated person with respect to the Bonds, or the type of business conducted;

(b) The undertaking, as amended or taking into account such waiver, would, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, have complied with the requirements of the Rule at the time of the original issuance of the Bonds, after taking into account any amendments or interpretations of the Rule, as well as any change in circumstances; and

(c) The amendment or waiver does not, in the opinion of nationally recognized bond counsel, materially impair the interests of the Holders or Beneficial Owners of the Bonds.

In the event of any amendment or waiver of a provision of this Disclosure Certificate, the Agency shall describe such amendment in the next Annual Report, and shall include, as applicable, a narrative explanation of the reason for the amendment or waiver and its impact on the type (or in the case of a change of accounting principles, on the presentation) of financial information or operating data being presented by the Agency. In addition, if the amendment relates to the accounting principles to be followed in preparing financial statements, (i) notice of such change shall be given in a filing with the MSRB, and (ii) the Annual Report for the year in which the change is made should present a comparison (in narrative form and also, if feasible, in quantitative form) between the financial statements as prepared on the basis of the new accounting principles and those prepared on the basis of the former accounting principles.

SECTION 10. Additional Information. Nothing in this Disclosure Certificate shall be deemed to prevent the Agency from disseminating any other information, using the means of dissemination set forth in this Disclosure Certificate or any other means of communication, or including any other information in any Annual Report or notice required to be filed pursuant to this Disclosure Certificate, in addition to that which is required by this Disclosure Certificate. If the Agency chooses to include any information in any Annual Report or notice in addition to that which is specifically required by this Disclosure Certificate, the Agency shall have no obligation under this Certificate to update such information or include it in any future Annual Report or notice of occurrence of a Listed Event or any other event required to be reported.

SECTION 11. Default. In the event of a failure of the Agency to comply with any provision of this Disclosure Certificate any Holder or Beneficial Owner of the Bonds may take such actions as may be necessary and appropriate, including seeking mandate or specific performance by court order, to cause the Agency to comply with its obligations under this Disclosure Certificate; provided, that any such action may be instituted only in Superior Court of the State of California in and for the County of Riverside or in U.S. District Court in or nearest to the County. The sole remedy under this Disclosure Certificate in the event of any failure of the Agency to comply with this Disclosure Certificate shall be an action to compel performance.

SECTION 12. Beneficiaries. This Disclosure Certificate shall inure solely to the benefit of the Agency, the Dissemination Agent, the Participating Underwriter and Holders and Beneficial Owners from time to time of the Bonds, and shall create no rights in any other person or entity.

Date: _____, 2017

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT
AGENCY FOR THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

By _____

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE EXHIBIT A

**FORM OF NOTICE TO THE MUNICIPAL SECURITIES RULEMAKING BOARD
OF FAILURE TO FILE ANNUAL REPORT**

Name of Agency: SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR
THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

Name of Bond Issue: SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR
THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE MID-COUNTY REDEVELOPMENT
PROJECT AREA 2017 TAX ALLOCATION REFUNDING BONDS,
SERIES C

Date of Issuance: _____, 2017

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Agency has not provided an Annual Report with respect to the above-named Bonds as required by Section 4 of the Continuing Disclosure Certificate of the Agency, dated the Date of Issuance. [The Agency anticipates that the Annual Report will be filed by _____.]

Dated: _____

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT
AGENCY FOR THE COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE

By _____ [to be signed only if filed]

APPENDIX H

**STATE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE
DETERMINATION LETTER APPROVING THE BONDS**

APPENDIX I

SPECIMEN MUNICIPAL BOND INSURANCE POLICY