SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA



ITEM 16.2 (ID # 3279)

MEETING DATE:

Tuesday, April 11, 2017

FROM: TLMA-PLANNING:

SUBJECT:

TRANSPORTATION AND LAND MANAGEMENT AGENCY/PLANNING: GENERAL PLAN INITIATION PROCEEDINGS FOR GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 1207 (Foundation) - APPLICANT: County of Riverside -Third Supervisorial District - ENGINEER: Kimely-Horn Associates - AREA PLAN: Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan - San Jacinto Zoning District and Winchester Zoning Area – ZONE: Rural Residential (R-R), Controlled Development Area with Mobile Homes - 21/2 acre min. (W-2-M-21/2), Light Agriculture – 2½ acre min., - 5 acre min., - 10 acre min. (A-1-2½; -5; -10), and Heavy Agriculture - 10 acre min. (A-2-10) - Location: Properties generally located east of Leon Rd., south of Wickard Rd., north of Scott Rd., and west of Abbott Rd., as well as properties located south of the Stetson Ave., east of Green Ave., north of Simpson Rd., and west of California Ave. - PROJECT SIZE: Approximately 1,481 Acres - REQUEST: Adopt an order initiating the proceedings for General Plan Amendment No. 1207 that proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component and accompanying land use designations of 225 parcels, totaling approximately 1,480 gross acres located generally in the Winchester area. GPA No. 1207 proposes to change the General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD), and amend the accompanying land use designations from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI). [\$987,743 Total Cost - 100% NCC1

ACTION: Policy

MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

On motion of Supervisor Washington, seconded by Supervisor Jeffries and duly carried, IT WAS ORDERED that the above matter is approved as recommended to adopt an order initiating the proceedings.

Ayes:

Jeffries, Washington and Ashley

Nays:

None

Absent:

Tavaglione

Date:

April 11, 2017

XC:

Planning, Applicant

16.2

Kecia Harper-Ihem

Clerk of the Board

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FINANCIAL DATA	Current	Fiscal Year:	Nex	t Fiscal Year:	Total Cost:	Ongoing Cost	
COST	\$	139,360	\$	228,800	\$ 987,743	\$ N/A	
NET COUNTY COST	\$	139,360	\$	228,800	\$987,743	\$ N/A	
SOURCE OF FUND	78: 400)%. NCC			Budget Adjustment: No		
	JO. 100	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			For Fiscal Year 15/16-19/20	ar:	

C.E.O. RECOMMENDATION: Approve.

RECOMMENDED MOTION: Staff recommends that the Board of Supervisors:

1. Adopt an order initiating proceedings for General Plan Amendment No. 1207, based on information provided by the TLMA-Planning Department, including comments received from the Planning Commission and General Plan Advisory Committee.

BACKGROUND:

Summary

Winchester Community Land Use Study

During the next few years, the Planning Department will undertake efforts to implement the Winchester Community's vision as described in the conceptual Winchester Land Use Study. This study was prepared by Terra Verde Planning and funded by the Riverside County Economic Development Agency in 2012 and included extensive community outreach efforts and input (refer to Attachment A attached hereto and made a part hereof). The Winchester Land Use Study represents the community's vision for the future development of Winchester. The study includes proposals that would modify existing land use designations to strengthen the region's economic position with consideration of the future realignment of State Route 79, the Hemet-Ryan Airport influence area, and the surrounding cities' land uses.

Planning's efforts to implement the Winchester Land Use plan will include evaluating land use patterns and policies that guide development within the Winchester/Homeland Municipal Advisory Council's boundary based on the recommendations of the Winchester Land Use Study. Planning will also evaluate the area's zone, infrastructure capacity and design guidelines.

General Plan Amendment No. 1207

The County-Initiated General Plan Amendment No. 1207 (GPA No. 1207) is the first step in evaluating the conceptual Winchester Land Use Study. GPA No. 1207 proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component and accompanying land use designations of 225 parcels, totaling approximately 1,480 gross acres located generally in the Winchester area. GPA No. 1207 proposes to change the General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD), and amend the accompanying land use designations from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density

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Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI). The Transportation and Land Management Agency - Planning Department has proposed this Foundation Component General Plan Amendment during the application window for the 2016 General Plan Review Cycle.

GPA No. 1207 will involve different types of General Plan Amendment categories to adequately fold the Community's vision and goals into the General Plan. The categories include: "Entitlement/Policy Amendment" and "Foundation Component Amendment" and may expand into other categories upon further analysis.

The proposed Foundation Component GPA No. 1207 land use map is shown on Attachment B and is a preliminary land use plan based on the community's input and survey of existing land uses, terrain, development opportunities and constraints, and circulation patterns. Further modifications to the proposed land use plan are anticipated as a result of input from the General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC), Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors at the

initiation stage; as well as modifications that may result from environmental analysis, future community outreach efforts and public hearings concerning the GPA.

General Plan Initiation Process

Prior to an application for a General Plan Regular Foundation Component Amendment being processed by the Planning Department, the application is required to go through the General Plan Initiation Process (GPIP) process. The GPIP process includes receiving comments on the proposed amendment from the GPAC and the Planning Commission. These comments are then provided to the Board of Supervisors. At this initial stage of the process, specific details of the Foundation Component General Plan Amendment and any accompanying implementing project are not considered, and public hearings are not required before the Planning Commission or the Board of Supervisors. The GPIP process provides an opportunity for the Planning Department to hear comments related to the proposed project before embarking on the land use and environmental review process. At this time, the Board of Supervisors will only be considering whether to initiate proceedings for the proposed Foundation Component General Plan Amendment. If the Board of Supervisors adopts an order initiating proceedings for the proposed Amendment, the proposed Amendment will then go through the land use review process including applicable environmental review, Tribal consultation, and public hearings. The initiation of proceedings by the Board of Supervisors does not commit the County to a certain course of action and shall not imply any such amendment will be approved. The Board retains full discretion under the California Environmental Quality Act when reviewing the proposed Amendment during the land use review process.

Justification for Foundation Component Amendment

Pursuant to the Riverside County General Plan, Chapter 11: Administration Element and Article II, Section 2.5 of Ordinance No. 348, related to General Plan Regular Foundation Component Amendments, specific findings are required to approve a Foundation Component Amendment. These include findings that new conditions or circumstances exist

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that justify modifying the General Plan, that the modification does not conflict with the overall County Vision and that the modification would not create an internal inconsistency among the other General Plan Elements. The proposal for Foundation Component Amendments requires the County to provide information describing a new condition or circumstance that justifies modifying the General Plan.

The justification for the proposed Foundation General Plan Amendment to modify the General Plan is based on the following circumstances:

The Winchester Land Use study, conducted after the preparation of the General Plan in 2008, revealed specific regional and local issues, as well as new insights into the community's vision for the Winchester area. Proactive community outreach efforts have revealed that Winchester has the potential to serve as an important tourist and transit hub for the region due to its proximity to the Diamond Valley Lake as well as the presence of the rail line, State Route 79, and the Domenigoni Parkway, and that this is a vision consistent with the desires and goals of the community. The County has worked proactively with the Winchester community to develop the proposed General Plan Amendment, which will refine the community's stated vision within the context of the General Plan in a consistent manner. The proposed land use map included in the proposed General Plan Amendment was developed utilizing the conceptual Winchester Land Use Study and implements the newly-revealed vision for the Winchester Community area.

Planning Commission

This proposed Foundation Component General Plan Amendment was considered by the Planning Commission during a public meeting on December 7, 2016, Agenda Item 2.3, and the following comments were provided by the Planning Commissioners:

The Commission praised the Community on their efforts to rally together and work with County to develop a Community Plan for this area. The Commission supports the downtown concept and looks forward to working with the Community through the Planning process to help create their vision. The General Plan Amendment would need to address infrastructure constraints to support future development opportunities. Planning Commission recommends including Valley-wide Recreation and Park District as a key stakeholder to expand the recreational opportunities to anchor this region as a tourist destination; due to the Community's close proximity to the Diamond Valley Lake and the Wine Country area.

General Plan Advisory Committee

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This application was considered by the General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC) during a public meeting on October 6, 2016, Agenda Item 3.1, and was recommended for initiation to the Planning Commission by a unanimous vote.

The GPAC supported the Community of Winchester's vision for community development and request for review of creating further intensification in outlying areas. GPAC also commented that higher density development should be considered near future transit stations.

Impact on Residents and Businesses

The project will continue to engage the community to elicit public participation and refine the General Plan land use goals and policies. Should the Board of Supervisors initiate this General Plan Amendment including the Foundation Component Amendment, an appropriate level of land use review and environmental analysis will be conducted in conjunction with the amendment.

SUPPLEMENTAL:

Additional Fiscal Information:

The total estimated cost is \$987,743 to complete the Community Planning process. The estimated cost includes the General Plan Amendment, Zone Consistency Program and environmental analysis. The project is anticipated to be completed by fiscal year 19/20 depending on availability of funds. The estimated budget requirement to complete the project for fiscal years 18/19 and 19/20 is \$619,583.

- A. Community of Winchester Land Use Study
- B. <u>Proposed Winchester Study Area and Foundation Component General Plan</u>
 <u>Amendment</u>
- C. Planning Commission Report Package
- D. General Plan Advisory Committee Report Package

harisea Loach, Assistant TLMA Director 4/3/2017

CONCEPTUAL DRAFT

Community of Winchester

LAND USE STUDY

Prepared for

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency

Prepared by

Tierra Verde Planning

August 2012



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City of Hemet Airport Land Use Compatibility Zones

D.

1.0 Purpose

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency (EDA) obtained a grant to prepare a Land Use Study (LUS, herein after referred to as the Study) for the unincorporated area of Winchester, Riverside County, California. The EDA contracted Gary Thornhill of Tierra Verde to prepare the Study.

The purpose of the Study is to evaluate the existing land uses as identified on the 2003 Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan (HV/WAP, herein after referred to as the Area Plan) Land Use Map and make proposed land use modifications that would support the long-term build out of a balanced, diverse and economically sustainable community. This Study is intended to help Winchester look into the future and plan for a healthy, vibrant environment for generations to come

The Study proposes to evaluate land uses and mobility alternatives that support a thriving and vibrant Downtown. The Study will also consider land uses outside of the Downtown that will create successful places to live, work and play—providing a high quality of life for all residents. Another important goal of the Study is to create local employment opportunities with convenient, easy access to freeways or major roadways. This will help establish the needed tax base, reduce commute times and improve the long-term economic viability of the community.

All property in the Winchester area was reviewed and considered; however, no recommendations were made for entitled land or properties within existing, approved Specific Plans



2.0 Project Location

The community of Winchester is situated in the western portion of Riverside County. Winchester is an unincorporated community and is governed by the Riverside County Integrate Plan (RCIP) located in an area called the HarvestValley/ Winchester Area Plan. The Planning Area consists of unincorporated territory referred to as Harvest Valley. Harvest Valley is an umbrella term that includes the communities of Romoland, Homeland, Green Acres and Winchester (Reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 1). This Study only includes the unincorporated community of Winchester.

The communities of Homeland and Green Acres are located to the north. Romoland is located to the northwest and Diamond Valley is to the southeast. The cities of Perris and Menifee are located to the west, and the city of Hemet is to the east. The Planning Area boundary is contained depicted in Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 2, HV/WAP Land Use Plan.





3.0 Land Use Study Background

One of the goals of the Study was to receive community input so that the vision, goals, needs and opportunities for the future development of Winchester could be identified. The workshops were structured to be very collaborative, interactive forums with extensive public engagement. The intent was to gain insight and knowledge from the residents, tenants, business owners, land owners, consultants, developers, and community groups to learn from their history and understanding of the community, and its relationship to the County.

To achieve this goal, the consultant first conducted stakeholder meetings with the Winchester HOA, the Planning Advisory Board, Riverside County Planning Staff and the WMAC. In addition to these stakeholder meetings, the consultant team conducted a series of seven community workshops over a six month period. The workshops were held at the Winchester Community Center located at 32665 Haddock Street, Winchester, CA on the following dates:

- February 12, 2012
- March 5, 2012
- March 23, 2012
- April 23, 2012,
- May 21, 2012
- June 18, 2012
- July 9, 2012

Hard copy notices were mailed out to over 1,300 property owners in Winchester and meeting notices were posted in key areas such as the community center and post office. An email distribution list was also developed to provide a secondary means of notification for all workshops, with reminder emails sent a few days prior to the meetings. In addition, meeting notices and project information was posted on the WMAC website at: www.winchestermac.org so information would be accessible to all interested parties throughout the planning process.

Numerous topics were raised and discussed at the workshops. The following list summarizes the primary issues raised, but is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all issues discussed. The list characterizes the key issues that directly influenced the outcome of the Study:

- Consider modifications to existing land uses that place the community in a better economic position if incorporation is desired in the future.
- Consider the re-alignment and impacts to concerned property owners and stakeholders of Highway 79 (Figure 1, Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives) and the potential impacts to properties and designated land uses.
- Express concern to the County regarding cities of Hemet and Menife allocating land use designations on all land within the community of Winchester effectively eliminating Winchester.
- Request LAFCO take formal action to recognize the boundaries of Winchester and take land use control out of the hands of the adjacent cities (Figure 4 Adjacent Land Use Planning).
- Delineate boundaries of the Downtown.

- Develop Winchester as a destination place—creating a sense of identity and uniqueness that will attractive residents, businesses and tourists to the area.
- Create a Downtown that would be successful as a pedestrian oriented place which will have a region-wide draw and create opportunities for civic spaces, entertainment, and social interaction.
- Ensure that the Downtown has access from Winchester Road once the proposed re-alignment of Highway 79 is constructed.
- Reduce street widths and speeds along Winchester and Simpson Roads once the re- alignment is constructed to create a more traditional, safe, and pedestrian oriented Downtown.
- Locate the Metrolink station in Downtown as identified in the RCIP.
- Identify necessary infrastructure needs to support the future development and build-out of the community.
- Protect legal non-conforming uses that would be created as a result of future land use changes.
- Create a viable employment base to reduce the length of commute times.
- Create additional open space, parks, trails and recreational uses including the re-use of Double Butte and improving Salt Creek.
- Develop the Metropolitan Water District properties in accordance with the land use designations and plans approved by the County of Riverside.
- Create future employment opportunities by recommending industrial, business park, and office commercial land use designations.



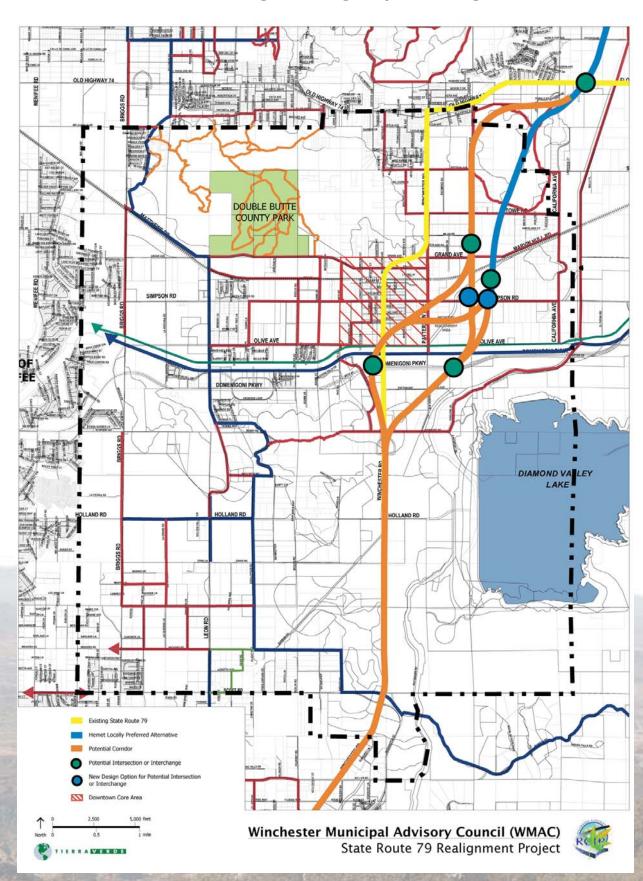


Figure 1 -Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives

4.0 Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan

The Land Use Concept of the 2003 RCIPacknowledges that Winchester is ideally situated to become the gateway to the Diamond Valley Lake and accommodate the intensification of land uses. The Area Plan Land Use Concept further states "the Diamond Valley Lake and surrounding recreation area provides a major tourist attraction and is the key to future growth in the area. The land uses that surround Diamond Valley Lake are intended to preserve the facility's long-term outdoor recreational opportunities and to attract visitors by providing a quality experience for them."

The Area Plan Land Use Map focuses on preserving the unique features in the Area Plan and, at the same time, will guide the future growth of Winchester. The Area Plan Land Use Concept created a significant shift from the existing rural land uses to higher density land uses consisting of more urban/suburban/rural, and mixed land uses that center around unique cores.

According to the Area Plan, the rationale for this proposed land use shift is due to the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake and the recreational and development opportunities it presents. In addition, the transit opportunities with the existing rail line, and Highways 74 and 79 would provide the needed transportation infrastructure to support increased density in the Area Plan. The current Area Plan envisions a distinct character and identity consisting of a compact Downtown core designed in an "Old West" theme with a mixture of land uses that are pedestrian oriented.

The Area Plan Land Use Map depicts the current geographic distribution of land uses within the Planning Area. The Land Use Map is organized around 30 area land use designations and five overlays. There are also eight Policy Areas within the Area Plan. The Area Plan states "in some ways these policies are even more critical to the sustained character of the Area Plan than some of the basic land use policies because they reflect deeply held beliefs about the kind of place this is and should remain". Policy Areas contain special or unique characteristics that required detailed analysis and focused policies—not typical zoning and land use concepts.

The Policies Areas that were reviewed with the community and were analyzed when developing the Study are summarized below:

- The Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Area. Hemet-Ryan is an active airport located in the City of Hemet with the influence area extending into the eastern portion of Winchester. This Policy Area contains numerous safety zones which are listed in Table 4 (Land Use Compatibility Guidelines for Airport Safety Zones for Hemet-Ryan Airport) of the Area Plan. Properties in this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. Properties within this Policy Area were analyzed and land use modifications to this area were made with the consideration of the restrictions in this area (Figure 3 Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area).
- The Winchester Policy Area. This area is covered by the County's existing Community Center Overlay. The intent of the Policy Area is to help create a sense of place and an entrance to the Diamond Valley Recreation Area. This Policy Area was created to capitalize on the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake with the Downtown core, and the activity centered around Winchester and

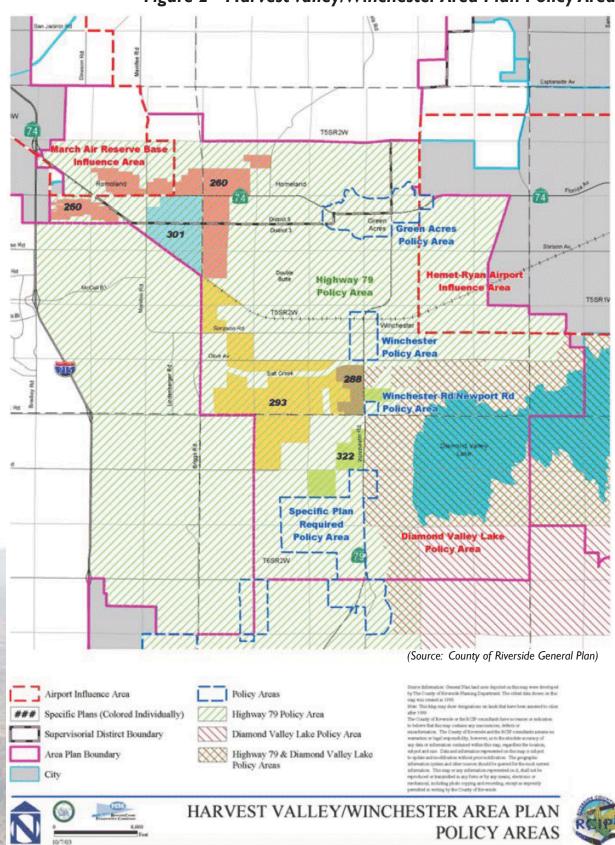


Figure 2 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Policy Areas

Simpson Roads. This Policy Area states the vision for the Downtown core would be implemented with the Community Center Overlay which eliminates the typical zoning that requires separation of land uses. The Study identified this area as the Downtown core and expanded the boundaries. The Study recommends this area to be developed as a more traditional, pedestrian oriented Downtown with mixed-use and transit oriented development. For revised Downtown boundaries, see Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications.

- The Diamond Valley Lake Policy Area. This Policy Area is envisioned to be developed pursuant to one or more Specific Plan consisting of a variety of recreational opportunities and tourist-oriented facilities including hotels, restaurants, and commercial services to be developed in the future. It is the desire of the WMAC that Metropolitan Water District fulfill this development commitment as described in the RCIP.
- The Winchester Road/Newport Road Policy Area. This Policy Area is located at the northeast corner of Highway 79 and Newport Road. This Policy Area is intended to direct the commercial uses to the low-lying area suitable for development, provided development can coexist with the proximity of the Diamond Valley Reservoir West Dam. The Policy Area does acknowledge that some destination type development may be possible if the scenic values of the area are maintained. The Study is recommending a portion of this area be modified to Commercial Tourist based on the proposed Highway 79 re-alignment.
- The Highway 79 Policy Area. This Policy Area addresses the transportation infrastructure capacity, which is a critical and necessary component to accommodate the land use densities contained in the Area Plan Land Use Map. The proposed re-alignment of Highway 79 is a primary issue that will have a significant and direct impact on the land uses and future development of the community. Accordingly, the re-alignment alternatives were discussed and analyzed extensively at several community workshops. The results of the discussions are presented as policies contained in Section 7 Goals, Policies and Objectives of this Study.
- The "Specific Plan Required" Policy Area. This Policy Area represents approved Specific Plans as of the date of the 2003 RCIP and the area that requires a Specific Plan. All land that is in an approved Specific Plan was excluded from the Study. All the approved Specific Plan zoning maps depicted on Figure 3 (HV/WAP Policy Areas) were reviewed to ensure appropriate and logical transition of land uses. The WMAC strongly recommends the County conduct an analysis of the potential cumulative impacts of the density increases being requested within approved Specific Plans.

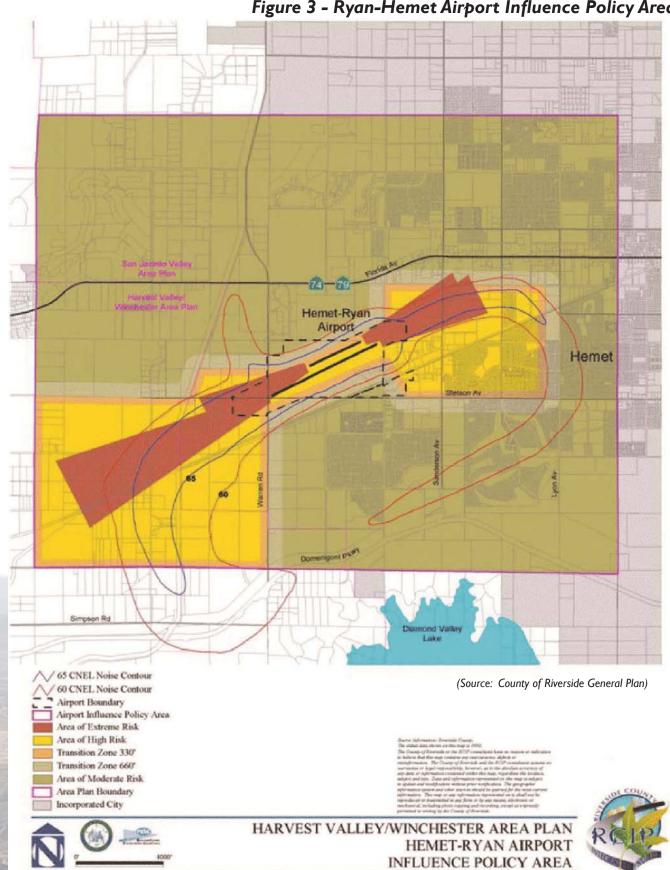
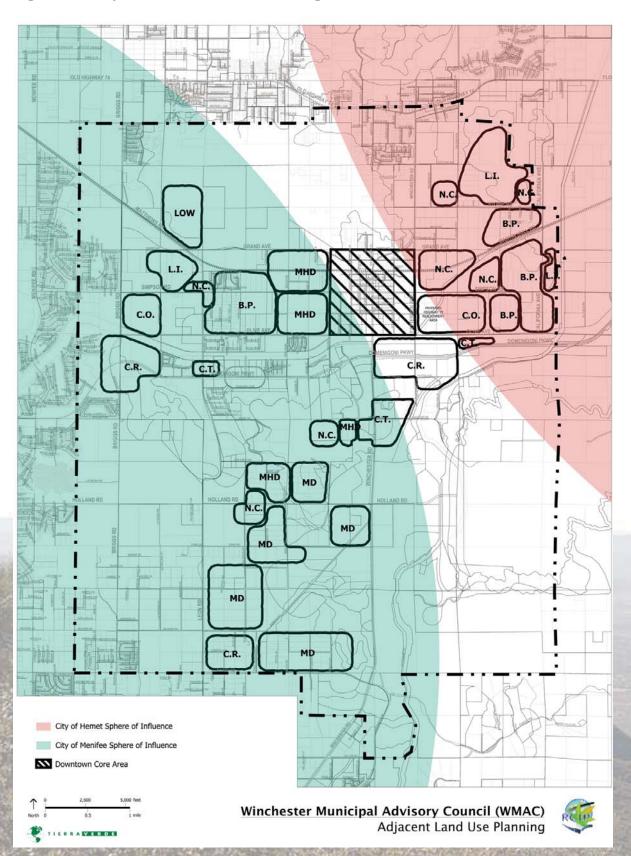


Figure 3 - Ryan-Hemet Airport Influence Policy Area

Figure 4 - Adjacent Land Use Planning



5.0 Winchester: Character, Features and Opportunities/



Existing Commercial Building

Community Character

Today, the RCIP describes the existing community of Winchester as a small western-themed commercial core at the intersection of Highway 79 and Simpson Road within the Winchester Policy Area. This small and under-utilized community core is surrounded by small homes on large parcels and agricultural uses. This area, and the entire community, falls within the Highway 79 Policy Area.

One outcome of the workshop was the community's desire to maintain the character of the community when implementing the proposed land use intensifications as identified on the Area Plan Land Use Map, and the proposed modifications of this Study.

Physical Features

Physical environmental conditions can enhance a community and can also have the potential to limit an areas' long-term development capacity. As a result, a review of local conditions helped guide the land use recommendations of this Study. Common environmental issues include topography, biology, seismic, hydrology, geologic, and infrastructure, but also include features that are unique to an area or region.

There are several existing features that were taken into consideration while preparing this Study that will have a significant influence on future development. The primary features are State Route 79 (Winchester Road), and the proposed re-alignment of Highway 79, the existing grid pattern street system, lack of existing infrastructure, the existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line, Double Butte Mountains and the necessary remediation of this site, Diamond Valley Lake, and Salt Creek (reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 3, HV/WAP Physical Features).

These physical features and other community influences will be discussed in the following section, and describe how they will enhance or potentially limit the development capacity of the area.

Opportunities and Constraints

A safe, healthy and secure environment is the cornerstone of a successful community. Protection from natural and man-made hazards such as flooding, wildfires, and hazardous materials are a vital component for establishing a safe community.

As identified in the Background Report dated January 2012 (contained herein as Appendix A), there are many existing constraints to development that will need to be resolved before Winchester can accommodate the planned build-out as identified in the proposed land use modifications. Conversely, there are existing opportunities that can help facilitate the long-term viability of the community. Please see the Background Report for a complete list of opportunities and constraints.

Opportunities and constraints were analyzed, discussed and reviewed with the community at the workshops and are summarized below.

Opportunities:

Creation of a Traditional Downtown

Creating a successful pedestrian oriented Downtown alive with people, shops, restaurants, events and street life is very important to the residents. The residents share the desire for a traditional Downtown that will attract people region-wide and support the local needs of the community. This type of Downtown will create a distinct identity and sense of place for Winchester.

The historic grid pattern street system in the Downtown area is very conducive to creating a walkable Downtown. This is a tremendous opportunity for the community, and will support the potential for a very traditional Downtown with a host of destinationsshopping, dining, working, cultural and entertainment events, civic uses, libraries, educational institutions, senior centers arts, museums, and night life. If planned correctly, the Downtown area could be the cultural heart of the community.



Traditional Downtown



Traditional DowntownStreetscape with Angled Parking

Metrolink Station

There is an existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line running east-west that physically bisects Winchester. The rail line is not currently being used, but is planned for use as a Metrolink line in the future. It is the community's goal to locate the Metrolink station in the Downtown, which is consistent with the RCIP vision for Winchester. The Downtown area should be designed to be wellserved by transit, have a safe walking environment, and provide connectivity to adjacent developments.

The City of Hemet General Plan land use map identifies the Metrolink station within their easterly sphere boundaries. The Study strongly recommends the transit station to be located in Downtown Winchester which supports the transit oriented development concept of the Downtown, and is a policy recommended in the RCIP.





Transit Station in Downtown

The Area Plan Land Use Concepts state:

"A transit station is to be incorporated into the fabric of Winchester and act as the northern anchor for the community. The transit station would act as the regional connection to the Diamond Valley Lake and its surrounding entertainment and recreational uses, as well as Temecula further to the south."

"A transit station should be incorporated into the Community Center. This transit station can be connected to the Winchester Transit Station through a transit system such as the Oasis Concept which is described in the Circulation Element of the General Plan."

Circulation

The Downtown area has an existing grid pattern street system that provides alternate routes for vehicles to avoid the major roads and highways. Overall, the community contains a regional circulation system that appears to be capable of supporting significant growth in the area. The continuing improvements to, and the re-alignment of, Highway 79 should provide more than adequate movement of vehicles within the valley (Figure 5, HV/WAP Circulation).

The re-alignment of Highway 79 will also create future significant regional, community commercial and retail opportunities. The proposed Study has purposely located these types of land uses adjacent to, or in close proximity to, the freeway interchanges and major roadways.

The proximity of future interchanges also provides opportunities to create strong visual statements and clear connections to the Downtown. This can be accomplished through the use of entry monumentation, signage, landscaping (comprehensive streetscape design standards), and the construction of buildings with unique and/or iconic design elements near the gateways to the community.

Economic Development/Employment Opportunities

Providing services that meet the diverse needs of existing and future residents is dependent on a vigorous and healthy economy. Winchester needs a balance of land uses to support a diversity of businesses, an expanded employment base and more diverse housing choices. The Study capitalizes on the strengths of the community, and proposes efficient uses of land and resources that will help facilitate further economic sustainability.

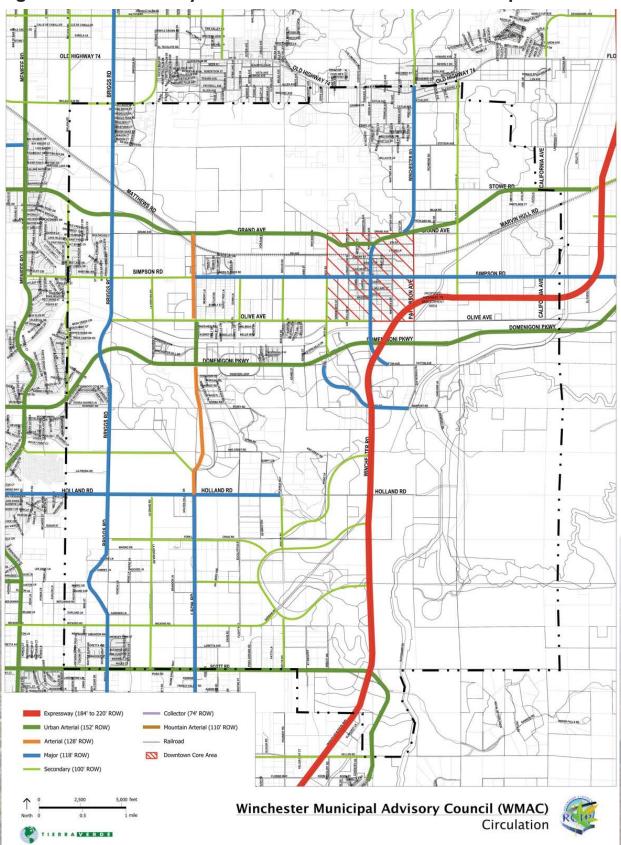
The close proximity of the rail line to the Downtown creates opportunities for a transit center, passenger rail service for commuters, and transit oriented development. In addition, Winchester's close proximity to March Air Reserve Base (ARB) could serve as a future job center when the ARB is redeveloped. Located approximately 20 miles to northwest, this opportunity could create high end jobs with a short commute distance.

Because of the close proximity to both Hemet-Ryan and French Valley Airports, there are very positive possibilities for industrial growth and job creation. The area to the west of Hemet/Ryan, in particular, could support light industrial and business park uses that would be close enough to create positive economic opportunities in the Downtown. These uses could include service commercial, professional offices, lodging, and restaurants. To support this potential economic opportunity, the Study is recommending light industrial, business park and



Service

Figure 5 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Circulation Map





Opportunity for Future College or University



Public Gathering Space



Community Park

commercial uses within the northeastern portion of the community (to the east of the Highway 79 re-alignment).

Winchester is far enough from large existing commercial centers in Hemet, French Valley, and Menifee that future retail uses could be viable as population growth reaches levels that can support neighborhood, community, and regional commercial centers. While it may be quite some time before some of the larger retail uses are realized, it is vital to plan for all levels of retail and commercial uses now to be properly prepared for the next 20-30 years.

Because there is so much vacant land in the planning area, there are opportunities to attract major public and/or private colleges and universities. There are currently limited opportunities in many of the nearby, more developed communities. Very few communities have the hundreds of acres of land available which is typically the requirement of higher educational institutions. It is important to keep in mind that it can take decades to attract, plan for, and construct major campuses. Therefore, consideration and appropriate land use planning now can accommodate these types of uses in the future, which would have a very beneficial economic outcome for Winchester.

Parks and Open Space

It is the community's desire to increase additional parks, trails and open space and recreational opportunities. One ideal brought up at the community workshop was to explore the possibility of redeveloping the closed landfill at Double Butte. Remediation would be required, but there appears to be opportunities around the land fill that could provide recreational uses to the community (i.e. a regional park, a local park, equestrian facilities, trails or bike paths, and other recreational uses). Reference Figure 6 HV/WAP Trails and Bikeway System for existing planned facilities within Winchester

The Study recommends a comprehensive recreational and open space assessment to identify the specific long-term needs of all age groups and types of users. Analysis of park needs including ball fields (both in door and out door), existing trails, and bicycle facilities should be conducted.

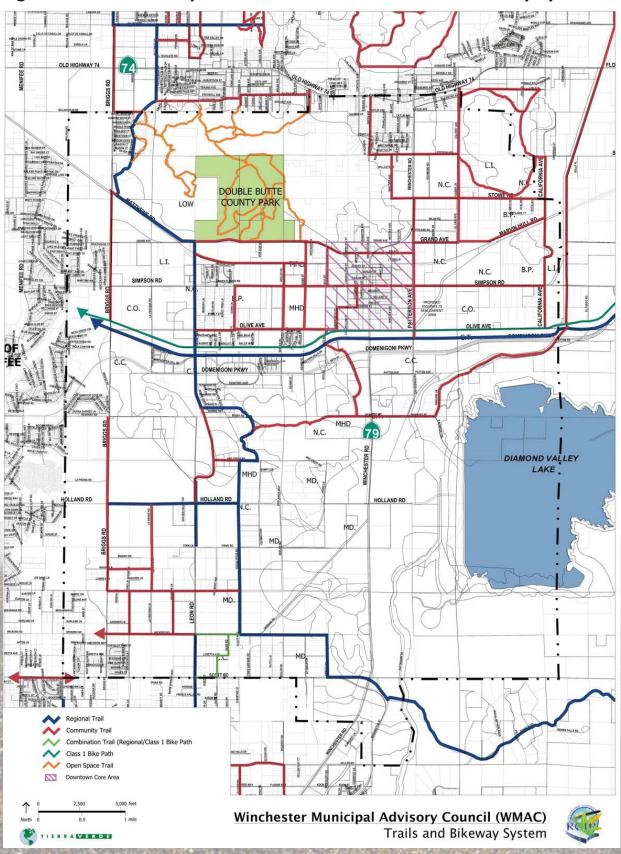
Constraints:

Highway 79 Re-alignment and Winchester Road

The re-alignment of Highway 79 has a significant impact on the proposed Study as a final alignment has not been selected as of the date of this Study (Figure 1, Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives). Therefore, one of the recommendations of this Study is to re-analyze the areas that will be immediately affected once a final alignment is chosen.

The re-alignment also has a potential to impact access to and through the Downtown. This Study recommends the re-alignment of Highway 79 to be designed so that it is outside of the Downtown boundaries to avoid bifurcating the southwest portion of the Downtown. It is the recommendation of the WMAC that access to the Downtown via Winchester Road be maintained once the final alignment is selected and constructed. It is also the recommendation of this Study that Winchester and Simpson Roads be reduced in speed limit and capacity through the Downtown with traffic re-routed to higher capacity roads. See Section 7 Goals, Policies and Objectives for additional circulation recommendations.

Figure 6 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Trails and Bikeway System



Utilities and Services

The lack of local and regional infrastructure will have limitations to long-term development until infrastructure improvements are constructed. In addition, the lack of existing infrastructure is a very important feature that will be required to support the proposed development as identified on the existing Area Plan and Proposed Land Use Modifications Map. The relatively flat topography in much of the Winchester area presents challenges for sewage disposal and surface drainage.

Currently, local wastewater treatment facility in the community of Winchester does not exist. Most properties are served by septic systems. However, there are some homes that are served by sewers. Lack of wastewater infrastructure will be a constraint to the future development (reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 7, EMWD Sewer System).

Winchester does not have storm drain facilities (above or under ground). Existing storm water is accommodated by surface drainage. Due to the relatively level topography and lack of local or regional storm drain improvements, flooding does occur in some locations during storm events. Until additional storm drain facilities are built, storm drain runoff will limit future development.

In addition, there are very few paved roads, sidewalks, curbs, or gutters in the Downtown or other parts of the community. This will have a limiting capacity in the type and quality of development that is being proposed (i.e. a walkable Downtown and pedestrian movement and connectivity throughout neighborhoods).

Flooding

The Riverside County TLMA GIS and Figure 11 of the Area Plan identifies a large portion of the community within the 100 and 500 year flood zones (reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 4, HV/WAP Flood Zones). The two major areas of concern are Salt Creek and the area extending southwest from Diamond Valley Lake. There appears to be minimal or no local drainage into Salt Creek, as most of the drainage comes from further upstream. This is a potential constraint to development; however, existing regulatory and flood management programs may address this issue. In addition, FEMA maps are updated approximately every 10 years and the flood designations may change over time or with improvements to flood channels.

It is worth mentioning that the proposed Downtown core area is not located within a flood zone.

The Hemet-Ryan Airport

As stated above in Section 4, the County has established the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Zone (Figure 3). The City of Hemet General Plan also contains an Airport Compatibility Zone which illustrates the limits of the zone which includes the north-east portion of Winchester (Appendix D). Properties located within the area are inherently restricted in development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. The Study limited uses in this area to light industrial, commercial and business park, understanding these restrictions to development. No residential land uses are proposed within this zone.

Economic and Employment Opportunities

This is both an opportunity and constraint. Currently, the employment opportunities are very limited within the immediate community and commute times can be quite lengthy. The proposed land use modifications will locate regional commercial centers, neighborhood commercial, light industrial, business park and office uses near major freeway intersections and within close proximity to Downtown for convenient and easy access. These land uses will help create employment opportunities and reduce commute times. It is recognized that substantial population growth in the region must first occur to support this level of development.

6.0 Land Use Modifications

Proposed Land Use Modifications

There were several factors and issues that influenced the outcome of the proposed land use changes. Input from the community as a result of the workshop series was paramount in developing the final Study. The assessment of the physical features, existing land uses, previous entitlements, environmental constraints, infrastructure limitations, circulation, employment opportunities, economic development, financing, and the opportunities and constraints of the community were also key considerations. In addition, the desire of the community to control the future land use and development decisions also influenced the Study (Figure 4, Adjacent Land Use Planning).

Proposed Modifications

The proposed land use modifications are depicted on Figure 7 Proposed Land Use Modifications. Land that is covered by an existing Specific Plan or already entitled was not included in the Study. Only land that does not have entitlements was assessed as these properties have opportunities to be modified, unlike entitled land.

Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications, is intended to be a bubble-diagram that shows conceptual locations of proposed changes—it is not intended to be parcel specific. In fact, boundaries may shift once parcel specific analysis is conducted due to future infrastructure improvements (i.e. Highway 79 re-alignment), adjacency to other land uses (i.e. specific plans), environmental constraints (i.e. biological or flooding), or open space and recreational opportunities.

One new land use designation is being proposed, Neighborhood Commercial (NC). This is to allow local, neighborhood serving commercial centers (within walking distance) so residents have an option of not driving to major commercial centers. All other land use modifications are redistributions of existing designations that will enhance the long-term economic sustainability of the community.

Once the ultimate alignment of Highway 79 is approved, all new interchanges should have commercial nodes adjacent to the interchange. Any industrial, business park or commercial office land uses effected by the realignment should be located to the east of the approved alignment. These uses need to be separated from the Downtown core. Since the ultimate alignment of Highway

79 has not been selected, a subsequent analysis is recommended for the land adjacent to the re-alignment (including associated interchanges).

The following text is an overview of the primary land use modifications and a description of the intent of the proposed changes. Please refer to Figure 7 for a comprehensive review of all proposed land use modifications.

Generally, the land use designations in the northeastern portion of the community (in or near the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Zone) are recommended to be changed to light industrial and business park as explained above. This is consistent with, and provides a good transition between, the adjacent uses to the east. The re-aligned Highway 79 will be in this area so it will provide convenient access to future employment centers. To the west of these uses, neighborhood commercial and commercial office designations are recommended. The intent was to locate these land uses adjacent to and within close proximity to the freeway. This also minimizes traffic impacts to the local roadway circulation system.

The Downtown boundaries are proposed to be expanded from the existing Community Center Overlay as identified in the Area Plan Land Use Map. The new proposed boundaries are: Grand Avenue at the north, Olive Avenue to the south, Rice Road to the west, and Patterson Avenue to the east. Medium High Density (MHD) residential is proposed to the west of the Downtown which allows pedestrian travel to employment opportunities and connectivity to the Downtown. Moving further to the west, some changes to business park, neighborhood commercial, commercial office, commercial tourist and commercial retail are being recommended. The intent is to provide a distribution of commercial/retail services and employment bases to service the western portion of the community.

South of Salk Creek at Patterson Avenue, changes to Commercial Retail and Commercial Tourist are being proposed to provide for regional shopping and tourist uses around Diamond Valley Lake near Domenigoni Parkway. To the west of this area, around E. Newport Road, some Medium High Density (MHD) and Neighborhood Commercial designations are recommended which will place employment opportunities close to Highway 79 and Domenigoni Parkway.

To the south of Ano Crest Road, MHD and Medium Density (MD) land use designations are proposed around a neighborhood commercial designation. The goal is to provide some local serving commercial uses in close proximity to surrounding residential uses. To the east of Leon Road and north of Scott Road, a recommendation of MD centering around Commercial Retail is proposed to accommodate local retail shopping needs—within walking distance to the surrounding residential developments.

7.0 Goals, Policies and Objectives

7.1 Land Use Goals, Objectives and Policies

The RCIP contains some the primary land use concepts discussed with the community during the workshop series. These concepts are intended to develop the future Downtown Winchester as a walkable, pedestrian friendly community with a distinct image and character. These concepts will also help develop and establish neighborhoods and regional and local centers outside the Downtown core. To do this, the community must have the appropriate land uses, intensities, streetscapes, open space and connectivity. Many of the necessary elements are sustainable planning and design practices and principles. A very brief summary of the concepts is provided below.



Smart Growth—compact mixed-use development that reduces environmental degradation and builds livable neighborhoods and provides a variety of transportation choices that accommodate pedestrians, bicycles, transit and automobiles.

New Urbanism—a concept established in the 1980s that promotes compact neighborhood designs that reduce automobile dependence and enhances the sense of community. The goals include identifying a discernible center, placing most dwellings within a five-to fifteen minute walk of the center, a variety of dwelling types and providing a mix of commercial uses that can meet the weekly shopping needs of a household.

Transit-Oriented Development (TOD)—enhances access to public transportation by placing residential and commercial development (i.e. grocery stores, pharmacy, coffee shops, etc.) around a transit station (train or trolley) generally located within ½ to ½ mile radius from a transit stop. TOD requires the appropriate amount of residential units to create adequate ridership and active street life.

Sustainable Design Principles—design and construction practices that significantly reduce or eliminate the negative impacts of development on the environment and its inhabitants. A sustainable design approach can be defined by green building practices and the availability of pedestrian oriented amenities. The U.S. Green Building Council through the LEED-ND (Leadership for Energy and Environmental Design for Neighborhood Development) has established the essential components that make up a successful, sustainable development.



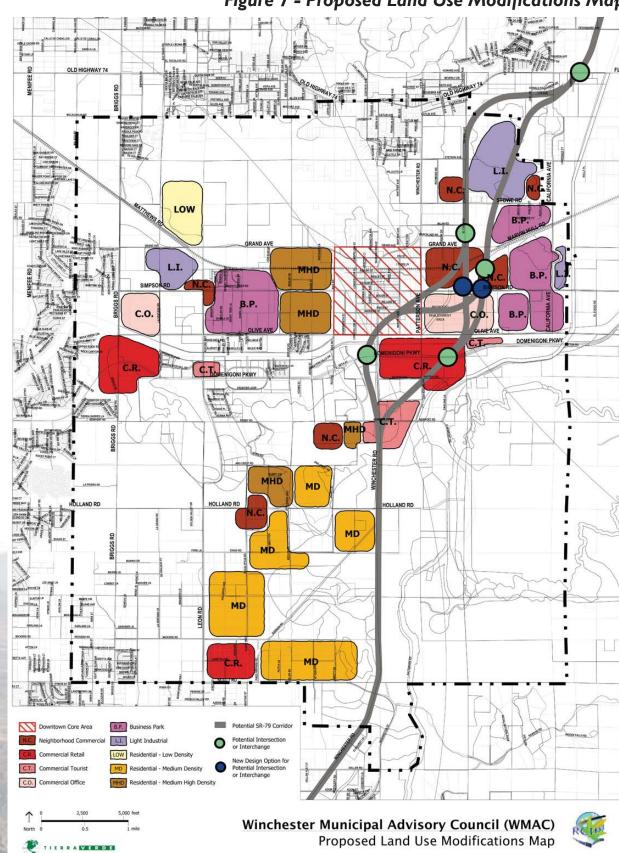


Figure 7 - Proposed Land Use Modifications Map

7.1.1 Downtown Core Land Use Goal:

Create a unique and integrated mix of residential, office, commercial, retail, civic and recreational land uses in the Downtown core that generate daily activity in the daytime and evenings to create a lively and dynamic pedestrian oriented environment.

Objectives:

- 1. Adopt land use designations that create a walkable Downtown.
- 2. Develop standards for mixed-use zoning that create a pedestrian oriented atmosphere.
- 3. Establish standards that provide for retail uses on the first floor, and office and/or residential on the upper floors.
- 4. Discourage uses that are not appropriate for the pedestrian orientation or the vibrancy and liveliness of the Downtown. Examples include, but are not limited to, industrial uses, warehouses, storage facilities or auto repair.
- 5. Discourage strip-mall and big box retail development in the Downtown core. In addition, building size or footprint limitations should be established that limit the maximum size of buildings in the Downtown.
- 6. Focus retail activity in the heart of the Downtown core to create the necessary critical mass and synergy to support a successful Downtown.
- 7. Ensure that the Downtown has multi-modal connectivity to the surrounding areas (pedestrian, bicycle and auto) such as Salt Creek to the south, adjacent residential and commercial land uses, the future park at Double Butte, and Diamond Valley Lake.
- 8. Encourage development patterns that accommodate transit opportunities and reduce dependency on the automobile.
- 9. Because of the recommendation for the future transit station to be located in the Downtown core, all new development in the Downtown should be mixed-use in character in order to be consistent with TOD principles.
- 10. Create opportunities in the Downtown to close off streets for special events such as parades, cultural events, farmers markets, car shows, etc.

Policies:

The following policies are consistent with the RICP concepts and have been developed specifically for the community of Winchester.

DLU 1.1: Adopt the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map (Figure 7).

DLU 1.2: County shall require the preparation of a Specific Plan for the Downtown with boundaries as identified on the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map (Figure 7) which are Grand Avenue to the north, Olive Avenue to the South, Rice Road to the west and Patterson Avenue to the east. The Specific Plan should address the following items in detail: land uses, design guidelines, development standards, quality of life



Mixed-Use Development



Boardwalk with Shaded Streetscape

assessment, streetscape design, entry monumentation, signage, open space and parks, infrastructure and financing options, and development phasing.

- DLU 1.3: Ensure that mixed-use zoning is implemented to allow the desired pedestrian oriented Downtown; not designed around the automobile.
- DLU 1.4: Maintain and look at opportunities to re-acquire alleys in the Downtown during the development process (wherever feasible) to support more traditional Downtown development patterns, and, to provide alternative local circulation routes.
- DLU I.5: Require the future transit station to be located within the Downtown. This encourages alternative means of transportation to work, home and recreational opportunities (TOD); reduces traffic congestion, and maintains the history and character of Winchester.
- DLU 1.6: Require uses such as civic, libraries, schools, cultural uses, educational institutions, senior centers, theaters, art galleries or museums to be located in the Downtown core in order to enhance the opportunity for social interaction.
- DLU 1.7: Where feasible, preserve and protect the historic structures that define and represent the heritage of Winchester. This policy is applicable for all areas within the community that contain historic or iconic structures.
- DLU 1.8: Ensure that adequate open space is provided in the Downtown including, but not limited to, parks (active and passive), plazas, open spaces, court yards and paseos.
- DLU 1.9: Once the ultimate alignment of Highway 79 is approved, all new interchanges should have commercial nodes adjacent to the interchange. Any industrial, business park or commercial office land uses should be located to the east of the approved alignment. These uses should be separated from the Downtown core (Figure 1 Highway 79 Re- alignment).
- DLU 1.10: Require Metropolitan Water District to develop the land around Diamond Valley Lake consistent with the existing Riverside County General Plan Land Use Map and the development approved in the project Environmental Impact Report (EIR). This was a commitment made to the community and the WMAC requests that this land use commitment be fulfilled as analyzed and approved by the County of Riverside, and as amended by this Study.

Elements of a Successful Downtown



Traditional Downtown with Pedestrian Friendly Streetscape



Mixed-Use Streetscape



Urban Water Feature



Urban Park



Urban Open Space

Elements of a Successful Downtown



Civic Space





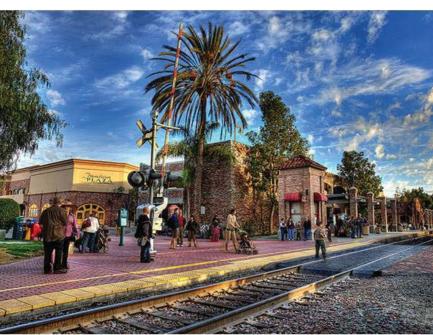
Public Art



Iconic Street Furniture



Public Art



Downtown with Transit Station

7.1.2 Winchester Land Use Goal (outside of the Downtown Core):

Ensure a balance of residential, office, commercial, retail, industrial, recreational land uses and public facilities uses that will support the successful, long-term development of the community outside of the Downtown core area.

Objectives:

- I. Designate land uses that provide the necessary housing, retail, commercial, employment and recreational needs to create economically successful and sustainable neighborhoods.
- 2. Provide a broad range of land uses and housing types to meet the needs of all members of the community.
- 3. Encourage development patterns that accommodate alternatives to the automobile (i.e. train, trolley, shuttle such as Transit Oasis, bicycle, trails and pedestrian pathways).
- 4. Build the necessary infrastructure to support the orderly, aesthetic and safe development of the community such as curb/gutters, storm drains, sidewalks, streets, street lights, landscape parkways and utilities (i.e. water, sewer, cable).

Policies:

The following policies have been developed specifically for the area outside of the Downtown to create neighborhoods and centers that meet the needs of the residents and provide a high quality of life were people can live, work and play.

WLU I.I: Require LAFCO to take immediate steps and formally acknowledge the boundaries of the community of Winchester as identified by the Area Plan and WMAC Land Use Plan. Currently, the City of Menifee land use map has land use designations that extends easterly to Winchester Road. The City of Hemet land use map extends westerly to Winchester Road—encompassing all of Winchester (reference Appendices B and C—Hemet and Menifee Land Use Maps). As currently planned, these two cities effectively eliminate the community of Winchester.

WLU 1.2: Develop neighborhoods that provide a balance of land uses including employment, recreation, local or neighborhood shopping and housing.



Residential Development Outside Downtown Core



Regional Shopping Center



Commercial Plaza Outside Downtown Core



Trolley System in Commercial Development Outside Downtown Core

WLU 1.3: Ensure neighborhoods are developed so that they can be connected through multi-modal transportation systems (i.e. trolleys, shuttles, pedestrian pathways, trails and bicycle facilities) to reduce the use of the automobile and single occupancy vehicles.

WLU 1.4: Locate regional commercial and retail centers at nodes (as depicted on Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications Map) near freeways or major arterials to reduce the traffic load on the local street circulation system.

WLU 1.5: Ensure appropriate residential development is located near community and regional centers and employment hubs to reduce long-distance commuting and promote alternative modes of transportation.

WLU I.6: Require sufficient public utilities are in place prior to development (i.e. sewer and/or septic capacity,

water resources, storm drain, flood control improvements, etc.) to meet the demands of the proposed land uses. The County shall actively pursue funding options to pay for the necessary infrastructure needed to support development. Funding options may include, but are not limited, to state or federal grants, RDA replacement agencies, or other financial mechanisms that are currently available and funds that may become available in the future. This policy is applicable to the entire community.

WLU I.7: Develop standards for legal, non-conforming uses that may occur as a result of this Study. The WMAC is concerned about the impacts that proposed land use changes will have on the existing uses. The County should create standards that allow maximum flexibility to land owners regarding the existing use of their property to minimize potential impacts to owners as a result of the recommended land use changes.

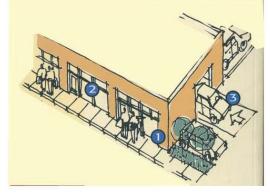


7.2 Downtown Core Community Design Gials, Objectives and Policies

7.2.1 Downtown Community Design Goal:

Design Guidelines Basic Principles of Urban Streetscape

- Build to the sidewalk (except open space/patios)
- Make the building front "permeable"; no blank walls, entries and windows connect to sidewalk



2) Prohibit parking lots in front of the buildings

Ensure the Downtown develops as a thriving and vibrant area so that it creates a clear sense of identity and place that is unique to the community of Winchester.

Objectives:

- I. Create a streetscape that is comfortable and inviting for pedestrians including wide, curb-separated sidewalks, landscaping, street furniture, street lights, public art, etc.
- 2. Define the desired intensity, massing, and height of buildings in the Downtown that create a human scale of development.
- 3. Residential units should front, and take access from, the street.
- 4. Encourage small scale buildings with pedestrian orientation; architecture and entries facing the street, including building to the sidewalk (except open space and/or patios).
- 5. Require building fronts to be "permeable"; no blank walls. Ensure that entries and windows connect to the sidewalk and identify with the pedestrian (see diagram above).
- 6. Incorporate shade protection elements in building and site design such as covers, awnings, colonnades or street trees.
- 7. Retain the existing alley system to allow architecture to face the street (rear yard access), improve circulation, and provide opportunities for landscaping and parking at the rear of the lot.



Public Parking Behind Building with Mural



Shaded Streetscape



Entry Monumentation



Entry Monumentation

- 8. Side yard and front yard setbacks should be reduced in the Downtown to create a more dynamic and unified street environment. Build to side property lines when there are alleys at the rear of the site.
- 9. Encourage buildings to enclose and frame corners of major intersections to define and soften the streetscape, and provide a connection with pedestrians.
- 10. Place parking lots in courtyards, behind buildings, or in structures that have retail taking access from the street. Paseos or walkways could provide access from the parking areas to the street.
- 11. Provide opportunities for public art, water features or iconic elements.
- 12. Encourage the placement of overhead utilities underground.
- 13. Route through traffic in the Downtown to higher capacity arterials such as Grand Avenue, Olive Avenue, Patterson Avenue, etc., in order to allow for the occasional closing of roads for special events.

Policies:

- DCD 1.1: Create development standards and design guidelines that produce a high quality pedestrian oriented Downtown.
- DCD 1.2: Develop appropriate architectural designs that create a unique, distinct image for the community of Winchester.
- DCD I.3: Prohibit building design that does not contribute to a walkable, livable, vibrant and human scale environment (e.g., storage areas, long blank walls, and parking lots in front of the buildings).
- DCD I.4: Encourage new development to include area for public gathering spaces and have opportunities to allow cultural events, outdoor concerts, festivals, or farmers' markets.
- DCD: 1.5: Require large commercial centers to incorporate public spaces such as outdoor plazas, patios, water features, paseos, interactive children amenities, pedestrian connectivity, etc. This creates a distinct sense of place and provides a quality experience for patrons.
- DCD I.6: Develop appropriate landscape standards that complement the vision of a pedestrian oriented streetscape including pedestrian paseos in between buildings, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian travel.
- DCD 1.7: Develop appropriate sign standards that complement a pedestrian oriented environment and proper building identification.
- DCD I.8: Design entry points into the Downtown that are distinct and create a sense of arrival and identify.

Sample Architectural Styles







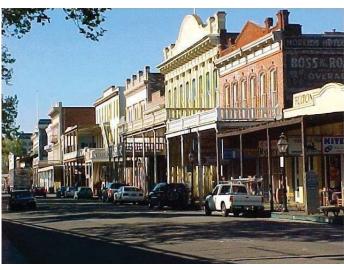


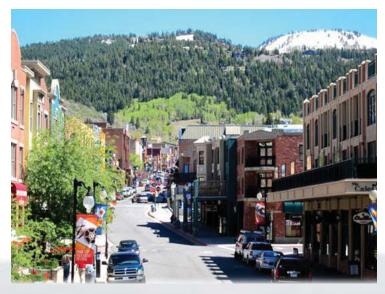


LAND USE STUDY

Walkable, Mixed-Use Downtowns













7.2.2 Winchester Community Design Goal:

Develop the area outside of the Downtown core as sustainable, livable neighborhoods with the appropriate distribution of land uses and connectivity to shopping, employment opportunities, transit and recreational amenities.

Objectives:

- I. Develop neighborhoods that provide a variety of housing types to meet the needs of all residents.
- 2. Ensure that architecture is compatible throughout the community and reflects a quality design and image.
- 3. Create streetscapes that are comfortable and inviting for pedestrians, including curb-separated sidewalks, landscaping, street furniture, street lights, pocket parks, paseos, etc.
- 4. At primary intersections, ensure buildings are properly placed and designed to create distinct and aesthetically pleasing streetscapes.
- 5. Neighborhoods and other commercial developments should be developed to consider movement of the pedestrian (not just the automobile), and incorporate sidewalks, shade elements, trails, open space buffers, paseos, water features, or public art to provide visual relief and enhancement.

Policies:

- WCD I.I: Ensure there is an appropriate transition of land uses, specifically between residential and commercial, industrial or business park uses.
- WCD 1.2: Encourage site and building design that provides pedestrian connectivity.
- WCD I.3 Allow opportunities for public gathering spaces such as neighborhood parks or open space areas to create areas where neighbors can gather, meet or mingle.
- WCD I.4: Develop appropriate streetscape standards that address entry monumentation, landscape treatment, street furniture, and open space opportunities.
- WCD 1.5: Ensure points of entry into neighborhoods or centers are clearly identifiable and compatible with the adjacent architecture.
- WCD I.6: Develop appropriate signage standards that are consistent with the building's architecture. Sign standards should also consider signage geared toward the pedestrian (i.e. directories, hanging, or projecting signs).



Commercial Development Outside of Downtown Core



Outdoor Plaza - Gathering Place



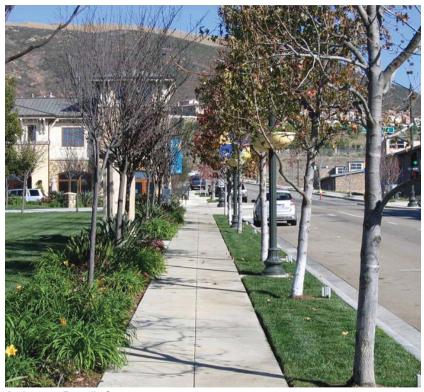
Pedestrian Shaded Streetscape



Wide Pedestrian Landscaped Pathway

LAND USE STUDY

Residential Development Outside Downtown Core





Pedestrian Friendly Streetscape

Neighborhood Pocket Park



Entry Monumentation



Multi-family Development

Commercial/Retail Development Outside Downtown Core



Water Feature with Gathering Spaces



Outdoor Space with Fountain



Water Feature



7.3 Circulation Goals, Objectives and Policies

7.3.1 Circulation Goal:

Create a circulation system that can accommodate the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map as revised per this Study (Figure 7) and complies with the County wide target Levels of Service that facilitate the movement of vehicles, but also places a strong emphasis on safe and efficient pedestrian pathways and greater mobility choices.

Objectives:

- I. Control traffic congestion through better management of demand, improvement to the roadway systems and traffic control devices.
- 2. Ensure that the circulation system creates a framework where people connect to the places they want to travel through an extensive, efficient and safe network of roadways, transit services, shuttles, bikeways, pedestrian trails and well-designed sidewalks.
- 3. Encourage the use of alternative modes of transportation to reduce reliance on the automobile, improve air quality and create a more walkable community.
- 4. Design streets with the complete street design concept: pedestrian, bicycle, transit and auto.
- 5. Retain the existing historical grid pattern street system within the Downtown core area.
- 6. Adopt traffic calming measures such as "choking" down street widths at key intersections, enhanced pavement, landscape pockets, etc., to slow traffic and enhance pedestrian safety.
- 7. Create pedestrian linkages throughout the community (e.g., sidewalks, trails, alleys or paseos).
- 8. Maximize the use of alleys and rear building entries to provide access and reduce congestion on the street system, and make deliveries more efficient.
- 9. Discourage the use of round-a-bouts in the Downtown core to ensure through traffic is routed to the arterials roadways at the perimeter of Downtown.

Policies:

The following policies have been developed to support the long-term spacing out of Winchester.

CLU I.I: Once the Highway 79 re-alignment is approved, the proposed land uses may need to be re-analyzed (and possibly modified) to reduce any potential circulation and land use conflicts or changes as a result of the final re-alignment.

CLU 1.2: All of the proposed traffic improvements listed below are recommended to occur after the construction of Highway 79 re-alignment is completed. All improvements are subject to review and approval of the



Choking Down the Street



Enhanced Paving and Angled Paving

Riverside County Transportation Department and would require the Riverside County Circulation Element to be amended.

- Because Grand Avenue will serve as one of the primary east/west roadways for through traffic, Simpson Road is recommended to be reduced to two lanes (secondary roadway) with reduced traffic speed in the Downtown. This would allow Simpson Road to become a "Main Street" in the Downtown, with wide sidewalks and traffic calming devices. In addition, this would divert through traffic out of the Downtown, and create a safer, more pedestrian oriented streetscape with a traditional Downtown "feel".
- Winchester Road should also be reduced to two lanes (secondary roadway) with reduced traffic speed. This would also give Winchester Road a more Main Street atmosphere and create a more pedestrian friendly streetscape. Also, angled parking is recommended on both Winchester and Simpson Roads.
- A crossing at the intersection of the new Highway 79 alignment and Olive Avenue should be considered. This is essential to accommodate the east/west movement of traffic between the Downtown and the future job centers located to the east.
- Extend Rice Road and Patterson Avenue as secondary roadways to the north to connect with Grand Avenue.
- · Down-grade Patterson Avenue to a secondary roadway.
- Serious consideration should be given to over-crossings at Rice Road and Domenigoni Parkway, and Patterson Avenue and Domenigoni Parkway, if feasible.
- Designate the entire length of Beeler Road as a secondary roadway.
- CLU 1.3: Require development projects to incorporate easy, convenient access to public transportation systems with consideration of both existing and long-term planned facilities.
- CLU 1.4: Locate the future transit station in the Downtown core. This will connect Winchester to other parts of the County, support TOD, and improve the future economic viability of the Downtown.
- CLU I.5: Optimize the use of the alley system in the Downtown core area. The County should consider the re-acquisition of alleys wherever feasible, and require new development to incorporate alleys in the site design.



Train Station to Accomodate TOD



Local Trolley System

LAND USE STUDY





CLU I.6: Implement the use of round-a-bouts outside the Downtown core area. Round-a-bouts should be utilized on perimeter streets such as Olive Avenue, Grand Avenue, Patterson Avenue and Rice Road.

CLU 1.7: The re-alignment of Highway 79 shall be designed so that access to Downtown via Winchester Road is not eliminated, as this is vital to the future success of the Downtown.

CLU 1.8: The re-alignment of Highway 79 must be located outside of the Downtown so it does not divide the southwest portion of Downtown core.

CLU 1.9: Ensure an adequate supply of parking in the Downtown core area is provided without compromising the vision for a walkable Downtown. Plan for off-street parking facilities (i.e. structures, lots, park-n-rides or shuttle services) to support and enhance TOD concepts and encourage a walkable Downtown. On street parking should also be permitted throughout the Downtown.

CLU 1.10: Design roads or the future transit station to minimize noise impacts on surrounding residential and sensitive land uses to the extent feasible.



7.4 Multi-Purpose Open Space/Recreation Goal, Objectives and Policies

7.4.1 Multi-Purpose Open Space and Recreation Goal:

Create opportunities for additional open space, trails and recreational opportunities to serve a variety of needs and users within the community.

Objectives:

- I. Additional open space and parks need to be developed to provide a variety of amenities to serve the entire spectrum of users—children, teen, adults and seniors.
- 2. Provide at least two additional regional park facilities. One facility should be generally located in the north and one facility at the south end of the community.
- 3. Strategically locate open space/recreation uses to compliment the adjacent land uses and minimize any potential noise impacts to nearby sensitive receptors.
- 4. Encourage new developments to include plazas, fountains, public art, courtyards, paseos, outdoor seating and public gathering spaces wherever possible and appropriate.
- 5. Require developments to provide a variety of park amenities. An analysis of the existing park space within approved Specific Plans should be conducted to determine the existing inventory of open space and park land to accurately access the short and long-term needs.
- 6. Incorporate equestrian use and multi-purpose trails to connect to open space, parks, and other recreational amenities where appropriate.
- 7. Preserve the scenic background and natural resources of the community, including the protection of scenic vistas associated with the varied topography that defines the area.

Policies:

OSLU 1.1: Ensure there is an appropriate distribution of recreational amenities in the various land uses given the proposed land use revisions.

OSLU 1.2: Provide open space areas to provide visual relief, create connectivity to other areas, and to help serve as buffers to the built environment.

OSLU 1.3: Ensure that pedestrian, equestrian and bicycle street and trail network systems are incorporated to provide connectivity to surrounding land uses.

OSLU 1.4: Ensure public gathering spaces and parks for civic and cultural events are included in the Downtown core. Integrate a network of parks, plazas, public squares, bicycle trails, transit systems, and pedestrian pathways to provide connections within each neighborhood, and surrounding communities.



Children's Park



Park with Fountain



Passive Garden

LAND USE STUDY



Neighborhood Park



Natural Open Space Park



Passive Park



Equestrian Trail

OSLU 1.5: Encourage projects to incorporate innovative open space designs, landscape or water features, or interactive areas. Unique designs are encouraged to contribute to create distinct, charming, and inviting developments that people want to spend time at. Examples in California include Victoria Gardens (Rancho Cucamonga), Americana at Grand (Glendale), Valencia Town Center (Valencia), the Grove (Los Angeles) and Old Town Sacramento (Sacramento). These are all successful developments that have implemented the planning and design concepts discussed in this Study.

OSLU 1.6: Analyze the opportunity for enhanced recreational opportunities within the existing Salt Creek open space area and existing multi-purpose regional trail (i.e. education kiosks, exercise stations, etc.).

OSLU 1.7: Consider the opportunity for a multi-purpose bridge crossing over Salt Creek to provide pedestrian, equestrian and bicycle connectivity to Downtown.

ORLU 1.8: Consider future park, trail and recreational opportunities within Double Butte County Park.

OSLU 1.9: Conduct a comprehensive recreational and open space assessment for the community to identify the specific long-term needs of all age groups and users. Analysis of recreation and park needs including ball fields should be conducted.



Bicycle Trail

7.5 Sustainability Goal, Objectives and Policies

7.5.1 Sustainability Goal:

Encourage land use planning and development to be efficient in the use of non-renewable resources to reduce impacts and increase sustainability of the community which contributes to a higher quality of life for residents.

Objectives:

- 1. Promote the use of energy and water conservation technologies and practices.
- 2. Require future planning and land use documents (i.e. Specific Plans, design guidelines or development plans) to incorporate sustainable planning and design practices such as Smart Growth, New Urbanism, Transit-Oriented Development and Sustainable Design Principles as appropriate.
- 3. Create an incentive program for projects that obtain LEED (Leadership for Energy and Environmental Design) certification or build to LEED equivalent standards. At a minimum, encourage the use of sustainable building materials, hardscape and site furniture whenever possible.
- 4. Establish regulations that allow for a short-term waiver of parking requirements in the Downtown core for highly desirable land uses such as specialty retail, restaurants, and lodging.
- 5. Consider the adoption of an in-lieu parking fee in the Downtown to create a future source of funds for the development of parking structures and/or parking lots.

Policies:

- SLU 1.1: Establish initiatives for environmentally friendly building practices applicable to existing and new development
- SLU I.2: Encourage water conservation, solar energy, and enhanced recycling opportunities, and promote energy conservation practices to help develop a greener community to advance the quality of life and appeal of the community.
- SLU 1.3: Encourage the design and construction of energy efficient buildings to reduce air, water, land pollution and other environmental impacts from energy production and consumption.
- SLU 1.4: Maximize natural light opportunities when considering building placement to reduce energy use.
- SLU 1.5: Preserve existing tree canopy, native vegetation, and pervious surfaces where feasible.
- SUL 1.6: Reduce the impact of heat islands by providing shade structures and trees that can produce large canopies to provide shade.
- SUL 1.7: Select roof and paving materials that possess a high level of solar reflectivity.



Multi-Purpose Trail

SLU I.8: Select land use designation so communities will be near public transportation infrastructure to reduce vehicle trips and encourage mobility alternatives.

SLU 1.9: Provide direct and safe connections for pedestrians, bicyclists, and drivers to key locations of a project, local destinations, and neighborhood centers.

8.0 Conclusion

Community leaders, residents and stakeholders were a positive influence on the outcome of the study. These participants are acknowledged for their hard work, commitment and involvement throughout this land use planning process. As a result of the community input and the land use analysis conducted, the following recommendations are provided to assist with the long-term, economic sustainability of Winchester:

- Require LAFCO to take immediate steps and formally acknowledge the boundaries of the community of Winchester as identified by the WMAC and Area Plan Land Use Map.
- 2. Adopt the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map (Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications) to provide a balance of land uses for the successful, long-term build-out of the community.
- 3. Adopt the goals, policies and objectives contained in Section 7 of this Study.
- 4. Prepare a Specific Plan for the Downtown core in order to ensure that the vision for the Downtown is achieved.
- 5. The WMAC strongly recommends that the County conduct an analysis of density increases currently being processed within approved Specific Plans.
- 6. Once the ultimate alignment of Highway 79 is selected, the County should re-analyze properties adjacent to the Highway to minimize any potential impacts or conflicts in land uses, and determine appropriate land uses as recommended in this Study.
- 7. Ensure the re-alignment of Highway 79 is designed so that the alignment is located outside of the Downtown to avoid dividing the southwest portion of the Downtown.
- 8. Prepare a Recreation Master Plan to identify the long-range open space and recreational needs of the community.
- 9. Require the County to pursue a variety of funding mechanisms to help construct the necessary infrastructure to support the proposed land uses in the Area Plan and the proposed modifications as a result of this Study.
- 10. County should actively pursue funding options to pay for the necessary infrastructure needed to support development throughout the community. Funding options may include but are not limited to state or federal grants, RDA replacement agencies, or other financial mechanisms that are currently available and funds that may become available in the future.

References:

County of Riverside Transportation and Land Management Agency

Easter Municipal Water District

Riverside County Flood Control District

Riverside County Integrated Plan

Third District Supervisor Stone's Office

Winchester Home Owners' Association

Winchester Home Owners' Association Land Use Committee

Winchester Municipal Advisory Council

Winchester Museum

Acknowledgements:

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LAND USE STUDY

Appendices



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A. Winchester Land Use Study Background Report (January 2012)

BACKGROUND REPORT

COMMUNITY OF WINCHESTER LAND USE STUDY

January 2012



PREPARED FOR:

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency 3403 Tenth Street, Suite 400 Riverside, California 92501

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BACKGROUND REPORT

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6.2.4

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1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this Background Report is to provide the foundation and supporting information for the preparation of the Land Use Study (LUS) for the unincorporated community of Winchester in Riverside County. The composition and direction of the LUS will be influenced by the physical conditions, opportunities and constraints within the community, the General Plan, and the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan (HV/WAP). Input from the Planning Advisory Board, the Winchester Municipal Advisory Council (WMAC) and the community through a series of design charrettes and community workshops will have a significant influence the on the LUS.

2.0 ORGANIZATION

The Background Report will provide supporting information on the project area which is located within the community of Winchester. The information is organized into four topic areas which include:

- Project Location—Section 3.0
- Physical Conditions—Section 4.0
- General Plan—Section 5.0
- Opportunities and Constraints—Section 6.0

3.0 PROJECT LOCATION

The community of Winchester is situated in western Riverside County. Winchester is an unincorporated community located within the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan. The Planning Area consists of only unincorporated territory and includes Harvest Valley (which is an umbrella name and includes the communities of Romoland, Homeland and Green Acres) and Winchester (Figure 1, Regional Location Map). However, this LUS is only for the unincorporated community of Winchester. One of the primary goals of this LUS is to define the ultimate boundaries for the future development of the community of Winchester.

The unincorporated communities of Homeland and Green Acres are located to the north. Romoland is located to the northwest and Diamond Valley is to the southeast. The cities of Perris and Menifee are located to the west and the city of Hemet to the east.

Due to its central location, Winchester is situated to become what the County of Riverside General Plan refers to as the "gateway to the Diamond Valley". Diamond Valley Lake will be a significant land use feature that is anticipated to attract growth and will influence the change in the land use character of the area. The Planning Area boundary is depicted in Figure 2, HV/WAP Land Use Map. The boundaries as described above are based on the existing HV/WAP.



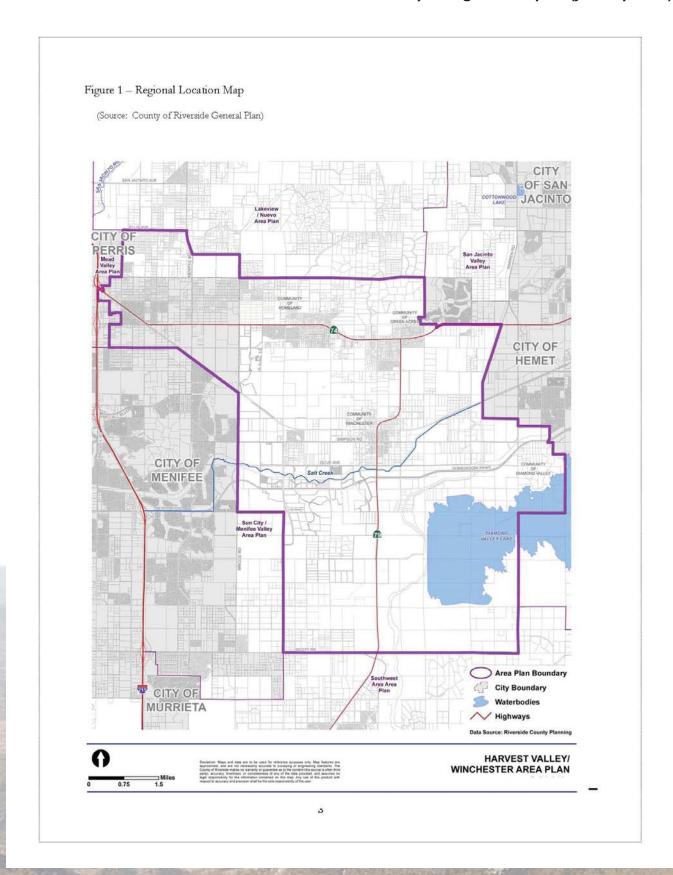
4.0 PHYSICAL CONDITIONS

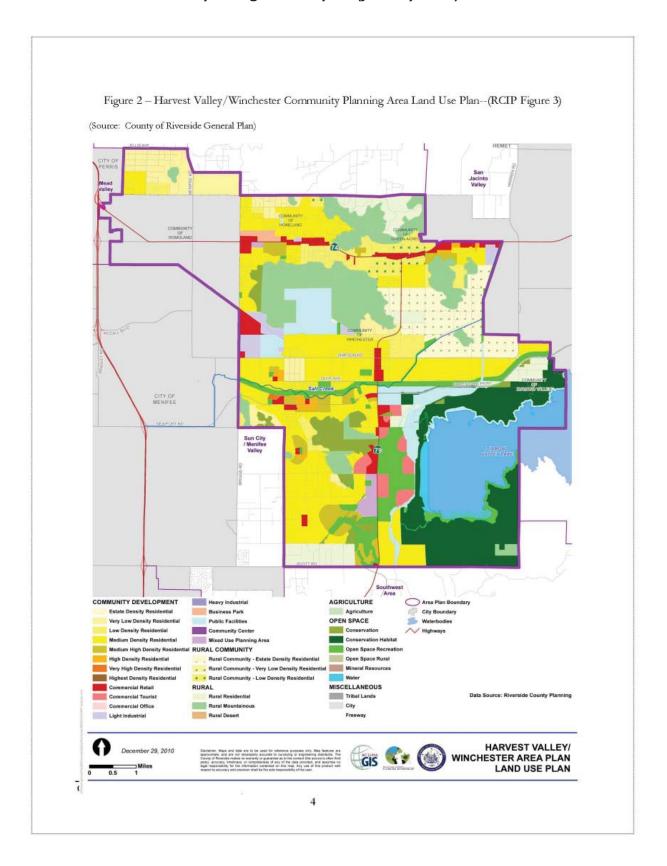
The assessment of the physical conditions, and the opportunities and constraints will be the basis for this Land Use Study. The physical conditions will be assessed to address the local site conditions, local and regional infrastructure, and any limitations that could influence this LUS. For the purposes of this LUS, the physical conditions include existing land use, environmental issues, infrastructure, utilities, topography and other natural features. The physical conditions will also be assessed in conjunction with the goals, policies and objectives of the County of Riverside General Plan and the HV/WAP, the residents of Winchester and the WMAC.

Winchester consists of several major features: State Route 79 (Winchester Road), the existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line running east-west through the community, Double Butte Mountains, Diamond Valley Lake, Salt Creek, and the San Diego Aqueduct (Figure 3, Physical Features).

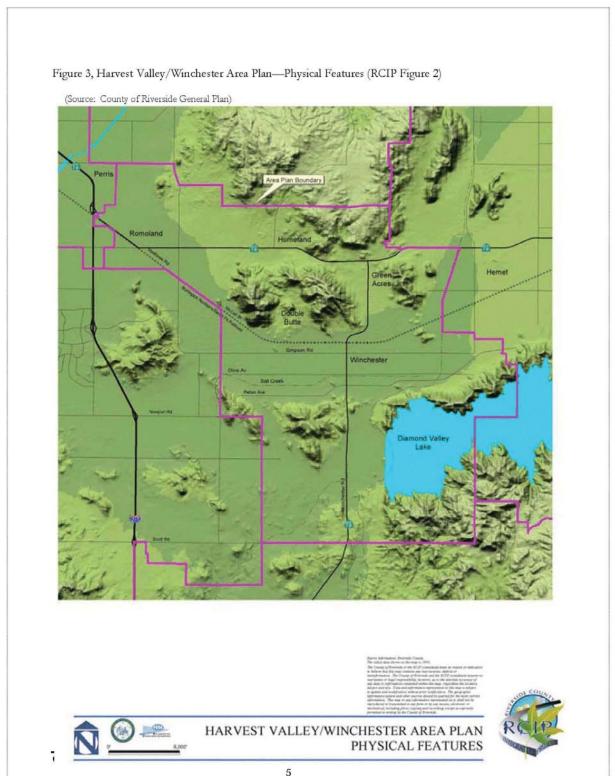
The existing community of Winchester is characterized by a small western-themed commercial core at the intersection of State Route 79 and Simpson Road. This small and under-utilized community core is surrounded by small homes on large parcels and agricultural uses. The HV/WAP currently envisions Winchester to be developed from a rural area to a western themed commercial core with the majority of the development activity centering around Winchester and Simpson Roads. This area is identified as the Winchester Policy Area in the HV/WAP. The entire community is also within the Highway 79 Policy Area. The existing Policy Areas and Overlays are discussed in greater detail in Section 5.

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4.1 Environmental

Physical environmental conditions have the potential to limit an areas' long-term development capacity. As a result, a review of local conditions can help to identify possible issues and guide future land use recommendations. Common environmental issues include seismic, hydrology, geologic, and infrastructure. As described below, there are several environmental conditions that will limit development within the LUS area. These issues are the Hemet-Ryan airport influence zone, potential flooding, lack of a storm drain system and limited wastewater facilities. These issues will be analyzed in greater detail in the LUS.

In addition, the County of Riverside TLMA GIS identifies the community of Winchester as having farmland of statewide importance, local importance and unique character. The TLMA GIS also shows that the LUS area consists of agricultural preserve areas, and areas of high and low paleontological sensitivity. The system does not identify any land covered by the Western Riverside County MSHCP cells or cell groups.

4.1.1 Seismic Issue.

Winchester is located in Southern California which is very seismically active. Based on the County TLMA GIS system, no faults are located within the community of Winchester. However, the Elsinore Fault zone is located approximately 15 miles to the west of downtown Winchester. The San Jacinto Fault zone is located approximately 11 miles to the east of Winchester.

The County TLMA GIS system also identifies several Riverside County Fault zones surrounding Winchester the City of Hemet to the northeast, south of Diamond Valley Lake, and to the west in the City of Menifee.

Pursuant to Figure 13 of the HV/WAP, Seismic Hazards map, the majority of Winchester is within very high and high liquefaction susceptibility zones. Seismic factors are addressed through California Building Code requirements and do not generally constitute constraints to development.

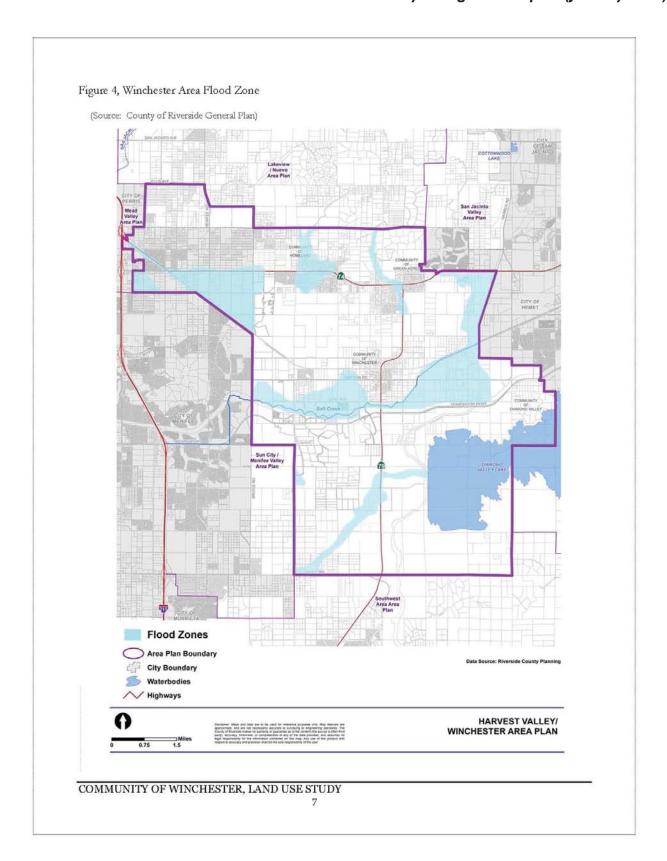
4.1.2 Hydrology

Winchester is located within the San Jacinto Valley and Santa Margarita River Watersheds. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has identified a flood area that flows generally along Salt Creek and runs east-west through the community. This area is identified on the Riverside County TLMA GIS as generally located north of Domenigoni Parkway and south of the existing rail line (Figure 4, Flood Zones). This is a potential constraint to development; however, existing regulatory and flood management programs address this issue. In addition, FEMA maps are updated every 10 years and the flood designations may change over time or with improvements to flood channels.

There is also a flood zone designation that runs southwest from Diamond Valley Lake that appears to be an area that would flood in the event of a spillover or release occurs from the Diamond Valley Lake dam. Warm Springs Creek is also located south of Diamond Valley Lake and is piped underground to approximately Scott Road where it then flows southwest out of the HV/WAP and ultimately flows into the Santa Margarita River.

The Riverside County TLMA GIS and Figure 11 of the HV/WAP identify a large portion of the community within the 100 and 500 year flood zones. These references also identify several areas within the community that are within a designated flood zone (Figure 4). The two major areas are Salt Creek and the area extending southwest from Diamond Valley Lake. Figure 11 of the HV/WAP illustrates that the proposed commercial core at the intersection of Simpson Road and State Route 79 is not located within a flood zone.

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The HV/WAP Local Hazard Policies states that the Diamond Valley Lake dam could pose a significant flood hazard to residents of the HV/WAP if the 800,000-acre-foot facility were to fail. Moreover, hazards could result from a significant flood event along Salt Creek and the San Jacinto River. The floodplains follow existing creeks and most significantly affect lowland areas. However, many techniques may be used to address the danger of flooding such as avoiding development in floodplains, altering the water channels, making flood channel improvements to minimize potential flooding, applying specialized building techniques, elevating structures that are in floodplains, and enforcing setbacks.

The existing flood zones and any potential constraints to future development will be analyzed in greater detail in the LUS.

4.2 Utilities and Services

The lack of infrastructure, utilities, and other public services can potentially limit an area's development potential. As a result, an analysis of utility and service availability is a common first step in most planning processes. This general summary of the available public utility and services assesses the current local conditions. As described below, due to the lack of local and regional infrastructure, there may be some potential limitations to long-term development within the community of Winchester until infrastructure improvements are constructed.

4.2.1 Water Supply

Potable Water

Public water supply to Winchester is provided by Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). There do not appear to be any unique water supply or water service constraints that would limit future development or redevelopment within the LUS area (Figure 5, EMWD Water System).

Recycled Water

With the expected completion of the Long Fellow Tank and associated water line network, recycled water will be available in the near future for irrigation of landscaping of parks, golf courses, schools, farmland and community landscape areas (Figure 6, EMWD Recycled Water System).

4.2.2 Sewer

There is no local wastewater treatment facility in the community of Winchester. Most properties are currently served by septic systems. However, there are some homes that are served by sewers. The waste is piped to a pumping station to the east of the core downtown area. Lack of wastewater infrastructure will be a constraint to the future development within the LUS area (Figure 7, EMWD Sewer System).

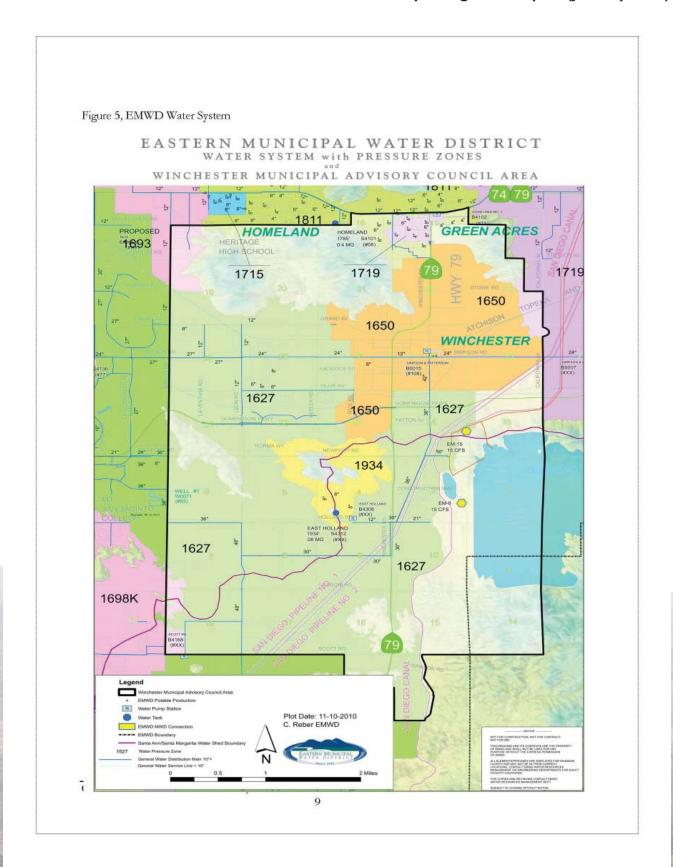
4.2.3 Solid Waste

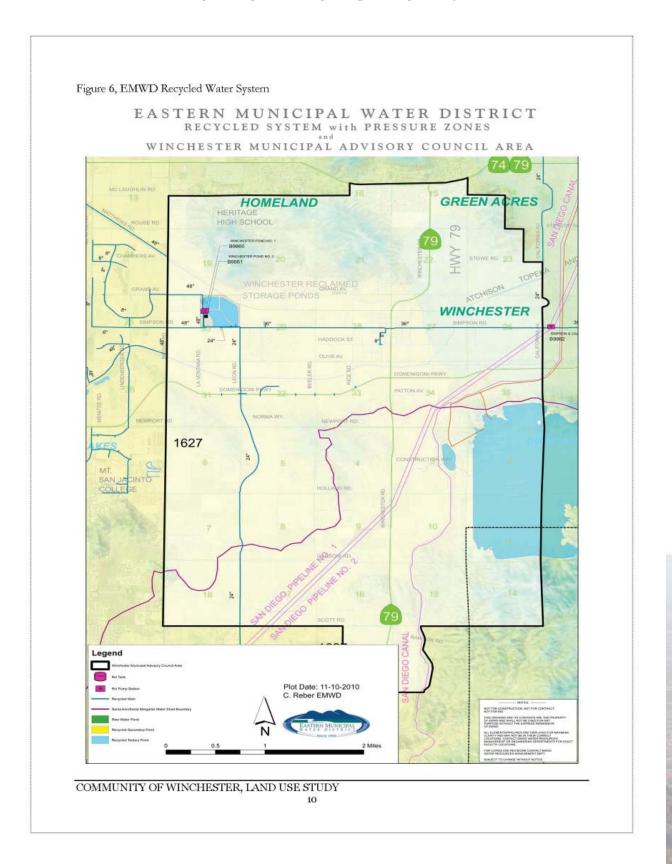
Solid waste collection and disposal is provided by Waste Management Inc. through a contract with the County of Riverside. There are no known solid waste capacity constraints to the future development or redevelopment within the LUS area.

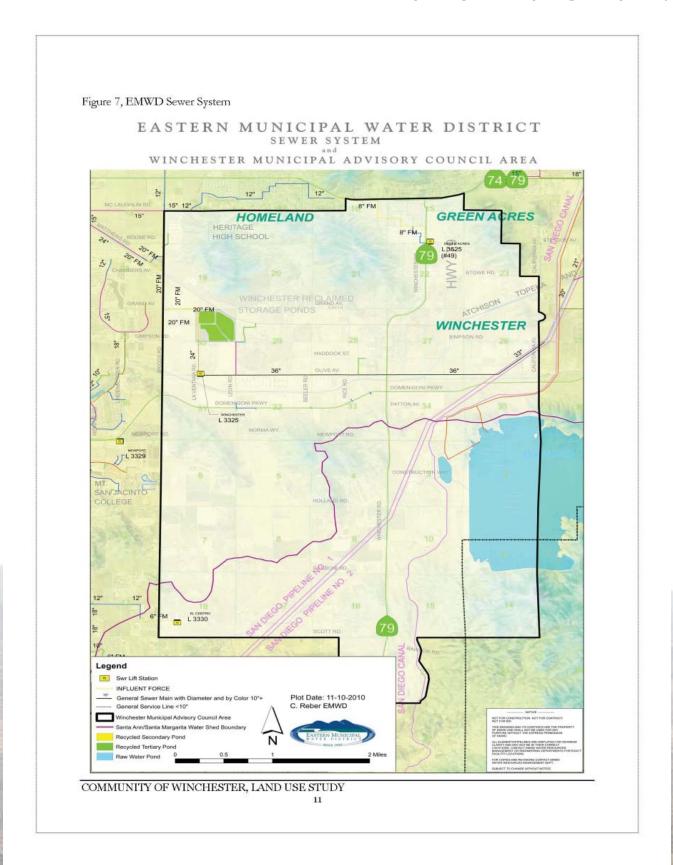
4.2.4 Storm Drainage

Winchester currently accommodates storm water by surface drainage. There are no underground facilities in the area. There is no local or regional storm drain system within the HV/WAP. Due to the relatively level topography and lack of local or regional storm drain system, flooding does occur in some locations during

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storm events. Street run-off drains into local water courses. Therefore, until additional storm drain facilities are built, storm drain runoff will limit future development in the LUS area.

4.2.5 Parks and Open Space

Winchester is currently provided parks and recreational services from Community Service Area (CSA) 146. Pursuant to Riverside County Parks and Recreation Department, the only park facility within the area is Lake Skinner located at 37701 Warren Road. Although the mailing address is "Winchester", this facility is not located within the LUS area.

The Double Butte land fill is a closed facility that is managed by Riverside County Waste Management. The County Waste Management Department stated there are no plans to redevelop the site or the surrounding area to a park or public use area. However, the HV/WAP shows this area as a regional park (Figure 9 Trails and Bikeway System). The HV/WAP states the intent is to create recreational uses at the site once remediation is complete.

Winchester currently has limited park and recreational facilities within the immediate community. The LUS will assess the opportunity for additional park and open space uses including neighborhood and passive parks. These types of park and open spaces would not compete with Diamond Valley Lake, but would provide park uses not currently provided in the community.

4.2.6 Road Network

The transportation network system within Winchester includes two State Routes, and several major, secondary and local streets. The main roadways within the LUS are State Route 79 which runs north-south and State Route 74 which is to the north of the Planning Area and runs east-west. Domenigoni Parkway runs east-west, connects with Interstate 215 to the west, and terminates at State Street in the Hemet area. Several other arterials and collector roads from these major roadways serve local uses as depicted on Figure 8 (HV/WAP Circulation) of this report.

The existing downtown area located at the intersection of Simpson Road and State Route 79 consists of a traditional grid street system. The Area Plan also contains a regional road system that provides adequate circulation throughout the community.

Currently, the County is analyzing the relocation of State Route 79 which has potential alignments running to the east of the existing Winchester downtown core. The relocation efforts will have both positive and negative impacts on the future development of Winchester, depending on the alternative that is chosen. The realignment options and impacts will be discussed in greater detail in the LUS.

4.2.7 Rail Transit

There is an existing Burlington Northem/Santa Fe rail line that physically bisects Winchester. The rail line is not currently being used. However, the line has potential to be used for commercial passenger service. In fact, the HV/WAP Land Use Concepts states:

"A transit station is to be incorporated into the fabric of Winchester and act as the northern anchor for the community. The transit station would act as the regional connection to the Diamond Valley Lake and its surrounding entertainment and recreational uses, as well as Temecula further to the south."

"A transit station should be incorporated into the Community Center. This transit station can be connected to the Winchester Transit Station through a transit system such as the Oasis Concept which is described in the Circulation Element of the General Plan).

The rail line also has the potential to connect the City of Hemet with March Air Reserve Base (ARB) and the City of Riverside. Given the existing rail line, State Route 79 and its proximity to the Diamond Valley Lake, the HV/WAP states "the community of Winchester has the potential to serve as an important tourist and transit hub." These opportunities will be analyzed and discussed in greater detail at the community design charrettes and workshops with findings incorporated into the LUS.

4.2.7 Public Transportation

The Winchester area is currently being served by the existing bus-based transit provided by Riverside Transit Agency (RTA). Routes 27, 74 and 79 service the LUS area. The RTA transit network is further connected to the rest of Riverside County via the existing RTA bus routes. Overall, the area appears to be adequately served given the existing population and ridership demand. However, once the downtown is developed with a transit station, there would be an opportunity to extend bus services from downtown Winchester to the recreational uses at Diamond Valley Lake.

4.2.8 Other Transportation

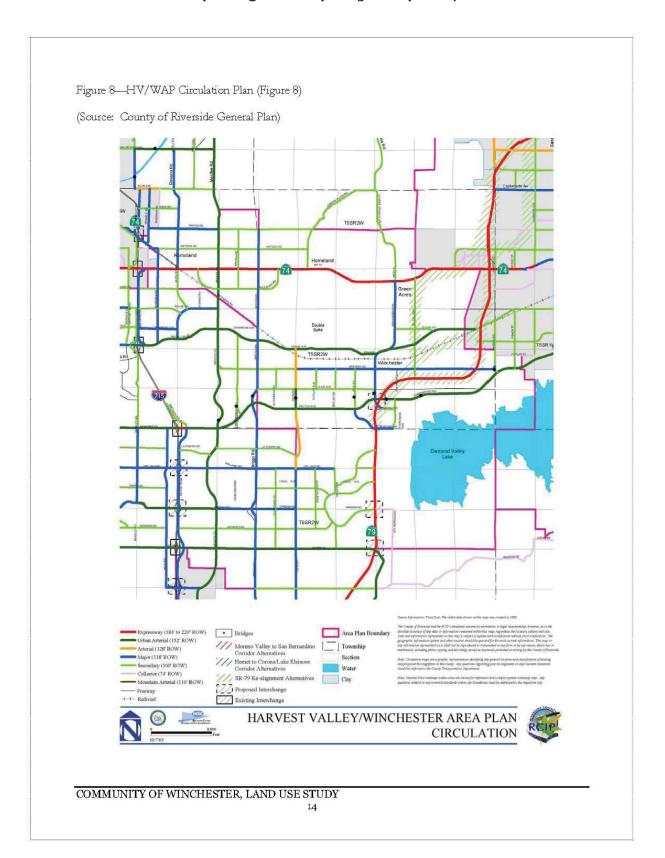
The HV/WAP proposes a Class I Bike Path/Regional Trail generally along Salt Creek which traverses east-west across the community as depicted in Figure 9 of the HV/WAP Trails and Bikeway System. This LUS will analyze opportunities to expand the existing trails and bikeway circulation system within Winchester.

A portion of the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area is located within the community of Winchester as depicted on Figure 9 of this LUS with areas of moderate, high and extreme risk zones. Because a portion of the LUS area is within the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Area some potential constraints to future development may occur. The Policy is described in more detail in Section 5 below.

4.2.9 Fire and Police

The community of Winchester is provided fire and police services by the County of Riverside. There is an existing Homeland fire department to the north located at 24730 Sultanas Road, a Riverside County fire station to the east in Hemet at 4710 W. Stetson Avenue, and a fire station to the northwest in Sun City at 27860 Bradley Road.

Police stations are located in Hemet at 43950 Acacia Avenue, #B and in Sun City at 26890 Cherry Hills Boulevard.



5.0 GENERAL PLAN

State Law requires that all counties and cities adopt a General Plan addressing the issues, of land use, housing, transportation, open space, conservation, circulation, noise, and seismic safety. Once adopted, the General Plan provides a blueprint to guide future development and future capital improvement projects for a city or county. The Riverside County General Plan consists of several Area Plans that provide more specific detail, land use goals, and policies for each community.

As stated earlier, the Land Use Concept of the HV/WAP acknowledges that Winchester is ideally situated to become the gateway to the Diamond Valley Lake and accommodate significant intensification of land uses. The HV/WAP Land Use Concept further states "The Diamond Valley Lake and surrounding recreation area provides a major tourist attraction and is the key to future growth in the area. The land uses that surround Diamond Valley Lake are intended to preserve the facility's long-term outdoor recreational opportunities and to attract visitors by providing a quality experience for them."

"The Land Use Plan focuses on preserving the unique features in the HV/WAP and, at the same time, guides the accommodation of future growth." The HV/WAP Land Use Concept currently proposes a significant shift from the existing rural land use to a higher density land use consisting of more urban/suburban/rural mixed land uses that focus around unique cores. The rationale for this proposed land use shift is due to the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake and the recreational and development opportunities it presents. In addition, the transit opportunities with the existing rail line, and State Routes 74 and 79 could support increased density in the HV/WAP. The current Plan envisions a distinct character and identity consisting of a compact downtown core designed in an Old West theme with a mixture of land uses that are pedestrian oriented.

The HV/WAP Land Use Map (Figure 2) depicts the current geographic distribution of land uses within the Planning Area. The Land Use Map is organized around 30 area land use designations and five overlays. There are also eight Policy Areas within the HV/WAP. The HV/WAP states "in some ways these policies are even more critical to the sustained character of the HV/WAP than some of the basic land use policies because they reflect deeply held beliefs about the kind of place this is and should remain" (Figure 4 Policy Areas of the HV/WAP). Policy Areas contain special or unique characteristics that required detailed analysis and focused policies—not typical zoning and land use concepts.

The Policies Areas that would most directly influence future land uses and development within the community of Winchester are summarized below:

- The Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Area. This is an active airport located outside of the HV/WAP
 to the east. There are numerous safety zones associated with the Airport Influence Policy Area and
 properties within this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity,
 density, height of structures and noise. This Policy Area and potential impacts will be analyzed in the
 LUS.
- The Winchester Policy Area is the area covered by the Community Center Overlay. The intent is to help in creating a sense of place and an entrance to the Diamond Valley Recreation Area. This Policy Area has been created to capitalize on the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake with the downtown core of the activity centered around Winchester and Simpson Roads. The vision for the downtown core would be implemented with the Community Center Overlay which eliminates the typical zoning that requires separation of land uses.



- The Diamond Valley Lake Policy Area is envisioned to be developed pursuant to one or more Specific Plans consisting of a variety of recreational opportunities and tourist-oriented facilities including hotels, restaurants, and commercial services to be developed in the future.
- The Winchester Road/Newport Road Policy Area is located at the northeast corner of State Route 79 and Newport Road. The intent of this Policy Area is to direct the commercial uses to the low-lying area suitable for development, provided development can coexist with the proximity of the Diamond Valley Reservoir West Dam. The Policy Area does acknowledge that some destination type development may be possible provided the scenic values of the area are maintained.
- The Highway 79 Policy Area is intended to address the transportation infrastructure capacity within
 the Policy Area, which is a critical and necessary component to accommodate the land use densities
 contained in the HV/WAP Land Use Map.
- The "Specific Plan Required" Policy Area reflects the general land uses contained in Specific Plan
 (SP) No. 310. All approved SPs zoning maps within the Winchester community would be reviewed
 to ensure appropriate and logical transition of land uses adjacent to approved SPs.

Policy Areas affect the land use and character of development in Winchester. Therefore, all applicable Policy Areas will be reviewed and accessed for potential impacts and opportunities for development of the LUS. Table 1, Land Use Designations Summary of the HV/WAP identifies the foundation component, Area Plan Land Use Designation, and building intensity range. Table 2, Statistical Summary of the HV/WAP provides a statistical summary of the projected development capacity of the Planning Area if all uses are built as proposed in the Land Use Map. This information is important as it shows the existing acreages per land use designation and the intensities allowed per land use. This information will also be reviewed and discussed with the community and WMAC to determine final land use recommendations within the LUS.

6.0 OPPORTUNITIES AND CONSTRAINTS

The community of Winchester is the gateway to Diamond Valley Lake and Recreation Area. Primary access from the south is State Route 79 and from the north is freeway (I - 215) via the Newport Avenue Interchange which becomes Domenigoni Parkway in Winchester. As the recreation area of Diamond Valley Lake continues to develop, there will be opportunities for tourism and service commercial related uses such as lodging, restaurants, boat repair sales and service, and recreational related commercial uses.

Throughout the five public meetings that are scheduled for this LUS, the project team is anticipating extensive input from the community on potential opportunities and constraints within Winchester. This project will be a collaborative approach with extensive public engagement from residents, business owners, tenants, land owners, and various boards and committees within Riverside County.

Therefore, the issues identified below are only preliminary and will be finalized once all public meetings have been completed. Some of the issues discussed in this Section have the potential to be both an opportunity and constraint, depending on how the area is planned and developed.

6.1 Opportunities

6.1.1 Downtown Development

The historic grid pattern street layout in the downtown area is very conducive to creating a vibrant, livable, pedestrian oriented, mixed use downtown. If planned correctly, this downtown area could be the cultural heart of the community. Potential future uses include mixed use development (residential/commercial), dining, performing arts theaters, museums, government offices, libraries, senior centers, etc. It is our opinion that the downtown area has tremendous potential and is deserving of additional, more focused study. Surely, one of the immediate outcomes of this study should be the preparation of a Specific Plan for the downtown.

6.1.2 Circulation

The realignment of State Route 79 will create significant regional or community commercial retail opportunities near its new intersection with Domenigoni Parkway. With respect to impacts on the downtown area, it is strongly recommended that the ultimate realignment provide for an interchange somewhere between Domenigoni Parkway and State Route 74. This will be vital for retail growth downtown and providing accessibility to potential customers. In the event that an interchange is determined to be infeasible in this area, then, at the very least, east/west movement of traffic over or below the future realigned highway must be provided. This is critical to the viability of retail commercial uses in the downtown.

The regional circulation system appears to be capable of supporting significant growth in the Winchester area. The continuing improvements to, and the realignment of, State Route 79 should provide more than adequate movement of vehicles within the valley. Moreover, there is a clearly defined grid road system that will provide alternate routes for vehicles to use to avoid the major roads and highways.

In order to move traffic more efficiently in the valley, the use of roundabouts or traffic circles should be considered. The Winchester area, because it is not heavily developed, should take advantage of these designs to move vehicles more efficiently throughout the area and minimize air pollution from idling vehicles.

The proximity of future interchanges provides opportunities to create strong visual statements and clear connections to the downtown. This can be accomplished through the use of entry monumentation, signage, landscaping (comprehensive streetscape design standards), and the construction of buildings with unique and/or iconic design elements near the gateways to the community.

6.1.3 Economic Development/Employment Opportunities

The close proximity of the rail line to the downtown creates opportunities for passenger rail service for commuters and the associated development of a transit center and transit oriented development. In addition, Winchester's close proximity to March ARB (approximately 20 miles northwest) could serve as a future job center (when the ARB is redeveloped) and could create high end jobs with a short commute to work.

Because of the close proximity to both Hemet/Ryan and French Valley Airports, there are very positive possibilities for industrial growth and job creation. The area to the west of Hemet/Ryan, in particular, could support light industrial/business park uses that would be close to create positive economic opportunities in the downtown area. These uses could include service commercial, professional offices, lodging, and restaurants.

The hilltop area adjacent to the reservoir and southeast of the intersection of Domenigoni Parkway and the realigned State Route 79 could be developed for tourist commercial uses, provided that the scarring of the hill is minimized (see existing policy 6.1 in the General Plan).



Winchester is remote enough from large existing commercial centers in Hemet, French Valley, and Menifee that future retail uses could be viable as population growth reaches levels that can support neighborhood, community, and regional commercial centers. While it may be quite some time before some of the larger retail uses are realized, it is vital to plan for all levels of retail/commercial now. One only has to look at the neighboring communities to see the dynamic growth that has occurred within the last few decades to underline the importance of planning for substantial growth in the valley over the next 20 years.

Because there is so much vacant land in the planning area, there are opportunities to attract major public and private colleges and universities. There are currently limited opportunities in many of the nearby, more developed communities, as many of them don't have the hundreds of acres of land available that larger educational institutions require for their campuses. It is important to keep in mind that it can take decades to attract, plan for, and construct major campuses; therefore, it is important to consider this issue as soon as possible in order to plan adequately for a campus decades into the future.

6.1.4 Parks and Open Space

The closed landfill at Double Butte should be analyzed to determine if portions of the site could be developed as a regional park. While it is clear that there are some environmental concerns as they relate to the landfill, it appears that there are areas that could be utilized or improved for trails, passive and active parks, equestrian facilities, and other recreational uses.

As stated in Section 4.2.5 Parks and Open Space, Winchester currently has limited park and recreational facilities within the immediate community. The LUS will assess the opportunity for additional park and open space areas to meet the park needs of all residents from toddlers to seniors. A variety of neighborhood parks and passive open space areas are necessary to serve the long-term needs of the immediate community.

6.1.5 Energy Opportunities

The LUS will include preliminary research to determine if there is an opportunity to extract methane gas from the Double Butte landfill. This is currently being done at various land fields as a means of generating electricity that is then used on site to run the facility. Generating energy or developing a co-generate facility could become a venue source to help pay for remediation or development of recreational opportunities at the landfill. This potential opportunity will be discussed in the final LUS.

6.2 Constraints

6.2.1 Infrastructure

The relatively flat topography in much of the Winchester area presents challenges for sewage disposal and surface drainage in new developments. In addition, there are very few paved road, sidewalks, curb, or gutter improvements in the downtown core area.

6.2.2 Flooding

There are some areas near the reservoir and along the Salt Creek drainage area that are impacted by flooding. There appears to be minimal or no local drainage into Salt Creek, as most of the drainage comes from further upstream. In addition, there are several other flood zones throughout Winchester (Figure 4) that may have a constraint on future development. Riverside County Flood Control District will be consulted to identify the opportunities and constraints of the existing flood zones on future development.

6.2.3 Circulation

Depending on the alternative selected, if there is no future interchange that provides access to the downtown between Domenigoni Parkway and State Highway 74 to the north, the viability of retail uses in the downtown will be adversely impacted. Additionally, regardless of the lack of a future interchange, any impediment to the east/west movement of vehicles to and from the downtown (e.g., an elevated roadbed with no access below or above the road) will also negatively impact the downtown. This issue will be discussed in the LUS.

6.2.4 Economic Development/Employment Opportunities

Distances from major freeways may inhibit local job generation for quite some time and will delay the development of major regional retail development until population growth in the region can support them. However this constraint may be off-set by jobs created at March ARB, as it develops momentum as a significant regional employment center.

The loss of the existing railroad as a freight line may inhibit and restrict the potential development of certain industrial and business park uses. However, this should not be a serious constraint, as there are areas in nearby cities that have viable light industrial and business park uses with no rail service. This may also be offset by the fact that there is a strong likelihood of future passenger service utilizing the existing rail line.

6.2.5 The Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area

The Hemet-Ryan Airport is located within an Airport Influence Policy Area. This is an active airport located outside of the HV/WAP to the east. As stated in Section 5 above, there are numerous safety zones associated with the Airport Influence Policy Area. Properties within this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. Therefore, the development of properties within the Policy Area could have some development limitations due to the Policy Area regulations.

A. Winchester Land Use Study Background Report (January 2012)



A. Winchester Land Use Study Background Report (January 2012)

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1—Regional Location Map

Figure 2—Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Land Use Map

Figure 3—Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Physical Features

Figure 4—Winchester Area Flood Zones

Figure 5—EMWD Water System

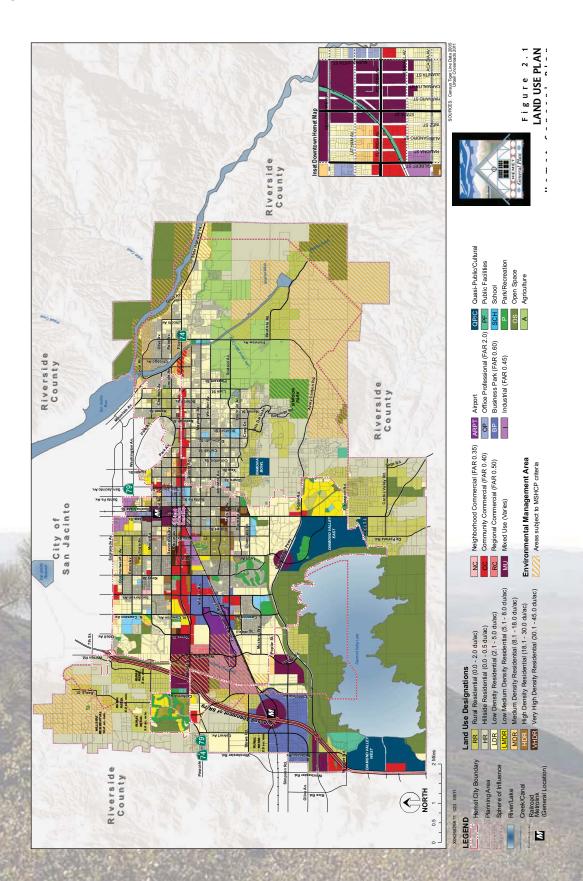
Figure 6—EMWD Recycled Water System

Figure 7—EMWD Sewer System

Figure 8—Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Circulation

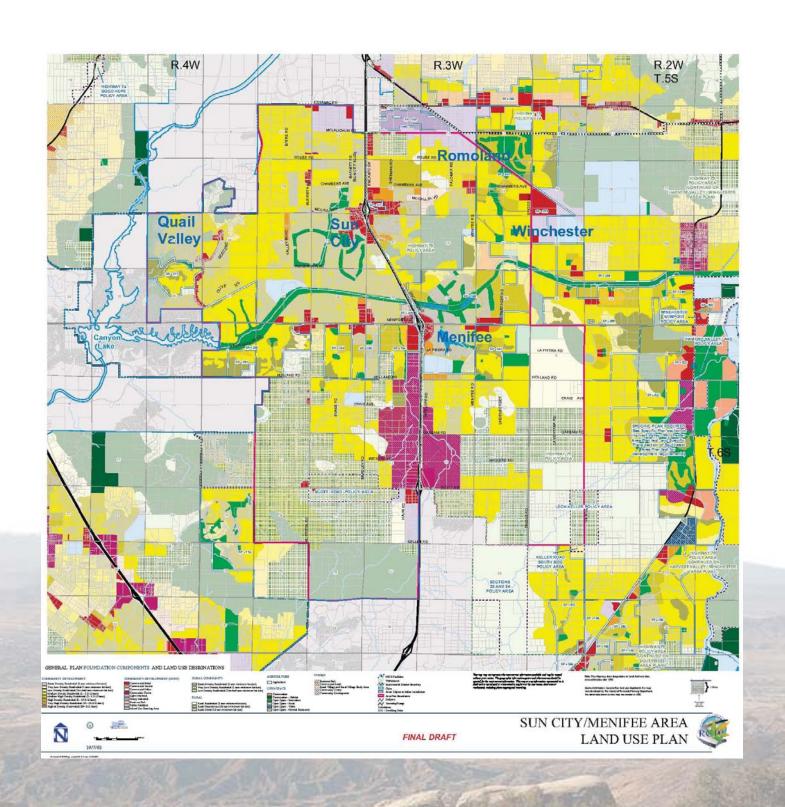
Figure 9—Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area

B. City of Hemet Land Use Plan

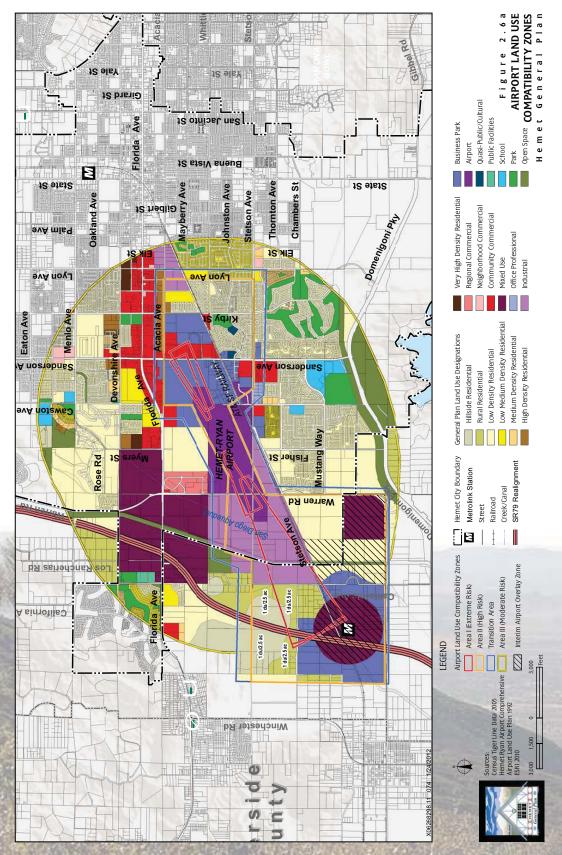


LAND USE STUDY - Appendix

C. City of Menifee Land Use Plan



D. City of Hemet Airport Land Use Compatibility Zones





CONCEPTUAL DRAFT

This land use concept requires adoption of density transfer policies and implementation measures to ensure that landowners whose property is designated as open space are compensated for the value of their property.

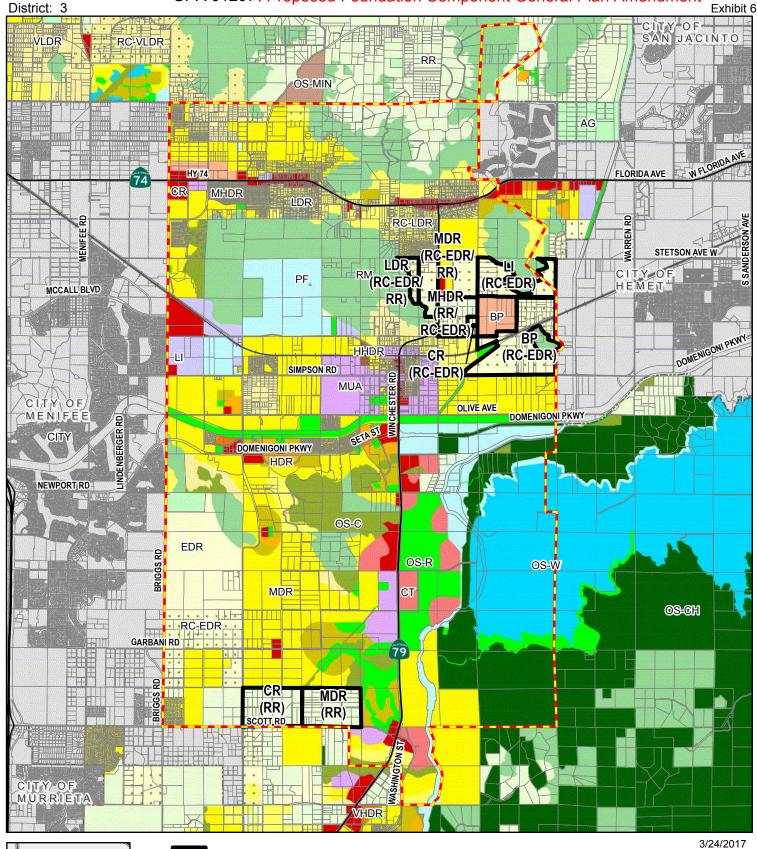


WINCHESTER DOWNTOWN CORE

Date: 08.12.2014



Winchester Vicinity
GPA 01207: Proposed Foundation Component General Plan Amendment Supervisor: Washington





Foundation Component GPA No.1207

Study Area - Winchester/Homeland Community Advisory Council Boundary

Feet

8,000

12,000

2,0004,000



Disclaimer: Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only Disclaimer: Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user. Agenda Item No.: 2

Area Plan: Harvest Valley/Winchester

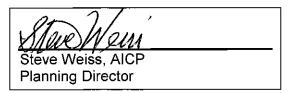
Supervisorial District: Third

Project Planner: Phayvanh Nanthavongdouangsy Planning Commission Hearing: December 7, 2016

General Plan Amendment No. 1207

Property Owner: Various

Representative: County of Riverside



COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PLANNING DEPARTMENT STAFF REPORT

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The County-Initiated General Plan Amendment No. 1207 (GPA No. 1207) proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component and accompanying land use designations of 225 parcels, totaling approximately 1,480 gross acres located generally in the Winchester area. GPA No. 1207 proposes to change the General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD), and amend the accompanying land use designations from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI).

The proposed GPA No. 1207 land use map in Attachment B attached hereto and made a part hereof is a preliminary land use plan based on the community's input and survey of existing land uses, terrain, development opportunities and constraints, and circulation patterns. Further modifications to the proposed land use plan are anticipated as a result of input from the GPAC, Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors at the initiation stage; as well as modifications that may result from environmental analysis, future community outreach efforts and public hearings concerning the GPA.

LOCATION: The project site is the comprised of two areas. Area 1: located along State Route-79 (SR-79), generally bounded by Stetson Road to the north, Simpson Road to the south, Whitter Avenue to the west and California Avenue to the east. Area 2: East of Leon Road, south of Wickerd Road, west of Abbott Road, and north of Scott Road.

PROJECT APN(s): 225 parcels (refer to Attachment C attached hereto and made a part hereof).

BACKGROUND:

The intent of this project, GPA No. 1207, is to address the key issues summarized in the Winchester Land Use Study by developing a land use plan and policies that reflect the community's vision. The project seeks to evaluate the land use patterns and policies that guide development within the Winchester Community Area and amend them based on the findings of the Winchester Land Use Study. The conceptual Winchester Land Use Study was prepared by Terra Verde Planning and funded by the Riverside County Economic Development Agency in 2012 through extensive community outreach efforts and input (refer to Attachment A attached hereto and made a part hereof).

The Winchester Land Use Study included a land use map that would require both an Entitlement/Policy and Foundation Component General Plan Amendments in order to be incorporated into the General Plan, and may expand into other General Plan Amendment categories upon further analysis. Attached to this staff report as Attachment B for the Planning Commission's consideration are the land use amendments that are considered a Foundation Component General Plan Amendment.

The Winchester Land Use Study represents the community's vision for the future development of Winchester. Over 1,300 property owners in Winchester were notified of the workshops. In addition, all meeting notices and project information were posted on the Winchester Municipal Advisory Council Website at www.winchestermac.org. Numerous topics were raised and discussed at these workshops. The proposed land use plan would modify existing land use designations to strengthen the region's economic position with consideration of the future realignment of State Route 79, the Hemet-Ryan Airport influence area, and the surrounding cities' land uses. The proposed GPA No. 1207 will include guiding policies to support the proposed land use plan.

GENERAL PLAN INITIATION PROCESS (GPIP)

General Plan Regular Foundation Component Amendments are required to go through the GPIP process. This process includes receiving comments on the proposed amendment from the General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC) and the Planning Commission. These comments are then provided to the Board of Supervisors. At this initial stage of the process, specific details of the Foundation General Plan Amendment and any accompanying implementing project are not considered, and public hearings are not required before the Planning Commission or the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors will only be considering whether to initiate proceedings for the proposed Foundation General Plan Amendment. If the Board of Supervisors adopts an order initiating proceedings for the proposed amendment, the amendment will then go through the land use review process including applicable environmental review, Tribal consultation and public hearings. The initiation of proceedings by the Board of Supervisors does not commit the County to a certain course of action and shall not imply any such amendment will be approved, The Board retains full discretion under the California Environmental Quality Act when reviewing the proposed Amendment during the land use review process.

JUSTIFICATION FOR FOUNDATION COMPONENT AMENDMENT:

Pursuant to Riverside County General Plan, Chapter 11: Administration Element, "Required and Optional Findings" subsection, evidence demonstrating new conditions or circumstances is required to justify a Foundation Component Amendment. Article II, Section 2.5 of Ordinance No. 348 related to General Plan Foundation Component Amendments – Regular, provides further details regarding the GPIP process and restates the requirement to provide new circumstances or conditions as consideration for a Foundation Component General Plan Amendment. The Planning Department requests an initiation of the Foundation Component General Plan Amendment No. 1207 based on the circumstances enumerated below.

The justification for the proposed Foundation General Plan Amendment to modify the General Plan is based on the following circumstances:

Community outreach during the Winchester Land Use study, conducted after the preparation of the General Plan in 2008, revealed specific regional and local issues, as well as new insights into the community's vision for the Winchester area. Proactive community outreach efforts have revealed that Winchester has the potential to serve as an important tourist and transit hub for the region due to its proximity to the Diamond Valley Lake as well as the presence of the rail line, State Route 79, and the Domenigoni Parkway, and that this is a vision consistent with the desires and goals of the community. The County has worked proactively with the Winchester community to develop the proposed General Plan Amendment, which will refine the community's stated vision within the context of the General Plan in a consistent manner. The proposed land use map included in the proposed General Plan Amendment was developed utilizing the conceptual Winchester Land Use Study and implements the newly-revealed vision for the Winchester Community area.

GENERAL PLAN ADVISORY COMMITTEE ACTION:

This application was considered by the General Plan Advisory Committee ("GPAC") during a public meeting on October 6, 2016 and was recommended for initiation to the Planning Commission by unanimous vote. The GPAC supported the plan as it matches surrounding plans for development and the request for review of creating further intensification in outlying areas. GPAC also commented that higher density development should be considered near future transit stations.

PROJECT SITE INFORMATION:

1. Existing Foundation Component:

2. Proposed Foundation Component:

3. Existing General Plan Designation:

4. Proposed General Plan Designation:

5. Surrounding General Plan Designations:

6. Existing Zoning Classification:

7. Surrounding Zoning Classifications:

Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC)

Community Development (CD)

Rural Residential (RR), Estate Density

Residential (EDR)

Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI)

North: Community Development – Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR), Rural – Rural Mountainous (R-RM), Community Development – Low Density Residential (CD-LDR) and Open Space – Conservation (OS-C);

South: Community Development - Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR), Community Development - Low Density Residential (CD-LDR), and Open Space - Recreation (OS-R); and

East: City of Hemet; and

West: Community Development – Low Density Residential (CD-LDR) and Rural – Rural Mountainous (R-RM)

Rural Residential (R-R), Controlled Development Area with Mobile Homes (W-2-M), Light Agricultural (A-1), and Heavy Agricultural (A-2)

North: Light Agricultural (A-1), Heavy Agricultural (A-2), One Family Dwellings (R-1), Open Area Combining Zone-Residential Units (R-5), and Specific Plan (SP310):

South: Light Agricultural (A-1), Agricultural-Poultry, Heavy Agricultural (A-2), One Family Dwellings (R-1), Rural Residential (R-R), Planned Residential (R-4), and Specific Plan (SP310);

East: Heavy Agricultural (A-2), Specific Plan (SP310); and

West: Light Agricultural (A-1) and Rural

Residential (R-R)

SFR, Agricultural, Vacant

SFR, Agricultural, Vacant

8. Existing Land Use:

9. Surrounding Land Uses:

General Plan Amendment No. 1207 Planning Commission Staff Report: December 7, 2016 Page 4 of 4

10. Project Size (Gross Acres):

1,481

RECOMMENDATION:

The Planning Director recommends the adoption of an order initiating proceedings for General Plan Amendment No. 1207 based on the information provided in the staff report and discussions at the GPAC meeting, and seeks comments from the Planning Commission on the amendment, which will be provided to the Board of Supervisors. The initiation of proceedings by the Board of Supervisors for the amendment of the General Plan, or any element thereof, shall not imply any such amendment will be approved.

INFORMATIONAL ITEMS:

- During the time of Planning Commission staff report preparation, Winchester Municipal Advisory Council Vice Chair expressed support at GPAC meeting.
- 2. The project site is not located within:
 - a. Agricultural preserve; or
 - b. A ½ mile of a fault line or fault zone
- 3. The project site is located within:
 - A portion of the project area is within an MSHCP Criteria Cell; and
 - b. Hemet-Ryan airport influence area in far Northeast area; and
 - c. Valley Wide park District; and
 - d. Dam Inundation Area: and
 - e. A special flood hazard area; and
 - f. Low, Moderate, and High Liquefaction area; and
 - g. Susceptible subsidence area; and
 - h. Within a half-mile of a fault line
 - i. Moderate, High, and Very High fire hazard areas; and
 - j. State and Local Responsibility Area for fire protection service; and
 - k Local Farmland Importance, Urban built-up land, and other lands; and
 - I. Low, High, and Undetermined Paleontological Sensitivity

CONCEPTUAL DRAFT

Community of Winchester

LAND USE STUDY

Prepared for

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency

Prepared by

Tierra Verde Planning

August 2012



LAND USE STUDY

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1.0 Purpose

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency (EDA) obtained a grant to prepare a Land Use Study (LUS, herein after referred to as the Study) for the unincorporated area of Winchester, Riverside County, California. The EDA contracted Gary Thornhill of Tierra Verde to prepare the Study.

The purpose of the Study is to evaluate the existing land uses as identified on the 2003 Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan (HV/WAP, herein after referred to as the Area Plan) Land Use Map and make proposed land use modifications that would support the long-term build out of a balanced, diverse and economically sustainable community. This Study is intended to help Winchester look into the future and plan for a healthy, vibrant environment for generations to come

The Study proposes to evaluate land uses and mobility alternatives that support a thriving and vibrant Downtown. The Study will also consider land uses outside of the Downtown that will create successful places to live, work and play—providing a high quality of life for all residents. Another important goal of the Study is to create local employment opportunities with convenient, easy access to freeways or major roadways. This will help establish the needed tax base, reduce commute times and improve the long-term economic viability of the community.

All property in the Winchester area was reviewed and considered; however, no recommendations were made for entitled land or properties within existing, approved Specific Plans



The community of Winchester is situated in the western portion of Riverside County. Winchester is an unincorporated community and is governed by the Riverside County Integrate Plan (RCIP) located in an area called the Harvest Valley/ Winchester Area Plan The Planning Area consists of unincorporated territory referred to as Harvest Valley. Harvest Valley is an umbrella term that includes the communities of Romoland, Homeland, Green Acres and Winchester (Reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 1). This Study only includes the unincorporated community of Winchester.

The communities of Homeland and Green Acres are located to the north. Romoland is located to the northwest and Diamond Valley is to the southeast. The cities of Perris and Menifee are located to the west, and the city of Hemet is to the east. The Planning Area boundary is contained depicted in Appendix A. Background Report, Figure 2, HV/WAP Land Use Plan.







3.0 Land Use Study Background

One of the goals of the Study was to receive community input so that the vision, goals, needs and opportunities for the future development of Winchester could be identified. The workshops were structured to be very collaborative, interactive forums with extensive public engagement. The intent was to gain insight and knowledge from the residents, tenants, business owners, land owners, consultants, developers, and community groups to learn from their history and understanding of the community, and its relationship to the County.

To achieve this goal, the consultant first conducted stakeholder meetings with the Winchester HOA, the Planning Advisory Board, Riverside County Planning Staff and the WMAC. In addition to these stakeholder meetings, the consultant team conducted a series of seven community workshops over a six month period. The workshops were held at the Winchester Community Center located at 32665 Haddock Street, Winchester, CA on the following dates:

- February 12, 2012
- March 5, 2012
- March 23, 2012
- April 23, 2012,
- May 21, 2012
- June 18, 2012
- July 9, 2012

Hard copy notices were mailed out to over 1,300 property owners in Winchester and meeting notices were posted in key areas such as the community center and post office. An email distribution list was also developed to provide a secondary means of notification for all workshops, with reminder emails sent a few days prior to the meetings. In addition, meeting notices and project information was posted on the WMAC website at: www.winchestermac.org so information would be accessible to all interested parties throughout the planning process.

Numerous topics were raised and discussed at the workshops. The following list summarizes the primary issues raised, but is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all issues discussed. The list characterizes the key issues that directly influenced the outcome of the Study.

- Consider modifications to existing land uses that place the community in a better economic position if incorporation is desired in the future
- Consider the re-alignment and impacts to concerned property owners and stakeholders of Highway 79 (Figure 1, Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives) and the potential impacts to properties and designated land uses.
- Express concern to the County regarding cities of Hemet and Menife allocating land use designations on all land within the community of Winchester effectively eliminating Winchester
- Request LAFCO take formal action to recognize the boundaries of Winchester and take land use control out of the hands of the adjacent cities (Figure 4 Adjacent Land Use Planning).
- Delineate boundaries of the Downtown

- Develop Winchester as a destination place—creating a sense of identity and uniqueness that will attractive residents, businesses and tourists to the area.
- Create a Downtown that would be successful as a pedestrian oriented place which will have a region-wide draw and create opportunities for civic spaces, entertainment, and social interaction.
- Ensure that the Downtown has access from Winchester Road once the proposed re-alignment of Highway 79 is constructed.
- Reduce street widths and speeds along Winchester and Simpson Roads once the re-alignment is constructed to create a more traditional, safe, and pedestrian oriented Downtown.
- Locate the Metrolink station in Downtown as identified in the RCIP.
- Identify necessary infrastructure needs to support the future development and build-out of the community.
- Protect legal non-conforming uses that would be created as a result of future land use changes.
- Create a viable employment base to reduce the length of commute times.
- Create additional open space, parks, trails and recreational uses including the re-use of Double Butte and improving Salt Creek.
- Develop the Metropolitan Water District properties in accordance with the land use designations and plans approved by the County of Riverside.
- Create future employment opportunities by recommending industrial, business park, and office commercial land use designations.



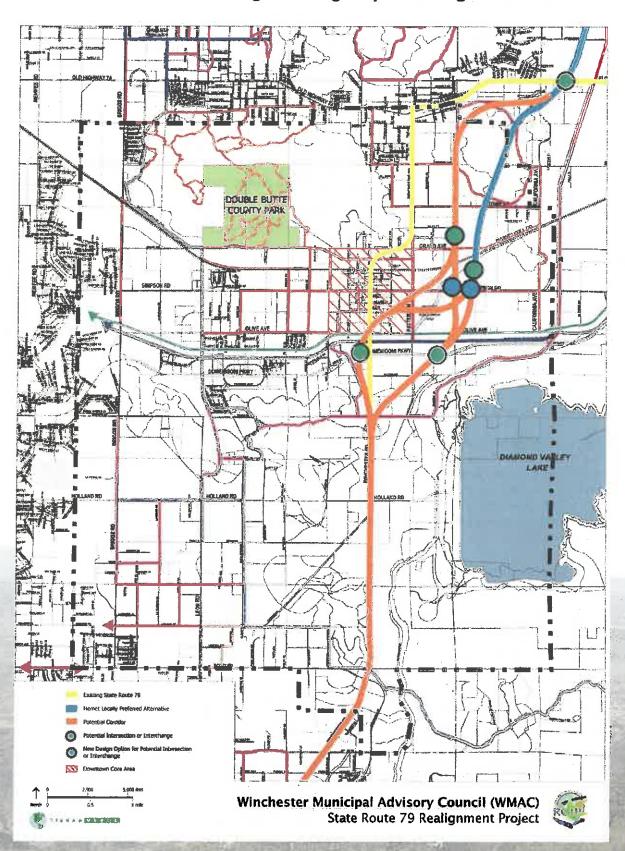


Figure 1 -Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives

4.0 Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan

The Land Use Concept of the 2003 RCIPacknowledges that Winchester is ideally situated to become the gateway to the Diamond Valley Lake and accommodate the intensification of land uses. The Area Plan Land Use Concept further states "the Diamond Valley Lake and surrounding recreation area provides a major tourist attraction and is the key to future growth in the area. The land uses that surround Diamond Valley Lake are intended to preserve the facility's long-term outdoor recreational opportunities and to attract visitors by providing a quality experience for them."

The Area Plan Land Use Map focuses on preserving the unique features in the Area Plan and, at the same time, will guide the future growth of Winchester. The Area Plan Land Use Concept created a significant shift from the existing rural land uses to higher density land uses consisting of more urban/suburban/rural, and mixed land uses that center around unique cores.

According to the Area Plan, the rationale for this proposed land use shift is due to the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake and the recreational and development opportunities it presents. In addition, the transit opportunities with the existing rail line, and Highways 74 and 79 would provide the needed transportation infrastructure to support increased density in the Area Plan. The current Area Plan envisions a distinct character and identity consisting of a compact Downtown core designed in an "Old West" theme with a mixture of land uses that are pedestrian oriented.

The Area Plan Land Use Map depicts the current geographic distribution of land uses within the Planning Area. The Land Use Map is organized around 30 area land use designations and five overlays. There are also eight Policy Areas within the Area Plan. The Area Plan states "in some ways these policies are even more critical to the sustained character of the Area Plan than some of the basic land use policies because they reflect deeply held beliefs about the kind of place this is and should remain". Policy Areas contain special or unique characteristics that required detailed analysis and focused policies—not typical zoning and land use concepts.

The Policies Areas that were reviewed with the community and were analyzed when developing the Study are summarized below.

- The Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Area. Hemet-Ryan is an active airport located in the City of Hemet with the influence area extending into the eastern portion of Winchester. This Policy Area contains numerous safety zones which are listed in Table 4 (Land Use Compatibility Guidelines for Airport Safety Zones for Hemet-Ryan Airport) of the Area Plan. Properties in this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. Properties within this Policy Area were analyzed and land use modifications to this area were made with the consideration of the restrictions in this area (Figure 3 Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area).
- The Winchester Policy Area. This area is covered by the County's existing Community Center Overlay. The intent of the Policy Area is to help create a sense of place and an entrance to the Diamond-Valley Recreation Area. This Policy Area was created to capitalize on the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake with the Downtown core, and the activity centered around Winchester and

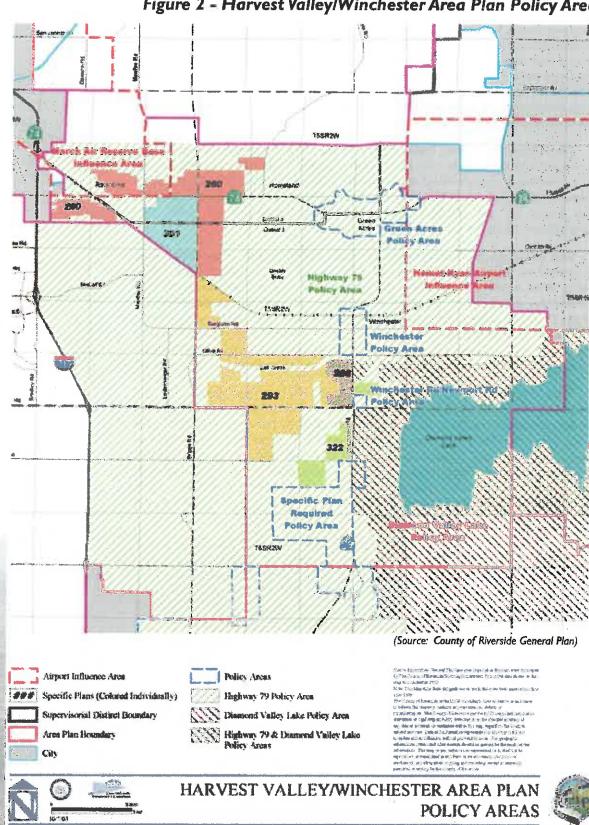


Figure 2 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Policy Areas

Simpson Roads. This Policy Area states the vision for the Downtown core would be implemented with the Community Center Overlay which eliminates the typical zoning that requires separation of land uses. The Study identified this area as the Downtown core and expanded the boundaries. The Study recommends this area to be developed as a more traditional, pedestrian oriented Downtown with mixed-use and transit oriented development. For revised Downtown boundaries, see Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications.

- The Diamond Valley Lake Policy Area. This Policy Area is envisioned to be developed pursuant to one or more Specific Plan consisting of a variety of recreational opportunities and tourist-oriented facilities including hotels, restaurants, and commercial services to be developed in the future. It is the desire of the WMAC that Metropolitan Water District fulfill this development commitment as described in the RCIP.
- The Winchester Road/Newport Road Policy Area. This Policy Area is located at the northeast corner of Highway 79 and Newport Road. This Policy Area is intended to direct the commercial uses to the low-lying area suitable for development, provided development can coexist with the proximity of the Diamond Valley Reservoir West Dam. The Policy Area does acknowledge that some destination type development may be possible if the scenic values of the area are maintained. The Study is recommending a portion of this area be modified to Commercial Tourist based on the proposed Highway 79 re-alignment.
- The Highway 79 Policy Area. This Policy Area addresses the transportation infrastructure capacity, which is a critical and necessary component to accommodate the land use densities contained in the Area Plan Land Use Map. The proposed re-alignment of Highway 79 is a primary issue that will have a significant and direct impact on the land uses and future development of the community. Accordingly, the re-alignment alternatives were discussed and analyzed extensively at several community workshops. The results of the discussions are presented as policies contained in Section 7 Goals, Policies and Objectives of this Study.
- The "Specific Plan Required" Policy Area. This Policy Area represents approved Specific Plans as of the date of the 2003 RCIP and the area that requires a Specific Plan. All land that is in an approved Specific Plan was excitized from the Study. All the approved Specific Plan zoning maps depicted on Figure 3 (HV/WAP Policy Areas) were reviewed to ensure appropriate and logical transition of land uses. The WMAC strongly recommends the County conduct an analysis of the potential cumulative impacts of the density increases being requested within approved Specific Plans.

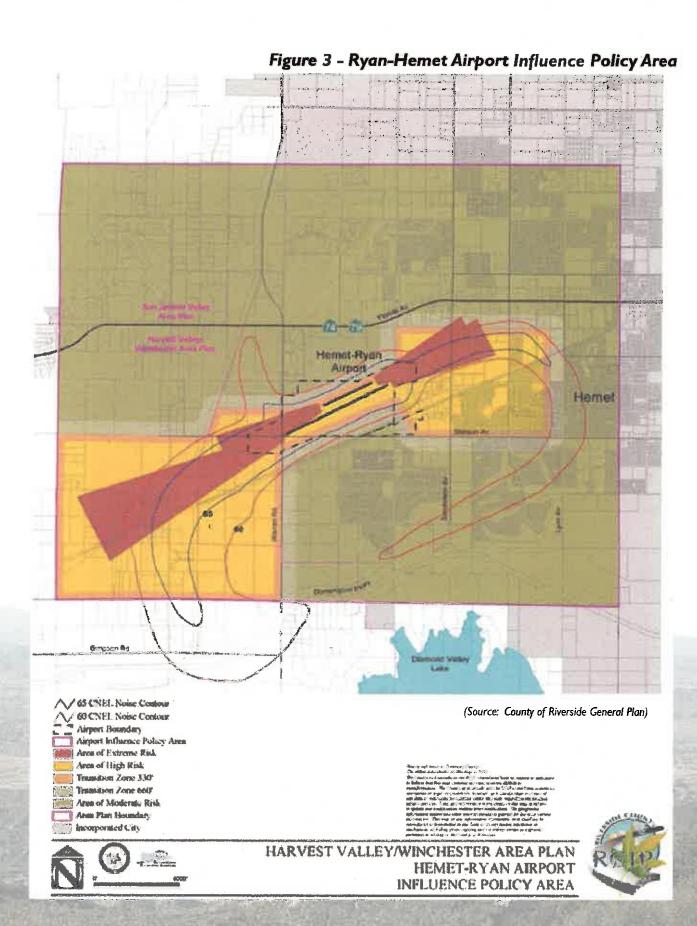
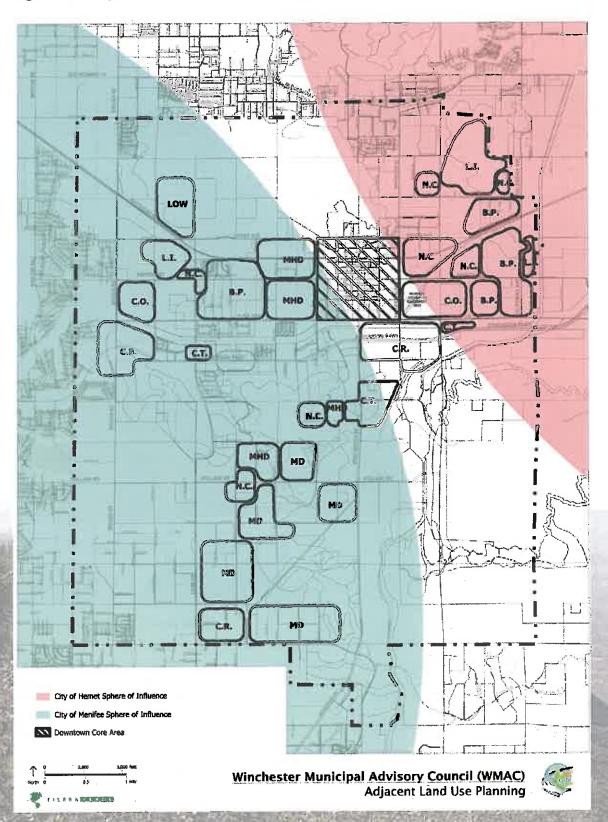


Figure 4 - Adjacent Land Use Planning



5.0 Winchester: Character, Features and Opportunities/



Existing Commercial Building

Community Character

Today, the RCIP describes the existing community of Winchester as a small western-themed commercial core at the intersection of Highway 79 and Simpson Road within the Winchester Policy Area. This small and under-utilized community core is surrounded by small homes on large parcels and agricultural uses. This area, and the entire community, falls within the Highway 79 Policy Area.

One outcome of the workshop was the community's desire to maintain the character of the community when implementing the proposed land use intensifications as identified on the Area Plan Land Use Map, and the proposed modifications of this Study.

Physical Features

Physical environmental conditions can enhance a community and can also have the potential to limit an areas' long-term development capacity. As a result, a review of local conditions helped guide the land use recommendations of this Study. Common environmental issues include topography, biology, seismic, hydrology, geologic, and infrastructure, but also include features that are unique to an area or region.

There are several existing features that were taken into consideration while preparing this Study that will have a significant influence on future development. The primary features are State Route 79 (Winchester Road), and the proposed re-alignment of Highway 79, the existing grid pattern street system, lack of existing infrastructure, the existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line, Double Butte Mountains and the necessary remediation of this site, Diamond Valley Lake, and Salt Creek (reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 3, HV/WAP Physical Features)

These physical features and other community influences will be discussed in the following section, and describe how they will enhance or potentially limit the development capacity of the area.

Opportunities and Constraints

A safe, healthy and secure environment is the cornerstone of a successful community. Protection from natural and man-made hazards such as flooding, wildfires, and hazardous materials are a vital component for establishing a safe community.

As identified in the Background Report dated January 2012 (contained herein as Appendix A), there are many existing constraints to development that will need to be resolved before Winchester can accommodate the planned build-out as identified in the proposed land use modifications. Conversely, there are existing opportunities that can help facilitate the long-term viability of the community. Please see the Background Report for a complete list of opportunities and constraints.

Opportunities and constraints were analyzed, discussed and reviewed with the community at the workshops and are summarized below.

Opportunities:

Creation of a Traditional Downtown

Creating a successful pedestrian oriented Downtown alive with people, shops, restaurants, events and street life is very important to the residents. The residents share the desire for a traditional Downtown that will attract people region-wide and support the local needs of the community. This type of Downtown will create a distinct identity and sense of place for Winchester.

The historic grid pattern street system in the Downtown area is very conducive to creating a walkable Downtown. This is a tremendous opportunity for the community, and will support the potential for a very traditional Downtown with a host of destinationsshopping, dining, working, cultural and entertainment events, civic uses, libraries, educational institutions, senior centers arts, museums, and night life. If planned correctly, the Downtown area could be the cultural heart of the community



Traditional Downtown



Traditional DowntownStreetscape with Angled Parking

Metrolink Station

There is an existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line running east-west that physically bisects Winchester The rail line is not currently being used, but is planned for use as a Metrolink line in the future. It is the community's goal to locate the Metrolink station in the Downtown, which is consistent with the RCIP vision for Winchester. The Downtown area should be designed to be wellserved by transit, have a safe walking environment, and provide connectivity to adjacent developments:

The City of Hemet General Plan land use map identifies the Metrolink station within their easterly sphere boundaries. The Saudy strongly recommends the transit station to be located in Downtown Whichester which supports the transit oriented development concept. Downtown with Transit Station of the Downtown, and is a policy recommended in the RCIP.



LAND USE STUDY



Transit Station in Downtown

The Area Plan Land Use Concepts state:

"A transit station is to be incorporated into the fabric of Winchester and act as the northern anchor for the community. The transit station would act as the regional connection to the Diamond Valley Lake and its surrounding entertainment and recreational uses, as well as Temecula further to the south."

"A transit station should be incorporated into the Community Center. This transit station can be connected to the Winchester Transit Station through a transit system such as the Oasis Concept which is described in the Circulation Element of the General Plan."

Circulation

The Downtown area has an existing grid pattern street system that provides alternate routes for vehicles to avoid the major roads and highways. Overall, the community contains a regional circulation system that appears to be capable of supporting significant growth in the area. The continuing improvements to, and the re-alignment of, Highway 79 should provide more than adequate movement of vehicles within the valley (Figure 5, HV/WAP Circulation).

The re-alignment of Highway 79 will also create future significant regional, community commercial and retail opportunities. The proposed Study has purposely located these types of land uses adjacent to, or in close proximity to, the freeway interchanges and major roadways.

The proximity of future interchanges also provides opportunities to create strong visual statements and clear connections to the Downtown. This can be accomplished through the use of entry monumentation, signage, landscaping (comprehensive streetscape design standards), and the construction of buildings with unique and/or iconic design elements near the gateways to the community.

Economic Development/Employment Opportunities

Providing services that meet the diverse needs of existing and future residents is dependent on a vigorous and healthy economy. Winchester needs a balance of land uses to support a diversity of businesses, an expanded employment base and more diverse housing choices. The Study capitalizes on the strengths of the community, and proposes efficient uses of land and resources that will help facilitate further economic sustainability

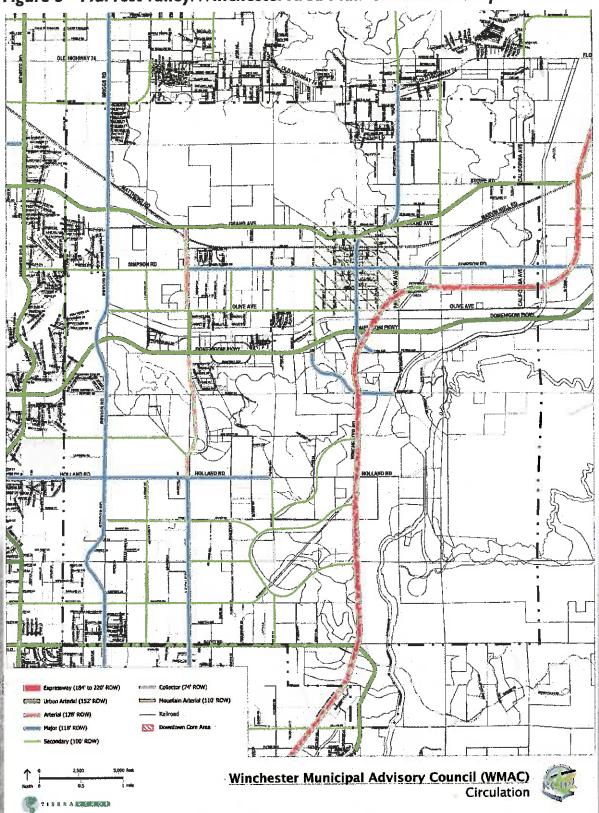
The close proximity of the rail line to the Downtown creates opportunities for a transit center, passenger rail service for commuters, and transit oriented development. In addition, Winchester's close proximity to March Air Reserve Base (ARB) could serve as a future job center when the ARB is redeveloped. Located approximately 20 miles to northwest, this opportunity could create high end jobs with a short commute distance.

Because of the close proximity to both Hemet-Ryan and French Valley Airports, there are very positive possibilities for industrial growth and job creation. The area to the west of Hemet/Ryan, in particular, could support light industrial and business park uses that would be close enough to create positive economic opportunities in the Downtown. These uses could include service commercial, professional offices, lodging, and restaurants. To support this potential economic opportunity, the Study is recommending light industrial, business park and



Commercial Development with Trolley Service

Figure 5 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Circulation Map





Opportunity for Future College or University



Public Gathering Space



Community Park

commercial uses within the northeastern portion of the community (to the east of the Highway 79 re-alignment).

Winchester is far enough from large existing commercial centers in Hemet, French Valley, and Menifee that future retail uses could be viable as population growth reaches levels that can support neighborhood, community, and regional commercial centers. While it may be quite some time before some of the larger retail uses are realized, it is vital to plan for all levels of retail and commercial uses now to be properly prepared for the next 20-30 years.

Because there is so much vacant land in the planning area, there are opportunities to attract major public and/or private colleges and universities. There are currently limited opportunities in many of the nearby, more developed communities. Very few communities have the hundreds of acres of land available which is typically the requirement of higher educational institutions. It is important to keep in mind that it can take decades to attract, plan for, and construct major campuses. Therefore, consideration and appropriate land use planning now can accommodate these types of uses in the future, which would have a very beneficial economic outcome for Winchester.

Parks and Open Space

It is the community's desire to increase additional parks, trails and open space and recreational opportunities. One ideal brought up at the community workshop was to explore the possibility of redeveloping the closed landfill at Double Butte. Remediation would be required, but there appears to be opportunities around the land fill that could provide recreational uses to the community (i.e. a regional park, a local park, equestrian facilities, trails or bike paths, and other recreational uses). Reference Figure 6 HV/WAP Trails and Bikeway System for existing planned facilities within Winchester

The Study recommends a comprehensive recreational and open space assessment to identify the specific long-term needs of all age groups and types of users. Analysis of park needs including ball fields (both in door and out door), existing trails, and bicycle facilities should be conducted.

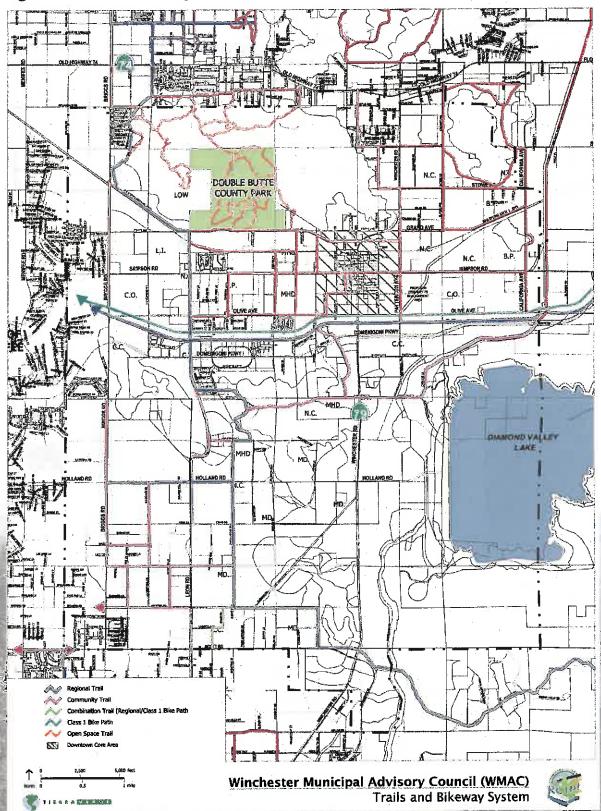
Constraints:

Highway 79 Re-alignment and Winchester Road

The re-alignment of Highway 79 has a significant impact on the proposed Study as a final alignment has not been selected as of the date of this Study (Figure 1, Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives). Therefore, one of the recommendations of this Study is to re-analyze the areas that will be immediately affected once a final alignment is chosen.

The re-alignment also has a potential to impact access to and through the Downtown. This Study recommends the re-alignment of Highway 79 to be designed so that it is outside of the Downtown boundaries to avoid bifurcating the southwest portion of the Downtown. It is the recommendation of the WMAC that access to the Downtown via Winchester Road be maintained once the final alignment is selected and constructed. It is also the recommendation of this Study that Winchester and Simpson Roads be reduced in speed limit and capacity through the Downtown with traffic re-routed to higher capacity roads. See Section 7 Goals. Policies and Objectives for additional circulation recommendations.

Figure 6 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Trails and Bikeway System



Utilities and Services

The lack of local and regional infrastructure will have limitations to long-term development until infrastructure improvements are constructed. In addition, the lack of existing infrastructure is a very important feature that will be required to support the proposed development as identified on the existing Area Plan and Proposed Land Use Modifications Map. The relatively flat topography in much of the Winchester area presents challenges for sewage disposal and surface drainage.

Currently, local wastewater treatment facility in the community of Winchester does not exist. Most properties are served by septic systems. However, there are some homes that are served by sewers. Lack of wastewater infrastructure will be a constraint to the future development (reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 7, EMWD Sewer System).

Winchester does not have storm drain facilities (above or under ground). Existing storm water is accommodated by surface drainage. Due to the relatively level topography and lack of local or regional storm drain improvements, flooding does occur in some locations during storm events. Until additional storm drain facilities are built, storm drain runoff will limit future development.

In addition, there are very few paved roads, sidewalks, curbs, or gutters in the Downtown or other parts of the community. This will have a limiting capacity in the type and quality of development that is being proposed (i.e. a walkable Downtown and pedestrian movement and connectivity throughout neighborhoods).

Flooding

The Riverside County TLMA GIS and Figure 11 of the Area Plan identifies a large portion of the community within the 100 and 500 year flood zones (reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 4, HV/WAP Flood Zones). The two major areas of concern are Salt Creek and the area extending southwest from Diamond Valley Lake. There appears to be minimal or no local drainage into Salt Creek, as most of the drainage comes from further upstream. This is a potential constraint to development; however, existing regulatory and flood management programs may address this issue. In addition, FEMA maps are updated approximately every 10 years and the flood designations may change over time or with improvements to flood channels.

It is worth mentioning that the proposed Downtown core area is not located within a flood zone.

The Hemet-Ryan Airport

As stated above in Section 4, the County has established the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Zone (Figure 3). The City of Hemet General Plan also contains an Airport Compatibility Zone which illustrates the limits of the zone which includes the north-east portion of Winchester (Appendix D). Properties located within the area are inherently restricted in development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. The Study limited uses in this area to light industrial, commercial and business park, understanding these restrictions to development. No residential land uses are proposed within this zone.

Economic and Employment Opportunities

This is both an opportunity and constraint. Currently, the employment opportunities are very limited within the immediate community and commute times can be quite lengthy. The proposed land use modifications will locate regional commercial centers, neighborhood commercial, light industrial, business park and office uses near major freeway intersections and within close proximity to Downtown for convenient and easy access. These land uses will help create employment opportunities and reduce commute times. It is recognized that substantial population growth in the region must first occur to support this level of development.

6.0 Land Use Modifications

Proposed Land Use Modifications

There were several factors and issues that influenced the outcome of the proposed land use changes. Input from the community as a result of the workshop series was paramount in developing the final Study. The assessment of the physical features, existing land uses, previous entitlements, environmental constraints, infrastructure limitations, circulation, employment opportunities, economic development, financing, and the opportunities and constraints of the community were also key considerations. In addition, the desire of the community to control the future land use and development decisions also influenced the Study (Figure 4, Adjacent Land Use Planning).

Proposed Modifications

The proposed land use modifications are depicted on Figure 7 Proposed Land Use Modifications. Land that is covered by an existing Specific Plan or already entitled was not included in the Study. Only land that does not have entitlements was assessed as these properties have opportunities to be modified, unlike entitled land.

Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications, is intended to be a bubble-diagram that shows conceptual locations of proposed changes—it is not intended to be parcel specific. In fact, boundaries may shift once parcel specific analysis is conducted due to future infrastructure improvements (i.e. Highway 79 re-alignment), adjacency to other land uses (i.e. specific plans), environmental constraints (i.e. biological or flooding), or open space and recreational opportunities

One new land use designation is being proposed, Neighborhood Commercial (NC). This is to allow local, neighborhood serving commercial centers (within walking distance) so residents have an option of not driving to major commercial centers. All other land use modifications are redistributions of existing designations that will enhance the long-term economic sustainability of the community.

Once the ultimate alignment of Highway 79 is approved all new interchanges should have commercial nodes adjacent to the interchange. Any industrial business park or commercial office land uses effected by the realignment should be located to the east of the approved alignment. These uses need to be separated from the Downtown core. Since the ultimate alignment of Highway

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79 has not been selected, a subsequent analysis is recommended for the land adjacent to the re-alignment (including associated interchanges).

The following text is an overview of the primary land use modifications and a description of the intent of the proposed changes. Please refer to Figure 7 for a comprehensive review of all proposed land use modifications.

Generally, the land use designations in the northeastern portion of the community (in or near the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Zone) are recommended to be changed to light industrial and business park as explained above. This is consistent with, and provides a good transition between, the adjacent uses to the east. The re-aligned Highway 79 will be in this area so it will provide convenient access to future employment centers. To the west of these uses, neighborhood commercial and commercial office designations are recommended. The intent was to locate these land uses adjacent to and within close proximity to the freeway. This also minimizes traffic impacts to the local roadway circulation system.

The Downtown boundaries are proposed to be expanded from the existing Community Center Overlay as identified in the Area Plan Land Use Map. The new proposed boundaries are: Grand Avenue at the north, Olive Avenue to the south, Rice Road to the west, and Patterson Avenue to the east. Medium High Density (MHD) residential is proposed to the west of the Downtown which allows pedestrian travel to employment opportunities and connectivity to the Downtown. Moving further to the west, some changes to business park, neighborhood commercial, commercial office, commercial tourist and commercial retail are being recommended. The intent is to provide a distribution of commercial/retail services and employment bases to service the western portion of the community.

South of Salk Creek at Patterson Avenue, changes to Commercial Retail and Commercial Tourist are being proposed to provide for regional shopping and tourist uses around Diamond Valley Lake near Domenigoni Parkway. To the west of this area, around E. Newport Road, some Medium High Density (MHD) and Neighborhood Commercial designations are recommended which will place employment opportunities close to Highway 79 and Domenigoni Parkway.

To the south of Ano Crest Road, MHD and Medium Density (MD) land use designations are proposed around a neighborhood commercial designation. The goal is to provide some local serving commercial uses in close proximity to surrounding residential uses. To the east of Leon Road and north of Scott Road, a recommendation of MD centering around Commercial Retail is proposed to accommodate local retail shopping needs—within walking distance to the surrounding residential developments.

7.0 Goals, Policies and Objectives

7.1 Land Use Goals, Objectives and Policies

The RCIP contains some the primary land use concepts discussed with the community during the workshop series. These concepts are intended to develop the future Downtown Winchester as a walkable, pedestrian friendly community with a distinct image and character. These concepts will also help develop and establish neighborhoods and regional and local centers outside the Downtown core. To do this, the community must have the appropriate land uses, intensities, streetscapes, open space and connectivity. Many of the necessary elements are sustainable planning and design practices and principles. A very brief summary of the concepts is provided below.



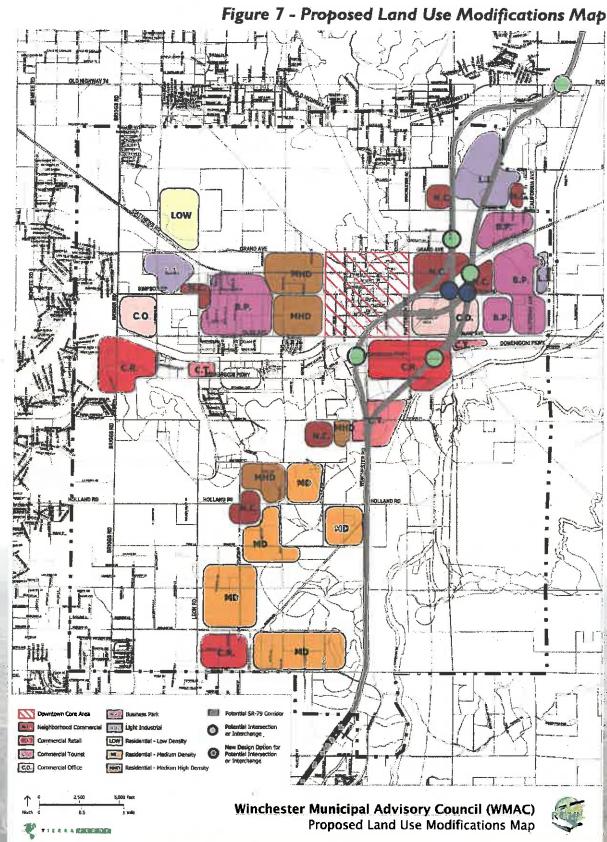
Smart Growth—compact mixed-use development that reduces environmental degradation and builds livable neighborhoods and provides a variety of transportation choices that accommodate pedestrians, bicycles, transit and automobiles.

New Urbanism—a concept established in the 1980s that promotes compact neighborhood designs that reduce automobile dependence and enhances the sense of community. The goals include identifying a discernible center, placing most dwellings within a five-to fifteen minute walk of the center, a variety of dwelling types and providing a mix of commercial uses that can meet the weekly shopping needs of a household.

Transit-Oriented Development (TOD)—enhances access to public transportation by placing residential and commercial development (i.e. grocery stores, pharmacy, coffee shops, etc.) around a transit station (train or trolley) generally located within ¼ to ½ mile radius from a transit stop. TOD requires the appropriate amount of residential units to create adequate ridership and active street life.

Sustainable Design Principles—design and construction practices that significantly reduce or eliminate the negative impacts of development on the environment and its inhabitants. A sustainable design approach can be defined by green building practices and the availability of pedestrian oriented amenities. The U.S. Green Building Council through the LEED-ND (Leadership for Energy and Environmental Design for Neighborhood Development) has established the essential components that make up a successful sustainable development.





7.1.1 Downtown Core Land Use Goal:

Create a unique and integrated mix of residential, office, commercial, retail, civic and recreational land uses in the Downtown core that generate daily activity in the daytime and evenings to create a lively and dynamic pedestrian oriented environment.

Objectives:

- 1. Adopt land use designations that create a walkable Downtown.
- 2. Develop standards for mixed-use zoning that create a pedestrian oriented atmosphere.
- 3. Establish standards that provide for retail uses on the first floor, and office and/or residential on the upper floors.
- 4. Discourage uses that are not appropriate for the pedestrian orientation or the vibrancy and liveliness of the Downtown. Examples include, but are not limited to, industrial uses, warehouses, storage facilities or auto repair.
- 5. Discourage strip-mall and big box retail development in the Downtown core. In addition, building size or footprint limitations should be established that limit the maximum size of buildings in the Downtown.
- 6. Focus retail activity in the heart of the Downtown core to create the necessary critical mass and synergy to support a successful Downtown.
- 7. Ensure that the Downtown has multi-modal connectivity to the surrounding areas (pedestrian, bicycle and auto) such as Salt Creek to the south, adjacent residential and commercial land uses, the future park at Double Butte, and Diamond Valley Lake.
- 8. Encourage development patterns that accommodate transit opportunities and reduce dependency on the automobile.
- 9. Because of the recommendation for the future transit station to be located in the Downtown core, all new development in the Downtown should be mixed-use in character in order to be consistent with TOD principles.
- 10. Create opportunities in the Downtown to close off streets for special events such as parades, cultural events, farmers markets, car shows, etc.

Policies:

The following policies are consistent with the RICP concepts and have been developed specifically for the community of Winchester.

DLU I.I. Adopt the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map (Figure 7).

DLU 12: Country shall require the preparation of a Specific Plan for the Downtown with boundaries as identified on the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map (Figure 7) which are Grand Avenue to the north, Olive Avenue to the South, Rice Road to the west and Patterson Avenue to the east. The Specific Plan should address the following items in detail land uses, design guidelines, development standards, quality of life



Mixed-Use Development



Boardwalk with Shaded Streetscape

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assessment, streetscape design, entry monumentation, signage, open space and parks, infrastructure and financing options, and development phasing.

- DLU 1.3: Ensure that mixed-use zoning is implemented to allow the desired pedestrian oriented Downtown; not designed around the automobile.
- DLU 1.4: Maintain and look at opportunities to re-acquire alleys in the Downtown during the development process (wherever feasible) to support more traditional Downtown development patterns, and, to provide alternative local circulation routes.
- DLU 1.5: Require the future transit station to be located within the Downtown. This encourages alternative means of transportation to work, home and recreational opportunities (TOD); reduces traffic congestion, and maintains the history and character of Winchester.
- DLU 1.6: Require uses such as civic, libraries, schools, cultural uses, educational institutions, senior centers, theaters, art galleries or museums to be located in the Downtown core in order to enhance the opportunity for social interaction.
- DLU 1.7: Where feasible, preserve and protect the historic structures that define and represent the heritage of Winchester. This policy is applicable for all areas within the community that contain historic or iconic structures.
- DLU 1.8: Ensure that adequate open space is provided in the Downtown including, but not limited to, parks (active and passive), plazas, open spaces, court yards and paseos.
- DLU 1.9: Once the ultimate alignment of Highway 79 is approved, all new interchanges should have commercial nodes adjacent to the interchange. Any industrial, business park or commercial office land uses should be located to the east of the approved alignment. These uses should be separated from the Downtown core (Figure 1 Highway 79 Re-alignment).
- DLU 1.10: Require Metropolitan Water District to develop the land around Diamond Valley Lake consistent with the existing Riverside County General Plan Land Use Map and the development approved in the project Environmental Impact Report (EIR). This was a commitment made to the community and the WMAC requests that this land use commitment be fulfilled as analyzed and approved by the County of Riverside, and as amended by this Study.

Elements of a Successful Downtown



Traditional Downtown with Pedestrian Friendly Streetscape



Mixed-Use Streetscape



Urban Water Feature



Urban Park



Urban Open Space

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Elements of a Successful Downtown



Civic Space





Public Art



Iconic Street Furniture



Public Art



Downtown with Transit Station

7.1.2 Winchester Land Use Goal (outside of the Downtown Core):

Ensure a balance of residential, office, commercial, retail, industrial, recreational land uses and public facilities uses that will support the successful, long-term development of the community outside of the Downtown core area.

Objectives:

- Designate land uses that provide the necessary housing, retail, commercial, employment and recreational needs to create economically successful and sustainable neighborhoods.
- 2. Provide a broad range of land uses and housing types to meet the needs of all members of the community.
- 3. Encourage development patterns that accommodate alternatives to the automobile (i.e. train, trolley, shuttle such as Transit Oasis, bicycle, trails and pedestrian pathways).
- 4. Build the necessary infrastructure to support the orderly, aesthetic and safe development of the community such as curb/gutters, storm drains, sidewalks, streets, street lights, landscape parkways and utilities (i.e. water, sewer, cable).

Policies:

The following policies have been developed specifically for the area outside of the Downtown to create neighborhoods and centers that meet the needs of the residents and provide a high quality of life were people can live, work and play.

WLU I.I: Require LAFCO to take immediate steps and formally acknowledge the boundaries of the community of Winchester as identified by the Area Plan and WMAC Land Use Plan. Currently, the City of Menifee land use map has land use designations that extends easterly to Winchester Road. The City of Hemet land use map extends westerly to Winchester Road—encompassing all of Winchester (reference Appendices B and C—Hemet and Menifee Land Use Maps) As currently planned, these two cities effectively eliminate the community of Winchester.

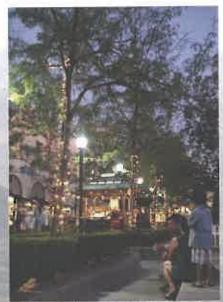
WLU 1.2: Develop neighborhoods that provide a balance of land uses including employment, recreation, local or neighborhood shopping and housing



Residential Development Outside Downtown Core



Regional Shopping Center



Commercial Plaza Outside Downtown Core

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Trolley System in Commercial Development Outside Downtown Core

WLU 1.3: Ensure neighborhoods are developed so that they can be connected through multi-modal transportation systems (i.e. trolleys, shuttles, pedestrian pathways, trails and bicycle facilities) to reduce the use of the automobile and single occupancy vehicles.

WLU 1.4: Locate regional commercial and retail centers at nodes (as depicted on Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications Map) near freeways or major arterials to reduce the traffic load on the local street circulation system.

WLU 1.5: Ensure appropriate residential development is located near community and regional centers and employment hubs to reduce long-distance commuting and promote alternative modes of transportation.

WLU I.6: Require sufficient public utilities are in place prior to development (i.e. sewer and/or septic capacity, water resources, storm drain, flood control improvements, etc.) to meet the demands of the proposed land uses. The County shall actively pursue funding options to pay for the necessary infrastructure needed to support development. Funding options may include, but are not limited, to state or federal grants, RDA replacement agencies, or other financial mechanisms that are currently available and funds that may become available in the future. This policy is applicable to the entire community.

WLU 1.7: Develop standards for legal, non-conforming uses that may occur as a result of this Study. The WMAC is concerned about the impacts that proposed land use changes will have on the existing uses. The County should create standards that allow maximum flexibility to land owners regarding the existing use of their property to minimize potential impacts to owners as a result of the recommended land use changes.

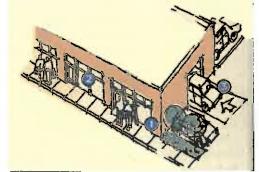


7.2 Downtown Core Community Design Gials, Objectives and Policies

7.2.1 Downtown Community Design Goal:

Design Guidelines Basic Principles of Urban Streetscape

- Build to the sidewalk (except open space/patios)
- 2) Make the building front "permeable"; no blank walls, entries and windows connect to sidewalk



2) Prohibit parking lots in front of the buildings

Ensure the Downtown develops as a thriving and vibrant area so that it creates a clear sense of identity and place that is unique to the community of Winchester.

Objectives:

- Create a streetscape that is comfortable and inviting for pedestrians including wide, curb-separated sidewalks, landscaping, street furniture, street lights, public art, etc.
- 2. Define the desired intensity, massing, and height of buildings in the Downtown that create a human scale of development.
- Residential units should front, and take access from, the street.
- Encourage small scale buildings with pedestrian orientation, architecture and entries facing the street, including building to the sidewalk (except open space and/or patios).
- Require building fronts to be "permeable"; no blank walls. Ensure that entries
 and windows connect to the sidewalk and identify with the pedestrian (see
 diagram above).
- 6 Incorporate shade protection elements in building and site design such as covers, awnings; coloniades or street trees.
- 7. Retain the existing alley system to allow architecture to face the street (rear yard access), improve circulation, and provide opportunities for landscaping and parking at the rear of the lot.



Public Parking Behind Building with Mural



Shaded Streetscape



Entry Monumentation



Entry Monumentouon

- 8. Side yard and front yard setbacks should be reduced in the Downtown to create a more dynamic and unified street environment. Build to side property lines when there are alleys at the rear of the site.
- Encourage buildings to enclose and frame corners of major intersections to define and soften the streetscape, and provide a connection with pedestrians.
- 10. Place parking lots in courtyards, behind buildings, or in structures that have retail taking access from the street. Paseos or walkways could provide access from the parking areas to the street.
- 11. Provide opportunities for public art, water features or iconic elements.
- 12. Encourage the placement of overhead utilities underground.
- 13. Route through traffic in the Downtown to higher capacity arterials such as Grand Avenue, Olive Avenue, Patterson Avenue, etc., in order to allow for the occasional closing of roads for special events.

Policies:

- DCD I.I: Create development standards and design guidelines that produce a high quality pedestrian oriented Downtown.
- DCD 1.2: Develop appropriate architectural designs that create a unique, distinct image for the community of Winchester.
- DCD 1.3: Prohibit building design that does not contribute to a walkable, livable, vibrant and human scale environment (e.g., storage areas, long blank walls, and parking lots in front of the buildings).
- DCD 1.4: Encourage new development to include area for public gathering spaces and have opportunities to allow cultural events, outdoor concerts, festivals, or farmers' markets.
- DCD I 5: Require large commercial centers to incorporate public spaces such as outdoor plazas, patios, water features, paseos, interactive children amenities, pedestrian connectivity, etc. This creates a distinct sense of place and provides a quality experience for patrons.
- DCD I.6: Develop appropriate landscape standards that complement the vision of a pedestrian oriented streetscape including pedestrian paseos in between buildings, where appropriate, to encourage pedestrian travel.
- DCD 1.7 Develop appropriate sign standards that complement a pedestrian oriented environment and proper building identification.
- DCD 1.8. Design entry points into the Downtown that are distinct and create a sense of arrival and identify.

Sample Architectural Styles





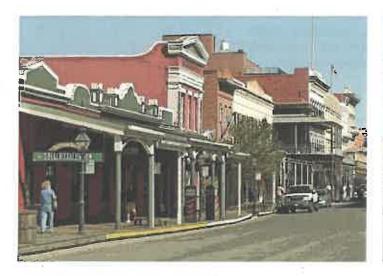




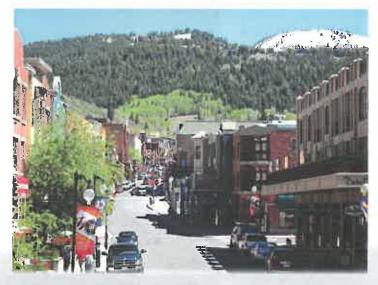


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Walkable, Mixed-Use Downtowns

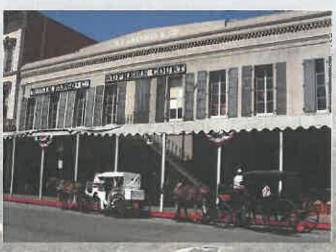












7.2.2 Winchester Community Design Goal:

Develop the area outside of the Downtown core as sustainable, livable neighborhoods with the appropriate distribution of land uses and connectivity to shopping, employment opportunities, transit and recreational amenities.

Objectives:

- I. Develop neighborhoods that provide a variety of housing types to meet the needs of all residents.
- 2. Ensure that architecture is compatible throughout the community and reflects a quality design and image.
- 3. Create streetscapes that are comfortable and inviting for pedestrians, including curb-separated sidewalks, landscaping, street furniture, street lights, pocket parks, paseos, etc.
- 4. At primary intersections, ensure buildings are properly placed and designed to create distinct and aesthetically pleasing streetscapes.
- 5. Neighborhoods and other commercial developments should be developed to consider movement of the pedestrian (not just the automobile), and incorporate sidewalks, shade elements, trails, open space buffers, paseos, water features, or public art to provide visual relief and enhancement.

Policies:

- WCD 1.1: Ensure there is an appropriate transition of land uses, specifically between residential and commercial, industrial or business park uses.
- WCD 1.2: Encourage site and building design that provides pedestrian connectivity.
- WCD 1.3 Allow opportunities for public gathering spaces such as neighborhood parks or open space areas to create areas where neighbors can gather meet or mingle.
- WCD 1.4. Develop appropriate streetscape standards that address entry monumentation, landscape treatment, street furniture, and open space opportunities.
- WCD 1.5: Ensure points of entry into neighborhoods or centers are clearly identifiable and compatible with the adjacent architecture.
- WCD 1.6. Develop appropriate signage standards that are consistent with the building's architecture. Sign standards should also consider signage geared toward the pedestrian (i.e. directories, hanging, or projecting signs).



Commercial Development Outside of Downtown Core



Outdoor Plaza - Gathering Place



Pedestrian Shaded Streetscape



Wide Pedestrian Landscaped Pathway

LAND USE STUDY

Residential Development Outside Downtown Core



Pedestrian Friendly Streetscape



Neighborhood Pocket Park



Entry Monumentation



Multi-family Development

Commercial/Retail Development Outside Downtown Core



Water Feature with Gathering Spaces



Outdoor Space with Fountain



Water Feature



Outdoor Plaza

7.3 Circulation Goals, Objectives and Policies

7.3.1 Circulation Goal:

Create a circulation system that can accommodate the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map as revised per this Study (Figure 7) and complies with the County wide target Levels of Service that facilitate the movement of vehicles, but also places a strong emphasis on safe and efficient pedestrian pathways and greater mobility choices.

Objectives:

- I. Control traffic congestion through better management of demand, improvement to the roadway systems and traffic control devices.
- Ensure that the circulation system creates a framework where people connect
 to the places they want to travel through an extensive, efficient and safe
 network of roadways, transit services, shuttles, bikeways, pedestrian trails and
 well-designed sidewalks.
- 3. Encourage the use of alternative modes of transportation to reduce reliance on the automobile, improve air quality and create a more walkable community.
- 4. Design streets with the complete street design concept: pedestrian, bicycle, transit and auto.
- 5. Retain the existing historical grid pattern street system within the Downtown core area.
- Adopt traffic calming measures such as "choking" down street widths at key intersections, enhanced pavement, landscape pockets, etc., to slow traffic and enhance pedestrian safety.
- 7. Create pedestrian linkages throughout the community (e.g., sidewalks, trails, alleys or paseos).
- 8. Maximize the use of alleys and rear building entries to provide access and reduce congestion on the street system, and make deliveries more efficient.
- Discourage the use of round-a-bouts in the Downtown core to ensure through traffic is routed to the arterials roadways at the perimeter of Downtown

Policies:

The following policies have been developed to support the long-term spacing out of Winchester.

CLU 1.1: Once the Highway 79 re-alignment is approved, the proposed land uses may need to be re-analyzed (and possibly modified) to reduce any potential circulation and land use conflicts or changes as a result of the final re-alignment.

CLU 1.2: All of the proposed traffic improvements listed below are recommended to occur after the construction of Highway 79 re-alignment is completed. All improvements are subject to review and approval of the



Choking Down the Street



Enhanced Paving and Angled Paving

Riverside County Transportation Department and would require the Riverside County Circulation Element to be amended.

- Because Grand Avenue will serve as one of the primary east/west roadways
 for through traffic, Simpson Road is recommended to be reduced to two
 lanes (secondary roadway) with reduced traffic speed in the Downtown.
 This would allow Simpson Road to become a "Main Street" in the
 Downtown, with wide sidewalks and traffic calming devices. In addition,
 this would divert through traffic out of the Downtown, and create a
 safer, more pedestrian oriented streetscape with a traditional Downtown
 "feel".
- Winchester Road should also be reduced to two lanes (secondary roadway) with reduced traffic speed. This would also give Winchester Road a more Main Street atmosphere and create a more pedestrian friendly streetscape. Also, angled parking is recommended on both Winchester and Simpson Roads.
- A crossing at the intersection of the new Highway 79 alignment and Olive Avenue should be considered. This is essential to accommodate the east/west movement of traffic between the Downtown and the future job centers located to the east.
- Extend Rice Road and Patterson Avenue as secondary roadways to the north to connect with Grand Avenue.
- Down-grade Patterson Avenue to a secondary roadway.
- Serious consideration should be given to over-crossings at Rice Road and Domenigoni Parkway, and Patterson Avenue and Domenigoni Parkway, if feasible.
- Designate the entire length of Beeler Road as a secondary roadway.
- CLU 3: Require development projects to incorporate easy, convenient access to public transportation systems with consideration of both existing and long-term planned facilities.
- CLU 1.4. Locate the future transit station in the Downtown core. This will connect Winchester to other parts of the County, support TOD, and improve the future economic viability of the Downtown.
- CLU 1.5: Optimize the use of the alley system in the Downtown core area. The County should consider the re-acquisition of alleys wherever feasible, and require new development to incorporate alleys in the site design.



Train Station to Accomodate TOD



Local Trolley System

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CLU I.6: Implement the use of round-a-bouts outside the Downtown core area. Round-a-bouts should be utilized on perimeter streets such as Olive Avenue, Grand Avenue, Patterson Avenue and Rice Road.

CLU I.7: The re-alignment of Highway 79 shall be designed so that access to Downtown via Winchester Road is not eliminated, as this is vital to the future success of the Downtown.

CLU 1.8: The re-alignment of Highway 79 must be located outside of the Downtown so it does not divide the southwest portion of Downtown core.

CLU 1.9: Ensure an adequate supply of parking in the Downtown core area is provided without compromising the vision for a walkable Downtown. Plan for off-street parking facilities (i.e. structures, lots, park-n-rides or shuttle services) to support and enhance TOD concepts and encourage a walkable Downtown. On street parking should also be permitted throughout the Downtown.

CLU 1.10: Design roads or the future transit station to minimize noise impacts on surrounding residential and sensitive land uses to the extent feasible.

7.4 Multi-Purpose Open Space/Recreation Goal, Objectives and Policies

7.4.1 Multi-Purpose Open Space and Recreation Goal:

Create opportunities for additional open space, trails and recreational opportunities to serve a variety of needs and users within the community.

Objectives:

- Additional open space and parks need to be developed to provide a variety of amenities to serve the entire spectrum of users—children, teen, adults and seniors.
- 2. Provide at least two additional regional park facilities. One facility should be generally located in the north and one facility at the south end of the community.
- 3. Strategically locate open space/recreation uses to compliment the adjacent land uses and minimize any potential noise impacts to nearby sensitive receptors.
- 4. Encourage new developments to include plazas, fountains, public art, courtyards, paseos, outdoor seating and public gathering spaces wherever possible and appropriate.
- 5. Require developments to provide a variety of park amenities. An analysis of the existing park space within approved Specific Plans should be conducted to determine the existing inventory of open space and park land to accurately access the short and long-term needs.
- Incorporate equestrian use and multi-purpose trails to connect to open space, parks, and other recreational amenities where appropriate.
- 7. Preserve the scenic background and natural resources of the community, including the protection of scenic vistas associated with the varied topography that defines the area.

Policies:

OSLU 1.1: Ensure there is an appropriate distribution of recreational amenities in the various land uses given the proposed land use revisions.

OSLU 1.2: Provide open space areas to provide visual relief, create connectivity to other areas, and to help serve as buffers to the built environment.

OSLU 1.3: Ensure that pedestrian, equestrian and bicycle street and trail network systems are incorporated to provide connectivity to surrounding land uses.

OSLU 1.4: Ensure public gathering spaces and parks for civic and cultural events are included in the Downtown core, integrate a network of parks, plazas, public squares, bicycle trails, transit systems, and pedestrian pathways to provide connections within each neighborhood; and surrounding communities.



Children's Park



Park with Fountain



Passive Garden

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Neighborhood Park



Natural Open Space Park



Passive Park



Equestrian Trail

OSLU I.5: Encourage projects to incorporate innovative open space designs, landscape or water features, or interactive areas. Unique designs are encouraged to contribute to create distinct, charming, and inviting developments that people want to spend time at. Examples in California include Victoria Gardens (Rancho Cucamonga), Americana at Grand (Glendale), Valencia Town Center (Valencia), the Grove (Los Angeles) and Old Town Sacramento (Sacramento). These are all successful developments that have implemented the planning and design concepts discussed in this Study.

OSLU I.6: Analyze the opportunity for enhanced recreational opportunities within the existing Salt Creek open space area and existing multi-purpose regional trail (i.e. education kiosks, exercise stations, etc.).

OSLU 1.7: Consider the opportunity for a multi-purpose bridge crossing over Salt Creek to provide pedestrian, equestrian and bicycle connectivity to Downtown.

ORLU 1.8: Consider future park, trail and recreational opportunities within Double Butte County Park.

OSLU 1.9: Conduct a comprehensive recreational and open space assessment for the community to identify the specific long-term needs of all age groups and users. Analysis of recreation and park needs including ball fields should be conducted.



Bicycle Trail

7.5 Sustainability Goal, Objectives and Policies

7.5.1 Sustainability Goal:

Encourage land use planning and development to be efficient in the use of non-renewable resources to reduce impacts and increase sustainability of the community which contributes to a higher quality of life for residents.

Objectives:

- 1. Promote the use of energy and water conservation technologies and practices.
- 2. Require future planning and land use documents (i.e. Specific Plans, design guidelines or development plans) to incorporate sustainable planning and design practices such as Smart Growth, New Urbanism, Transit-Oriented Development and Sustainable Design Principles as appropriate.
- 3. Create an incentive program for projects that obtain LEED (Leadership for Energy and Environmental Design) certification or build to LEED equivalent standards. At a minimum, encourage the use of sustainable building materials, hardscape and site furniture whenever possible.
- Establish regulations that allow for a short-term waiver of parking requirements in the Downtown core for highly desirable land uses such as specialty retail, restaurants, and lodging.
- 5. Consider the adoption of an in-lieu parking fee in the Downtown to create a future source of funds for the development of parking structures and/or parking lots.

Policies:

- SLU 1.1: Establish initiatives for environmentally friendly building practices applicable to existing and new development
- SLU 1.2. Encourage water conservation, solar energy, and enhanced recycling opportunities, and promote energy conservation practices to help develop a greener community to advance the quality of life and appeal of the community.
- SLU 1.3: Encourage the design and construction of energy efficient buildings to reduce air, water, land pollution and other environmental impacts from energy production and consumption.
- SLU 1.4. Maximize natural light opportunities when considering building placement to reduce energy use.
- SLU 1.5: Preserve existing tree canopy, native vegetation, and pervious surfaces where feasible.
- SUL i 6: Reduce the impact of heat islands by providing shade structures and trees that can produce large canopies to provide shade.
- SUL 1.7: Select roof and paving materials that possess a high level of solar reflectivity.



Multi-Purpose Trail

SLU 1.8: Select land use designation so communities will be near public transportation infrastructure to reduce vehicle trips and encourage mobility alternatives.

SLU 1.9: Provide direct and safe connections for pedestrians, bicyclists, and drivers to key locations of a project, local destinations, and neighborhood centers.

8.0 Conclusion

Community leaders, residents and stakeholders were a positive influence on the outcome of the study. These participants are acknowledged for their hard work, commitment and involvement throughout this land use planning process. As a result of the community input and the land use analysis conducted, the following recommendations are provided to assist with the long-term, economic sustainability of Winchester:

- Require LAFCO to take immediate steps and formally acknowledge the boundaries of the community of Winchester as identified by the WMAC and Area Plan Land Use Map.
- 2. Adopt the Proposed Land Use Modifications Map (Figure 7, Proposed Land Use Modifications) to provide a balance of land uses for the successful, long-term build-out of the community.
- 3. Adopt the goals, policies and objectives contained in Section 7 of this Study.
- 4. Prepare a Specific Plan for the Downtown core in order to ensure that the vision for the Downtown is achieved.
- The WMAC strongly recommends that the County conduct an analysis of density increases currently being processed within approved Specific Plans.
- 6. Once the ultimate alignment of Highway 79 is selected, the County should re-analyze properties adjacent to the Highway to minimize any potential impacts or conflicts in land uses, and determine appropriate land uses as recommended in this Study.
- Ensure the re-alignment of Highway 79 is designed so that the alignment is located outside of the Downtown to avoid dividing the southwest portion of the Downtown.
- 8. Prepare a Recreation Master Plan to identify the long-range open space and recreational needs of the community.
- Require the County to pursue a variety of funding mechanisms to help construct the necessary infrastructure to support the proposed land uses in the Area Plan and the proposed modifications as a result of this Study
- 10. County should actively pursue funding options to pay for the necessary infrastructure needed to support development throughout the community Funding options may include but are not limited to state or federal grants, RDA replacement agencies, or other financial mechanisms that are currently available and funds that may become available in the future.

References:

County of Riverside Transportation and Land Management Agency

Easter Municipal Water District

Riverside County Flood Control District

Riverside County Integrated Plan

Third District Supervisor Stone's Office

Winchester Home Owners' Association

Winchester Home Owners' Association Land Use Committee

Winchester Municipal Advisory Council

Winchester Museum

Acknowledgements:

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Appendices



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A. Winchester Land Use Study Background Report (January 2012)

BACKGROUND REPORT

COMMUNITY OF WINCHESTER LAND USE STUDY

January 2012



PREPARED FOR:

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency 3403 Tenth Street, Suite 400 Riverside, California 92501

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A. Winchester Land Use Study Background Report (January 2012)

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1.0 PURPOSE

The purpose of this Background Report is to provide the foundation and supporting information for the preparation of the Land Use Study (LUS) for the unincorporated community of Winchester in Riverside County. The composition and direction of the LUS will be influenced by the physical conditions, opportunities and constraints within the community, the General Plan, and the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan (HV/WAP). Input from the Planning Advisory Board, the Winchester Municipal Advisory Council (WMAC) and the community through a series of design charrettes and community workshops will have a significant influence the on the LUS.

2.0 ORGANIZATION

The Background Report will provide supporting information on the project area which is located within the community of Winchester. The information is organized into four topic areas which include:

- Project Location—Section 3.0
- Physical Conditions—Section 4.0
- General Plan—Section 5.0
- Opportunities and Constraints—Section 6.0

3.0 PROJECT LOCATION

The community of Winchester is situated in western Riverside County. Winchester is an unincorporated community located within the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan. The Planning Area consists of only unincorporated territory and includes Harvest Valley (which is an umbrella name and includes the communities of Romoland, Homeland and Green Acres) and Winchester (Figure 1, Regional Location Map). However, this LUS is only for the unincorporated community of Winchester. One of the primary goals of this LUS is to define the ultimate boundaries for the future development of the community of Winchester.

The unincorporated communities of Homeland and Green Acres are located to the north. Romoland is located to the northwest and Diamond Valley is to the southeast. The cities of Perns and Menifee are located to the west and the city of Hemet to the east.

Due to its central location, Winchester is situated to become what the County of Riverside General Plan refers to as the "gateway to the Diamond Valley". Diamond Valley Lake will be a significant land use feature that is anticipated to attract growth and will influence the change in the land use character of the area. The Planning Area boundary is depicted in Figure 2, HV/WAP Land Use Map. The boundaries as described above are based on the existing HV/WAP.

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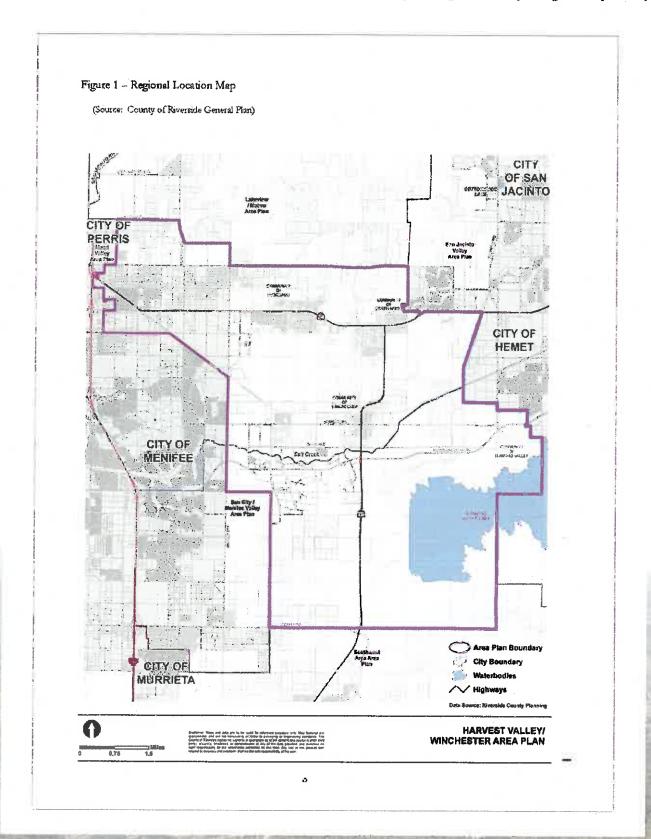
4.0 PHYSICAL CONDITIONS

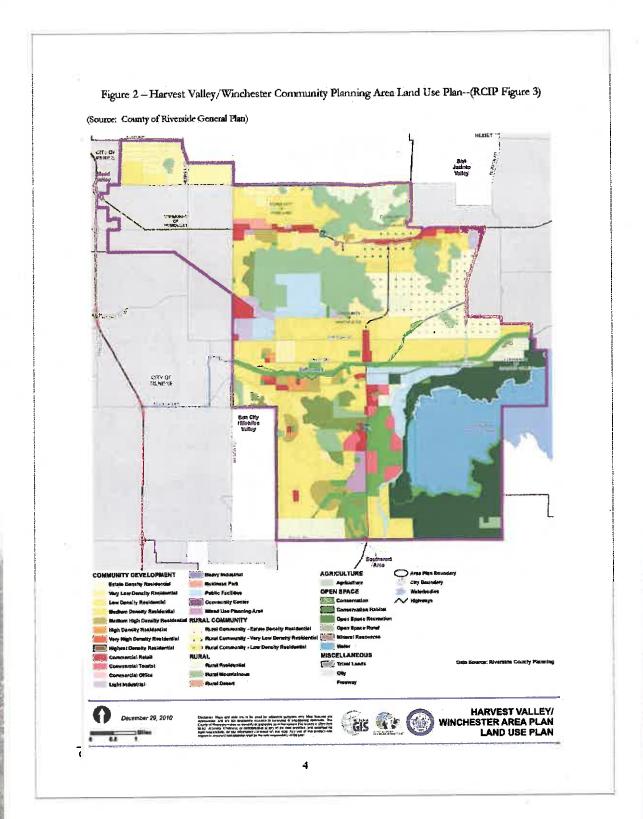
The assessment of the physical conditions, and the opportunities and constraints will be the basis for this Land Use Study. The physical conditions will be assessed to address the local site conditions, local and regional infrastructure, and any limitations that could influence this LUS. For the purposes of this LUS, the physical conditions include existing land use, environmental issues, infrastructure, utilities, topography and other natural features. The physical conditions will also be assessed in conjunction with the goals, policies and objectives of the County of Riverside General Plan and the HV/WAP, the residents of Winchester and the WMAC.

Winchester consists of several major features: State Route 79 (Winchester Road), the existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line running east-west through the community, Double Butte Mountains, Diamond Valley Lake, Salt Creek, and the San Diego Aqueduct (Figure 3, Physical Features).

The existing community of Winchester is characterized by a small western-themed commercial core at the intersection of State Route 79 and Simpson Road. This small and under-utilized community core is surrounded by small homes on large parcels and agricultural uses. The HV/WAP currently envisions Winchester to be developed from a rural area to a western themed commercial core with the majority of the development activity centering around Winchester and Simpson Roads. This area is identified as the Winchester Policy Area in the HV/WAP. The entire community is also within the Highway 79 Policy Area. The existing Policy Areas and Overlays are discussed in greater detail in Section 5.

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4.1 Environmental

Physical environmental conditions have the potential to limit an areas' long-term development capacity. As a result, a review of local conditions can help to identify possible issues and guide future land use recommendations. Common environmental issues include seismic, hydrology, geologic, and infrastructure. As described below, there are several environmental conditions that will limit development within the LUS area. These issues are the Heimet-Ryan airport influence zone, potential flooding, lack of a storm drain system and limited wastewater facilities. These issues will be analyzed in greater detail in the LUS.

In addition, the County of Riverside TLMA GIS identifies the community of Winchester as having farmland of statewide importance, local importance and unique character. The TLMA GIS also shows that the LUS area consists of agricultural preserve areas, and areas of high and low paleontological sensitivity. The system does not identify any land covered by the Western Riverside County MSHCP cells or cell groups.

4.1.1 Seismic Issues

Winchester is located in Southern California which is very seismically active. Based on the County TLMA GIS system, no faults are located within the community of Winchester. However, the Elsinore Fault zone is located approximately 15 miles to the west of downtown Winchester. The San Jacinto Fault zone is located approximately 11 miles to the east of Winchester.

The County TLMA GIS system also identifies several Riverside County Fault zones surrounding Winchester the City of Hemet to the northeast, south of Diamond Valley Lake, and to the west in the City of Menifee.

Pursuant to Figure 13 of the HV/WAP, Seismic Hazards map, the majority of Winchester is within very high and high liquefaction susceptibility zones. Seismic factors are addressed through California Building Code requirements and do not generally constitute constraints to development.

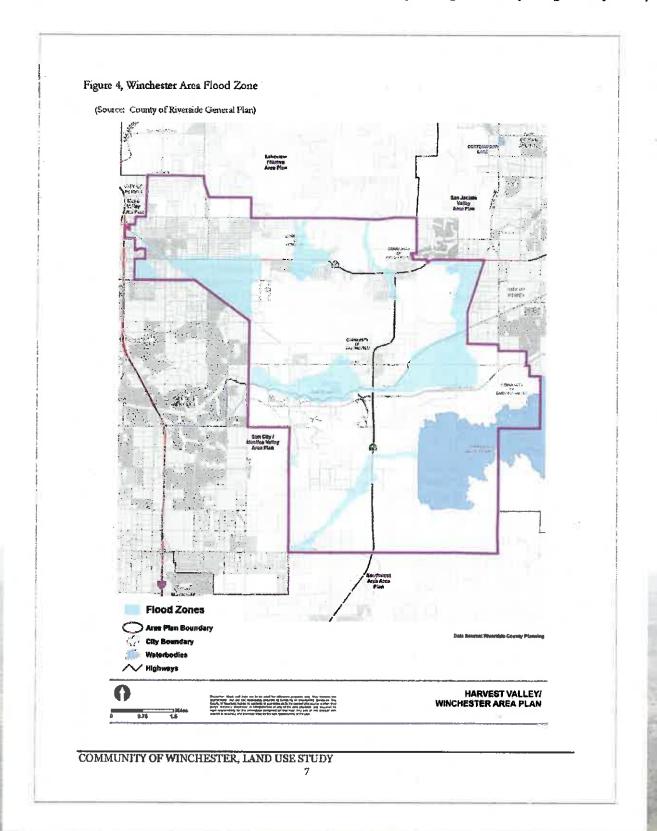
4.1.2 Hydrology

Winchester is located within the San Jacinto Valley and Santa Marganita River Watersheds. The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) has identified a flood area that flows generally along Salt Creek and runs east-west through the community. This area is identified on the Riverside County TLMA GIS as generally located north of Domenigoni Parkway and south of the existing rail line (Figure 4, Flood Zones). This is a potential constraint to development, however, existing regulatory and flood management programs address this issue. In addition, FEMA maps are updated every 10 years and the flood designations may change over time or with improvements to flood channels.

There is also a flood zone designation that runs southwest from Diamond Valley Lake that appears to be an area that would flood in the event of a spillover or release occurs from the Diamond Valley Lake dam. Warm Springs Creek is also located south of Diamond Valley Lake and is piped underground to approximately Scott Road where it then flows southwest out of the HV/WAP and ultimately flows into the Santa Margarita River.

The Riverside County TLMA GIS and Figure 11 of the HV/WAP identify a large portion of the community within the 100 and 500 year flood zones. These references also identify several areas within the community that are within a designated flood zone (Figure 4). The two major areas are Salt Creek and the area extending southwest from Diamond Valley Lake. Figure 11 of the HV/WAP illustrates that the proposed commercial core at the intersection of Simpson Road and State Route 79 is not located within a flood zone.

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The HV/WAP Local Hazard Policies states that the Diamond Valley Lake dam could pose a significant flood hazard to residents of the HV/WAP if the 800,000-acre-foot facility were to fail. Moreover, hazards could result from a significant flood event along Salt Creek and the San Jacinto River. The floodplains follow existing creeks and most significantly affect lowland areas. However, many techniques may be used to address the danger of flooding such as avoiding development in floodplains, altering the water channels, making flood channel improvements to minimize potential flooding, applying specialized building techniques, elevating structures that are in floodplains, and enforcing setbacks.

The existing flood zones and any potential constraints to future development will be analyzed in greater detail in the LUS.

4.2 Utilities and Services

The lack of infrastructure, utilities, and other public services can potentially limit an area's development potential. As a result, an analysis of utility and service availability is a common first step in most planning processes. This general summary of the available public utility and services assesses the current local conditions. As described below, due to the lack of local and regional infrastructure, there may be some potential limitations to long-term development within the community of Winchester until infrastructure improvements are constructed.

4.2.1 Water Supply

Potable Water

Public water supply to Winchester is provided by Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD). There do not appear to be any unique water supply or water service constraints that would limit future development or redevelopment within the LUS area (Figure 5, EMWD Water System).

Recycled Water

With the expected completion of the Long Fellow Tank and associated water line network, recycled water will be available in the near future for imigation of landscaping of parks, golf courses, schools, farmland and community landscape areas (Figure 6, EMWD Recycled Water System).

4.2.2 Sewer

There is no local wastewater treatment facility in the community of Winchester. Most properties are currently served by septic systems. However, there are some homes that are served by sewers. The waste is piped to a pumping station to the east of the core downtown area. Lack of wastewater infrastructure will be a constraint to the future development within the LUS area (Figure 7, EMWD Sewer System).

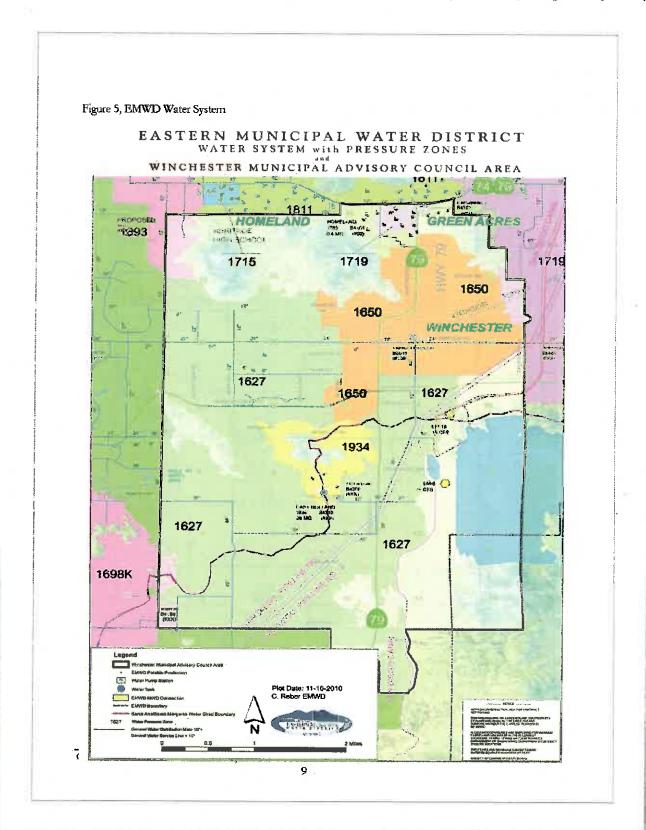
4.2.3 Solid Waste

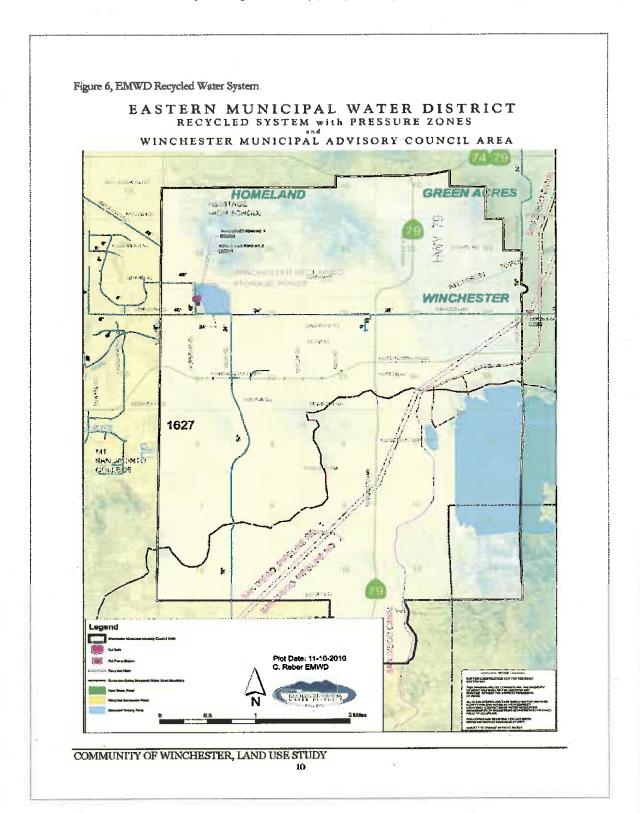
Solid waste collection and disposal is provided by Waste Management Inc. through a contract with the County of Riverside. There are no known solid waste capacity constraints to the future development or redevelopment within the LUS area.

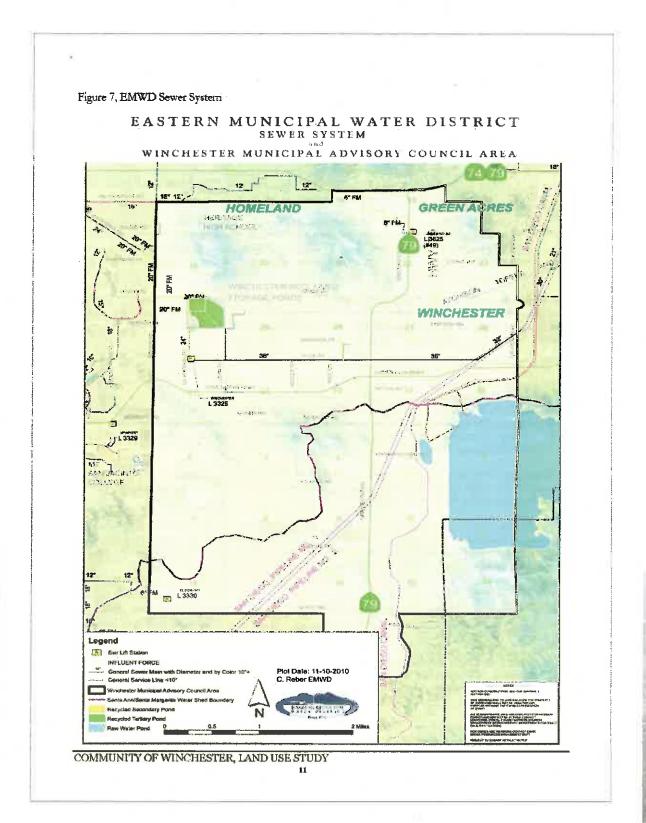
4.2.4 Storm Drainage

Winchester currently accommodates storm water by surface drainage. There are no underground facilities in the area. There is no local or regional storm drain system within the HV/WAP. Due to the relatively level topography and lack of local or regional storm drain system, flooding does occur in some locations during

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storm events. Street run-off drains into local water courses. Therefore, until additional storm drain facilities are built, storm drain runoff will limit future development in the LUS area.

4.25 Parks and Open Space

Winchester is currently provided parks and recreational services from Community Service Area (CSA) 146. Pursuant to Riverside County Parks and Recreation Department, the only park facility within the area is Lake Skinner located at 37701 Warren Road. Although the mailing address is "Winchester", this facility is not located within the LUS area.

The Double Butte land fill is a closed facility that is managed by Riverside County Waste Management. The County Waste Management Department stated there are no plans to redevelop the site or the surrounding area to a park or public use area. However, the HV/WAP shows this area as a regional park (Figure 9 Trails and Bikeway System). The HV/WAP states the intent is to create recreational uses at the site once remediation is complete.

Winchester currently has limited park and recreational facilities within the immediate community. The LUS will assess the opportunity for additional park and open space uses including neighborhood and passive parks. These types of park and open spaces would not compete with Diamond Valley Lake, but would provide park uses not currently provided in the community.

4.2.6 Road Network

The transportation network system within Winchester includes two State Routes, and several major, secondary and local streets. The main roadways within the LUS are State Route 79 which runs north-south and State Route 74 which is to the north of the Planning Area and runs east-west. Domenigoni Parkway runs east-west, connects with Interstate 215 to the west, and terminates at State Street in the Hemet area. Several other arterials and collector roads from these major roadways serve local uses as depicted on Figure 8 (HV/WAP Circulation) of this report.

The existing downtown area located at the intersection of Simpson Road and State Route 79 consists of a traditional grid street system. The Area Plan also contains a regional road system that provides adequate circulation throughout the community.

Currently, the County is analyzing the relocation of State Route 79 which has potential alignments running to the east of the existing Winchester downtown core. The relocation efforts will have both positive and negative impacts on the future development of Winchester, depending on the alternative that is chosen. The realignment options and impacts will be discussed in greater detail in the LUS.

4.2.7 Rail Transit

There is an existing Burlington Northern/Santa Fe rail line that physically bisects Winchester. The rail line is not currently being used. However, the line has potential to be used for commercial passenger service. In fact, the HV/WAP Land Use Concepts states:

"A transit station is to be incorporated into the fabric of Winchester and act as the northern anchor for the community. The transit station would act as the regional connection to the Diamond Valley Lake and its surrounding entertainment and recreational uses, as well as Temecula further to the south."

"A transit station should be incorporated into the Community Center. This transit station can be connected to the Winchester Transit Station through a transit system such as the Oasis Concept which is described in the Circulation Element of the General Plan).

The rail line also has the potential to connect the City of Hemet with March Air Reserve Base (ARB) and the City of Riverside. Given the existing rail line, State Route 79 and its proximity to the Diamond Valley Lake, the HV/WAP states "the community of Winchester has the potential to serve as an important tourist and transit hub." These opportunities will be analyzed and discussed in greater detail at the community design charrettes and workshops with findings incorporated into the LUS.

4.2.7 Public Transportation

The Winchester area is currently being served by the existing bus-based transit provided by Riverside Transit Agency (RTA). Routes 27, 74 and 79 service the LUS area. The RTA transit network is further connected to the rest of Riverside County via the existing RTA bus routes. Overall, the area appears to be adequately served given the existing population and ridership demand. However, once the downtown is developed with a transit station, there would be an opportunity to extend bus services from downtown Winchester to the recreational uses at Diamond Valley Lake.

4.2.8 Other Transportation

The HV/WAP proposes a Class I Bike Path/Regional Trail generally along Salt Creek which traverses east-west across the community as depicted in Figure 9 of the HV/WAP Trails and Bikeway System. This LUS will analyze opportunities to expand the existing trails and bikeway circulation system within Winchester.

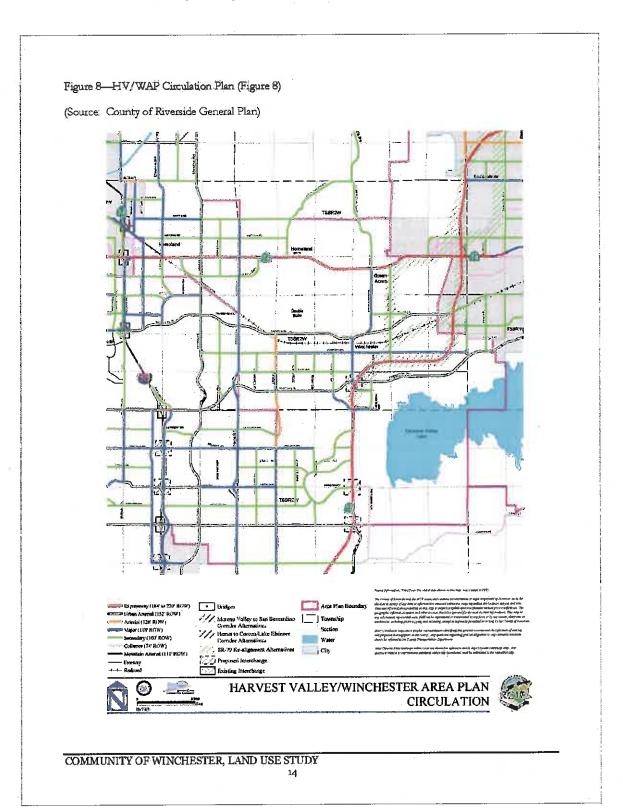
A portion of the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area is located within the community of Winchester as depicted on Figure 9 of this LUS with areas of moderate, high and extreme risk zones. Because a portion of the LUS area is within the Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Area some potential constraints to future development may occur. The Policy is described in more detail in Section 5 below.

4.2.9 Fire and Police

The community of Winchester is provided fire and police services by the County of Riverside. There is an existing Homeland fire department to the north located at 24730 Sultanas Road, a Riverside County fire station to the east in Hemet at 4710 W. Stetson Avenue, and a fire station to the northwest in Sun City at 27860 Bradley Road.

Police stations are located in Hemet at 43950 Acadia Avenue, #B and in Sun City at 26890 Cherry Hills Boulevard.

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5.0 GENERAL PLAN

State Law requires that all counties and cities adopt a General Plan addressing the issues, of land use, housing, transportation, open space, conservation, circulation, noise, and seismic safety. Once adopted, the General Plan provides a blueprint to guide future development and future capital improvement projects for a city or county. The Riverside County General Plan consists of several Area Plans that provide more specific detail, land use goals, and policies for each community.

As stated earlier, the Land Use Concept of the HV/WAP acknowledges that Winchester is ideally situated to become the gateway to the Diamond Valley Lake and accommodate significant intensification of land uses. The HV/WAP Land Use Concept further states "The Diamond Valley Lake and surrounding recreation area provides a major tourist attraction and is the key to future growth in the area. The land uses that surround Diamond Valley Lake are intended to preserve the facility's long-term outdoor recreational opportunities and to attract visitors by providing a quality experience for them."

"The Land Use Plan focuses on preserving the unique features in the HV/WAP and, at the same time, guides the accommodation of future growth." The HV/WAP Land Use Concept currently proposes a significant shift from the existing rural land use to a higher density land use consisting of more urban/suburban/rural mixed land uses that focus around unique cores. The rationale for this proposed land use shift is due to the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake and the recreational and development opportunities it presents. In addition, the transit opportunities with the existing rail line, and State Routes 74 and 79 could support increased density in the HV/WAP. The current Plan envisions a distinct character and identity consisting of a compact downtown core designed in an Old West theme with a mixture of land uses that are pedestrian oriented.

The HV/WAP Land Use Map (Figure 2) depicts the current geographic distribution of land uses within the Planning Area. The Land Use Map is organized around 30 area land use designations and five overlays. There are also eight Policy Areas within the HV/WAP. The HV/WAP states "in some ways these policies are even more critical to the sustained character of the HV/WAP than some of the basic land use policies because they reflect deeply held beliefs about the kind of place this is and should remain" (Figure 4 Policy Areas of the HV/WAP). Policy Areas contain special or unique characteristics that required detailed analysis and focused policies—not typical zoning and land use concepts.

The Policies Areas that would most directly influence future land uses and development within the community of Winchester are summarized below:

- The Hernet-Ryan Airport Influence Area. This is an active airport located outside of the HV/WAP
 to the east. There are numerous safety zones associated with the Airport Influence Policy Area and
 properties within this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity,
 density, height of structures and noise. This Policy Area and potential impacts will be analyzed in the
 LUS.
- The Winchester Policy Area is the area covered by the Community Center Overlay. The intent is to help in creating a sense of place and an entrance to the Diamond Valley Recreation Area. This Policy Area has been created to capitalize on the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake with the downtown core of the activity centered around Winchester and Simpson Roads. The vision for the downtown core would be implemented with the Community Center Overlay which eliminates the typical zoning that requires separation of land uses.



- The Diamond Valley Lake Policy Area is envisioned to be developed pursuant to one or more Specific Plans consisting of a variety of recreational opportunities and tourist-oriented facilities including hotels, restaurants, and commercial services to be developed in the future.
- The Winchester Road/Newport Road Policy Area is located at the northeast corner of State Route 79 and Newport Road. The intent of this Policy Area is to direct the commercial uses to the low-lying area suitable for development, provided development can coexist with the proximity of the Diamond Valley Reservoir West Dam. The Policy Area does acknowledge that some destination type development may be possible provided the scenic values of the area are maintained.
- The Highway 79 Policy Area is intended to address the transportation infrastructure capacity within
 the Policy Area, which is a critical and necessary component to accommodate the land use densities
 contained in the HV/WAP Land Use Map.
- The "Specific Plan Required" Policy Area reflects the general land uses contained in Specific Plan
 (SP) No. 310. All approved SPs zoning maps within the Winchester community would be reviewed
 to ensure appropriate and logical transition of land uses adjacent to approved SPs.

Policy Areas affect the land use and character of development in Winchester. Therefore, all applicable Policy Areas will be reviewed and accessed for potential impacts and opportunities for development of the LUS. Table 1, Land Use Designations Summary of the HV/WAP identifies the foundation component, Area Plan Land Use Designation, and building intensity range. Table 2, Statistical Summary of the HV/WAP provides a statistical summary of the projected development capacity of the Planning Area if all uses are built as proposed in the Land Use Map. This information is important as it shows the existing acreages per land use designation and the intensities allowed per land use. This information will also be reviewed and discussed with the community and WMAC to determine final land use recommendations within the LUS.

6.0 OPPORTUNITIES AND CONSTRAINTS

The community of Winchester is the gateway to Diamond Valley Lake and Recreation Area. Primary access from the south is State Route 79 and from the north is freeway (1 - 215) via the Newport Avenue Interchange which becomes Domenigoni Parkway in Winchester. As the recreation area of Diamond Valley Lake continues to develop, there will be opportunities for tourism and service commercial related uses such as lodging, restaurants, boat repair sales and service, and recreational related commercial uses.

Throughout the five public meetings that are scheduled for this LUS, the project team is anticipating extensive input from the community on potential opportunities and constraints within Winchester. This project will be a collaborative approach with extensive public engagement from residents, business owners, tenants, land owners, and various boards and committees within Riverside County.

Therefore, the issues identified below are only preliminary and will be finalized once all public meetings have been completed. Some of the issues discussed in this Section have the potential to be both an opportunity and constraint, depending on how the area is planned and developed.

6.1 Opportunities

6.1.1 Downtown Development

The historic grid pattern street layout in the downtown area is very conducive to creating a vibrant, livable, pedestrian oriented, mixed use downtown. If planned correctly, this downtown area could be the cultural heart of the community. Potential future uses include mixed use development (residential/commercial), diring, performing arts theaters, museums, government offices, libraries, senior centers, etc. It is our opinion that the downtown area has tremendous potential and is deserving of additional, more focused study. Surely, one of the immediate outcomes of this study should be the preparation of a Specific Plan for the downtown.

6.1.2 Circulation

The realignment of State Route 79 will create significant regional or community commercial retail opportunities near its new intersection with Domenigoni Parkway. With respect to impacts on the downtown area, it is strongly recommended that the ultimate realignment provide for an interchange somewhere between Domenigoni Parkway and State Route 74. This will be vital for retail growth downtown and providing accessibility to potential customers. In the event that an interchange is determined to be infeasible in this area, then, at the very least, east/west movement of traffic over or below the future realigned highway must be provided. This is critical to the viability of retail commercial uses in the downtown.

The regional circulation system appears to be capable of supporting significant growth in the Winchester area. The continuing improvements to, and the realignment of, State Route 79 should provide more than adequate movement of vehicles within the valley. Moreover, there is a clearly defined grid road system that will provide alternate routes for vehicles to use to avoid the inajor roads and highways.

In order to move traffic more efficiently in the valley, the use of roundabouts or traffic circles should be considered. The Winchester area, because it is not heavily developed, should take advantage of these designs to move vehicles more efficiently throughout the area and minimize air pollution from idling vehicles.

The proximity of future interchanges provides opportunities to create strong visual statements and clear connections to the downtown. This can be accomplished through the use of entry monumentation, signage, landscaping (comprehensive streetscape design standards), and the construction of buildings with unique and/or iconic design elements near the gateways to the community.

6.1.3 Economic Development/Employment Opportunities

The close proximity of the mil line to the downtown creates opportunities for passenger rail service for commuters and the associated development of a transit center and transit oriented development. In addition, Winchester's close proximity to March ARB (approximately 20 miles northwest) could serve as a future job center (when the ARB is redeveloped) and could create high end jobs with a short commute to work.

Because of the close proximity to both Hemet/Ryan and French Valley Airports, there are very positive possibilities for industrial growth and job creation. The area to the west of Hemet/Ryan, in particular, could support light industrial/business park uses that would be close to create positive economic opportunities in the downtown area. These uses could include service commercial, professional offices, lodging, and restaurants.

The hilltop area adjacent to the reservoir and southeast of the intersection of Domenigoni Parkway and the realigned State Route 79 could be developed for tourist commercial uses, provided that the scarning of the hill is minimized (see existing policy 6.1 in the General Plan).



Winchester is remote enough from large existing commercial centers in Hemet, French Valley, and Menifee that future retail uses could be viable as population growth reaches levels that can support neighborhood, community, and regional commercial centers. While it may be quite some time before some of the larger retail uses are realized, it is vital to plan for all levels of retail/commercial now. One only has to look at the neighboring communities to see the dynamic growth that has occurred within the last few decades to underline the importance of planning for substantial growth in the valley over the next 20 years.

Because there is so much vacant land in the planning area, there are opportunities to attract major public and private colleges and universities. There are currently limited opportunities in many of the nearby, more developed communities, as many of them don't have the hundreds of acres of land available that larger educational institutions require for their campuses. It is important to keep in mind that it can take decades to attract, plan for, and construct major campuses; therefore, it is important to consider this issue as soon as possible in order to plan adequately for a campus decades into the future.

6.1.4 Parks and Open Space

The closed landfill at Double Butte should be analyzed to determine if portions of the site could be developed as a regional park. While it is clear that there are some environmental concerns as they relate to the landfill, it appears that there are areas that could be utilized or improved for trails, passive and active parks, equestrian facilities, and other recreational uses.

As stated in Section 4.2.5 Parks and Open Space, Winchester currently has limited park and recreational facilities within the immediate community. The LUS will assess the opportunity for additional park and open space areas to meet the park needs of all residents from toddlers to seriors. A variety of neighborhood parks and passive open space areas are necessary to serve the long-term needs of the immediate community.

6.1.5 Energy Opportunities

The LUS will include preliminary research to determine if there is an opportunity to extract methane gas from the Double Butte landfill. This is currently being done at various land fields as a means of generating electricity that is then used on site to run the facility. Generating energy or developing a co-generate facility could become a venue source to help pay for remediation or development of recreational opportunities at the landfill. This potential opportunity will be discussed in the final LUS.

6.2 Constraints

6.2.1 Infrastructure

The relatively flat topography in much of the Winchester area presents challenges for sewage disposal and surface drainage in new developments. In addition, there are very few paved road, sidewalks, curb, or gutter improvements in the downtown core area.

6.2.2 Flooding

There are some areas near the reservoir and along the Salt Creek drainage area that are impacted by flooding. There appears to be minimal or no local drainage into Salt Creek, as most of the drainage comes from further upstream. In addition, there are several other flood zones throughout Winchester (Figure 4) that may have a constraint on future development. Riverside County Flood Control District will be consulted to identify the opportunities and constraints of the existing flood zones on future development.

6.2.3 Circulation

Depending on the alternative selected, if there is no future interchange that provides access to the downtown between Domenigoni Parkway and State Highway 74 to the north, the viability of retail uses in the downtown will be adversely impacted. Additionally, regardless of the lack of a future interchange, any impediment to the east/west movement of vehicles to and from the downtown (e.g., an elevated roadbed with no access below or above the road) will also negatively impact the downtown. This issue will be discussed in the LUS.

6.2.4 Economic Development/Employment Opportunities

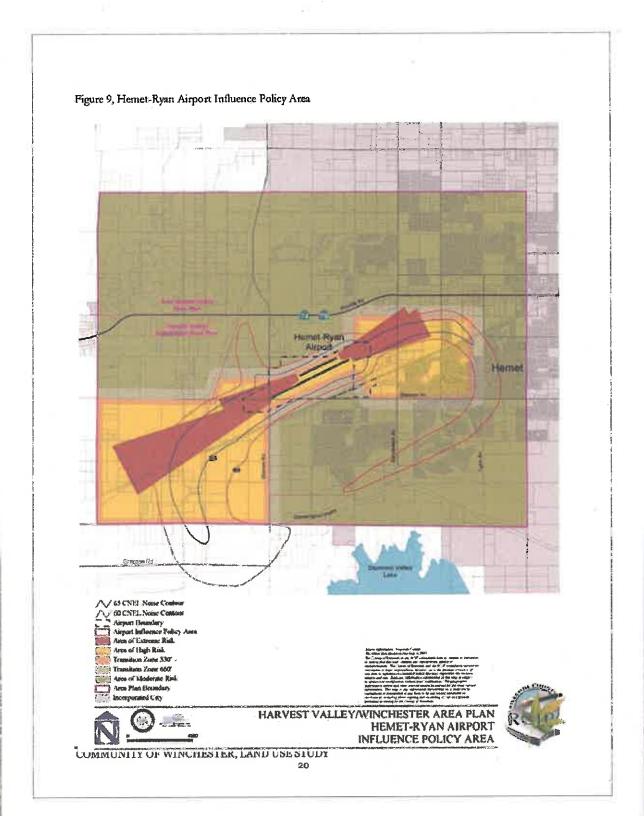
Distances from major freeways may inhibit local job generation for quite some time and will delay the development of major regional retail development until population growth in the region can support them. However this constraint may be off-set by jobs created at March ARB, as it develops momentum as a significant regional employment center.

The loss of the existing railroad as a freight line may inhibit and restrict the potential development of certain industrial and business park uses. However, this should not be a serious constraint, as there are areas in nearby cities that have viable light industrial and business park uses with no rail service. This may also be offset by the fact that there is a strong likelihood of future passenger service utilizing the existing rail line.

6.2.5 The Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area

The Hemet-Ryan Airport is located within an Airport Influence Policy Area. This is an active airport located outside of the HV/WAP to the east. As stated in Section 5 above, there are numerous safety zones associated with the Airport Influence Policy Area. Properties within this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. Therefore, the development of properties within the Policy Area could have some development limitations due to the Policy Area regulations.

A. Winchester Land Use Study Background Report (January 2012)



LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1—Regional Location Map

Figure 2—Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Land Use Map

Figure 3—Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Physical Features

Figure 4—Winchester Area Flood Zones

Figure 5—EMWD Water System

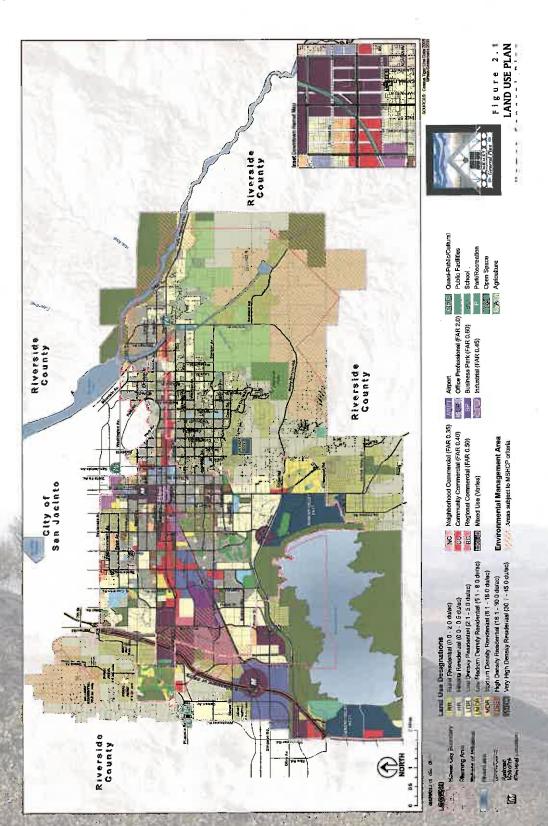
Figure 6—EMWD Recycled Water System

Figure 7—EMWD Sewer System

Figure 8—Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Circulation

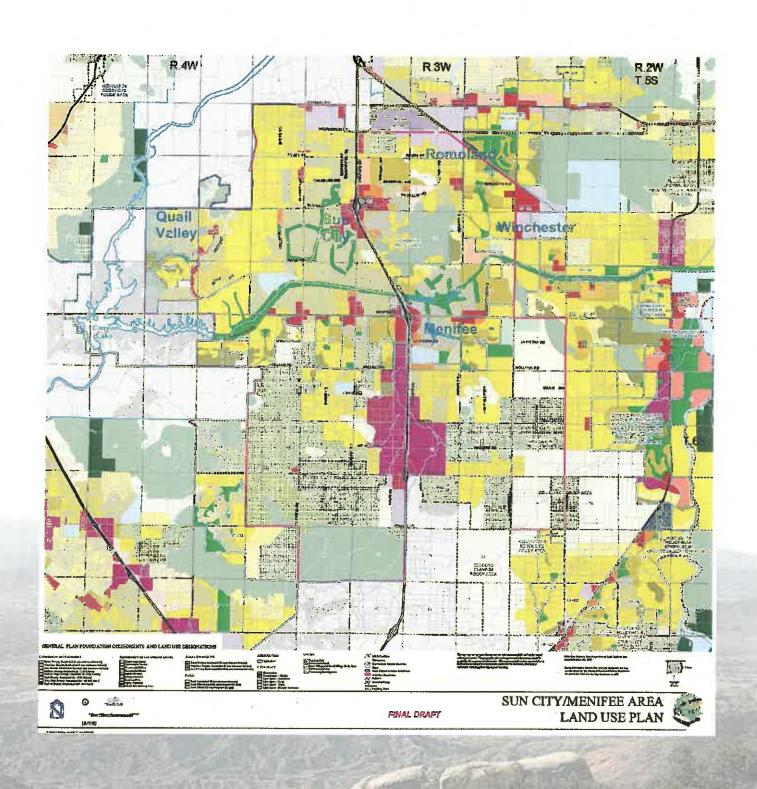
Figure 9—Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area

B. City of Hemet Land Use Plan

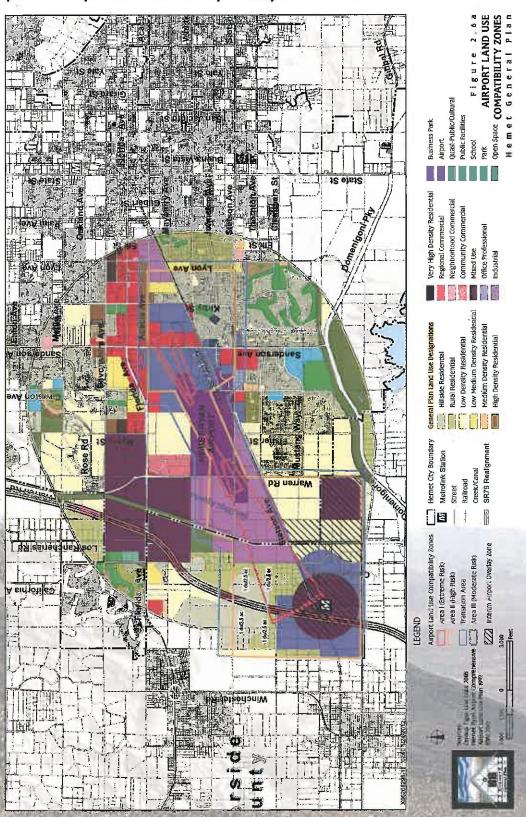


LAND USE STUDY - Appendix

C. City of Menifee Land Use Plan



D. City of Hemet Airport Land Use Compatibility Zones



landowners whose property is designated as open space are compensated for the value of their property. This lead use concept requires adoption of density transfer policies and implementation massures to ensure that

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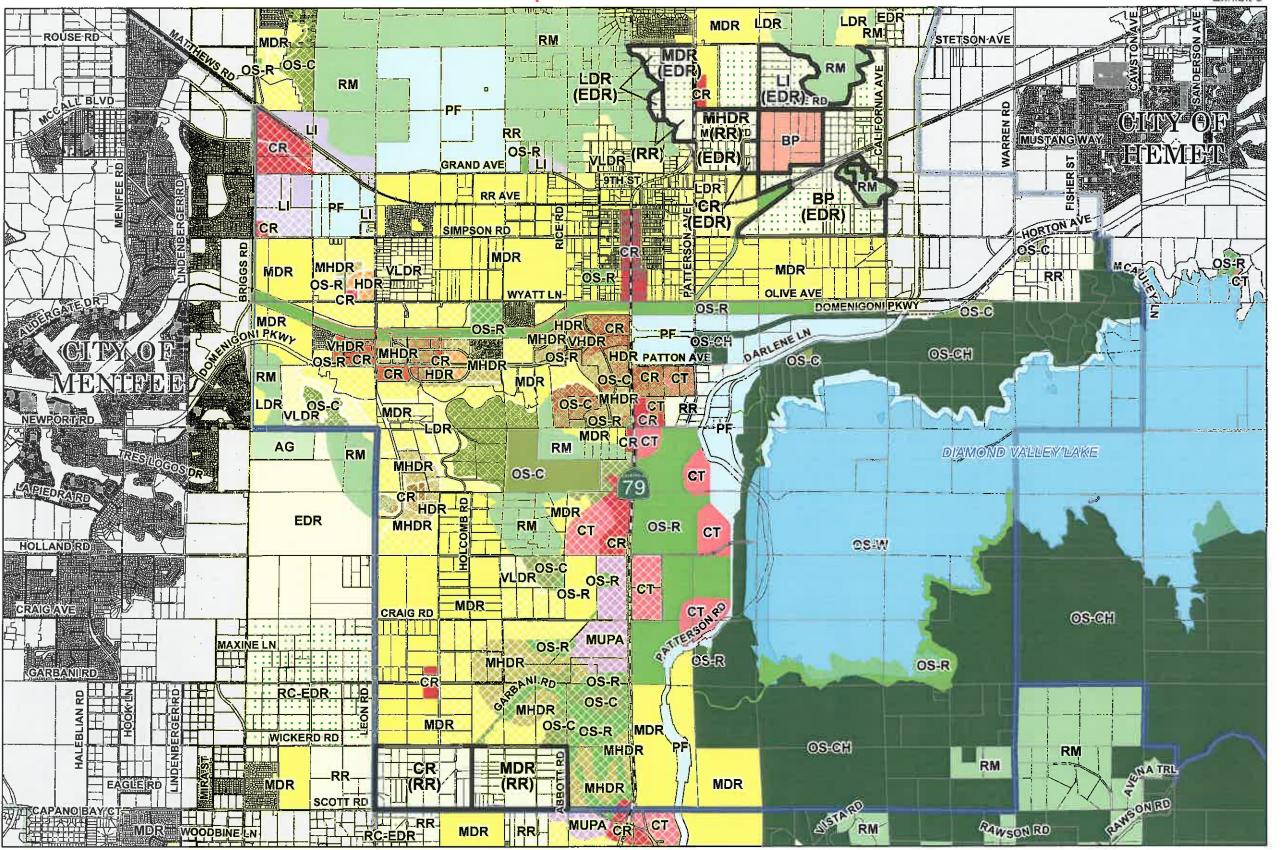
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Winchester East Vicinity

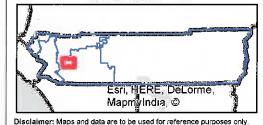
GPA 01207: Proposed General Plan

Exhibit 6





9/29/2016



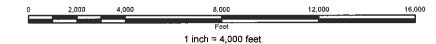
Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

Zoning District: Hemet-San Jacinto Zoning Area: Winchester

Supervisor: Washington

District: 3









GPA 1207 - Winchester East

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4652500342.22 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500352.27 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500365.01 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500371.95 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500384.18 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95 RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42 RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4 RC-EDRCD-BP	465250031	1.24	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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4652500384.18RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250036	5.01	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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	465270009	0.42	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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	465280002	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP

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465280003		RC-EDR	CD-BP	1
465280004		RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280005		RC-EDR	CD-BP	1
465280006	2.05	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280007	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280008	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280009	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280010	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280011	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280012	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280013	2.52	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280014	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	1
465280015	2.48	RC-EDR	CD-BP]
465280016	2.52	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280017	2.49	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280018	2.51	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280019	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280020	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	
465280021	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP	1
465280022	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP	1
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465290002	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR]
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465290007	. 5	R-RR	CD-MHDR	
465290008	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR	
465290009	5.5	R-RR	CD-MHDR	**
465290012	9.12	R-RR	CD-MHDR	1
465290013	9.26	R-RR	CD-MHDR	+
465290016	9.05	R-RR	CD-MHDR	
465290017	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR	4
465290018	9.25	R-RR	CD-MHDR	
465300001	4.66	R-RR	CD-LDR	
465300002	30.13	R-RR	CD-MDR	

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465320002	2.28	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320003	2.49	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320004	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320005	4.69	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320006	4.27	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
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465320008	4.67	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320009	4.25	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320010	4.39	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320011	4.55	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320012	4.55	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320013	4.19	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320015	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320016	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320017	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320018	1.92	RC-EDR	CD-CR
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466230007	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230010	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230014	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230026	2.22	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230028	2.64	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230030	2.53	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230031	2.53	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230033	2.5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230034	2.5	R-RR	CD-MDR

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466230043	19.91	R-RR	CD-CR
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466230045	2.5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230046	2.5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230047	8.93	R-RR	CD-CR
466230048	10.24	R-RR	CD-CR
466230049	9.39	R-RR	CD-CR
466230051	4.95	R-RR	CD-CR
466230052	4.95	R-RR	CD-CR
466230053	4.28	R-RR	CD-CR
466230054	3.96	R-RR	CD-CR
466230055	4.12	R-RR	CD-CR
466230056	4.67	R-RR	CD-CR
466230057	4.57	R-RR	CD-CR
466230058	4.67	R-RR	CD-CR
466230059	4.15	R-RR	CD-CR
466230060	4.86	R-RR	CD-CR
466230061	4.67	R-RR	CD-CR
466230062	3.91	R-RR	CD-CR
466230063	4.1	R-RR	CD-CR
466230064	4.83	R-RR	CD-CR
466230065	4.83	R-RR	CD-CR
466230066	4.83	R-RR	CD-CR
466230067	4.17	R-RR	CD-CR
466230068	4.82	R-RR	CD-CR
466230069	4.83	R-RR	CD-CR
466230070	4.39	R-RR	CD-CR
466230071	2.5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230072	2.5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230073	8.53	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230074	9.37	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230075	4.76	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230076	14.8	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230077	8.72	R-RR	CD-CR
466230078	4.13	R-RR	CD-CR
466230079	4.78	R-RR	CD-CR
466230080	4.85	R-RR	CD-CR
466230081	4.87	R-RR	CD-CR
466250007	39.09	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250014	9.1	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250015	9.1	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250016	8.67	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250017	9.13	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250018	9.12	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250019	8.78	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250020	8.77	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250021	4.55	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250022	4.53	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250023	8.16	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250024	9.44	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250025	9.44	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250026	8.59	R-RR	CD-MDR



GENERAL PLAN ADVISORY COMMITTEE GPIP REPORT

October 6, 2016

Foundation GPA No.: 1207 Supervisorial District: Third

Area Plan: Harvest Valley/Winchester

Zoning Area/District: Winchester Area

Property Owner(s): Various

Project Representative(s): County of Riverside

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Planning Department proposes County Initiated Foundation General Plan Amendment No. 1207 (GPA No. 1207) to evaluate the land use patterns and policies that guide development within the Winchester Community Area based on the findings of the Winchester Land Use Study. The conceptual Winchester Land Use Study was prepared by Terra Verde Planning and funded by the Riverside County Economic Development Agency in 2012 through extensive community outreach efforts and input. The intent of this project, GPA No. 1207, is to address the key issues summarized in the Land Use Study by developing a land use plan and policies that reflect the community's vision.

The Winchester Land Use Study included a land use map that would require both an Entitlement/Policy and Foundation Component General Plan Amendments in order to be incorporated into the General Plan. Attached to this staff report for the General Plan Advisory Committee's (GPAC) consideration are the land use amendments that are considered a Foundation Component General Plan Amendment.

The attached preliminary land use plan proposes to amend the area's Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD) and amend the accompanying Land Use Designations from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI) on 225 parcels, totaling 1,480.71 gross acres.

LOCATION: Comprised of two areas. Area 1: located along State Route-79 (SR-79), generally bounded by Stetson Road to the north, Simpson Road to the south, Whitter Avenue to the west and California Avenue to the east. Area 2: East of Leon Road, south of Wickerd Road, west of Abbott Road, and north of Scott Road. See Figure 1 below.

PROJECT APN(s): 225 parcels

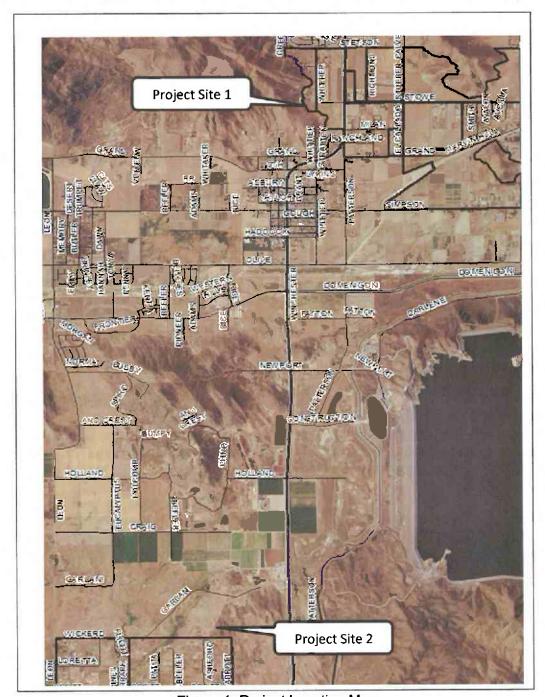


Figure 1: Project Location Map

PROJECT DETAILS:

The Winchester Land Use Study represents the community's vision for the future development of Winchester. Over 1,300 property owners in Winchester were notified of the workshops. In addition, all meeting notices and project information were posted on the Winchester Municipal Advisory Council Website at www.winchestermac.org. Numerous topics were raised and discussed at these workshops. The proposed land use plan would modify existing Land Use Designations to strengthen the region's economic position with consideration of the future

realignment of State Route 79, the Hemet-Ryan Airport influence area, and the surrounding cities' land uses. The proposed GPA will include guiding policies to support the proposed land use plan.

The proposed GPA No. 1207 land use map is a preliminary land use plan based on the community's input and survey of existing land uses, terrain, development opportunities and constraints, and circulation patterns. Further modifications to the proposed land use plan are anticipated as a result of input from the GPAC, Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors at the initiation stage; as well as modifications that may result from environmental analysis, future community outreach efforts and public hearings concerning the GPA.

There are two areas of the Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan that are included in the Foundation Component General Plan Amendment proposal. The first area is located along State Route-79 (SR-79), generally bounded by Stetson Road to the north, Simpson Road to the south, Whitter Avenue to the west and California Avenue to the east. The second area is located east of Leon Road, south of Wickerd Road, west of Abbott Road, and north of Scott Road. The project proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD) and amend its Land Use Designation from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI) on 225 parcels, totaling 1,480.71 gross acres.

FINDINGS:

The justification of the the proposed Foundation General Plan Amendment to modify the General Plan is based on the following circumstances:

- The Area Plans provide focused policies and land use plans to address specific regional or local issues. The proposed land use map was developed utilizing the conceptual Winchester Land Use Study; which summarizes the community's vision for the Winchester area.
- Winchester has the potential to serve as an important tourist and transit hub for the
 region due to its proximity to the Diamond Valley Lake as well as the presence of the rail
 line, State Route 79, and the Domenigoni Parkway. Moreover, local homeowners share
 a vision of greater prominence for this community.

TECHNICAL APPENDIX:

General Information:

Project Area (Gross Acres):	1480.71 acres
Number of Parcels:	225 (See attached list of APNs)
Sphere of Influence:	Yes - Small Northeast section of Area 1 City of Hemet Sphere
Policy Area:	Yes – Highway 79 Policy Area
Overlay:	No

Land Use and Zoning:	
Existing Foundation Component:	Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC)
Proposed Foundation Component:	Community Development (CD)
Existing General Plan Land Use Designations:	Rural Residential (RR) & Estate Density Residential EDR)
Proposed General Plan Land Use Designations:	TRASIDADINI UVITIK I T. OMMATCINI RATNI VERE BUSIDASS.
Surrounding General Plan Land Use	
Area 1 North:	Community Development – Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) & Rural – Rural Mountainous (R-RM)
Area 1 East:	City of Hemet
Area 1 South:	Community Development – Medium Density Residential (CD-MDR) & Community Development – Low Density Residential (CD-LDR)
Area 1 West:	Community Development – Low Density Residential (CD-LDR) & Rural – Rural Mountainous (R-RM)
Area 2 North:	Community Development – Low Density Residential (CD-LDR) & Open Space – Conservation (OS-C)
Area 2 East:	City of Hemet
Area 2 South:	Community Development – Medium High Density Residential (CD-MHDR) & Open Space – Recreation (OS-R)
Area 2 West:	Rural – Residential (R-RR)
Existing Zoning Classification:	Rural Residential (R-R), Controlled Development Area with Mobile Homes (W-2-M), Light Agricultural (A-1), & Heavy Agricultural (A-2)
Change of Zone Required:	No
Surrounding Zoning Classification	
Area 1 North:	Light Agricultural (A-1), Heavy Agricultural (A-2), One Family Dwellings (R-1), & Open Area Combining Zone Residential Units (R-5)
Area 1 East:	Heavy Agricultural (A-2),
Area 1 South:	Light Agricultural (A-1), Agricultural-Poultry, Heavy Agricultural (A-2), One Family Dwellings (R-1), Rural Residential (R-R)
Area 1 West:	Rural Residential (R-R)
Area 2 North:	Light Agricultural (A-1), Specific Plan (SP310)
Area 2 East:	Specific Plan (SP310)
Area 2 South:	Rural Residential (R-R), Planned Residential (R-4), Specific Plan (SP310)
Area 2 West:	Light Agricultural (A-1)

Existing Development and Use:	SFR, Agricultural, Vacant
Surrounding Development and Use	
North:	SFR, Agricultural, Vacant
East:	SFR, Agricultural, Vacant
South:	SFR, Agricultural, Vacant
West:	SFR, Agricultural, Vacant

Environmental Information:

11/201401102 O # 1 O #	M /W B'
WRCMSHCP Criteria Cell:	No / Yes - Discussion
CVMSHCP Conservation Boundary:	No / Yes - Discussion
Airport Influence Area ("AIA"):	Yes BP & LI of Area 1
Agricultural Preserve:	No
Farmland Importance:	Yes – Local Importance, Prime Farmland, Urban-Built Up Lands, Other Lands,
Fire Hazard Area:	Yes - None, Moderate, High, Very High
Fire Responsibility Area:	Majority State, Some Local
Special Flood Hazard Area:	Yes - Southwest area 1, far Northeast Area 1, large portion of Area 2
Liquefaction Area:	Yes – Low to Moderate to High working from Northeast to Southwest of Area 1, Low to Moderate in flood zones of Area 2
Subsidence Area:	Yes - Susceptible
Fault Line:	No
Fault Zone:	No
Paleontological Sensitivity:	Yes - Low, High B, Undeterminable

Utility Information:

Water Service:	No / Yes Potentially through EMWD, City of Hemet or Menifee
Sewer Service:	No / Yes - Potentially through EMWD, City of Hemet or Menifee

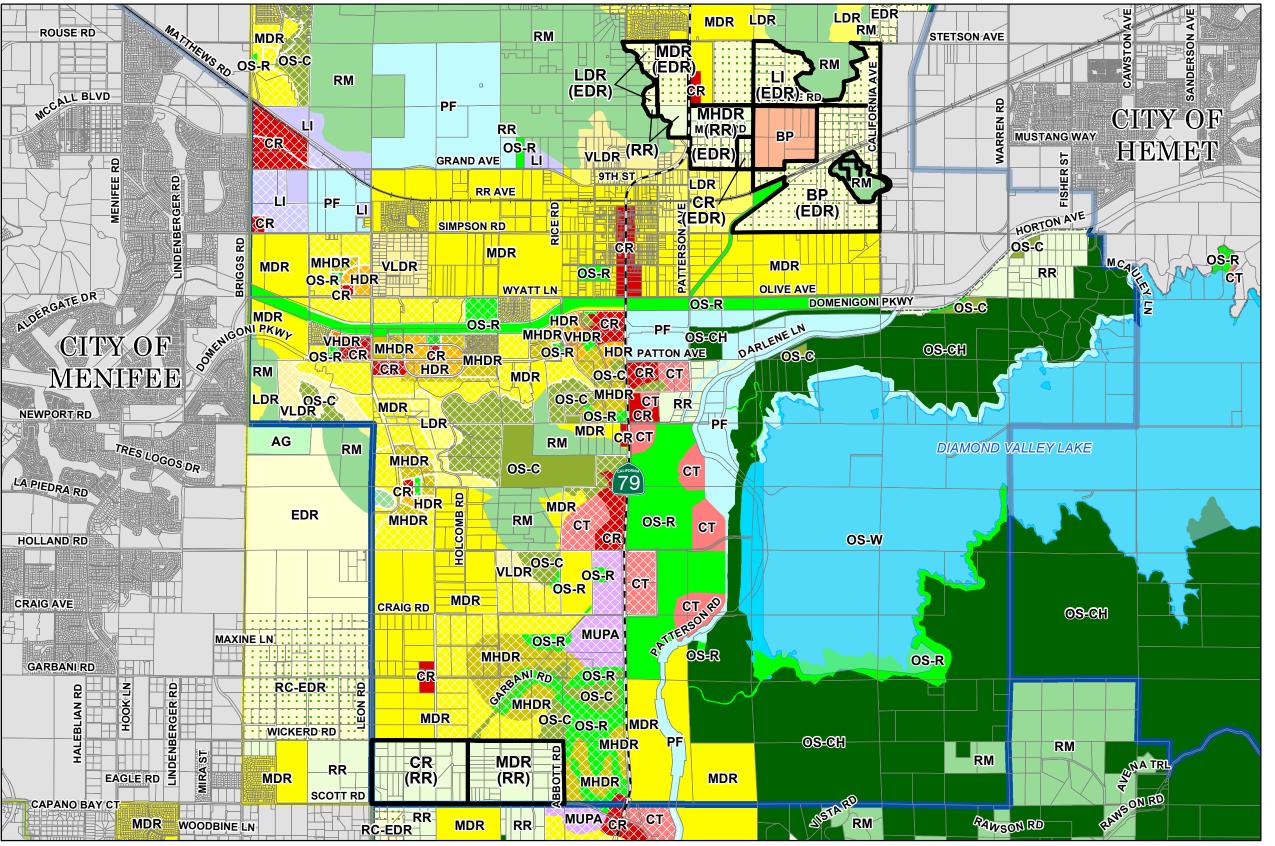
RIVERSIDE COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT

Winchester East Vicinity

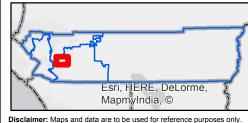
GPA 01207: Proposed General Plan

Exhibit 6





9/29/2016



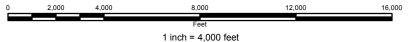
Disclaimer: Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

Zoning District: Hemet-San Jacinto Zoning Area: Winchester

Supervisor: Washington

District: 3





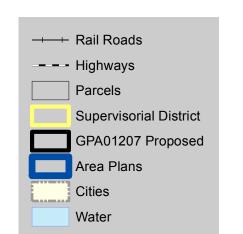


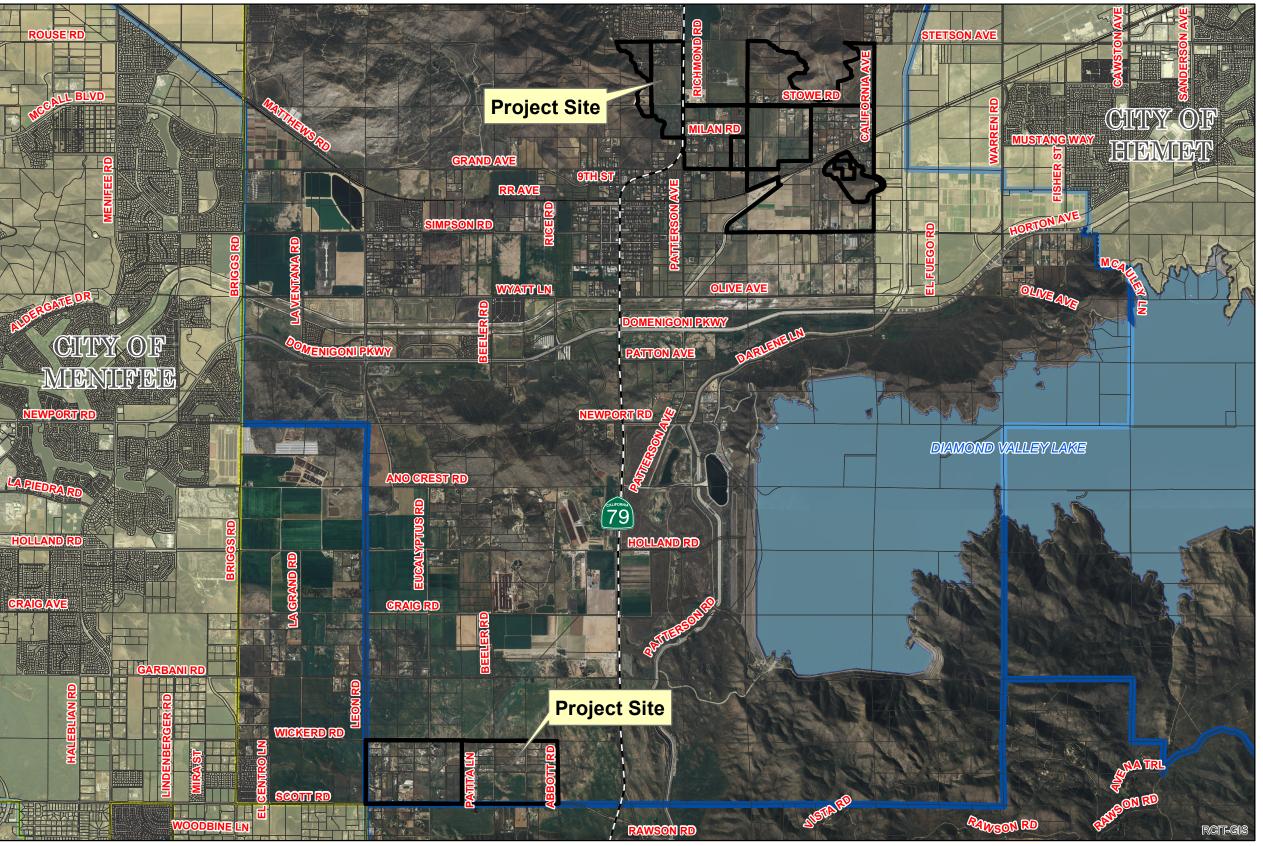


Winchester East Vicinity

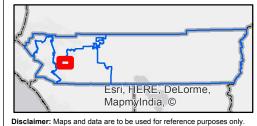
GPA 01207 : Aerial

Exhibit 1





9/29/2016



Disclaimer: Maps and data are to be used for reference purposes only. Map features are approximate, and are not necessarily accurate to surveying or engineering standards. The County of Riverside makes no warranty or guarantee as to the content (the source is often third party), accuracy, timeliness, or completeness of any of the data provided, and assumes no legal responsibility for the information contained on this map. Any use of this product with respect to accuracy and precision shall be the sole responsibility of the user.

Zoning District: Hemet-San Jacinto Zoning Area: Winchester

Supervisor: Washington

District: 3









GPA 1207 - Winchester East

APN	ACRE	Existing LUD	Proposed LUD
461080017	0.69	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
463090013	11.71	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465060005	74.09	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060005	25	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465060007	5.17	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060010	5	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060014	9.05	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060015	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060016	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060017	2.6	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060018	2.4	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060021	5.8	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060022	1.14	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060025	8.33	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060027	2.05	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060028	2.05	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060032	5.6	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060033	4.82	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060033	49	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465060034	5.02	RC-EDR	CD-LDR
465060035	4.51	RC-EDR	CD-MDR
465080001	7.61	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080002	10	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080003	10	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080004	10	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080005	20	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080007	56.35	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080008	77.29	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080012	4.32	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080013	2.52	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080014	2.89	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080018	3.96	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465080019	2.3	RC-EDR	CD-LI

465080020	2.3	RC-EDR	CD-LI
465120015	0.88	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465120017	2.23	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150002	2.86	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150005	104.11	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150007	6	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150008	6	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150009	10	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150010	12.3	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150013	11.81	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150014	11.84	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150015	6.42	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150018	0.84	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150020	2.95	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465150022	8.05	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160001	3.84	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160002	0.97	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160003	4.89	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160004	4.89	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160005	9.77	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160006	9.77	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160007	4.89	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160008	2.6	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160009	16.55	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160010	2.44	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160012	6.25	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465160013	9.54	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250001	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250002	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250003	3.17	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250004	2.7	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250005	0.9	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250006	2.44	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250007	3.23	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250008	2.14	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250008	2.14	RC-EDR	CD-BP

465250009 1.9 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250010 2.5 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250011 2.5 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250012 2.48 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250013 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250014 2.81 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250015 2.72 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP				
465250011 2.5 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250012 2.48 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250013 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250014 2.81 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250015 2.72 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR <t< td=""><td>465250009</td><td>1.9</td><td>RC-EDR</td><td>CD-BP</td></t<>	465250009	1.9	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250012 2.48 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250013 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250014 2.81 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250015 2.72 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR CD-BP <td>465250010</td> <td>2.5</td> <td>RC-EDR</td> <td>CD-BP</td>	465250010	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250013 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250014 2.81 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250015 2.72 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR <	465250011	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250014 2.81 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250015 2.72 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR <	465250012	2.48	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250015 2.72 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR <	465250013	2.52	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250016 2.04 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR <	465250014	2.81	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250017 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250038 4.18 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270005 6.97 RC-EDR <	465250015	2.72	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250018 1.25 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250019 2.63 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250038 4.18 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270005 6.97 RC-EDR <	465250016	2.04	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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465250020 3.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250038 4.18 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270005 6.97 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465250018	1.25	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250021 0.53 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250023 0.87 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465260007 0.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270005 6.97 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR	465250019	2.63	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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465250024 1.98 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250038 4.18 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465260007 0.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270007 0.32 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP <	465250021	0.53	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250025 2.3 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250038 4.18 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465260007 0.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270005 6.97 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465250023	0.87	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465250028 2.75 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250029 2.52 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250030 1.03 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250031 1.24 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250033 0.65 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250034 2.22 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250035 2.27 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250036 5.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250037 1.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250038 4.18 RC-EDR CD-BP 465250039 2.95 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270005 6.97 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270007 0.32 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465250024	1.98	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652500292.52RC-EDRCD-BP4652500301.03RC-EDRCD-BP4652500311.24RC-EDRCD-BP4652500330.65RC-EDRCD-BP4652500342.22RC-EDRCD-BP4652500352.27RC-EDRCD-BP4652500365.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652500371.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652500384.18RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250025	2.3	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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4652500342.22 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500352.27 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500365.01 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500371.95 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500384.18 RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95 RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09 RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42 RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4 RC-EDRCD-BP	465250031	1.24	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652500352.27RC-EDRCD-BP4652500365.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652500371.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652500384.18RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250033	0.65	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652500365.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652500371.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652500384.18RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250034	2.22	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652500371.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652500384.18RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250035	2.27	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652500384.18RC-EDRCD-BP4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250036	5.01	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652500392.95RC-EDRCD-BP4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250037	1.95	RC-EDR	CD-BP
4652600070.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700056.97RC-EDRCD-BP4652700061.01RC-EDRCD-BP4652700070.32RC-EDRCD-BP4652700080.09RC-EDRCD-BP4652700090.42RC-EDRCD-BP4652800014.4RC-EDRCD-BP	465250038	4.18	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465270005 6.97 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270007 0.32 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465250039	2.95	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465270006 1.01 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270007 0.32 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465260007	0.01	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465270007 0.32 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465270005	6.97	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465270008 0.09 RC-EDR CD-BP 465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465270006	1.01	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465270009 0.42 RC-EDR CD-BP 465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465270007	0.32	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280001 4.4 RC-EDR CD-BP	465270008	0.09	RC-EDR	CD-BP
	465270009	0.42	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280002 2.26 RC-EDR CD-BP	465280001	4.4	RC-EDR	CD-BP
	465280002	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP

465280003	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280004	4.24	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280005	2.31	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280006	2.05	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280007	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280008	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280009	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280010	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280011	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280012	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280013	2.52	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280014	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280015	2.48	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280016	2.52	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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465280018	2.51	RC-EDR	CD-BP
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465280020	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280021	2.5	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280022	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465280023	0.02	RC-EDR	CD-BP
465290001	5.65	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290002	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290003	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290004	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290007	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290008	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290009	5.5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290012	9.12	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290013	9.26	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290016	9.05	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290017	5	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465290018	9.25	R-RR	CD-MHDR
465300001	4.66	R-RR	CD-LDR
465300002	30.13	R-RR	CD-MDR

465320001	2.05	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
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465320003	2.49	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320004	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320005	4.69	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320006	4.27	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320007	9.16	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320008	4.67	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
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465320010	4.39	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320011	4.55	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
465320012	4.55	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320013	4.19	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320015	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320016	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320017	2.26	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320018	1.92	RC-EDR	CD-CR
465320019	9.81	RC-EDR	CD-MHDR
466230006	10	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230007	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230010	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230012	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230013	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230014	5	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466230074	9.37	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230075	4.76	R-RR	CD-MDR
466230076	14.8	R-RR	CD-MDR

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466250015	9.1	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250016	8.67	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250017	9.13	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250018	9.12	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250019	8.78	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250020	8.77	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250021	4.55	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250022	4.53	R-RR	CD-MDR
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466250024	9.44	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250025	9.44	R-RR	CD-MDR
466250026	8.59	R-RR	CD-MDR

CONCEPTUAL DRAFT

Community of Winchester

LAND USE STUDY

Prepared for

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency

Prepared by

Tierra Verde Planning

August 2012



LAND USE STUDY

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D.

Community of Winchester

1.0 Purpose

The County of Riverside Economic Development Agency (EDA) obtained a grant to prepare a Land Use Study (LUS, herein after referred to as the Study) for the unincorporated area of Winchester, Riverside County, California. The EDA contracted Gary Thornhill of Tierra Verde to prepare the Study.

The purpose of the Study is to evaluate the existing land uses as identified on the 2003 Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan (HV/WAP, herein after referred to as the Area Plan) Land Use Map and make proposed land use modifications that would support the long-term build out of a balanced, diverse and economically sustainable community. This Study is intended to help Winchester look into the future and plan for a healthy, vibrant environment for generations to come

The Study proposes to evaluate land uses and mobility alternatives that support a thriving and vibrant Downtown. The Study will also consider land uses outside of the Downtown that will create successful places to live, work and play—providing a high quality of life for all residents. Another important goal of the Study is to create local employment opportunities with convenient, easy access to freeways or major roadways. This will help establish the needed tax base, reduce commute times and improve the long-term economic viability of the community.

All property in the Winchester area was reviewed and considered; however, no recommendations were made for entitled land or properties within existing, approved Specific Plans



2.0 Project Location

The community of Winchester is situated in the western portion of Riverside County. Winchester is an unincorporated community and is governed by the Riverside County Integrate Plan (RCIP) located in an area called the HarvestValley/ Winchester Area Plan. The Planning Area consists of unincorporated territory referred to as Harvest Valley. Harvest Valley is an umbrella term that includes the communities of Romoland, Homeland, Green Acres and Winchester (Reference Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 1). This Study only includes the unincorporated community of Winchester.

The communities of Homeland and Green Acres are located to the north. Romoland is located to the northwest and Diamond Valley is to the southeast. The cities of Perris and Menifee are located to the west, and the city of Hemet is to the east. The Planning Area boundary is contained depicted in Appendix A, Background Report, Figure 2, HV/WAP Land Use Plan.





3.0 Land Use Study Background

One of the goals of the Study was to receive community input so that the vision, goals, needs and opportunities for the future development of Winchester could be identified. The workshops were structured to be very collaborative, interactive forums with extensive public engagement. The intent was to gain insight and knowledge from the residents, tenants, business owners, land owners, consultants, developers, and community groups to learn from their history and understanding of the community, and its relationship to the County.

To achieve this goal, the consultant first conducted stakeholder meetings with the Winchester HOA, the Planning Advisory Board, Riverside County Planning Staff and the WMAC. In addition to these stakeholder meetings, the consultant team conducted a series of seven community workshops over a six month period. The workshops were held at the Winchester Community Center located at 32665 Haddock Street, Winchester, CA on the following dates:

- February 12, 2012
- March 5, 2012
- March 23, 2012
- April 23, 2012,
- May 21, 2012
- June 18, 2012
- July 9, 2012

Hard copy notices were mailed out to over 1,300 property owners in Winchester and meeting notices were posted in key areas such as the community center and post office. An email distribution list was also developed to provide a secondary means of notification for all workshops, with reminder emails sent a few days prior to the meetings. In addition, meeting notices and project information was posted on the WMAC website at: www.winchestermac.org so information would be accessible to all interested parties throughout the planning process.

Numerous topics were raised and discussed at the workshops. The following list summarizes the primary issues raised, but is not intended to be a comprehensive list of all issues discussed. The list characterizes the key issues that directly influenced the outcome of the Study:

- Consider modifications to existing land uses that place the community in a better economic position if incorporation is desired in the future.
- Consider the re-alignment and impacts to concerned property owners and stakeholders of Highway 79 (Figure 1, Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives) and the potential impacts to properties and designated land uses.
- Express concern to the County regarding cities of Hemet and Menife allocating land use designations on all land within the community of Winchester effectively eliminating Winchester.
- Request LAFCO take formal action to recognize the boundaries of Winchester and take land use control out of the hands of the adjacent cities (Figure 4 Adjacent Land Use Planning).
- Delineate boundaries of the Downtown.

Community of Winchester

- Develop Winchester as a destination place—creating a sense of identity and uniqueness that will attractive residents, businesses and tourists to the area.
- Create a Downtown that would be successful as a pedestrian oriented place which will have a region-wide draw and create opportunities for civic spaces, entertainment, and social interaction.
- Ensure that the Downtown has access from Winchester Road once the proposed re-alignment of Highway 79 is constructed.
- Reduce street widths and speeds along Winchester and Simpson Roads once the re- alignment is constructed to create a more traditional, safe, and pedestrian oriented Downtown.
- Locate the Metrolink station in Downtown as identified in the RCIP.
- Identify necessary infrastructure needs to support the future development and build-out of the community.
- Protect legal non-conforming uses that would be created as a result of future land use changes.
- Create a viable employment base to reduce the length of commute times.
- Create additional open space, parks, trails and recreational uses including the re-use of Double Butte and improving Salt Creek.
- Develop the Metropolitan Water District properties in accordance with the land use designations and plans approved by the County of Riverside.
- Create future employment opportunities by recommending industrial, business park, and office commercial land use designations.



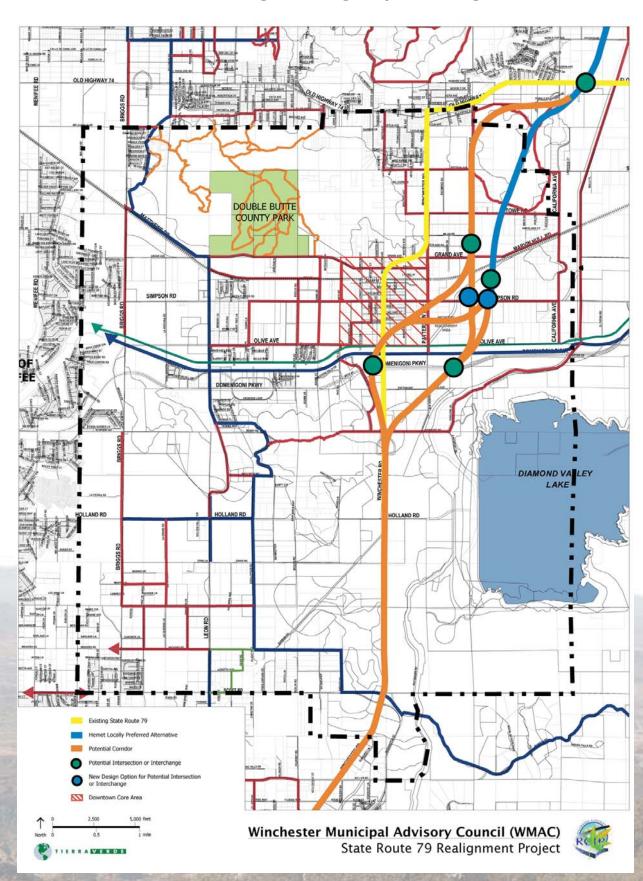


Figure 1 -Highway 79 Re-alignment Alternatives

Community of Winchester

4.0 Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan

The Land Use Concept of the 2003 RCIPacknowledges that Winchester is ideally situated to become the gateway to the Diamond Valley Lake and accommodate the intensification of land uses. The Area Plan Land Use Concept further states "the Diamond Valley Lake and surrounding recreation area provides a major tourist attraction and is the key to future growth in the area. The land uses that surround Diamond Valley Lake are intended to preserve the facility's long-term outdoor recreational opportunities and to attract visitors by providing a quality experience for them."

The Area Plan Land Use Map focuses on preserving the unique features in the Area Plan and, at the same time, will guide the future growth of Winchester. The Area Plan Land Use Concept created a significant shift from the existing rural land uses to higher density land uses consisting of more urban/suburban/rural, and mixed land uses that center around unique cores.

According to the Area Plan, the rationale for this proposed land use shift is due to the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake and the recreational and development opportunities it presents. In addition, the transit opportunities with the existing rail line, and Highways 74 and 79 would provide the needed transportation infrastructure to support increased density in the Area Plan. The current Area Plan envisions a distinct character and identity consisting of a compact Downtown core designed in an "Old West" theme with a mixture of land uses that are pedestrian oriented.

The Area Plan Land Use Map depicts the current geographic distribution of land uses within the Planning Area. The Land Use Map is organized around 30 area land use designations and five overlays. There are also eight Policy Areas within the Area Plan. The Area Plan states "in some ways these policies are even more critical to the sustained character of the Area Plan than some of the basic land use policies because they reflect deeply held beliefs about the kind of place this is and should remain". Policy Areas contain special or unique characteristics that required detailed analysis and focused policies—not typical zoning and land use concepts.

The Policies Areas that were reviewed with the community and were analyzed when developing the Study are summarized below:

- The Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Area. Hemet-Ryan is an active airport located in the City of Hemet with the influence area extending into the eastern portion of Winchester. This Policy Area contains numerous safety zones which are listed in Table 4 (Land Use Compatibility Guidelines for Airport Safety Zones for Hemet-Ryan Airport) of the Area Plan. Properties in this zone are subject to regulations governing issues such as development, intensity, density, height of structures and noise. Properties within this Policy Area were analyzed and land use modifications to this area were made with the consideration of the restrictions in this area (Figure 3 Hemet-Ryan Airport Influence Policy Area).
- The Winchester Policy Area. This area is covered by the County's existing Community Center Overlay. The intent of the Policy Area is to help create a sense of place and an entrance to the Diamond Valley Recreation Area. This Policy Area was created to capitalize on the proximity to Diamond Valley Lake with the Downtown core, and the activity centered around Winchester and

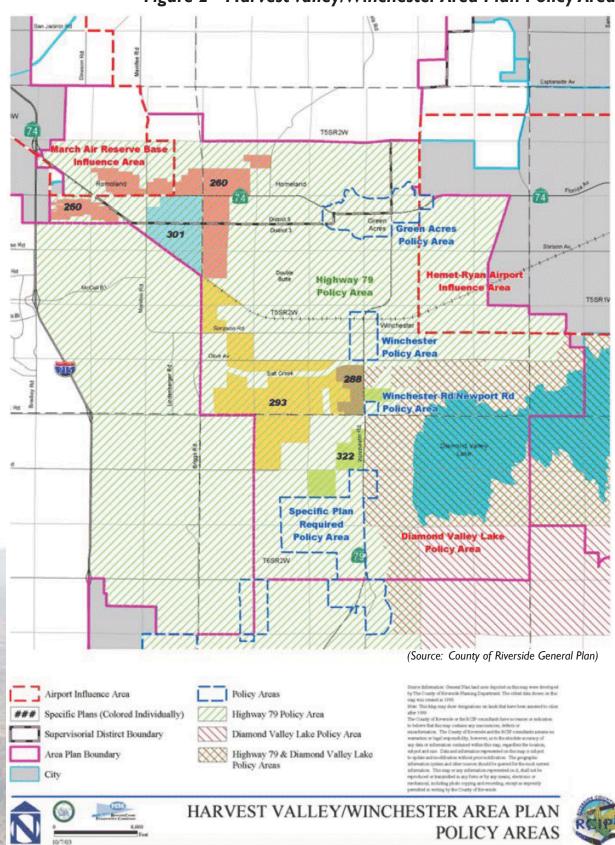


Figure 2 - Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan Policy Areas

ENDANGERED HABITATS LEAGUE DEDICATED TO ECOSYSTEM PROTECTION AND SUSTAINABLE LAND USE



April 7, 2017

VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL

The Hon. John Tavaglione, Chair Riverside County Board of Supervisors 4080 Lemon St. Riverside CA 92501

RE: Items 16.1-16.8, General Plan Initiation Proceedings, April 11, 2017

Dear Chairman Tavaglione and Members of the Board:

Endangered Habitats League (EHL) appreciates the opportunity to submit written testimony on the General Plan Initiation Proceedings. We were honored to serve on the General Plan Advisory Committee (GPAC) which reviewed these proposals. Proposals that do not have compelling planning merit and that do not reflect significant changes in circumstances should not move forward to full environmental review.

General comments

Prior to your consideration of initiating environmental review, EHL urges the Planning Department to provide: 1) the basic information necessary to determine whether the more intensive proposed uses are justified, and 2) guidelines to assess whether the proposals - individually or collectively - move the County in the right planning direction.

Basic and necessary information includes the housing capacity present but unbuilt in the County and Cities' General Plans. Prior information indicates that there is a huge overcapacity of housing that argues against all but the most strategic increases. Other missing information includes the cumulative traffic implications of the proposed General Plan amendments. We urge you to request such information.

Factors in assessing proposals should include whether the jobs-housing balance is improved or worsened, whether the greater intensity of use will be served by transit now or realistically in the future, whether vehicles miles traveled would be below current averages and put greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions on a lowered trajectory, proximity of infrastructure and services, whether the new development will be subject to high fire hazard, and whether it conflicts with the MSHCP or otherwise impacts intact natural lands. We hope that the Planning Department will offer its professional guidance. If not, your Board should independently formulate guiding principles for GPA initiation. A piecemeal approach is not adequate.

EHL's recommendations are based upon presence of a planning rationale, jobshousing balance, transit availability, vehicle miles traveled and GHG emissions, the folly of putting more and more homes in the path of wildfire, and biological considerations. In some cases, we have identified missing information or suggested modifications. We hope that your Board will take a hard look at the County's future and chart a more sustainable path for the County's present and future citizens than simply perpetuating current trends.

Also, the staff reports for these items are brief and inappropriately defer to the applicants for the requisite findings, rather than providing independent staff analysis.

Specific comments

16.1 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 1205 – Mead Valley Area Plan – REQUEST: Proposal to amend the project site's General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD) and amend its Land Use Designation from Very Low Density Residential (VLDR) and Rural Residential (RR) to Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Light Industrial (LI), Mixed Use Area (MUA), and Very High Density Residential (VHDR), on 465 parcels, totaling 776 gross acres

Support initiation

This County-initiated proposal would convert 776 acres of existing Rural and Rural Community along Highway 74 in Mead Valley to two nodes of Mixed Use with higher intensity residential and commercial. This responds to community input. EHL is concerned over intensification of uses absent transit infrastructure, but *overall* concludes that converting highly inefficient land uses to higher densities is a better alternative than continued sprawl into greenfields.

16.2 GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT NO. 1207 – Harvest Valley/Winchester Area Plan – REQUEST: Proposal to amend the project site's General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD) and amend its Land Use Designation from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI), on 225 parcels, totaling 1,480.71 gross acres

Support initiation

This County-initiated proposal is based upon extensive community input and planning within the Winchester community. It would intensify uses within two areas totaling 1481 acres, covering Rural and Rural Community to Community Development including mixed uses in a more walkable "downtown" setting. Especially given the potential availability of transit in the future, EHL supports this reuse of an existing area for more efficient patterns of development.



OFFICE OF CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS 1st FLOOR, COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE CENTER P.O. BOX 1147, 4080 LEMON STREET RIVERSIDE, CA 92502-1147

PHONE: (951) 955-1060 FAX: (951) 955-1071

KECIA HARPER-IHEM Clerk of the Board of Supervisors

KIMBERLY A. RECTOR Assistant Clerk of the Board

April 3, 2017

THE PRESS ENTERPRISE ATTN: LEGALS P.O. BOX 792 RIVERSIDE, CA 92501

E-MAIL: legals@pe.com

FAX: (951) 368-9018

RE:

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING: GPA 1207

To Whom It May Concern:

Attached is a copy for publication in your newspaper for One (1) time on Thursday, April 6, 2017.

We require your affidavit of publication immediately upon completion of the last publication.

Your invoice must be submitted to this office, WITH TWO CLIPPINGS OF THE PUBLICATION.

NOTE: PLEASE COMPOSE THIS PUBLICATION INTO A SINGLE COLUMN FORMAT.

Thank you in advance for your assistance and expertise.

Sincerely,

Cecilia Gil

Board Assistant to: KECIA HARPER-IHEM, CLERK OF THE BOARD Page 3

The Press Enterprise

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING BEPORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY ON A
COUNTY-INITIED COUNTY OF A
MITIATION PROCEEDINGS FOR A
GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT IN
THE HARVEST VALLEY , WINCHES.
THE AREA PLAN - SAN JACINTO,
THIRD SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT

NOTICE 15 HERBY GIVEN that a public meeting will be held before the Board of Supervisors of Riverside County, California, an the 1st Floor Board Chambers, County Administrative Center, ado Letnon Street, Riverside, on Tuesday, April 11, 2017 of 18:20 A.M. or as soon of possible theretainer, to consider a County-Initiated proceedings, on General Plan Amendment No. 12M, which proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component (RC) to Community Residential (EDR). Business park (EDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business park (EB), and Liaht Industrial (LD), Business of Cels, totaling approximately is denerally to Costed sential (CR), Business and Cels, totaling approximately is denerally to Scotted senterally in the Windchester area ("The protect"). The project is ground to the Stefan Ave., and west of California Ave., and Third Supervisorial District,

The Planning Commission recommended that the Board of Supervisors adopt an order initialing proceedings for General Plan Amendment No. 1207.

The project case file may be viewed from the dots of his notice until the public hearing. Manday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 a.m. to 6:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m. to

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARD-ING THIS PROJECT, PLEASE CONTACT HAYVAIN NANTHAYONGDOUANGSY, PROJECT PLANNER, AT (93)) 95-633 OR EMAIL pnonthov@rivco.org.

Any person wishing to testify in support of ar in apposition to the profect may do so in writing between the dote of this notice and the public meeting, at may appear and be heard of the time and place noted above. All written comments received prior to the pard of Supervisers will be submitted to the Board of Supervisers and the Board of Supervisers and the Board of Supervisers and the Board of Supervisers will consider such comments, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the project.

if you challenge the above item in court, you may be limited to reliaing only those issues you or someone else raised at the public meeting described in this natice, or in written correspondence to the Planning Cammission or Board of Supervisors to prefor the public meeting. Be advised that os a result of the public comment, written and ord. The Board of Supervisors may amend, in whole or in sort, the profect and/or the reliade environmental occurrent. Accordingly, the designor item, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the project, may be schamed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please sand all written correspondence to: Clerk of the Board, 4090 Lenton Street, 1st Floor, Post Office Box 1147, Riverside, CA 72502-143

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING

(Original copy, duly executed, must be attached to the original document at the time of filing)

I, Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant to Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, for the County of Riverside, do hereby certify that I am not a party to the within action or proceeding; that on April 3, 2017, I forwarded to Riverside County Clerk & Recorder's Office a copy of the following document:

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING

GPA 1207

to be posted in the office of the County Clerk at 2724 Gateway Drive, Riverside, California 92507. Upon completion of posting, the County Clerk will provide confirmation of posting.

Board Agenda Date: April 11, 2017 @ 10:30 A.M.

SIGNATURE: Cecilia Gil DATE: April 3, 2017

Cecilia Gil

Gil, Cecilia

From:

Garrett, Nancy <ngarrett@asrclkrec.com>

Sent:

Monday, April 3, 2017 8:57 AM

To:

Gil, Cecilia; Buie, Tammie; Kennemer, Bonnie; Meyer, Mary Ann

Subject:

RE: FOR POSTING: GPA 1207

Good Morning,

Received and will post.

Have a great day,



Nancy Garrett

ACR Tech II Clerks Office-Gateway 951-486-7427 micro 7-7427

From: Gil, Cecilia [mailto:CCGIL@RIVCO.ORG]

Sent: Monday, April 03, 2017 8:48 AM

To: Buie, Tammie <tbuie@asrclkrec.com>; Garrett, Nancy <ngarrett@asrclkrec.com>; Kennemer, Bonnie

<bkenneme@asrclkrec.com>; Meyer, Mary Ann <MaMeyer@asrclkrec.com>

Subject: FOR POSTING: GPA 1207

Good morning! Attached is a Notice of Public Meeting for POSTING. Please confirm. THANK YOU!

Cecilia Gil

Board Assistant Clerk of the Board of Supervisors 4080 Lemon St., 1st Floor, Room 127 Riverside, CA 92501 (951) 955-8464 Fax (951) 955-1071 Mail Stop# 1010 ccgil@rivco.org



NOTICE: This communication is intended for the use of the individual or entity to which it is addressed and may contain **information that is privileged, confidential and exempt from disclosure** under applicable law. If the reader of this communication is not the intended recipient or the employee or agent responsible for delivering

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY ON A COUNTY-INITIATED GENERAL PLAN INITIATION PROCEEDINGS FOR A GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT IN THE HARVEST VALLEY / WINCHESTER AREA PLAN — SAN JACINTO, THIRD SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a public meeting will be held before the Board of Supervisors of Riverside County, California, on the 1st Floor Board Chambers, County Administrative Center, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, on Tuesday, April 11, 2017 at 10:30 A.M. or as soon as possible thereafter, to consider a County-Initiated proceedings, on General Plan Amendment No. 1207 which proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD), and to amend the land use from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (EDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (LI), on 225 parcels, totaling approximately 1,480 gross acres located generally in the Winchester area ("the project"). The project is generally located east of the Leon Rd., south of Wickard Rd., north of Scott Rd., and west of Abbott Rd., as well as properties located south of the Stetson Ave., east of Green Ave., north of Simpson Rd., and west of California Ave., Third Supervisorial District.

The Planning Commission recommended that the Board of Supervisors adopt an order initiating proceedings for **General Plan Amendment No. 1207.**

The project case file may be viewed from the date of this notice until the public hearing, Monday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. at the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors at 4080 Lemon Street, 1st Floor, Riverside, California 92501, and at the Riverside County Planning Department at 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, California 92501.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THIS PROJECT, PLEASE CONTACT PHAYVANH NANTHAVONGDOUANGSY, PROJECT PLANNER, AT (951) 955-6573 OR EMAIL pnanthav@rivco.org.

Any person wishing to testify in support of or in opposition to the project may do so in writing between the date of this notice and the public meeting, or may appear and be heard at the time and place noted above. All written comments received prior to the public meeting will be submitted to the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Supervisors will consider such comments, in addition to any oral testimony, before making a decision on the project.

If you challenge the above item in court, you may be limited to raising only those issues you or someone else raised at the public meeting described in this notice, or in written correspondence to the Planning Commission or Board of Supervisors at, or prior to, the public meeting. Be advised that as a result of the public meeting and the consideration of all public comment, written and oral, the Board of Supervisors may amend, in whole or in part, the project and/or the related environmental document. Accordingly, the designations, development standards, design or improvements, or any properties or lands within the boundaries of the project, may be changed in a way other than specifically proposed.

Please send all written correspondence to: Clerk of the Board, 4080 Lemon Street, 1st Floor, Post Office Box 1147, Riverside, CA 92502-1147

Alternative formats available upon request to individuals with disabilities. If you require reasonable accommodation, please contact Lisa Wagner at (951) 955-1063 or email at LWagner@rivco.org, 72 hours prior to the meeting.

Dated: April 3, 2017

Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board By: Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant



EMAIL legals@pe.com

THE PRESS-ENTERPRISE

 DATE
 ORDER NUMBER
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 4/6/17
 0010928126
 PE Riverside
 2 x 104 Li
 306.80

Invoice text: GPA 1207

CLERK / BOARD OF SUPER VISOR

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Placed by: Cecilia Gil

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BALANCE DUE 306.80

SALESCONTACT INFORMATION			ADVERTISER INFORMATION	
Nick Eller	BILLING DATE	BILLED ACCOUNT NUMBER	ADVERTISER/CLIENT NUMBER	ADVERTISERICLIENT NAME
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BILLING DATE	BILLED ACCOUNT NUMBER	ADVERTISER/CLIENT NUMBER
04/06/2017	5209148	5209148
BALANCE DUE	ORDER NUMBER	TERMS OF PAYMENT
306.80	0010928126	DUE UPON RECEIPT

BILLING ACCOUNT NAME AND ADDRESS

REMITTANCE ADDRESS

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE 'PO BOX 1147' RIVERSIDE, CA 92502 CALIFORNIA NEWSPAPERS PARTNERSHIP Riverside Press-Enterprise PO BOX 54880 LOS ANGELES CA 90054-0880

THE PRESS-ENTERPRISE

1825 Chicago Ave, Suite 100 Riverside, CA 92507 951-684-1200 951-368-9018 FAX

PROOF OF PUBLICATION (2010, 2015.5 C.C.P)

Publication(s): The Press-Enterprise

PROOF OF PUBLICATION OF

Ad Desc.: GPA 1207 /

I am a citizen of the United States. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to or interested in the above entitled matter. I am an authorized representative of THE PRESS-ENTERPRISE, a newspaper in general circulation, printed and published daily in the County of Riverside, and which newspaper has been adjudicated a newspaper of general circulation by the Superior Court of the County of Riverside, State of California, under date of April 25, 1952, Case Number 54446, under date of March 29, 1957, Case Number 65673, under date of August 25, 1995, Case Number 267864, and under date of September 16, 2013, Case Number RIC 1309013; that the notice, of which the annexed is a printed copy, has been published in said newspaper in accordance with the instructions of the person(s) requesting publication, and not in any supplement thereof on the following dates, to wit:

04/06/2017

I certify (or declare) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: April 06, 2017 At: Riverside, California

Legal Advertising Representative. The Press-Enterprise

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE PO BOX 1147 RIVERSIDE, CA 92502

Ad Number: 0010928126-01

P.O. Number:

Ad Copy:

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING BE-FORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF RIVERSIDE COUNTY ON A COUNTY-INITIATED GENERAL PLAN INITIATION PROCEEDINGS FOR A GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT IN THE HARVEST VALLEY / WINCHES-TER AREA PLAN - SAN JACINTO, THIRD SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT

THIRD SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a public meeting will be held before the Board of Supervisors of Riverside County, California, on the 1st Floor Board Chambers. County Administrative Center, 4080 Lemon Street, Riverside, on Tuesday, April 11, 2017 at 10:30 A.M. or as soon as possible thereafter, to consider a County-Initiated proceedings, on General Plan Amendment No. 1207 which proposes to amend the General Plan Foundation Component from Rural (R) and Rural Community (RC) to Community Development (CD), and to amend the land use from Rural Residential (RR) and Estate Density Residential (LDR) to Low Density Residential (LDR), Medium Density Residential (MDR), Commercial Retail (CR), Business Park (BP), and Light Industrial (L1), on 225 parcels, totaling approximately 1,480 gross acres located generally in the Winchester area ("the project"). The project is generally located east of the Leon Rd., south of Wickard Rd., north of Scott Rd., and west of Abbott Rd., as well as properties located south of the Stetson Ave., east of Green Ave., north of Simpson Rd., and west of California Ave., Third Supervisorial District.

The Planning Commission recommended that the Board of Supervisors adopt an order initiating proceedings for General Plan Amendment No. 1207.

The project case file may be viewed from the date of this notice until the public hearing, Monday through Friday, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. at the Clerk of the Boord of Supervisors at 4080 Lemon Street, 1st Floor, Riverside, California 92501, and at the Riverside County Planning Department at 4080 Lemon Street, 12th Floor, Riverside, California 92501.

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Dated: April 3, 2017 Kecia Harper-Ihem, Clerk of the Board By: Cecilia Gil, Board Assistant

4/6

RIVERSIDE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS Request to Speak

Submit request to the Clerk of Board. Speakers are entitled to three (3) minutes, subject to Board Rules listed on the reverse side of this form.

Date: 4-1/-17	Agenda #:				
SPEAKER'S NAME: ANDY D	OMENIOON, (Print Name)				
Address:(Only required if follow-up mail response is requested)					
City:	Zip:				
Phone #:	Email:				
I AM: ☐ The Applicant	☐ A Neighbor				
☐ Applicant's Representative	☑ Other Interested Party				
PLEASE INDICATE YOUR POSITION BELOW:					
I wish to speak I DO NOT wish to speak wish to speak with a Media Presentation					
☐ I YIELD my 3 minutes to the following speaker: (Maximum 2 Yields per Speaker)					
and (Name)					
Position on Agenda Item: In Favor Neutral	Opposed				

BOARD RULES

Requests to Address Board on "Agenda" Items:

You may request to be heard on a published agenda item. Requests to be heard must be submitted to the Clerk of the Board before the scheduled meeting time.

Power Point Presentations/Printed Material:

Speakers who intend to conduct a formalized Power Point presentation or provide printed material must notify the Clerk of the Board's Office, 24 hours in advance of the Board meeting, insuring that the Clerk's Office has sufficient copies of all printed materials and at least one (1) copy of the Power Point CD. Copies of printed material given to the Clerk will be provided to each Supervisor. If you have the need to use the overhead "Elmo" projector at the Board meeting, please insure your material is clear and with proper contrast, notifying the Clerk well ahead of the meeting, of your intent to use the Elmo.

Individual Speaker Limits:

Individual speakers are limited to a maximum of three (3) minutes. Please step up to the podium when the Chairman calls your name and begin speaking immediately. The Chairman adheres to a strict three (3) minutes per speaker. Note: If you intend to give your time to a "Group/Organized Presentation", please state so clearly at the very bottom of the reverse side of this form.

Group/Organized Presentations:

Group/organized presentations with more than one (1) speaker will be limited to nine (9) minutes at the Chairman's discretion. The organizer of the presentation will automatically receive the first three (3) minutes, with the remaining six (6) minutes relinquished by other speakers, as requested by them on a completed "Request to Speak" form, and clearly indicated at the front bottom of the form.

Addressing the Board & Acknowledgement by Chairman:

The Chairman will determine what order the speakers will address the Board, and will call on all speakers in pairs. The first speaker should immediately step to the podium and begin addressing the Board. The second speaker should take up a position in the front row to quickly step up to the podium after the preceding speaker. This is to afford an efficient and timely Board meeting, giving all attendees the opportunity to make their case. Speakers are prohibited from making personal attacks, and/or using coarse, crude, profane or vulgar language while speaking to the Board members, staff, the general public and/or meeting participants. Such behavior, at the discretion of the Board Chairman may result in removal from the Board Chambers by Sheriff Deputies.

*PLEASE TURN OFF ALL CELL PHONES AND PAGERS WHILE THE PUBLIC HEARING IS IN SESSION OR SWITCH THEM TO VIBRATE AND ANSWER CALLS AFTER LEAVING THE ROOM.