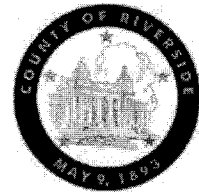


SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA



ITEM
3.8
(ID # 4716)

MEETING DATE:
Tuesday, July 11, 2017

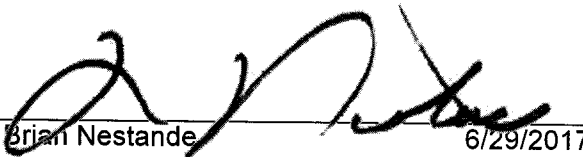
FROM : EXECUTIVE OFFICE:


SUBJECT: EXECUTIVE OFFICE: Minor Military Construction Authority: Support, All Districts
[\$0]

RECOMMENDED MOTION: That the Board of Supervisors:

1. Support legislation to increase the MINCON threshold to at least \$10 million and extend the date to exercise such authority through at least 2021.

ACTION:

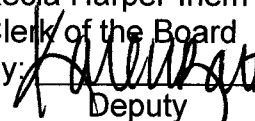

Brian Nestande 6/29/2017


George A. Johnson, County Executive Officer 6/29/2017

MINUTES OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

On motion of Supervisor Ashley, seconded by Supervisor Perez and duly carried by unanimous vote, IT WAS ORDERED that the above matter is approved as recommended.

Ayes: Jeffries, Tavaglione, Washington, Perez and Ashley
Nays: None
Absent: None
Date: July 11, 2017
xc: E.O.

Kecia Harper-Ihem
Clerk of the Board
By: 
Deputy

**SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

| FINANCIAL DATA | Current Fiscal Year: | Next Fiscal Year: | Total Cost: | Ongoing Cost |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| COST | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| NET COUNTY COST | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 | \$ 0 |
| SOURCE OF FUNDS: N/A | | | Budget Adjustment: N/A | |
| | | | For Fiscal Year: N/A | |

C.E.O. RECOMMENDATION: APPROVE

BACKGROUND:

Summary

Issue: The current limit for Minor Military Construction (MINCON), per 10 USC 2805(d), is set at \$6 million. Increasing the threshold to at least \$10 million and extending the deadline to exercise such authority through at least 2021 would enable military facilities to invest in improvements that would improve the effectiveness of the nation's aging military infrastructure at a cost and speed that are not possible under the conventional Military Construction (MILCON) program.

History: Section 2805(d) of Title 10 of the US Code provides authority for the Secretary of Defense to carry out unspecified minor military construction projects costing no more than \$6 million to revitalize and recapitalize aging military installations. Increasing the threshold to \$10 million would enable the Department of Defense to quickly build or modify facilities to meet emergent military requirements. Technological advancements continue to outpace current MILCON programming cycles, impeding the ability of bases to support the needs of the nation's warfighters.

Declining construction budgets have forced the various branches of the military to address only the highest priority operational support projects while facility costs continue to rise and the average age of military bases continues to increase. For instance, Riverside County is host to two of the most important bases in the inventory, March Air Reserve Base (MARB) and the Naval Surface Warfare Center (NAVSEA)-Corona Division, both of which have served the nation's military for decades. While both MARB and NAVSEA host numerous modern facilities, which have proven to be versatile and flexible in the face of new and varied challenges, and benefit from tremendous local support, both also have components that are aged and in need of investment to facilitate new uses.

The following are examples of regional projects that are not feasible under current MINCON constraints, but would benefit from increased authority:

**SUBMITTAL TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF RIVERSIDE,
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

- NAVSEA-Corona, Test and Training Range Engineering Lab: Would consolidate multiple lab components (currently housed in CONEX boxes) into a single building, which is aged and in need of regeneration
- MARB Runway Improvement/Upgrade Project: Would replace the northerly 900+/- linear feet of the base's primary runway and enable it to support all aircraft in the Air Force inventory, up to and including the KC-46 Pegasus next generation tanker

Benefits: Additional MINCON authority would increase the effectiveness of military facilities by improving infrastructure that would in turn support various capabilities, such as:

- Rapid prototyping
- Rapid and flexible deployment and resupply
- Irregular warfare
- Integration and interoperability
- Cyber warfare
- Unmanned equipment capabilities
- Directed energy

Impact on Residents and Businesses

Support of this type of legislation could have future positive impacts on local employment and businesses.